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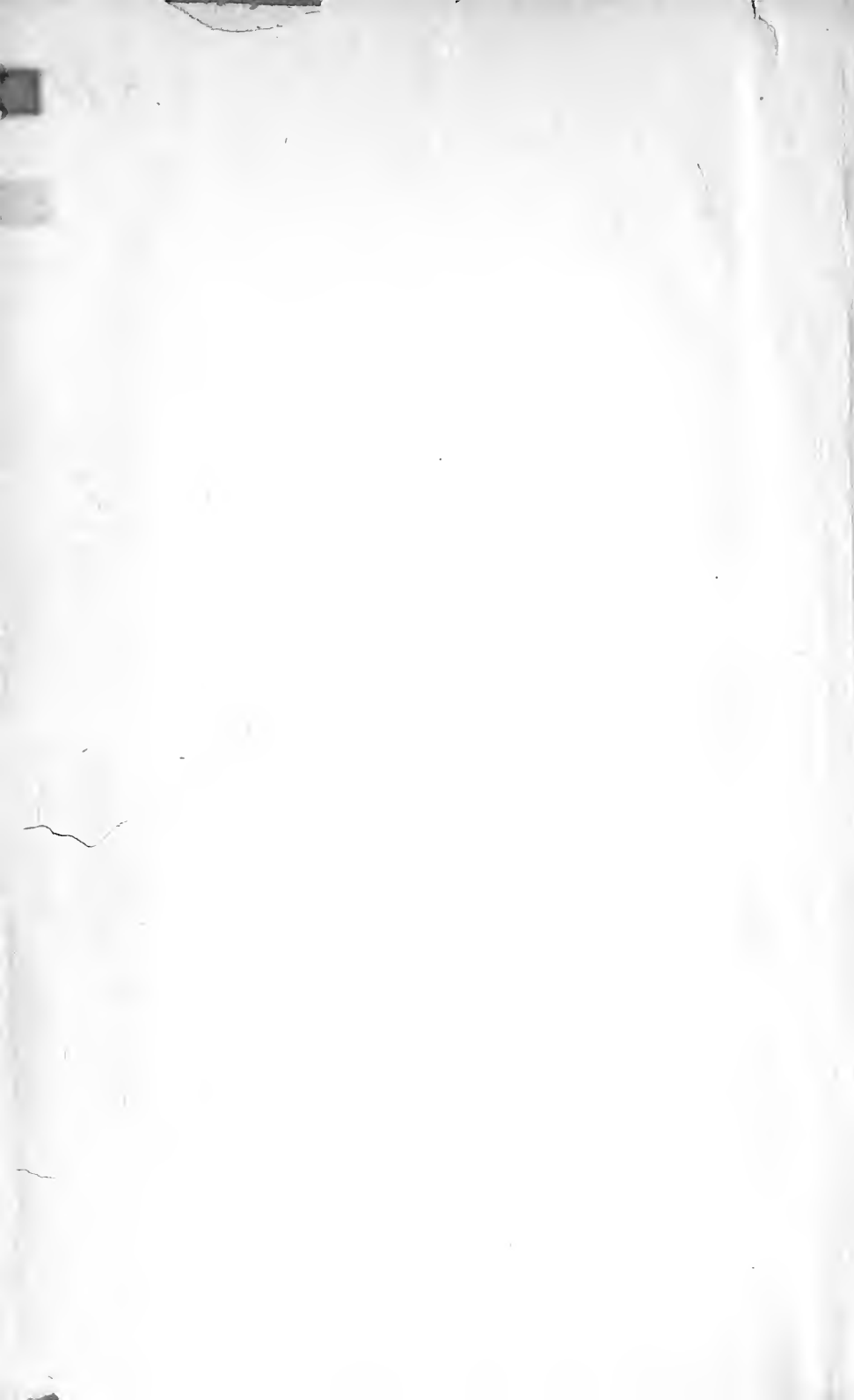
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DOCUMENTS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF INDIANA

AT THE

FORTY-FIFTH REGULAR SESSION,

BEGUN ON THE TENTH OF JANUARY, A. D. 1867.

II
PART I.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE-PRINTER.

1867.

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MESSAGE

OF

GOVERNOR OLIVER P. MORTON.

DELIVERED JANUARY 11, 1867.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

Throughout the year which has just passed, the people of Indiana have been greatly blessed. The pestilence which desolated other parts of the country touched within our borders but lightly, and did not long remain, and good health has generally prevailed to an unusual degree.

Although one of our staple crops has fallen short, causing loss and embarrassment to many, yet we have had great and almost unexampled prosperity.

Agriculture has been prosperous, commerce has flourished, manufactures have been extended, public improvements of various kinds projected and successfully prosecuted.

When we consider that the country has just emerged from a dreadful war in which our State bore a distinguished part, and suffered greatly in the loss of thousands of her best citizens, and the withdrawal from labor and business of many thousands more, her general prosperity and growth in population and wealth is as surprising as it is gratifying.

According to the census of 1860, the population of Indiana was one million three hundred and fifty thousand four hundred and twenty-eight (1,350,428).

Part 2.—D. J.—1

By the enumeration which has been made and returned to the Auditor of State, under an act of the last Legislature, it is shown that, in 1866 the State had a population of three hundred and forty thousand two hundred and forty (340,240) white males over the age of twenty-one years, which number multiplied by the ratio usually adopted, would give a population of over one million seven hundred thousand. The estimate will also be sustained by comparing the aggregate vote of 1860 with that of 1866, and shows an increase of more than three hundred and fifty thousand in six years.

According to this ratio of increase the State will have within her borders in 1870 more than two millions of people, which would be an increase of over forty-eight per cent. in ten years. It is doubtful whether any State in the Union is growing more rapidly in population, wealth, manufactures, public improvements, and the general development of agricultural resources. This great result is owing, in large part, to the high character which the State has acquired during the war.

The large number of men she furnished to the armies of the Union, under circumstances of great trial and difficulty, their uniform and distinguished gallantry on every battle field, surpassed by the soldiers of no other State, the great and continued liberality of her people for sanitary purposes and to relieve the distress growing out of the war, and the faithful performance of all obligations of whatsoever kind in the midst of the great conflict, have commanded universal admiration and directed the attention of the enterprising, and those who in every State are seeking for new homes, to the advantages presented to the labor and capital of the immigrant.

GOVERNOR BAKER.

I was absent from the State on account of ill health, from the 16th day of November, 1865, until the 17th day of April, 1866, during which period the duties of the office, under the Constitution, were performed by Governor Baker. The great ability and fidelity to the interests of the State which distinguished the administration of Governor Baker, commanded the general approval of the people, and makes a public acknowledgment on my part proper as well as a great pleasure. The duties which devolved upon him were of an important character, and were so well and faithfully discharged as to be satisfactory to all.

THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE STATE.

The public debt of the State outstanding in the hands of creditors, to be provided for, is as follows :

Five per cent. stocks.....	\$3,829,936 33
Two and a half per cent. stocks.....	1,191,091 65
<hr/>	
Total amount of stocks.....	\$5,021,027 98
War Loan Bonds	309,000 00
Vincennes University Bonds.....	66,585 00
<hr/>	
Total public debt.....	\$5,396,612 98

The Auditor estimates that the State Debt Sinking Fund tax for 1866 will, on the 1st day of July next, furnish nine hundred thousand dollars, (\$900,000) and that enough can be drawn from the General Fund in the Treasury at that time, and added to this amount, to redeem all the outstanding two and a half per cent. stocks, which will leave outstanding in the hands of creditors, to be provided for otherwise, four million two hundred and five thousand five hundred and twenty-one dollars and thirty-three cents \$4,205,521.33).

The assets of the Sinking Fund, independent of State stocks and bonds, which by the law of last winter are to be applied to the payment of the State debt, may be safely estimated at one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of which amount five hundred thousand dollars (500,000) can be made available by the 1st of July, 1870, and which, if properly applied, would leave the balance of the debt to be provided for and paid by taxation, three million seven hundred and five thousand five hundred and twenty-one dollars and thirty-three cents \$3,705,521.33), which, it is estimated by the Auditor, will be fully accomplished, at the present rate of taxation for that purpose, by the 1st of July, 1870.

This shows the financial condition of the State to be better than at any former period in her history, and presents the gratifying prospect that by 1870 she will have taken up all her stocks and be out of debt, without adding to the taxes which have been already imposed.

To avoid confusion of ideas it must be borne in mind that the money and property of whatever kind belonging to the old Sinking Fund are held for the benefit of the School Fund, and while so much

of the State Debt as may be purchased by the Sinking Fund is thereby extinguished in so far as creditors and the public are concerned, yet it must, in another form, be kept alive for the benefit of the School Fund.

The report of the State Auditor will be found to be an able and thorough document, giving a full exposition of the business affairs of the State.

In the above estimate of the indebtedness of the State I have omitted the internal improvement bonds, amounting to three hundred and fifty-three thousand dollars (\$353,000.)

The Auditor in his report, following the example of his predecessors for more than twenty years, has put these bonds down as a part of the indebtedness of the State. They belong to the old debt of the State upon which a compromise was made in 1846, the holders of them failing or refusing to enter into or take part in the compromise. Upon these bonds interest has not been paid for more than twenty-five years. The attitude of the State in regard to them is not creditable and ought to be changed. Year by year the State by her accounting officers publishes and confesses to the world that they are a part of her indebtedness, but pays no interest on them, which has now accumulated to more than half a million of dollars, and makes no offer to pay the principal although it has long been due. The character of Indiana is too high, and her position too proud to allow her to occupy an attitude so equivocal. It not my purpose to enter into any discussion at this time as to the legal and moral obligation of the State to pay the interest and principal of these bonds in whole or in part; but I desire simply to say that if the State believes that she is not bound to pay them, and does not intend to do so, she should through the Legislature, promptly declare that fact to the world, and have them stricken from the books of the Auditor.

If, on the other hand, she holds herself bound to pay the whole or any part, she can not honorably longer delay to take action for that purpose, as her ability to pay cannot be denied.

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

In pursuance of the provisions of an act passed at the late special session of the Legislature, creating a State Debt Sinking Fund, for the payment of the State debt, and abolishing the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners and all offices connected therewith, the Auditor, Treasurer and Agent of State, acting as the State Debt Sinking

Fund Board, have purchased in the market four hundred and sixty thousand, thirty-six dollars and ninety-one cents of the certificates of Stock, bearing interest at the rate of two and a half per cent., which they have caused to be cancelled.

The Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, by virtue of an act passed also at the late extra session, directing them to invest any moneys belonging to the Fund, in Indiana State Bonds or Stocks, have purchased Stocks and Bonds to the amount of seven hundred and nine thousand and twenty-four dollars and eighty-five cents.

The Auditor of State and the Agent of State in their reports point out several material defects in the first of the above mentioned acts which require legislative remedy. In addition to those pointed out by these officers, I will call your attention to another.

The seventh section of the act abolishes the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners on the 20th day of January, 1867, and directs that all the property of whatever kind, both real and personal, belonging to said Fund, together with the books and papers, be surrendered and turned over to the Auditor. The annual sale of Sinking Fund lands took place on the 11th day of December, 1866, and by the terms of the law, deeds are to be made to the purchasers of such lands as are not redeemed at the expiration of sixty days from that time, which will be in February, at which time the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners having ceased to exist, there will be no officer having authority to execute the conveyances. It will therefore be necessary to empower some officer or officers to execute the deeds and perfect the contract with the purchasers.

The act is further defective in failing to give the Auditor authority to collect the money upon the Bonds and Mortgages falling due, which are to be placed in his hands by the Sinking Fund, by selling the mortgaged lands.

Such authority should be directly conferred, and he, or other proper officers, should be empowered to execute conveyances to the purchasers.

As the law now stands after the 20th of January, 1867, there will be no officer authorized to sell the mortgaged lands or make deeds to purchasers therefor.

The borrowers from the Sinking Fund on mortgage security, have, by special enactment, had their loans extended for five years from 1868, by paying the amount due in equal annual installments. Upon their failure to pay any of these installments, their lands can be offered for sale, and if there are no cash bidders, sold on a credit of

five years. This may defer a collection of a part of the money for eleven years, and as the State has abandoned the policy of lending money on mortgage security, it will be inconvenient and unnecessary to keep these claims outstanding so long, and I therefore recommend that the law be so changed that when the mortgaged lands are sold, they be sold for cash, and thus close up the transaction five years sooner.

SINKING FUND INVESTIGATION.

At the late special session a concurrent resolution was adopted, directing the Governor to appoint a Committee of three persons to investigate the management and operations of the Sinking Fund, and the manner in which the moneys belonging to it had been invested or deposited.

Governor Baker appointed on this Committee, Hon. E. W. H. Ellis, Hon. John A. Matson and Major Thomas J. De La Hunt. The Committee met and organized by the appointment of Charles P. Jacobs, Esq., as Secretary, and proceeded to the investigation.

Their report, accompanied with the evidence in the matter is herewith submitted.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT.

The office of Adjutant General has been well and ably administered by General Terrell. The report which he is publishing will consist of seven large volumes, of which six have been already issued, and will be invaluable as a history of the officers and soldiers of Indiana during the late rebellion. It is intended to give the name and military history of every officer and soldier who went into the army from this State, and thus furnish a public record of the service, and honorable discharge of every good soldier, and fix the status of every deserter and of every man who was dismissed or punished for cowardice or crime. The value of the record will increase with years, and will be held sacred by coming generations, to whom it will perpetuate the honorable deeds of their ancestors; and it is to be regretted that the Legislature did not make provisions to have the work stereotyped and the plates purchased and held by the State. From those who have compared it with the reports from other States, I am assured that it will be found to be more complete in its information and perfect in its arrangement than any similar work, and General Terrell is certainly entitled to great credit for the ability, care and industry displayed in its preparation.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The State received from the General Government at various times during the war for the use of the Indiana Legion (41,572) forty-one thousand five hundred and seventy-two pieces of small arms, and twenty-one pieces of artillery, with carriages, caissons, and equipments, all of which were charged to the State, and required to be accounted for.

The report of the State Quartermaster, General Stone, shows that (41,212) forty-one thousand two hundred and twelve guns have been returned to the proper United States ordnance officers at this point, and (530) five hundred and thirty guns lost and destroyed in the service have been accounted for by proper affidavits, making a total of (41,742) forty-one thousand seven hundred and forty-two guns accounted for to the General Government, and that all the artillery, caissons and equipments have been returned. This leaves the State clear of all liability on the score of arms for the use of the militia, and the account has been closed, which is a most desirable result.

General Stone's report is lengthy, and gives a comprehensive statement of the operations of the Quartermaster's Department from the time of his appointment. The Department has been a large and cumbrous machine, but has been managed with great fidelity, ability and success, for which General Stone is well entitled to the thanks of the State. His position has been one of great responsibility and labor, and its duties have been performed to my entire satisfaction. Your attention is especially invited to the interesting details in his Report.

PAYMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT.

The report of Major Stearns Fisher, Paymaster of the Indiana Legion, shows that about fifty thousand men have received pay for military service in repelling rebel raids and guarding against invasion.

The whole amount of money disbursed by him for military service amounts to five hundred and sixty-six thousand three hundred and ninety dollars and twenty-eight cents (\$566,390.28). There still remain unpaid claims allowed by the Auditing Committee amounting to over thirty-three thousand dollars, which are being paid as fast as presented. And there are also claims, apparently just, amounting to twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars, which have been presented since the Auditing Committee was abolished, but cannot be paid until an appropriation is made for that purpose. Although the amount of

money disbursed is not very large comparatively, yet it has been paid out in small sums and the business has been complex, involving a great number of accounts, and has been ably and faithfully performed by Major Fisher.

COLONEL WILLIAM H. SCHLATER.

Colonel William H. Schlater has acted as my Military Secretary, except during the time that he was in the field, from the beginning of the war. His ability for the correct and rapid dispatch of business as a Secretary, is without a superior, and his accurate recollection of names, dates, and minute circumstances connected with the organization of the army, rendered his services most valuable. Our relations have been most agreeable, and it affords me pleasure to make this public acknowledgment.

MILITARY AGENCIES.

The military agencies in this city and in Washington for the prosecution and collection, free of charge, of bounties, back pay and pensions, due to soldiers and soldiers' widows and orphans, have been kept in operation, and have transacted a large amount of business and rendered great service to those who are poorly able to pay for it. The report of William Hannaman, Esq., gives a full statement of the transactions of the two agencies and contains matter and suggestions of much interest and importance. In my opinion the agencies ought to be maintained and their sphere of usefulness enlarged by appropriate legislation.

BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

The general management of the Institutions for the Blind and Deaf and Dumb, and the Asylum for the Insane, has been satisfactory, and I believe that the Board of Trustees and the several superintendents have labored to conduct them upon sound and economical principles. At the last session of the General Assembly an act was passed authorizing the enlargement of the Insane Asylum for the reception and care of the "incurable insane." The construction of the buildings has been commenced, but further appropriations will be required for their completion. The necessity for this enlargement and addition cannot be denied. Many cases of the "incurable in-

sane" have come to my knowledge, where the patients are without friends, or their friends are unable to take care of them, and which are of a character to make it difficult to provide for them in the County Poor Houses, and render it important that the new building should be completed without delay.

The general efficiency and success of the benevolent institutions of Indiana are creditable to the intelligence and humanity of her people.

PENITENTIARIES.

The reports from the Boards of Trustees and the Wardens of the Northern and Southern Prisons, and other information I have received, show that the Prisons have been well and economically conducted. A fire occurred in the machine shops of the Southern Prison last summer, by which considerable damage was done, and a number of convicts thrown out of employment. As they could not again be returned to labor until the damages had been repaired, for which there was no appropriation, I took the responsibility of urging the State Treasurer, Honorable John I. Morrison, to pay from the Treasury the necessary amount to make the repairs, which he did, and I now respectfully ask this General Assembly to approve his conduct. It was done to prevent a considerable loss to the State in the way of convict labor.

The report of the Board of Trustees of the Northern Prison states that the sum of sixty-three thousand eight hundred and ninety-two dollars and seventy-six cents will be necessary to complete the construction of that prison, and for deficiencies on account of work and materials already furnished, eighty-seven thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine dollars and forty-three cents, for which amounts an appropriation is asked, and to which your attention is specially directed.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

The second section of the ninth article of the Constitution reads as follows:

"The General Assembly shall provide Houses of Refuge for the reformation and correction of juvenile offenders."

This constitutional provision, adopted in 1851, and which is plainly mandatory in its character, up to this time remains wholly unexe-

cuted. The necessity for such institutions is admitted by all who are at all familiar with the administration of the law, and I believe that a strong public sentiment demands that the legislative consideration of the subject shall not be longer postponed. We have no punishment now for the juvenile offender but the common jail and the penitentiary, neither of which exert a reformatory influence upon the youthful mind; and during my six years experience as the Executive of the State, I have often been constrained to pardon the youthful criminal because I felt that to incarcerate him in the penitentiary would be to consign him to a life of degradation and crime. Humanity, justice, and the plainest principles of public policy, demand that the juvenile offender shall not be treated like the mature and hardened criminal, and placed in the society of felons; but that an effort shall be made while he is yet in tender years, to reclaim him from vice and train him to a life of usefulness and respectability.

The "House of Refuge," as it has long existed in many of the older States, is a vast improvement upon the jail and the penitentiary; but within the last few years great progress has been made in elevating the system, and results have been obtained in the reform and education of juvenile offenders that are truly wonderful.

The introduction of the "Reform School" is, in many respects, a great improvement upon the old House of Refuge, and has been attended with a success which it would be hard to believe, were it not attested by indubitable evidence.

Barnabas C. Hobbs and Charles F. Coffin, distinguished members of the Society of Friends, have bestowed much attention and labor upon the subject, and have addressed to me valuable communications, which I herewith lay before you, together with reports and documents setting forth the character and operations of the Reform Schools of New York, Ohio and Illinois.

As the subject is one of no ordinary magnitude, and requires for its full understanding much thought and investigation, and as the system you may adopt will be intended not for a year only, but for all time, and should be wisely considered, I recommend that committees be appointed at an early day, with full powers to investigate the subject and report a plan, if possible, for your consideration and action at the present session.

SUPREME COURT.

I deem it my duty to direct your attention to the fact that no provision has been made for the accommodation of the Supreme Court.

The State House does not afford sufficient room at any time, and during the sessions of the Legislature none of the Judges can occupy rooms there for chambers. The large and increasing business of the Court can not be promptly disposed of unless the Judges have comfortable chambers, with convenient access to the law library, and the judicial records.

The importance and dignity of the Court, the necessity for the prompt dispatch of its business, and a proper regard for the comfort and convenience of the Judges, require that the Court room, clerk's office, law library, and the chambers, should be situated adjacent to each other. It is not becoming or excusable, that the judicial department of the government should be neglected and left to shift about for a local habitation, deprived of those conveniences necessary to the speedy and comfortable performance of its duties.

. ENUMERATION AND APPORTIONMENT.

At the Special Session of the General Assembly, in 1865, an act was passed directing that an enumeration of the white male inhabitants over twenty-one years of age, be made in each county in the State, prescribing rules and regulations therefor.

This enumeration has been made and properly returned to the Auditor of State, who has caused it to be published.

Section 5, article 4, of the Constitution of the State declares that: "The number of Senators and Representatives shall at the session next following the period of making such enumeration be fixed by law, and apportioned among the several counties according to the number of white male inhabitants above twenty-one years of age in each."

This provision is positive and mandatory in its character, and requires this General Assembly to apportion Senators and Representatives among the several counties in the State, according to the number of white male inhabitants above twenty-one years of age in each.

The State for full six years has been without a law apportioning Senators and Representatives in the several counties. During that time members of the General Assembly have been elected by common consent, and from necessity, upon the basis of the old law.

While these elections are really without authority of law, but from necessity must be received as legal, the basis made by the old apportionment, has by lapse of time and changes of population become grossly inequitable.

The relative population of counties and Senatorial and Representative Districts has in many cases, become so greatly altered as to conflict utterly with the theory of representation prescribed by the Constitution.

As the General Assembly is now in possession of the proper data upon which to make an apportionment, I trust that duty will be fully performed before your final adjournment.

REGISTRY LAW.

The purity of the ballot-box is essential to the maintenance of free institutions. In so far as it is corrupted, it not only fails to express the will of the people but defeats their will, and places the political and civil power in the hands of fraudulent holders. If we would have the decisions of the ballot box respected, and the voice of the majority peacefully obeyed, it must be by making our elections an honest exposition of the people's will, an exposition so fairly and certainly made as to leave in the public mind no want of confidence in its integrity. But upon that subject I need not enlarge, as there is not a member of this General Assembly who does not fully comprehend its vital importance, and I will proceed at once to the consideration of the evil for which if possible, a remedy should be found.

It is a notorious fact that under our election laws, men go to the polls and vote, who at the time have not the right to vote anywhere; that men vote in precincts and townships where they do not reside, and often vote several times on the same day, at different places, and sometimes at the same place.

The oath which is prescribed by law to be administered to persons, whose votes are challenged, has been found practically to furnish but little security against fraudulent voting,

The statute provides, that if taken it shall be conclusive as to the right of the person to vote, and no other evidence shall be received to impeach its truth.

In cities and precincts where the vote is large, it is administered in haste, and is received by those who are intent on fraudulent voting as an empty form, which carries with it no terrors, and to which little attention is paid. The only remedy for this evil, in my judgment, is the enactment of a law requiring all legal voters to be registered, in books prepared for that purpose, and before such officers, and in such manner and form as may be prescribed. Such registry to be completed by a time certain before the election, kept at a known place,

and exposed to public inspection, that errors may be corrected and frauds detected.

It has been said, however, that under the Constitution a Registry Law can not be adopted. The constitutional provision is in these words :

“Article I. Section 2. In all elections not otherwise provided for by this Constitution, every white male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who shall have resided in the State during the six months immediately preceding such election ; and every white male of foreign birth, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who shall have resided in the United States one year, and shall have resided in this State during the six months immediately preceding such election, and shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, shall be entitled to vote in the township, or precinct where he may reside.”

From this it will appear that persons otherwise qualified have the right to vote, if they are residents of the township or precinct on the day of the election, and have had no previous residence therein, whence it has been said that a law requiring a registry on a day previous to the day of election, would be unconstitutional. There is, in my opinion, no force in this objection. The question as to the way and manner of proving residence is entirely within the control of the Legislature. It may by law require verbal proof, as it now does, or, it may require the evidence to be in writing. It may accept of the oath of the person proposing to vote as conclusive, or, it may reject his oath altogether and require the testimony of other persons. The Legislature has, from time to time, regulated the competency of witnesses and the form of giving testimony in courts of justice, in some cases requiring it to be in written depositions taken out of court, and in others the personal presence of the witnesses before the court and jury. It certainly has equal power to determine in what manner the proof of residence shall be made before an election board.

All persons claiming the right to vote who are residents of the township or precinct, at a time certain before the election, say thirty days, can be legally required to have their names registered, in such place, and in such manner and form as may be prescribed, and the registry thus made to constitute the legal evidence of their qualifications and right to vote. For such persons who claim to have acquired a residence within the township, or precinct, within thirty days be-

fore the election, or on the day of the election, special provision can be made.

The constitutional provision of Illinois upon this subject is as follows:

"ARTICLE II. Section 1. In all elections every white male citizen above the age of twenty-one years, having resided in the State one year next preceding any election, shall be entitled to vote at such election; and every white male inhabitant of the age aforesaid, who may be a resident of the State at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall have the right of voting as aforesaid; but no citizen or inhabitant shall be entitled to vote, except in the district or county in which he shall actually reside at the time of such election."

It will be seen that upon the subject of residence in the township or precinct it is the same as ours, it being sufficient to acquire the residence on the day of the election. The Legislature of Illinois has enacted a Registry law, and have provided that persons, claiming the right to vote, whose names are not upon the registry, shall make their affidavits in writing stating specifically, the place where they live, when they acquired their residence, and their occupation, which affidavit must be sustained by the testimony in writing of some other person of acknowledged residence in the township or precinct. The cases coming under these specific provisions must ordinarily be few in number, and give but little delay or embarrassment to the election Board, while the safeguards furnished against fraudulent voting are most obvious. In the one class of cases the registry constitutes the evidence of the right to vote, and in the other class the written affidavits, and there can be no question as to the legality of both provisions. It is quite possible that a better method can be adopted as to cases of late residence, than that prescribed by the Legislature of Illinois, which I have referred to only to show one plan which is in use.

I commend the subject to your earnest and immediate attention, trusting that the state of the public mind and the condition of parties are such that there will be no hesitation in any quarter in effecting the much needed reform.

SOLDIERS' AND SEAMEN'S HOME.

When the war ended and our armies were mustered out of the service, and hospitals broken up, there were many gallant soldiers who were disabled by wounds and diseases contracted in the service

from making their own living, and taking care of themselves. Many of them were without homes and without friends, who must either pass into the common poor houses of the country as paupers, be subsisted by private charity, or provided for by the State. The support furnished by private charity, would be precarious and uncertain, and justice, humanity, and the honor of the State forbade that these men should suffer for the comforts of life, or find that the poor house and the society of paupers should be the end and reward of their campaigns, in which they had sacrificed their health and capacity to provide for themselves. The State had called them to the field, and they had nobly responded by abandoning their occupations, leaving behind them family, friends, the comforts and pleasures of life, and entered the army to fight for a cause in which they had no greater interest than those who remained at home to pursue their avocations and live quietly and safely with their families and friends.

It was not charity, it was not benevolence on the part of the people or the State to make liberal and generous provision for these men, but it was a duty than which none could be higher or more sacred. Accordingly, to meet immediate demands for relief, and to inaugurate a measure imperatively demanded by humanity and the strongest obligations, on the 15th day of May, 1865, I issued an address for the purpose of enlisting the sympathies of the people in establishing a Soldiers' and Seamen's Home, and in pursuance of the invitation contained in it, two successive meetings were held at Indianapolis for the purpose of effecting a temporary organization of a Home for Disabled Indiana Soldiers and Seamen, and to institute a system for the collection of voluntary contributions sufficient ultimately to place it on a permanent foundation.

At the second of these meetings, held on the 24th day of May, 1865, a temporary organization was effected, the basis of which will be seen by reference to a copy of the proceedings of said meeting herewith respectfully submitted. The temporary Home was opened in the city hospital building at Indianapolis, on the 27th day of August, 1865, and up to the 30th day of November, 1866, the number of men admitted was 224. Of this number 134 have been discharged, fourteen have died, and seventy-six remain in the Home. Early last spring the Board of Directors purchased the property known as the "Knightstown Springs," in Rush county, at a cost of \$8,500, to which place the Home was removed on the 26th day of April. The total expense of maintaining the Home from the time it was opened until the 30th of November last, not including the cost of

purchase, is \$17,060.84. This includes the salaries of officers. If we add to the above sum the cost of purchase, it will make the sum of \$25,560.84, all of which has been raised by private contribution.

I herewith submit the report of Dr. Wishard, the excellent and successful Superintendent of the institution, and quote from it the following extract, as descriptive of the property which has been purchased:

“The farm consists of fifty-four (54) acres of excellent land, thirty-five (35) of which are under cultivation — the balance a beautiful grove of forest timber. The buildings are large and commodious, affording ample room for about one hundred patients. They were, however, much dilapidated and out of repair, but have been repaired until they are now very comfortable. Some additions have also been made in the way of hospital buildings, which are of great advantage in the treatment of the sick and wounded.”

As lingering wounds, disease and old age do their work, the number of men to be cared for must largely increase for some years, and the question is presented, in what manner the institution shall be maintained?

Thus far it has been built up and supported by private contribution, resulting from the labor of a few men, but it cannot be kept in operation longer in this way. The obligation to support our disabled veterans rests equally upon all, while the number of persons who give by private contributions is small, and they are already tired and demand that the burden shall be made to fall upon all the people according to their capacity to pay. That this demand is just and patriotic, I will not further argue, and earnestly recommend that committees be appointed to investigate and examine into the character of the institution, and upon their report, if satisfactory, it be adopted by the State, and appropriations made to carry it on for the next two years.

The National Government has made arrangements for the establishment and maintenance of Soldier's and Seamen's Homes in several of the States, and it is quite possible that these institutions when established will have capacity to receive and accommodate all, including disabled soldiers and seamen of Indiana.

When this comes to pass it will not be necessary to continue our Home, as such, longer, and the fine property where it is located can doubtless be turned to some other humane purpose. But until that occurs, it is, in my judgment, the duty of the State to adopt the Home and make appropriations for its support.

It would not be just to pass from this subject without stating the fact that the general management and supervision of the Soldiers' Home since its first organization has been under the care and direction of William Hannaman, Esq.; his heart has been in his work, and he has given to it unremitting attention, and much of its success has resulted from his labor.

THE SOLDIER'S ORPHAN.

The soldier's orphan has not been provided for. From a return made by County Auditors to a circular addressed to them by Mr. Hannaman, it is estimated that there are in the State 2,070 orphans whose fathers have perished in the army, and a number of whom are now in the county poor houses. Their natural protectors and guardians, by whose labor they were to be supported and educated, have died in the service of their country. Many of these orphans are left in destitute and helpless circumstances, without relatives or friends who are able or willing to give them training or education. Are they not the wards of the State? Is it not the duty of the State, dictated alike by justice, humanity, and the sacrifice made by their dead fathers, to step forward as far as possible, take the father's place in giving to these orphans protection and a sufficient education to fit them for useful and honorable members of society? Can the proposition be strengthened by argument? Does not the bare statement of it carry conviction to the mind and touch the heart of every patriotic man? The way and manner in which this can be accomplished, is a proper subject for legislative research and discovery. But it has been suggested that if the General Government shall finally provide for our disabled soldiers and seamen, that the beautiful property near Knightstown, might be converted into a "Soldier's Orphans Home."

CEMETERIES AND MONUMENTS.

The report of Colonel James Blake, who was appointed Commissioner to represent Indiana on the Board of Managers of the Gettysburg Cemetery, contains a full history of the Cemetery, its condition, the amount of money required to finish it, and the proportion due from Indiana.

Papers will also be laid before you in relation to the Cemetery at Antietam, and asking a small appropriation to defray so much of the expense as falls to Indiana in the general arrangement.

The Board of Trustees of Crown Hill Cemetery, situated about two miles from this city, donated a sufficient and beautiful part of the Cemetery for the burial of Union soldiers who died in the camps and hospitals at this place, and such as might be brought from elsewhere. The Government of the United States, represented by General Ekin, accepted the donation and agreed to pay the Crown Hill Cemetery Association the sum of five thousand dollars to be expended in the improvement of the grounds, and the dead have already been removed from the places where they were first laid and buried, to the new Cemetery.

In this Cemetery there is a high hill, quite overlooking the city, and I recommend that upon this hill the State erect a monument in memory of her brave soldiers who perished in the rebellion. We cannot pay too much honor to the memory of the men who died for their country. This monument, overlooking all the country around, would be the first object to greet the eye of the traveler as he approaches the capital, and in the language of the great Webster, when he laid the corner-stone of Bunker Hill monument at Boston: "Let it rise! let it rise, till it meet the sun in its coming; let the earliest light of the morning gild it, and parting day linger and play upon its summit." To this monument each county of the State should be requested to contribute one block bearing such inscription as it might choose in commemoration of its dead and the part it bore in the war.

EMIGRATION.

On the 18th of January, 1866, Gov. Baker issued to John A. Wilstach, Esq., an appointment as "Commissioner for the encouragement of emigration to the State of Indiana, and to take such steps both in the United States and in Europe as he may deem advisable for that purpose."

Mr. Wilstach's report is herewith submitted, and your attention invited to the important suggestions it contains.

It is not necessary to argue the importance of adding to the wealth and population of Indiana by increasing the emigration to her borders from the various countries of Europe. The agricultural and mineral resources of the State are as yet comparatively undeveloped, for the want of population, labor and capital. Nearly one-fourth of the whole area of the State is a coal field, a large part of which is said to be of the best quality. Excellent iron ore is found in vast quantities in many of the counties, and, throughout the State, ex-

cepting a few small localities, the soil is rich and fertile, capable of producing all the grains, grasses and fruits in the greatest abundance. The State abounds in fine timber, and living streams of water, and in every respect presents facilities for an easy and profitable agriculture, while an abundance of coal and water power furnishes the means for manufacturing on the largest scale and cheapest terms. Large tracts of country are yet unsettled, and in many counties the population is quite sparse, and it is not too much to say that the State can support, in ease and comfort, a population three or four times larger than the present.

The people of Europe desiring to emigrate to this country can not and will not select Indiana as a home unless they are advised there is such a State, and are informed somewhat in regard to its character, population, productions, improvements, climate, and the special advantages it presents to the emigrant. When we consider how little the mass of the people of this country know in regard to the condition and character of the interior countries of Europe, we may form some opinion as to how little the masses of the people there understand about ourselves and our State. While they may have a general knowledge of the character of this country, it is the specific knoweldge of our State which will bring them to her borders, and this is what we should labor to give them.

I therefore earnestly recommend the establishment of a Bureau of Emigration, upon a plan similar to that adopted by several of the Western States, providing for one or more Agents in Europe, whose duty it shall be to furnish to persons about to emigrate to America, information of the geography, population, wealth and resources of the State, and the prospects for health, comfort, wealth and education presented to those who come in search of new homes, and of such facilities for getting here as the State may be able to furnish. Some of our sister States have in this way added largely to their population and wealth, and while we are somewhat late in beginning, it will be later and worse for us the longer it is put off.

The fact that Indiana is rapidly growing in wealth and population, furnishes no reason why that growth should not be greatly accelerated by the use of means so simple and legitimate in their character, and costing so little when compared with the great advantages to be derived. I had the honor to call the attention of the Legislature to this subject at the regular session in 1865, and beg leave to repeat the arguments and recommendations I then offered.

I request your special attention to that part of Mr. Wilstach's re-

port in which he describes the effort made and the difficulties attending it, to make an exhibition of Indiana productions, manufactures and mineral resources at the "World's Fair," to be held in Paris this year. The importance of thus presenting to the people of the "Old World" in a tangible form the great resources of our State, requires no illustration.

SCHOOLS.

The School Fund of Indiana may be estimated in round numbers at \$7,611,337.44, and is, I believe, larger than the School Fund of any other State.

While our school system is far from being what it ought to be, yet it is being gradually and substantially improved. The standard of qualification for teachers has been elevated, and teaching, as a science, is far better understood than formerly. The want of qualified teachers, which has been one of the chief obstacles in the way of the efficiency of our schools, will be greatly diminished in a few years by the Normal School, which was authorized by the last General Assembly, and which I trust will be speedily put into successful operation. The other great evil consists in the fact that the schools are kept for too short a time, and this can only be remedied by increasing, from taxation and other sources that might be made available, the annual revenue for school purposes. I will enter into no argument before this General Assembly to prove the importance of education, and that our schools should be open to all, and able to furnish an education sufficient for the ordinary business of life; but assuming that all admit this truth, will simply say that the common schools of Indiana can not furnish such an education without they are continued for a longer period in each year.

EDUCATION OF COLORED CHILDREN.

In my message delivered to the Legislature at the late extra session, I presented the importance of providing for the education of colored children in language which I beg leave here to repeat.

The first section of article eight of our State Constitution provides as follows:

"Knowledge and learning generally diffused throughout a community, being essential to the preservation of a free Government, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to encourage, by all suitable means, moral, intellectual, scientific and agricultural im-

provement; and to provide by law for a general and uniform system of common schools, wherein tuition shall be without charge, and equally open to all."

The language of this provision is very broad, and would seem, in letter and in spirit, to embrace all the children of the State, without regard to color.

Surely it cannot be denied that, as we have a colored population in our midst, it is our interest, independent of those considerations of natural justice and humanity which plead so strongly to educate and elevate that population.

An ignorant and degraded element is a burden and injury to society, whatever may be its color. It therefore becomes a matter of sound political economy, as well as absolute justice, that whatever colored population we may have, should be educated and enabled to become intelligent, indutrious, and useful members of the community.

The laws of Indiana exclude colored children from the common schools, and make no provision whatever for their education. I would therefore recommend that the laws be so amended as to require an enumeration to be made of the *colored* children of the State, and such a portion of the School Fund as may be in proportion to their number, be set apart and applied to their education by the establishment of separate schools, under such suitable provisions and regulations as may be proper. I would not recommend that white and colored children be placed together in the same schools, believing, as I do, in the present state of public opinion, that to do so would create dissatisfaction and conflict, and impair the usefulness of the schools.

I am informed that a system can be devised by which separate schools for the education of colored children can be successfully maintained in various parts of the State, and believe that justice, humanity and sound policy, require that it should be done.

By the school law of 1865, negroes and mulattoes are not taxed for the support of common schools, but if colored schools should be established this law should be so amended as to subject them to like taxation with white persons for educational purposes.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

By an act of Congress thirty thousand acres of land were donated to each State for each Senator and Representative in Congress for

the purpose of erecting and maintaining an Agricultural College. This entitled Indiana to (390,000) three hundred and ninety thousand acres. The act provided that where there were public lands in the State subject to entry at \$1.25 per acre, the quantity to which the State was entitled should be selected from such lands; but if there were no such lands in the State, or not enough, the Secretary of the Interior was to issue to such State land scrip for the requisite number of acres. This scrip cannot be located by the State to which it was issued, but must be sold; but the purchasers of such scrip may locate it upon any of the unappropriated land of the United States, subject to sale at private entry at \$1.25 or less per acre. There being no public lands in this State for sale at private entry held by the Government at \$1.25 per acre, Indiana received her donation in scrip. The original purpose entertained by Congress of establishing Agricultural Colleges in the several States, to be maintained by substantial and sufficient endowments, was most enlightened and patriotic, but we may well doubt the wisdom of the means by which it was to be accomplished. The most of the States, having no lands within their borders upon which this grant could be located were compelled to receive it in scrip, which they were not at liberty to locate in other States and Territories, but were required to sell. Large quantities of the scrip were put upon the market at the same time, and the price suddenly went down until it could not be sold for much over one-third of its par value. There has been no time since the State of Indiana received her scrip at which it could have been sold for more than fifty, or at most fifty-five cents per acre. At fifty-five cents an acre it would only realize (\$204,500) two hundred and four thousand five hundred dollars, a sum wholly inadequate to successfully establish and maintain a College upon the broad and comprehensive plan contemplated by Congress. The States became rival venders in the market, and all of them competing directly with the Government, which can not sell land in the regular way at less than \$1.25 per acre.

The scrip already sold by the several States has, with a few exceptions, been purchased in quantities by speculators, some of whom will enter and hold large bodies of land to be made valuable by the settlement and improvement of other lands around them, and others will retail the scrip in small quantities at a price greatly advanced over what they gave for it, but still underselling the Government. The reason why the States were not allowed to locate the scrip, was because it would create a monopoly, and enable them to hold lands

in perpetuity, but no provision was made against permitting the speculators who purchase the scrip at less than half its value from doing the same thing. While it was not so intended, yet it has turned out that no better arrangement for speculators could have been devised. If the States had been allowed to locate the scrip the land, as soon as entered, would have been worth to them \$1.25 per acre, and they might have been required, upon pain of forfeiture to the Government, to sell the same within four or six years, thus avoiding the danger of monopoly and perpetuity, and enabling them to realize at least the par value of the scrip. As the matter has turned out it would have been much better for the State and the Government, if the Government had donated to each State the same number of dollars, instead of acres. Indiana would thus have received three hundred and ninety thousand dollars, and the Government have retained three hundred and ninety thousand acres of land which could be sold at \$1.25 an acre.

The Board of Trustees of the Agricultural College, created by an act of the Legislature at the regular session of 1865, memorialized Congress at the late session, praying that the law making the grant to the States might be so amended as to allow the States to locate the scrip under such regulations and restrictions as might be deemed proper to prevent monopoly and perpetuity. But Congress took no action on the subject. The memorial is herewith laid before you.

The Board of Trustees have had a number of meetings to consider what disposition should be made of the scrip, and in view of the fact that it could not be sold without a sacrifice of nearly two-thirds of its par value, which would realize a sum so small as to be inadequate to the accomplishment of the grand purpose which Congress had in view in making the donation, unanimously resolved to withhold it from the market entirely, and submit the whole subject for the action of the Legislature. They have made a report embodying the facts, and containing certain recommendations, which I herewith lay before you, and commend to your special consideration.

THE THIRTEENTH ARTICLE.

By the decision of the Supreme Court at its late session, the XIIIth Article of the Constitution of the State, which prohibits negroes and mulattoes from coming into the State, and from making contracts and acquiring title to property, was declared null and

void, as being an infringement of the Constitution of the United States. In this decision it was held that negroes born in the United States are citizens of the United States, and of the State in which they live, and that the XIIIth Article of our Constitution was therefore in violation of that provision of the Constitution of the United States which declares that "the citizens of each State are entitled to the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the several States." The law made in execution of the XIIIth Article is of course a nullity, but I respectfully recommend that as an act of public decency it be formally repealed and wiped out.

NATIONAL DEBT AND THE CURRENCY.

It would be very flattering to our national pride, and would excite the astonishment and admiration of Europe, if we were to pay off our national debt within fifteen or eighteen years; but there are some things more important to us than flattering our vanity or astonishing the people of the Old World.

While I am not in favor of perpetuating the national debt, and do not regard it as a blessing, I am opposed to pressing our people to its sudden payment, just to show what we can do.

If this generation, after having put down the rebellion, shall accomplish the work of restoration, it will have done well, and may very properly leave at least a part of the national debt to be paid by the next.

As the misconduct of the people of the South caused this debt to be contracted, I am decidedly in favor of requiring them and their children to pay their proportion of it, which, in their present destitute and impoverished condition, they cannot do. At this time they have very little property besides lands, and scarce anything to pay taxes on, or pay taxes with, and such their situation must be for years; and until restoration has been completed, and emigration, capital, industry, commerce and agriculture shall have brought to them wealth and prosperity. Whatever part of this debt is paid in the next five or eight years, must, from the condition of things, be collected from the people of the North, and must to that extent relieve the people of the South from a burden, which ought in justice to fall chiefly upon them.

I am therefore in favor of reducing taxation to a standard which will be sufficient to defray the ordinary expenses of the Government, and maintain perfectly the credit of the Nation by paying punctually

the interest on the debt, leaving the payment of the principal to times of more general prosperity, when our commerce upon the seas shall have resumed its sway, and a largely increased population has greatly developed the agricultural and mineral resources of the country, and produced an aggregate of wealth compared with which the national debt will be but a trifling per cent.

While it is desirable to return to specie payments, at as early a period as is consistent with maintaining the business prosperity of the country, it is not a result so important that we should hazard general disaster and bankruptcy.

At this time the financial condition of the country is depressed, trade is languishing, and a widespread fear of panic and disaster prevails among the people. The continued reduction of the currency, followed by a corresponding reduction in all values, to that extent diminishes the capacity of the people to pay their indebtedness contracted at a time when the currency was much more inflated than at present and gold at a much higher premium.

If last year pork was twelve dollars a hundred and this year it is six, it is manifest that the capacity of the farmer to pay is diminished just one half, while the volume of the principal and interest of the public debt, and of his own private indebtedness has not diminished, but remains the same. Cast iron theories of finance which do not yield to the circumstances of the the times, are very apt to be broken by a crash, and it is the part of wisdom to make the theory, however wise in general, submit to the temporary condition of the people. The unsettled and impoverished condition of the people of the South, the failure of the cotton crop, the successive failure of two wheat crops in the North, render the situation of the country quite peculiar and critical, and makes it unsafe, in my opinion, to push the further reduction of the currency at this time.

Should the General Assembly concur in these views, it would be entirely proper to present them to their Senators and Representatives in Congress.

RECONSTRUCTION AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The people of the North have not been animated by a spirit of resentment and revenge in their dealings with the South since the conclusion of the rebellion. On the contrary, they have earnestly hoped that the people of the South would kindly and sincerely accept the situation, and co-operate with them in the settlement of our na-

tional difficulties upon a permanent basis; and had the Southern people met them in this spirit, adjusted their Constitutions and laws to the new order of things, rendered justice and given equal protection to all her citizens, confiscation, disfranchisement and punishment would scarcely have been demanded. When, upon the surrender of Lee's army, General Grant gave absolution to the Confederate officers and soldiers, upon the sole condition of not again bearing arms against the Republic, the nation acquiesced in his conduct almost without a murmur, and when all the rebel forces laid down their arms, and the war was at an end, the misfortunes of the South, the fallen and prostrate condition of the people inspired in the North feelings amounting almost to compassion and forgiveness. At the time the South declared full submission, asked for lenient terms, but claimed no rights and dictated no conditions. But since then the temper of her people seems to have undergone a radical change. They have passed from submission to defiance, and the mercy which was extended to them has been requited in bloody persecutions upon the Union men and negro population in their midst. Their course has had its natural and inevitable effect upon the public mind of the North, which is rapidly passing from mercy and forgiveness to the stern demands of justice, and the exaction of the penalties for treason. The logic of events against which the arguments of the statesman weigh not, moulds the public mind and sweeps it on rapidly from confusion to conclusion. The impossible of yesterday is the possible of to-day, and the radicalism of to-day becomes the conservatism of to-morrow.

The patriotic and loyal members of Congress who voted for the "Winter Davis" bill in 1864, would stand aghast before it as a scheme of reconstruction in 1866. It was then thought the wisest thing to be done, but we can now see, in the light of two years' experience, how fatal it would have been to the nation. It was manifest, from the beginning, that no scheme of reconstruction could be or ought to be accepted by the people of the North, which did not involve the equalizing of representation in Congress and the Electoral College. The people of the North could not consent, honorably to themselves, nor without a disregard to the principles of Republican government, that those lately in rebellion should return to their places in the Government, and retain, in perpetuity, the right to represent four millions of colored people, whom they deprive of all political rights, which would give to them after 1870 at least thirty votes in the Electoral College and in the House of Representatives. Should the

Southern States be permitted to return without the rectification of this great wrong, it would constitute a source of constantly increasing dissatisfaction in the North, would be regarded as an intolerable burden, and would dangerously threaten the future peace of the country.

I have received from the Secretary of State of the United States, an official copy of a joint resolution passed by Congress at the late session, two-thirds of each House concurring, proposing to the States an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which I herewith submit to your consideration.

The first clause of the Amendment establishes the great fact that all persons born in the United States are subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside, and that no State shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, or deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, or deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

The second clause establishes equality of representation in the lower House of Congress, and in the Electoral College, by excluding from the basis of representation any race or class of people who are deprived of the right of suffrage, and thus takes away from all the States the right to have representation for the colored people in their midst, unless they first give to them the right of suffrage. It proceeds upon the principle that white people do not have their political rights enlarged by reason of having in their midst a colored population whom they deprive of all political rights; upon the principle that people who are not good enough to have representation for themselves are not good enough to give it to others; upon the principle that people who are not qualified to vote themselves are not qualified to duplicate the voting power of others.

The third clause declares ineligible to any National or State office any person who, having once taken an official oath to support the Constitution of the United States, afterwards committed perjury by going into the rebellion. This will tend to make treason odious by excluding from office the perjured politicians and political paupers who brought on the war.

The fourth clause declares the validity of the public debt, forever forbids the assumption or payment of the rebel debt, and prohibits the payment of any claim for the loss or emancipation of slaves. The four clauses constitute one amendment, which was submitted to the people of Indiana for their approval or rejection at the late election.

It establishes the great principle of national unity and citizenship, equality of representation, disability for treason, the good faith of the nation to her creditors, and guards the nation in future times against the corruptions of the rebel debt. It is of inestimable value to the country, and can not be safely substituted by mere legislation which is liable to repeal or destruction at the hands of the Supreme Court.

The cardinal principles of reconstruction should be planted in the Constitution, whence they can be uprooted only by the same process by which they were established. No public measure was ever more fully discussed before the people, better understood by them, or received a more distinct and intelligent approval. I will enter into no argument in its behalf before this General Assembly. Every member of it understands it, and is prepared, I doubt not, to give his vote for or against, on the question of ratification. I venture, however, to recommend that you give to it your speedy consideration, and hope that its ratification will soon be published to the world as a declaration of the spirit and purpose of the people of Indiana.

But what if the Southern people reject the amendment? But what if they continue this reign of terror, this flagrant disregard of liberty and life? Do they imagine that the North will recede, or that affairs will be allowed to remain as they are? These things are impossible. A quarter of a million of lives have been lost, billions of money wasted, the tears of the widow and orphan are flowing, the shrieks of the murdered freedmen are heard, Union men are flying for their lives, and now the blood of the nation is up, and the cry for vengeance is abroad in the land. Let the people of the South flee from the wrath to come. Let them put away the perjured traitors who hurried them into rebellion, and now darken their counsels, and make haste to abandon their sins, and accept the proffered terms.

The Constitutional provision declaring that the United States shall guarantee to each State a republican form of government, was not intended to furnish merely a paper guaranty, but authorized the Government of the United States to interfere in a certain contingency, with the government of a State. The guaranty is to be made by the United States, that is, by the Government of the United States, which is not the President or Congress, but both together, and must, therefore, be a legislative act.

The President could not establish a State Government and accept it finally as loyal and republican in its form, and legal and complete

in its structure without assuming that he is the Government of the United States, which would manifestly be absurd.

What the extent of this power is has never been settled by any precedent; and has not been defined by Kent, Story, or any of our writers on Constitutional law. It is a vast undefined power, given to the United States to guard the States against revolution, anarchy or change to monarchical or aristocratic government. If a State government has been destroyed by rebellion, the United States must set up or re-establish a republican form of government. If a State government should be converted into an aristocracy the United States must restore it to a republican form. How, or in what manner this shall be done is not marked out by the Constitution, and must, therefore, as far as we can judge, depend upon the circumstances of each case.

The government is armed with supervisory power to keep the States in their orbits by maintaining within them republican governments, and the measure of power must, therefore, be the extent of the means necessary to accomplish the purpose.

It is a well recognized principle of Constitutional law, that where a duty is enjoined, all the powers necessary to the performance of the duty are included.

Where a certain demand is made by the Constitution the means necessary to produce the result must be inferred, else the demand would be nugatory.

The only measure, therefore, we can give to this power is that it embraces whatever may be truly necessary to guarantee to each State a republican form of government. If a State government falls into anarchy the United States must re-establish it upon a republican basis, and must be held to have the right to employ whatever instrumentalities are necessary for that purpose.

Ordinarily, and when the country is in a normal condition, the subject of suffrage is in the control absolutely of the several States, and has been so treated from the first formation of the Government, and may be regarded clearly as one of the reserved rights of the States. But, if a State government shall fall into anarchy, or be destroyed by rebellion, and it is found clearly and unmistakably, that a loyal new one can not be erected and successfully maintained without conferring upon a race or body of men the right of suffrage, to whom it has been denied by the laws of the State, it would clearly be within the power of Congress to confer it for that purpose, upon the principle that it can employ the means necessary to the performance of a required duty.

Not that Congress could make a Constitution for a State, in which the right of suffrage should be fixed, but that it could call a Convention to form a new Constitution and establish a new government, and prescribe the qualifications of those who should vote for the members of that convention and participate in the organization of the new government.

The power which I claim for Congress is vast and dangerous, and should be exercised with deliberation, and only in case of clear necessity, as it trenches directly upon the general theory and structure of the Government, yet it unquestionably exists.

If, when other remedies have failed, it be the clear and deliberate judgment of Congress that loyal Republican State governments can not be maintained except by conferring the elective franchise upon the negro race in those States, Congress may confer it upon the ground that it is necessary to the performance of a prescribed duty. In this view it is not necessary to regard the rebel States as Territories, as the constitutional provision applies, in express terms, to States.

As a practical question it cannot be supposed that four millions of free colored people can for a great time be kept in a state of political vassalage and denied their voice in the government by which they are controlled, and which they help to support. As a political question, our Republican theory, which asserts that "governments exist only by the consent of the governed," and that "taxation and representation" should go together, does not admit that suffrage shall be limited by race, cast, or color. As a question of natural right, it is hard to say that suffrage is not a natural right, when upon its exercise may depend the possession and enjoyment of all other acknowledged natural rights. It is hard to say that a man has a right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, and yet has no natural right to a voice in that government by which these other rights will be protected or denied. But as all other natural rights are subject to restriction and limitation for the general welfare of society, this should be no exception to the rule. The proposition at once to introduce to the ballot-box half a million of men, who but yesterday were slaves, the great mass of whom are profoundly ignorant, and all impressed with that character which slavery impresses upon its victims, is repugnant to the feelings of a large part of our people, and would only be justified by necessity resulting from inability to maintain loyal republican State governments without them.

But the necessity for loyal Republican State Governments that shall protect men of all races, classes and opinions, and shall render allegiance and support to the Government of the United States, must override every other consideration of prejudice or policy.

If it be found necessary not to accept the present State Governments in the South, and to exercise the great power which has hitherto lain dormant in the Constitution, the people of the South will have the consolation of knowing that it is their own act and deed. By the unrestrained slaughters of Memphis and New Orleans; by the unpunished murder of loyal men; by the persecution and exile of those who adhered to the Union; by the contemptuous rejection of the generous terms that were offered, they are fast proving that the extraordinary powers of the Constitution must be summoned to cure the evils under which the land is laboring.

Let them take warning, and speedily reform their ways before they have driven the Nation to a point where theory, passion and prejudice must all give way to the stern necessity of establishing new governments that will protect all men in equal enjoyment of life, liberty and property.

But come what will, the Nation will live, and its unity and power be established.

Throughout the late conflict, we discerned the hand of God leading the Nation through blood, to a purer morality and clearer perception of the rights of men, and cannot doubt that in His own time, and by His chosen means, He will conduct it safely through this sea of troubles to a fraternal peace, unstained by oppression, unbroken by rebellion, and crowned with the choicest blessings ever vouchsafed to any people.

OLIVER P. MORTON.

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS,

SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD

OF THE

Indiana Hospital for the Insane,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1866.

TO THE LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER.

1866.



OFFICERS OF THE HOSPITAL, 1866.

COMMISSIONERS.

ANDREW WALLACE, *President.*
P. H. JAMESON,
J. W. MOODY.

SECRETARY.

T. A. LEWIS.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT.

WILSON LOCKHART, M. D.

ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.

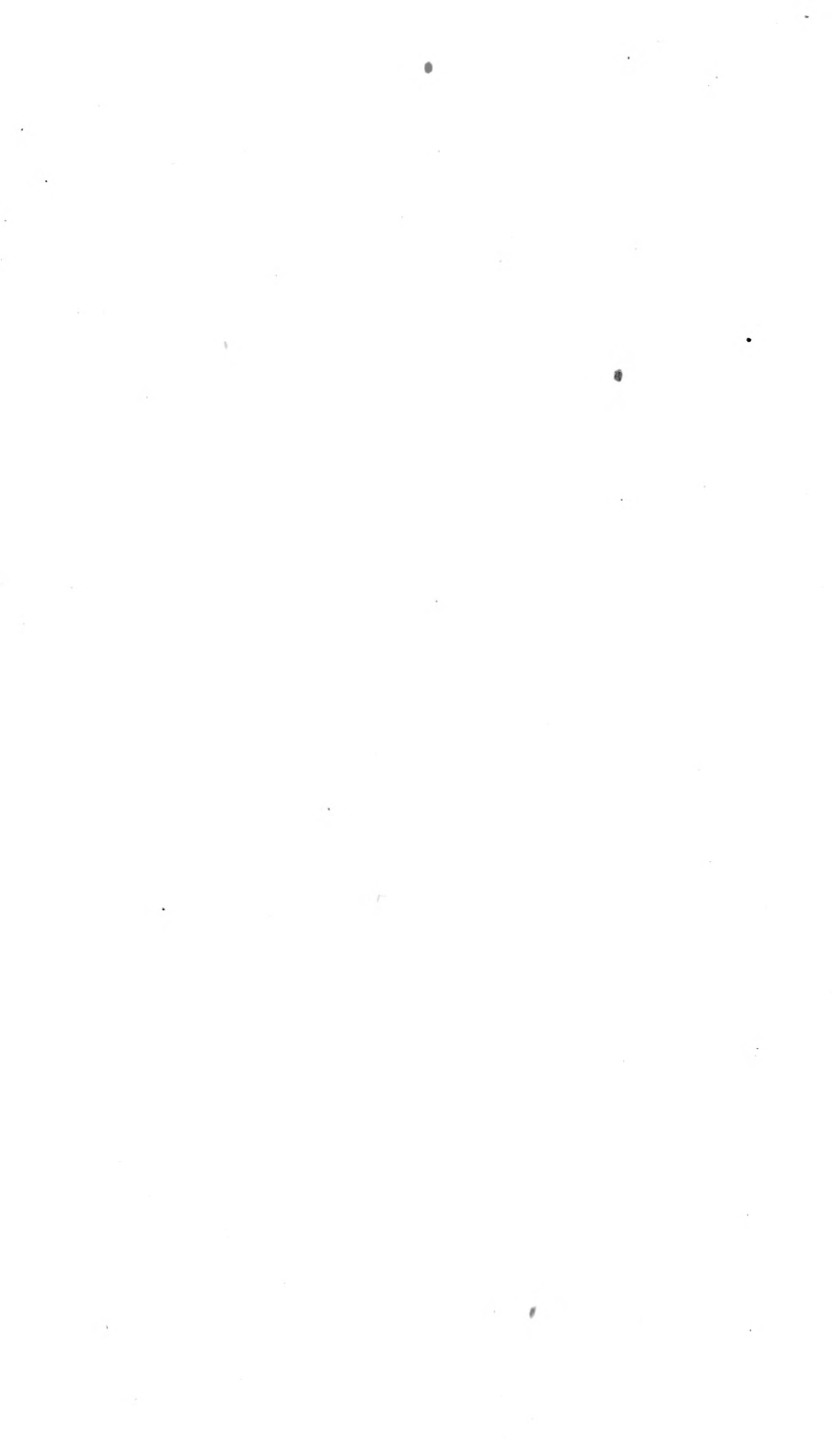
J. F. CRAVENS, M. D.
W. W. HESTER, M. D.

STEWARD.

W. M. FRENCH.

MATRON.

MRS. ELLEN BIGGER.



COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

To the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

In compliance with the requirements of the laws of our State, we hereby submit to your honorable body the annual report of the "Indiana Hospital for the Insane," for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866.

Statistics setting forth the number of insane persons received and discharged, together with the results of their treatment, will be found in the report of the Superintendent, herewith transmitted, which sets forth sundry other matters, pertaining to the Institution, of interest and importance. For this report we would respectfully ask a careful reading on the part of the members of the Legislature, and the friends of the Institution in general.

There has been no change among the resident officers of the Hospital during the year, and we take pleasure in making mention of the good conduct of each and all of them in the discharge of their several official duties.

We are satisfied that at no previous time in the history of the Institution, have its inmates been better cared for, either morally or physically. Nothing in the way of food, pure air, medicine, or sanitary regulations, which the resources at our command would supply, has been spared. The results are very creditable to our Superintendent, Dr. W. Lockhart, whose zeal in his specialty, has been commendable, and whose labors have been untiring.

Many parts of the center buildings, the entire heating apparatus, with the greater number of the water closets, have been, for several years, badly out of repair. But little repairing has been done in the house since its erection, some fifteen years ago. At the time of making our last report to the Legislature, it was getting so

badly out of order as to render it almost unfit for further use. The late Superintendent, Dr. James H. Woodburn, in his annual report, made to the Commissioners two years since, estimated the amount necessary to make the required repairs, and for erecting buildings for kitchen, laundry, sewing-room and chapel, at \$44,000. The result has shown this calculation, in the aggregate, to have been remarkably accurate. Failing to get the full appropriations recommended on that occasion, we have endeavored, by a rigid economy, to divert enough from the appropriations for current expenses, to put the buildings in good order. This we have found no small undertaking, as the items in the report of the Superintendent clearly indicate. The amount drawn from the current expense fund for the last two years, for these repairs, and for several much needed improvements, as the airing courts, and so-forth, has been \$14,546 01. In addition to this sum, we have expended of the special appropriation \$26,500, "to build a center back building, and for other repairs," \$6,500, making the aggregate expenditure for repairs, from both appropriations, \$21,046 01. These improvements have added much to the healthfulness, comfort, and utility of the house.

Of the above named special appropriation, the sum of \$18,740 45 has been expended on the back center building, designed for bakery, laundry, chapel, and sewing room; the balance, \$1,259 55, remaining in the treasury. The main part of the work on this building was held back till this year, in the expectation of a decline in prices. In this the Board has been disappointed, as the cost of labor and materials has remained about the same. The building is, so far, substantially constructed. It will require \$5,000 more for its completion. According to the estimate of the Architect, when finished, it will have cost \$23,740 45. By reference to the reports of former officers of the Institution, it will be seen that this price is much less than has been estimated at any time heretofore. The completion of this edifice will supply a want felt by the Institution ever since the erection of the south wing, ten or twelve years ago.

"An Act" was passed at the extra session of the last Legislature, "to provide for the care and treatment of the Incurable Insane." By this Act, the sum of \$35,000 was appropriated to erect suitable buildings for that purpose. This appropriation was placed at the disposal of a Special Board, consisting of the Gov-

ernor and Treasurer of the State of Indiana, and the Board of Commissioners of the Hospital for the Insane. After consultation among the several members of this Special Board, it was thought prudent to procure the opinion of the Attorney General as to the legality of applying this appropriation toward the construction of the north wing of the Hospital, in accordance with its original design. Having secured from that officer an opinion favorable to that mode of expenditure, the Board has proceeded with the proposed building, with as little delay as possible. The necessary excavations have been made and the foundation completed, only about one-half of the appropriation having yet been expended. We found, that at comparatively small cost, the capacity of this addition to the Hospital could be considerably increased above that of the corresponding south wing, (built some twelve years since,) without altering materially the original plan. This could be accomplished by widening several parts of the building, so as to admit of an additional tier of rooms, with the same number of main walls, and by carrying some portions of it a story higher. A good stone cellar, also, being calculated to render the wards of the lower story of the contemplated building quite as useful as any other part of it, while the corresponding wards in the present structure are almost entirely useless. Indeed, the apartments known as the basement wards, (occupied by violent and chronic cases,) although much improved within the last year; are badly lighted and poorly ventilated, and in no way creditable to the State as a charity, or to the Institution.

When the north wing, as commenced, shall have been completed, it will afford room for two hundred and twenty additional patients. The capacity of the Hospital will be increased thereby to between five or six hundred, or almost double what it is at present. If then one-third or more of the inmates should be chronically affected, the whole could be taken care of by the present corps of officers, which would be accomplished at quite a saving above the amount required to establish and conduct a separate institution for the benefit of the incurably insane.

To complete this building will require a considerable expenditure of money; but we trust your honorable body will not hesitate to make the necessary appropriations for an object so important. Indiana is far behind almost all the northern States in making provision for her insane. Nothing has been done in the way of in-

creasing her facilities for that purpose for more than ten years. During this time our population has increased largely, and the causes of insanity have been more and more prevalent. There is probably now double the number of this unfortunate class in our State that there was in the year 1856, when the present buildings were finished, and it was found that there was not even then room enough for nearly all the applicants for admission.

Within this period, several of our neighboring sister States have made extensive additions to their Institutions for the Insane, or have built new ones. Shall Indiana, whose proud record in our late struggle for nationality will ever fill a bright page in the history of our country, be last among the States in her charities? Shall her Insane run at large, houseless and homeless wanderers, a pest and a terror to community, or be confined in jails and poor houses, to associate with felons and the off-casts of society? We appeal to the sense of justice, and the honest State pride of this Legislature, earnestly desiring a due consideration of the facts, and a favorable response to our demands on behalf of humanity.

We have procured from our Architect, Joseph Curzon, carefully prepared estimates, in detail, of the amount needed to finish the north wing as at present designed, according to which it will require \$153,000. These estimates were made on the scale of prices for the year now closing, and are ample for its completion. If, for the next two years, prices should decline, of which there are, at present, indications, we are of the opinion that the building can be completed and furnished with the amount estimated. We would therefore suggest to your honorable body the propriety of making the appropriation (if made by you) for the double purpose of completing and furnishing the north wing of the Hospital. If this be done, in all probability the building can be occupied before another biennial session of the Legislature. The south wing, (which was built from 1853 to 1855, inclusive,) cost the State between eighty and one hundred thousand dollars. This building was without a stone foundation or cellar, and, in other respects, of less than two-thirds the size of the proposed addition. At the time referred to, building materials and labor cost only about one-half what they do at present. Still our estimate for erecting and furnishing the north wing with better materials, and fifty per cent. more capacity, is only about double the actual cost of the south wing twelve years ago.

The aggregate of the disbursements for current expenses of the	
Hospital for the year now closing, is.....	\$59,339 84
Total time of patients in Hospital (days).....	105,873
Average daily number in Hospital.....	290
Cost, <i>per capita</i> , per year.....	204 54
“ “ per week.....	3 92
“ “ per day.....	56

It will be seen by an analysis of the records of the Institution, that for a period of four years, ending with the year 1856, the cost of keeping patients was then only about twenty-five per cent. less than during the past year. This should satisfy the friends of the Institution that there has been no want of economy in the administration of its affairs.

To complete the Hospital buildings and place it on an equality with the Institutions of other States, and to meet the current expenses of the next two years, the following is our estimate of the necessary appropriations:

APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1867.

For Current expenses.....	\$60,000 00
Parker Washing Machine.....	1,200 00
Cooking Range.....	1,500 00
Clothes Mangle.....	220 00
Centrifugal Wringer.....	700 00
Fan for forcing ventilation.....	1,700 00
Tunnelling and walling Conduits for same....	1,700 00
Car for conveying food from Centre Kitchen to North Wing.....	200 00
Vessels for Car and Track.....	104 00
Twenty horse power Steam Engine, with which to drive Washing Machine and Fan.....	2,000 00
Additional appropriation necessary to continue work upon North Wing.....	76,500 00
Carpenter Shop.....	4,000 00
Boiler Furnaces.....	500 00
<hr/>	
Total appropriations needed for 1867.....	\$150,324 00

APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1868.

For Current expenses.....	\$60,000 00
Amount necessary to finish North Wing of Hospital.....	76,500 00
Total appropriation needed for 1868—————	\$136,500 00
Total appropriations necessary for the two years	\$286,824 00

The time for which appropriations for current expenses were made by the last Legislature, will have expired on the first of January, 1867. From that time forward the Institution will be wholly without means of support. For this it will be necessary for your honorable body to make immediate provision. To conduct the Hospital for one quarter will require \$15,000. Either this sum should be appropriated without delay, or the appropriations for current expenses for the next two years should be made as early as practicable. Unless one or the other is done promptly, the Institution will be seriously embarrassed during the winter months, when its demands are heavier and more urgent than at any other time of the year.

The farm and garden, under the faithful superintendence of Wm. M. French, the Steward, have been quite as productive as usual. The work necessary for their cultivation has been performed mostly by the patients, many of whom are good laborers, and pleased with the opportunity of exercising in the open air. We have reason to believe that out-door labor is often very important to those in our charge, as a means of restoration to health, and therefore regard the possession of the excellent tract of land, attached to the Hospital, as very fortunate.

Conscious of having labored faithfully, according to our best judgment, for the good of the important charge committed to us by you, we invite a just and rigid scrutiny of our official conduct. Finally, we ask an impartial consideration of the matters set forth in this report, hoping for the adoption of some plan or system by which ample provision shall be made for the care and treatment of all the Insane within the borders of our State—hopeless maniacs, as well as the victims of temporary mental aberration.

Very respectfully,

ANDREW WALLACE, *President.*

JOHN W. MOODY, } *Commissioners.*
P. H. JAMESON, }

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Board of Commissioners:

In compliance with the law governing the Hospital for the Insane, the Eighteenth Annual Report is herewith submitted.

Another year of labor, care, and anxiety has closed, with thanks to the Giver of all Good for the many blessings enjoyed, and the measure of success—of usefulness attained.

In consideration of the proximity of that most dreaded of all pestilences—Asiatic Cholera—it is with no ordinary degree of satisfaction and gratefulness that we record “no epidemic disease has visited us during the year.” Thorough and well executed sanitary measures have been enforced, for the prevention of that disease, which have contributed, doubtless, to the general health enjoyed.

We are the more gratified with the degree of health preserved, when we take into consideration the great number of patients necessarily crowded into the Hospital during the hottest of the summer months.

At the close of the last fiscal year, we had remaining in the Institution 127 males and 135 females, making a total of 262.

During the year we admitted 133 males and 108 females.

The whole number of patients, therefore, under treatment, during the year, was 260 males and 243 females, making a total of 503.

Discharged cured, during the year, 69 males and 54 females. Total 123. Improved, 16 males and 12 females. Unimproved, 24 males and 28 females. Died, 14 males and 9 females. Total discharged, 230. Remaining in the Hospital at the end of the year 133 males and 140 females, making a total of 273.

The greatest number in the Hospital at any one time was from June 29 to June 30, when there were 324. The smallest number

during the year was from Nov. 1 to Nov. 2, when there were 261. The smallest number of males 127, the smallest number of females 134. The greatest number of males 167, the greatest number of females 155. Whole number of applications for admission during the year, 334. Summer capacity of Hospital, 280.

Hospital Disbursements for current expenses during

the year.....	\$59,339 84
Total time spent by patients in Hospital (in days..	105,873
Average daily number of patients in Hospital.....	290 6-100
Cost, <i>per capita</i> , per year.....	204 54
“ “ per week.....	3 92 28-100
“ “ per day.....	56 4-100

The following synopsis exhibits, in brief, the history of the patients during the past year:

NUMERICAL HISTORY OF PATIENTS.	Males.	Females	Total.
Patients in Hospital October 31, 1865.....	127	135	262
Patients admitted since November 1, 1865.....	133	108	241
Under treatment during the year.....	260	243	503
Discharged restored.....	69	54	123
Discharged improved.....	16	12	28
Discharged unimproved.....	25	28	53
Died.....	15	9	24
Eloped.....	1	.....	1
Not insane.....	1	.....	1
Total discharged during the year.....	127	103	230
Remaining in Hospital October 31, 1866.....	133	140	273
The highest number in Hospital at any one time.....	169	155	324
The lowest number in Hospital at any one time.....	127	134	261
The average number under treatment during the year.....	.....	.....	290-06
Those who were restored, resided in Hospital—			
Less than three months.....	16	6	22
Between three and six months.....	20	19	39
Between six months and one year.....	23	20	43
Between one and two years.....	5	6	11
Over two years.....	5	3	8
Total.....	69	54	123
Those who were discharged improved, resided in Hospital—			
Less than three months.....	.....	2	2
Between three and six months.....	.....	.....	.....
Between six months and one year.....	.....	1	1
Between one and two years.....	3	2	5
Over two years.....	13	7	20
Total.....	16	12	28
Those who were discharged unimproved, resided in Hospital—			
Less than one year.....	2	6	8
Between one and two years.....	7	6	13
Between two and three years.....	2	6	8
Over three years.....	13	10	23
Total.....	24	28	52

NUMERICAL HISTORY—Continued.

NUMERICAL HISTORY OF PATIENTS.	Males.	Females	Total.
Those who died, resided in Hospital—			
Less than six months.....	11	7	18
Between six months and one year.....	1	1	1
Between one and two years.....	1	1	1
Over two years.....	2	2	4
Total.....	15	9	24
The causes of death were as follows:			
Exhaustion from Acute Mania.....	5	5	10
Exhaustion from Chronic Mania.....	1	2	3
Puerperal Mania.....		1	1
Marasmus.....	4	1	5
General Paralysis.....	2		2
Convulsions.....	2		2
Suicide—by strangulation.....	1		1
Total.....	15	9	24
The causes for admission were as follows:			
Mania.....	60	53	113
Melancholia.....	73	51	124
Puerperal Mania.....		4	4
Total admissions.....	133	108	241

For the most part of the year, the Hospital has been crowded beyond its real capacity, filling even the *day rooms* with beds, and, of course, we have admitted none but recent cases. As, during the last fiscal year, we found it necessary to discharge the patients who had resided longest in the Hospital, or those apparently the least hopeful, to make room for recent cases. This method of conducting the Institution, when fully carried out, adds considerably to its expense and care. Recent and excitable cases of insanity destroy wearing apparel, beds, and bedding; besides, we must incur for them additional expenditures for remedial (medicinal) agents, and watch their effects from day to day, and from hour to hour. Chronic cases do not need such careful scrutiny, and require comparatively little treatment.

THE RESTORED.

We have, however, as a reward for our cares and expenditures, one hundred and twenty-three patients restored to society during the year. Sixteen more than for any other fiscal year for the Hospital, and twenty-one more than for some of the years when the Hospital capacity was the same as at present.

The large per centage of cures reported at this Hospital, as compared with Asylums, is attributable to the class of cases treated.

This is the only Institution of the kind within the State. The law governing it specifies that no chronic case shall be admitted when applications for recent cases are on file. The statute fixes the period of chronicity at one year. It is also a part of the statute requirement that the chronic be discharged to make room for the acute cases.

We have, therefore, for treatment only the recent, and, of course, more curable of that unfortunate class of our fellow citizens.

AIRING COURTS.

The labor and watchfulness necessary in the management of the excited and more violent male patients has been much lessened, and their health greatly benefitted, by allowing them the freedom of an airing court, (built by your advice and direction) to the west of and adjoining the north wing of the Hospital. The moral effect of the liberty thus given this class of patients, was marked indeed. When, as formerly, they were pent up in the ward, they would break out window lights and window sash, unless the shutters were closed, which rendered the ward dark and the men restive. When thus confined, they ran from place to place, too often resisting all that opposed. Now, when they have enjoyed the freedom of the airing court, the outside windows, and the lattice doors, shutting them away from the end windows of the hall, may all be opened, and the men allowed to gaze upon the fields and flowers, and see nature in all her moods, as well as the active movements of the industrious builders about them; and we have, as a result, comparative gentleness and quietude in the place of restlessness and ferocity, as well as health conserved for all.

LABOR PERFORMED.

The airing court has often been useful to us in taking care of the men during the working hours, by aggregating two or three wards of the least useful as laborers, under the charge of a less number of attendants, while the more manageable of the men were laboring. Thus a larger amount of labor than usual has been performed on the farm, in the garden, cleaning old brick, hacking new brick, stacking lumber, scoring, hewing, raising and bridging joists, raising frames and other material, by derrick and otherwise, for center kitchen, work on airing court, &c.

ILL HEALTH.

The ill health, so often recorded on admitting patients to the Hospital, is too often continuous. Indigestion and Anemia, with our insane, are general, if not quite universal. Hereditary and climatic (malarious) influences, ignorance of, or disregard for the laws of health, as the use of improper food, or the abuse of articles in themselves wholesome; excessive toil, or the want of exercise; intemperance, with its long catalogue of ills, physical, moral, mental, and *loss of sleep*, whether from domestic affliction or discord; a restless desire for gain, or the multitudinous excesses and indulgences of the young and the vicious, seeking for pleasure where it never has been found; or from whatever other cause "nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is wanting—these all play their part in making up the sum total of diseased bodies and diseased brains. No cases, however, are so lamentable as those of the young, who have exhausted body and mind in rounds of senseless pleasure—the late, highly seasoned, needless suppers—the convivial glass, the white-heat of excitement at the play and the gaming table; the midnight revel; the feverish, salacious dreams, and yet more salacious indulgences, until at last life is exhaled, and the miserable wretch lingers for a few months in an Asylum, *demented*, and death closes the scene.

Possessing noble forms and godlike understandings, brought up amid benign influences, the heart bleeds at beholding such exhibitions of woe and degradation. Yet every year brings its fresh installment of victims.

GOVERNMENT.

The law of kindness is now, and has been for many years, acknowledged as the *true* one for the management of the insane. If found sometimes impracticable, it is yet always the ideal toward which our every day efforts are directed, although it may, and often does, tax one's patience and ingenuity much. During my connection with the Institution, no feature of its management not excepting its hygiene, nor the administration of medicines, has given me so much care and anxiety as this. I think I may say, in truth, that the attendants have generally discharged this duty with humanity and fidelity. *Chains* are never used for restraining the excited. There are no cells nor dungeons in this

Hospital. The management of the excited insane is attended with much labor and perplexity. It is the control of a strong man or woman, whom phrenzy has made desperate, every muscle of whose body is wrought up to the highest degree of excitement. When homicidal propensities are superadded to this condition, as often occurs, the insane desire to kill is only equalled by that of a wild beast in ferocity, with greater intelligence and ability to destroy. The watchfulness and care necessary to properly restrain such a case is very great, aside from the administration of food and appropriate remedial agents. Yet this class of cases more generally recover than the melancholic.

Of the 1730 patients admitted as *maniacal* (excited), 958 have recovered, or 55 37-100 per cent.

Of the 1321 patients admitted as *melancholic*, 594 have recovered, or 44 96-000 per cent.

The management of the melancholic insane has also its obstacles. The suicidal are more generally of this class, and when they have been, by regular and systematic methods, prevented from committing such an act, by hanging, drowning, or by cutting or explosive agencies, they often resort to starvation as a means of ending life. If food be artificially introduced into the stomach, they regurgitate or vomit it, and the same of remedial agents. Every effort at a knowledge of their physical or mental condition, by examination or by inquiries, is repelled by silent contempt or disdain. They seem to have entered, without expectation or desire of return, despair's drear abode, where hope lies buried. Pope's well known line, "Hope springs eternal in the human breast," seems a misnomer when applied to the melancholy insane. They seem utterly without hope. All day long they brood over some real or imaginary sorrow or grievance, and retire at night to brood again, and not to sleep. If the night watch supposes that because they are quiet they are sleeping, he is mistaken. Thinking, thinking; a morbid, endless chain of reverie, from which no thought is omitted that can "minister to a mind diseased." Every one accustomed to treat disease, knows how valuable an element hope is in its management, and how much the chances of recovery are lessened when it is wanting. Cheerful company, amusements, exercise, bathing, alterants, and agents that promote *sleep*, promise most for this class of cases.

BASEMENT DORMITORY.

The completion of the Suicidal Dormitory for males, is a source of gratification, as supplying a need long felt in the Hospital. Aside from this, there is no place for males where suicide by hanging is impossible, although all the wards, dormitories, &c., are, in the main, adapted to the wants of this class of patients.

VENTILLATION.

It is well known to yourselves, but perhaps not to the public, that this Hospital is defective in more respects than want of room. At the time of the erection of the center building, north and south wings, &c., (nearly twenty years ago) the system of ventilation adopted was defective in many respects.

First. The flues (outlets from the rooms) within the walls are too small; many of them being closed from accumulations of mortar during the erection of the building.

Secondly. The upper iron sash is stationary, and filled with window panes.

Thirdly. The transoms on either side of the hall are not arranged opposite one another, and if they had been, currents of air could not have passed through the rooms when the doors of the rooms are closed, as they must be at night. Larger flues ought to be constructed, the window lights removed from the fixed sash to a moveable one, and shutters adjusted to the windows as a preventive of suicide, by hanging, and to prevent elopements.

When the rooms are closed at night, the atmosphere within the rooms and the halls is very impure. To make these two wings of the old building (more than half the present capacity of the Hospital) what they ought to be for the health of their inmates, these alterations ought to be made, and forced ventilation employed additional. These improvements, with forced ventilation for the south wing also, would make this Hospital the equal of similar institutions, in design, elsewhere.

There is no *one* need of the Hospital so much felt by those who live within it, as forced ventilation, without which no institution of the kind is now considered complete. The peculiar acid perspiration, the filthy habits of the demented, the necessity for privies within or near to the wards, the crowding together, especially

at night, of so many persons, all having foul breaths, all more or less diseased, may be mentioned as some of the arguments in favor of forced ventilation.

EXERCISE.

Manual labor exerts a valuable curative influence over the insane. In his report for 1865, Dr. Pliny Earle, the eminent Superintendent of the Northampton (Massachusetts) Hospital for the Insane, writes: "Labor requires and gives exercise, the great prerequisite and conservator of bodily health, in both the sane and the insane. It gives, like a safety valve to steam, harmless escape to unnatural excitement. It invigorates digestion, stimulates all the vital organs to a wholesome performance of their functions, and produces sleep, that universal necessity to health. It recalls the mind from its vagrancies, and concentrates it more or less upon a rational subject. Every moment of such abstraction and concentration is a point gained, and although these moments may, at first, be rare and few, yet, in many cases, by the force of habit, or of will, or of returning bodily health, or of all combined, they become more and more frequent and numerous, until reason gains the victory over unreason." This high estimate of labor, as a means of restoring the insane, accords with and is confirmed by observation here.

AMUSEMENTS

that require physical exertion, for those who have not been accustomed to labor, are also invaluable. Dancing and gymnastics may be mentioned as having proved eminently useful in this way. We have also bagatelle and many other games, and hope to add billiards and bowling-alleys during the coming year. We have donations to the Hospital sufficient to fit up room, veranda, &c., in chapel for magic-lantern entertainments, as well as to purchase instruments, pictures, &c., when the new chapel is otherwise finished and furnished.

LIBRARY.

The Library, to which we have made some additions during the year, continues to be a source of pleasure and profit to a large number of our patients.

CHAPEL.

The exercises at the chapel have been regularly maintained, affording spiritual consolation to the patients, of whom there are always as many as our small chapel will accommodate, who are, in the main, attentive, and even appreciative listeners; besides, these exercises contribute in no small degree to the discipline of the house.

RECREATION.

Walking during the forenoons and afternoons, when the weather is favorable, for all the more intelligent and trustworthy patients, when they are well enough, is regularly required. The more unmanageable and dangerous patients are meantime sent to the airing courts, so that all may enjoy the benefits arising from out-door life. Formerly this was impracticable, many patients remaining within the walls of the building for a series of years. Another good arising from the airing courts is the improved atmosphere of the halls during the absence of the class of patients requiring the restraint of an enclosure.

CARPENTER'S SHOP.

For some years a part of the basement of the south wing has been used as a carpenter's shop. We need a building for this purpose elsewhere:

First. Because of the danger of fire; the presence of highly inflammable materials (shavings) rendering so much life and property unsafe, if not hazardous.

Second. We need it from considerations of economy; the carpenter having to quit his labor at an early hour, especially in winter, the shop being too dark to work in without a light, which can not be allowed on account of its danger.

BOILER FURNACES.

The Carpenter's Patent Furnaces in use for the last twelve years, (five in number), are undergoing an entire change, found necessary from much wear and tear, and from imperfect draft. A given amount of fuel smouldering away, or burning slowly, does

not generate as much steam as when the blaze from the same amount of fuel licks the boilers along their whole course. Opening wide the damper, the *draft* of the furnace adopted (Thomas H. Clark's Patent) may be made to carry the blaze *through* the boiler flues into the breeching connecting the furnace with the smoke-stack. One of the new furnaces is now in use and gives most satisfactory results. We calculate this furnace will save the institution \$500 in fuel this year. We shall need an appropriation of \$500 to cover the deficit necessary to be expended.

CLOTHING.

The law made and provided for furnishing patients with clothing on admission to the Hospital, (Gavin & Hord, vol. 1, p. 382, § 18), is as follows:

"For a female patient, two strong gowns, two flannel petticoats, two pairs of woollen stockings, one pair of shoes, two handkerchiefs, at least two chemises, and a large warm shawl or cloak. The clothing shall be new, or as good as new, the woollen of a dark color, and shall be delivered in good order."

The law ought to be amended as follows: After the words "two strong gowns, two flannel petticoats," and before the words "two pairs stockings," insert the words "*two night gowns*," "*two quilted skirts*"—an addition to the clothing of female patients much needed, not only for their comfort but for their health.

LAW GOVERNING DISCHARGE OF PATIENTS—(Gavin & Hord, vol. 1, p. 384, § 25.)

STATE OF INDIANA, }
 — County. } ss.

To the Sheriff of — County, greeting:

WHEREAS, The proper authority has directed that — —, a patient in the Indiana Hospital for the Insane from this county, be removed from said Hospital, you are, therefore, hereby commanded forthwith to remove said patient and return him to —, in this county, whence he was taken to the Hospital.

Witness my hand and the seal of the — Circuit Court, this — day of —, A. D. —.

— —, Clerk.

Immediately upon receiving said warrant it shall be the duty of the Sheriff, by himself or deputy, forthwith to execute the same and return it to the Clerk by whom it was issued; and if any Clerk, upon receiving such notice, shall refuse or neglect, for the space of five days, to issue and place such warrant in the hands of the Sheriff, or if such Sheriff shall refuse to receive the same or neglect, for the space of twenty days after receiving the warrant, to demand such patient of the Superintendent, the expense of the patient shall, from the date of the notice to the Clerk until his removal, be charged at the rate of two dollars per week against the person so offending; and the amount may be recovered in an action, with the cost of suit, in the name of the Superintendent, against the Clerk or Sheriff so offending: *Provided, however,* That it shall in no case be necessary for the Superintendent to give such notice to the Clerk when the friends of such discharged patient are ready and willing to remove him; but such patient shall be at once intrusted to their care.

I recommend that the law be amended as follows: Insert after the words "be charged at the rate of," and before the words "per week against the person so offending," "*four dollars,*" instead of the words "*two dollars,*" so as to make this part of the section read "be charged at the rate of four dollars per week against the person so offending," otherwise there will be a disregard for the law, as has occurred heretofore—two dollars per week being a small sum to pay for board of patients. I recommend, also, that the *proviso* be stricken from the clause, for the reason that it destroys the efficiency of the law, on account of the delays occurring from the loose construction placed upon the words "ready" and "willing," and because it frequently happens that the friends of patients *are* "ready and willing" to remove them from the Hospital when the safety of society requires that they be discharged to the proper county authorities and placed either within the county house or the county jail.

CENTER KITCHEN.

As was expected at the time of writing my last report, the building for center kitchen, wash house, bakery, sewing room, and chapel had its foundation completed before the working season closed. One hundred thousand of the new brick were upon the ground, besides two hundred thousand of the brick from the old

building removed. A contract for the brick necessary to finish the building was made at \$10.50 per thousand, delivered; but proving dissatisfactory because of bad quality of brick, the contract was annulled, and a contract made with Mr. J. W. Knight for one hundred thousand brick at \$10.10, delivered, which proved entirely satisfactory. Mr. J. P. Cruse having been the lowest bidder for laying the brick, contracting at \$4.65 per thousand, he furnishing lime and sand and necessary labor, the work was commenced early in the season, but was delayed somewhat for want of sawed lumber for joist, the parties (Messrs. Hill & Wingate) not having the material in the city as promptly as could have been desired. The carpenter work has been done by the day. The regularity of the work, setting and bridging the joist for the different stories, being interrupted by the want of joist and necessary completion of connecting brick walls. A *contract*, when the lumber was not at hand, was not thought advisable; besides there was much help in the house in the way of scoring, hewing, putting up and bridging the joist. Just the amount of labor performed in this way I have no means of estimating, but I calculate that at least one thousand dollars have been saved the institution by labor from within the house, hauling material from the city, &c. The contracts for door and window frames, sash, &c., slating, guttering and plastering, have all been made, after due public notice before receiving sealed proposals. The work on the building now draws rapidly near completion, and we hope soon to have the use of a part, if not all of it, before the setting in of winter. The cellar is now in use and doing valuable service as a storehouse for various products.

The cost of the building, so far, is.....	\$18,740 45
Estimated cost by Architect, Mr. Joseph Curzon, for finishing same.....	5,000 00

Cost of building when completed.....	\$23,740 45
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NORTH WING.

For ten consecutive years, my predecessors have urged the necessity for the completion of the north wing of the Hospital. Brought in immediate relationship with so much suffering, and realizing the sad want of adequate room for its relief, it is the dictate of a common humanity to repeat the necessity for it, and urge its speedy completion. From various sources of information,

I estimate the number of insane, within the State, at more than sixteen hundred.

If our noble and genesous State would preserve her reputation for liberality and philanthropy—if she would keep pace with her sister States in this her greatest charity, she must not only complete this central Hospital, but build an additional one in each of the four quarters of the State. Such an increase of Hospital capacity is required to meet the present wants of all our insane, besides the yearly increase of insanity, as populations increase.

The following tabular statement exhibits the want of capacity within this Hospital:

Number of applications for admission during 17th fiscal year..	267
Number admitted.....	189
Number refused admission.....	78
Number discharged improved.....	40
Number discharged unimproved.....	44
Number of patients refused and discharged improved and unimproved.....	162
Number of applications for admission during 18th fiscal year	334
Number admitted.....	241
Number refused admission.....	93
Number discharged improved.....	28
Number discharged unimproved.....	52
Number refused and discharged improved and unimproved..	173
Whole number refused admission and discharged improved and unimproved during the two last fiscal years.....	335
Number now in Hospital.....	277
Whole number in Hospital, refused, discharged improved and unimproved during the last two fiscal years.....	612

The improved and unimproved discharged during the two fiscal years, would surely become a burden and a tax to society wherever they might go, and ought to have remained within the Hospital. All the Middle and Western, to say nothing of the Eastern States, have much more ample accommodation for their insane than the State of Indiana. Shall our people be less generous, humane,

than those of other States? If the loss of any of the senses, as with the blind, the deaf and dumb, the loss of an arm or leg, appeal to our common humanity, what shall be the measure of our sympathy when all the senses are lost, the noble conceptions of the mind evanished perhaps forever, and the body, so wonderfully and fearfully made, the mere wreck of its former self—the bitter remnant of life being dragged out in wretchedness in jails and county poor houses, or as houseless wanderers, exposed to the inclemency and fury of our winter storms? The Legislature, at its last session, appropriated \$35,000 for erecting an Asylum for Chronic Insane. The sum of money appropriated it was thought would complete a building having capacity for perhaps forty patients, a number too inconsiderable to be *felt* in the State. Taking, therefore, an enlarged and liberal view of the subject, actuated by the wants of the State and the impulses of humanity, (having consulted the Attorney General, Delana R. Williamson, as to its legality, and received his written reply,) your Board, without a dissenting voice, have determined to use as much of the aforesaid building fund as will excavate the ground, erect the stone walls and brick cross-walls, flues and conduits, for the completion of the north wing of the Hospital as originally designed. This was, in my judgment, eminently wise and proper, and I trust that the Legislature, in the exercise of a sound discrimination—viewing the subject from the same liberal and humane stand-point as yourselves, will make the necessary appropriation for the completion of the superstructure. Mr. Joseph Curzon, architect for the south wing and for the other buildings and improvements at the Hospital, was selected for his experience and eminent ability, to take charge of the work. After visiting various eastern, and some western hospitals, and discussing different plans making as much room as possible for the smallest cost—a cardinal point in our calculations—we have adopted, by and with your consent and approval, a plan nearly enough like that of the south wing to preserve the symmetry of the structure as a whole, yet very different in detail. Placing the coils for heating the building in the basement or cellar, we shall have the first floor for patients, 60 in number, (space occupied by coils in the south wing). Continuing what are called the “short halls” to the same number of stories in height as the other halls, that is, making them four stories high instead of three, and lengthening them (17 feet) into separate wards, we get capacity for 36 patients additional. Doubling the

so-called "lodges," that is, by projecting another line of rooms on the opposite side of the lodge hall, we have 24 rooms additional, having capacity for 28 patients more, with only the same number of walls, giving capacity in the wing, when completed, for 220 patients. If crowded, (using day rooms as we now do), its capacity would be increased to 260 patients. The south wing accommodates 115 patients—when crowded, 127 patients—making a difference of 105 in capacity, (without very considerably increasing the cost of the building as compared with the south wing), giving us a total capacity for 500 patients, or, by crowding the Hospital as we now do, it may be made to care for 580 patients. For the well-being of the insane, however, I trust it will never be thus crowded.

Sealed proposals, after due public notification, were received, and a contract closed with Messrs. Seibert & Buchanan, the lowest bidders for excavating the ground, at a cost of 29 cents per yard. The work was done as soon as could have been expected, considering the very rainy season encountered, at a cost of \$1,898.34.

Mr. J. P. Cruse being the lowest bidder for rubble-stone and brick work, a contract was made (he furnishing materials) for the former at \$7.50 per yard, and for the latter at \$12.50 per thousand, *in the wall*. The work is progressing favorably. The usual length of working season will insure its completion, and the whole basis structure will be ready for the superincumbent mass of brick and mortar at an early period next year. The estimate for the cost of the foundation, by the architect, is \$19,749. The estimate for the structure, when completed, is \$188,000. A tax of three cents on each hundred dollars of assessable property within the State will raise the required sum, viz., \$153,000 additional.

ARCHITECT'S ESTIMATE FOR BUILDING THE NORTH WING OF THE INDIANA
HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

3,285,000 brick in superstructure and vent shaft, at \$11 per 1000..... 37,777 00

CUT STONE.

1,169 lineal feet of window sills, 5 by 12, at \$1.75.....	2,045 77
2 flat rock door sills 1 foot 7 by 8 inches, at \$2.50.....	20 00
872 lineal feet of 8 by 12 water table and belt course, at \$2.50.....	2,180 00
Cut stone to vent shaft, including foundation.....	2,374 00
6,844 yards of deafening, at 25c.....	1,711 00
19,500 yards of plastering, at 45c.....	8,775 00
182,000 feet joists and bridging—wall plate, at \$3.....	5,460 00
550 squares framing joists for 5 floors, at \$6.....	3,300 00
550 squares flooring for deafening, stripping on joists, and counterceiling, including lumber, at \$7.....	3,850 00

550 squares ash or oak flooring and laying, at \$9.....	4,950 00
250 squares framing, ceiling joists, and rafters, at \$5.....	1,250 00
26 roof trusses 15,500 feet, including lumber.....	985 00
Partitions, 2000 feet.....	140 00
160 squares sheating, including lumber, at \$6.....	960 00
160 squares slating, at \$15.50.....	2,480 00
Carpenters' work in bath rooms, water closets, clothes closets, and dumb waiters, including lumber, 12,000 feet.....	2,220 00
14,200 lineal feet of base, 12 inches high, including lumber, at 20c.....	2,840 00
400 windows, frames, sash, glass, weights, &c., at \$24.30.....	9,600 00
290 doors, frames, locks, hinges, and casings, at \$30.....	8,700 00
220 transom sash and glass, at \$6.....	1,320 00
Carpenters' work on ventilators and roof of vent shaft.....	1,500 00
Carpenters' work and lumber boxing ventilating ducts in attic.....	1,400 00
2,300 feet tinwork for valleys, hips, flushings, &c., at 30c.....	690 00
6 conductors, 5 inches diameter, 70 feet each in length, at 40c.....	168 00
800 lineal feet galvanized iron cornice to girt 3 feet 6 inches, at \$1.50.....	1,200 00
10,000 yards painting, at 30c, \$3,000; glazing, number of lights, 13,000, at 5c, \$650.....	3,650 00

IRON WORK.

Consisting of 3,800 lbs iron, in roof trusses, at 10c.....	380 00
Iron sash, 490 windows, 75 lbs each, at 10c.....	3,000 00
4,596 feet wrought iron guard, at \$1.....	4,596 00
1,030 lbs cresting to cupolas and vent shaft, 32 feet, at \$3.....	96 00
10,000 lbs iron girders, at 10c.....	1,000 00
4,500 lbs stairs, at 10c.....	450 00
3,000 lbs cast iron columns, at 10c.....	300 00
15,000 lbs soil pipe, at 10c.....	1,500 00
6,500 lbs anchors, ties, &c., at 10c.....	650 00

STEAM HEATING.

Number of iron registers, 544, at \$1....	544 00
128 ranges, including valves, fittings, &c., at \$150.....	19,200 00
1,300 feet main and return pipe, at \$2.....	2,600 00
Fitting up same, \$25/each.....	3,200 00

PLUMBING.

4,250 square feet of zinc lining to ranges, at 30c.....	1,275 00
8 bathing rooms, with sinks, wash basins, tubs, and lead floors.....	4,600 00
8 double water closets, at \$250.....	2,000 00
20 single closets, at \$1 75.....	3,500 00
Carpenter's work, casing ranges.....	1,024 00
Stairways to vent shaft.....	350 00
900 feet wood cornice, including lumber.....	4,500 00
Cellar walls and air ducts.....	20,000 00

Total.....\$

FINANCIAL REPORT.

REPAIR ACCOUNT.

Helwig & Roberts, lumber.....	\$29 00
McCormick, Gibson & Co., lead for bath rooms.....	656 65
J. F. Ramsey, furniture.....	130 00
J. B. Evarts & Co., oil.....	249 67
James Johnson, laying floors.....	60 00
Ramsey & Hanning, plumbing and lead.....	344 05
H. H. Williams, painting.....	300 50
Munson & Johnson, guttering.....	767 00
Browning & Sloan, lead and paints.....	288 60
W. J. Haskit & Co., lead and paints.....	26 85
Isgrigg & Bracken, flooring boards.....	104 84
H. H. Williams, painting.....	349 00
James Lucas, whitewashing.....	92 00
J. Johnson & Son, carpenter work.....	108 00
J. B. Wilson, nails and hardware.....	139 50
Ramsey & Hanning, lead and plumbing.....	572 85
W. W. Webb, blacksmithing and iron.....	53 85
Munson & Johnson, repairs.....	135 85
Browning & Sloan, lead and paint.....	83 35
Theodore & Springstine, masonry ovens.....	196 87
J. F. Ramsey, furniture.....	25 50
J. George Low, repairs.....	134 70
Helwig & Roberts, lumber.....	319 63
Enos & Miles, repairs.....	22 00
H. Williams, painting.....	184 00
A. J. & J. Johnson, carpenter work.....	171 00
Browning & Sloan, paints.....	38 35
W. W. Webb, repairs.....	60 27
H. Williams, painting.....	91 00
J. H. Vajen & Co., nails and hardware.....	111 35
J. E. Wilson, nails and hardware.....	96 93
John Holmes, lumber for "Airing Court".....	67 20
Burkit & Beam, lumber for "Airing Court".....	59 18
J. Curzon, services as architect.....	25 82
Coburn & Jones, Carpenter work.....	184 88
A. Wallace, glass and nails.....	88 66
Esgrig & Bracken, repairing wash house.....	216 06
A. J. & J. Johnson, carpenter work for wash house.....	111 00
W. W. Webb, repairs for boiler furnace doors.....	59 75
Helwig, Roberts & Co., lumber.....	130 00
Tousy, Byram & Co.....	24 50
Foster, Holloway & Co., cement for drains undermined by excavation.....	23 00
B. F. Haugh, iron bedsteads.....	1,000 00
A. T. Johnson.....	87 00
Munson & Johnson.....	193 35
J. B. Wilson, nails for wash house.....	29 30
J. H. Vajen & Co., nails.....	76 25
Cottrell & Knight, heating apparatus.....	5,165 54

E. T. Sinker & Co., hardware.....	366 71
Cottrell & Knight, heating apparatus.....	78 43
A. T. Johnson, floors.....	69 00
Scott & Nicholson, flagging and resetting stone steps in front of building.....	134 34
Helwig, Roberts & Co., flooring for bath rooms.....	50 91
A. T. Johnson, carpentering for bath rooms.....	45 50
C. Buchanan, carpentering.....	65 00
J. J. Hicens, carpentering.....	27 00
A. T. Johnson, carpentering.....	73 12
James Joss, carpentering.....	17 87
C. Buchanan, carpentering.....	65 00
W. W. Webb & Co., iron work.....	52 75
C. Buchanan, labor.....	65 00
C. Buchanan, labor.....	39 00
W. W. Webb, angle irons.....	53 45
J. W. Davis, engine lathe.....	150 00
Tutewiler & Sutton, plastering.....	236 20
Expenditures for repairs.....	\$15,073 93

RECAPITULATION.

Relaying floors.....	861 47
Repairing bath rooms.....	1,670 06
Painting wood work.....	1,611 32
Furniture and repairs.....	290 20
New guttering for engine house, and wiping joints of guttering for entire Hospital.....	960 35
Cost of new fences for cemetery and on National Road.....	210 00
Bakery—work on oven and on building.....	345 69
Building arch connecting sewer with stack to centre kitchen.....	154 00
Part pay for airing courts.....	535 50
Wash house.....	662 02
Stone, new heaters, drain, pump, and connecting same with cistern for wash house.....	61 00
Boiler furnace doors.....	59 75
Rebuilding drains torn up by excavation for centre kitchen, cement, etc.....	68 00
Heating apparatus.....	5,610 68
Cold air ducts—brick for same.....	81 00
Iron bedsteads.....	1,000 00
Plastering and whitewashing ceilings.....	328 20
Front steps, flagging, and resetting stones.....	149 34
Fitting up rooms in female basement, dormitory for male basement, and hall to airing court for male basement.....	415 35
Total.....	\$15,073 93

CENTRE KITCHEN ACCOUNT.

W. M. French, pay for hands.....	700 00
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	800 00
Thomas Kempton, hauling.....	72 00
P. Royster, brick.....	183 22
O. W. Johnson, hauling and excavating cellar.....	178 50
W. M. French, pay for hands and for stone.....	2,000 00
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	1,000 00
O. W. Johnson, hauling earth.....	96 00
Oliver Royster, for brick.....	250 00
R. R. Perrine & Son, lime.....	170 00
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	500 00
Thomas Hughes, stone work.....	216 50
Burkit & Beam, frames.....	14 00
Line & Sebley, brick work.....	121 45
John Adams, lumber for arches.....	150 42
Perrine & Son, lime.....	13 30

Wilson & Gorgus, nails, etc.....	45 10
Burkit & Sons, window and door frames.....	239 18
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	600 00
John Adams, lumber.....	118 75
Burkit & Sons, frames.....	353 07
W.M. French, pay for hands.....	600 00
J. P. Cruise, brick laying	935 50
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	600 00
Esrig & Bracken, lumber.....	249 51
Foster, Holloway & Co., nails.....	37 50
Coburn & Jones, lumber.....	65 55
Maxwell, Fry & Co., nails.....	57 65
J. P. Cruise, brick work.....	500 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., nails.....	14 75
Chipman & Wainecot, brick	42 00
J. W. Knight, brick.....	394 03
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	1,000 00
J. P. Cruise, brick work.....	1,555 49
Hill & Wingate, joist, etc.....	960 00
Scott & Nicholson, cut stone for doors, etc.....	371 54
Burkit & Sons, window sash and frames.....	308 26
James Curzen, services as architect.....	500 00
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	1,000 00
C. F. Buchanan, carpenter work	65 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., nails.....	32 50
Wilson & Gorgus, hardware	17 95
C. Zimmerman, slating.....	765 38
Browning & Sloan, paints.....	14 70
W. M. French, pay for hands.....	500 00
C. Buchanan, labor.....	65 00
Esrig & Bracken, lumber.....	260 70
J. H. Vajen & Co., Hardware.....	82 70
Holmes & Bray, plastering	200 00
Eck & Lowe, stone.....	230 25
Total.....	\$19,250 45
Less amount paid from above for lumber for north wing.....	\$200 00
Less amount paid from above for carpenter work on same—building arches.....	310 00
	<u>510 00</u>
Actual expenditures for centre kitchen.....	\$18,740 45
Appropriation for centre kitchen.....	\$20,000 00
Actual expenditures for centre kitchen.....	<u>18,740 45</u>
Balance unexpended.....	\$1,259 55

Estimated cost by Architect for finishing centre kitchen building, viz :

282 feet paving floor, at \$1.50 per yard.....	\$423 00
Balance on plastering.....	622 00
Bakery.....	200 00
Plumbing	500 00
Glass.....	200 00
Cast iron ridge capping.....	120 00
Tin work.....	120 00
Doors, hinges, and locks.....	300 00
Window and door casings.....	450 00
55 squares flooring, nails, and labor.....	550 00
Chapel seats and pulpit.....	1,000 00
Painting	150 00
Wash boards.....	<u>140 00</u>

Stoves.....	150 00
Windows.....	75 00
	<u>\$3,000 00</u>
Amount of appropriation unexpended.....	<u>\$1,259 55</u>
Insufficiency of appropriation.....	3,740 45
Original estimate of cost of centre kitchen building, as shown by Supt. Dr. J. S. Athon's report for 1860.....	28,330 00
Actual expenditures on same.....	<u>\$18,740 45</u>
Amount necessary to finish the same.....	<u>5,900 00</u>
Cost of same when completed.....	23,740 45
Amount less than asked for by Supt. Dr. J. J. S. Athon.....	<u>\$4,589 55</u>

From this statement it will be apparent that the funds appropriated for this building have been economically expended.

Expended from current expense fund, on repair account, 1865.....	\$5,972 08
Other expenditures on repair account, 1865-66.....	15,073 93
	<u>\$21,046 01</u>
Total expenditures on repair account.....	<u>\$21,046 01</u>
Appropriation for repairs.....	6,500 00
Expended from current expense fund for repairs.....	<u>\$14,546 01</u>

The preservation of the building, the continued usefulness of its various apartments and appliances, has rendered necessary this expenditure, almost half the sum having been expended for heating apparatus alone. (See Report for 1865, pp. 8 and 9.)

The late Superintendent, Dr. J. H. Woodburn, asked for an appropriation—

For current expenses, 1865, of.....	\$60,000 00
“ “ 1866, of.....	60,000 00
For building central kitchen and repairs.....	44,000 00
On hand, (paid by Gov. O. P. Morton).....	<u>17,415 29</u>
Total amount on hand and asked for for current expenses, building and repairs.....	<u>\$181,415 29</u>
Amount expended on account of current expenses during the year 1865.....	<u>\$58,679 16</u>
During the year 1866.....	59,339 84
On center kitchen building and repairs.....	<u>39,786 46</u>
Total expenditures.....	<u>\$157,805 46</u>
Amount necessary to finish center kitchen.....	<u>5,000 00</u>
	<u>162,805 46</u>

Less amount expended for current expenses for completing center kitchen and repairs than on hand and asked for by late Superintendent Dr. J. H. Woodburn.....	<u>\$18,609 83</u>
Deducting amount paid by Gov. O. P. Morton.....	<u>17,415 29</u>
We have less amount expended than asked for by Superintendent Dr. J. H. Woodburn.....	<u>\$1,194 54</u>

We have also, within this expenditure (\$157,805.46), built a bakery, wash house, dormitory for male basement, and two airing courts, and paid an old flour account (1863) of \$1,535.77, to John Carlisle.

Making the \$164,000 asked for by Supt. Dr. J. H. Woodburn (exclusive of the amount on hand) the basis of calculation, his estimates have proved remarkably correct, as we have verified by a supervision of the work. It would have been a mark of wisdom, too, to have retained, if possible, the amount paid by Gov. O. P. Morton, (\$17,415.29) as a balance against which to have drawn *after* the expiration of the fiscal year just closed, and *before* further appropriations are made—usually three or four months.

That this sum was designed, however, by the grantors to make up deficiency for building and repairs, and for which we have mainly expended it, is evident from the following statement:

Amount asked for by Supt. Dr. J. H. Woodburn for center kitchen and repairs.....	\$44,000 00
Amount appropriated for the same.....	26,500 00
Amount less than asked for.....	\$17,500 00
On hand, paid by Gov. O. P. Morton.....	17,415 29
Deficit.....	\$84 71

I have made this comparative showing of my immediate predecessor's estimates, as an evidence of the necessity for, and the economy of, the expenditures made.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Appropriation by Legislature for current expenses of 1865.....	\$60,000 00
Appropriation by Legislature for current expenses of 1866.....	60,000 00
Appropriation by Legislature for building and repairs.....	26,500 00
Paid by Governor O. P. Morton.....	17,415 29
	\$163,915 29
Paid on current expense account of 1865.....	\$58,679 16
Paid from current expense account of 1865 for repair account.....	5,972 08
Paid on current expense account of 1866.....	59,339 84
Paid on account of building and repairs.....	33,814 38
	\$157,805 46
Net balance { Amount of appropriation for centre kitchen unexpended.....	\$1,259 55 }
{ Amount of appropriation for current expenses unexpended 4,850 28 }	\$6,109 83

APPROPRIATIONS NEEDED FOR FISCAL YEARS 1866-'67.

For current expenses.....	\$60,000 00
Parker Washing Machine.....	1,200 00
Cooking Range.....	1,500 00
Clothes Mangle.....	220 00
Centrifugal Clothes Wringer.....	700 00
Fan for forcing ventilation.....	1,700 00
Tunneling and walling conduits for same.....	1,700 00
Car for carrying food from centre kitchen to south wing.....	200 00
Vessels for car and track.....	104 00
Twenty horse power steam engine with which to drive washing machine and fan.....	2,000 00
Additional appropriation necessary to continue work upon north wing.....	76,500 00
Carpenter's shop.....	4,000 00
Boiler Furnaces.....	500 00
Total appropriation needed for 1866 and 1867.....	\$160,324 00

APPROPRIATION

For current expenses for 1867 and 1868.....	\$60,000 00
Amount necessary to finish north wing of Hospital.....	76,500 00
Total appropriation needed for 1867 and 1868.....	\$136,500 00
Total appropriations necessary for the two fiscal years.....	\$286,824 00

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

We return our thanks to various Clergymen, and to Wm. M. French, Steward of the Hospital, for many interesting and useful sermons and lectures, delivered during the year. To Prof. B. F. Gresh, for musical entertainments, and to Mr. G. S. Rich, of Danville, for magic lantern exhibitions.

To the Publishers of the following newspapers and periodicals sent us during the year:

Indianapolis Daily Journal.....	Indianapolis.
Daily New Albany Ledger.....	New Albany.
Democratic Pharos.....	Logansport.
Lady's Repository.....	Cincinnati.
Friends Review.....	Philadelphia.
Lafayette Weekly Courier.....	Lafayette.
Christian Monitor.....	Indianapolis.
Presbyterian Banner.....	Pittsburg.
Presbyter.....	Cincinnati.
N. Western Christian Advocate..	Chicago.
Shelby Volunteer.....	Shelbyville.
Herald and Era.....	Indianapolis and St. Louis.
Marshall County Republican....	Plymouth.
Fort Wayne Sentinel.....	Fort Wayne.
Bluffton Banner.....	Bluffton.
Witness.....	Indianapolis.
Sullivan County Democrat.....	Sullivan.
Vincennes Sun.....	Vincennes.
Western Christian Advocate....	Cincinnati.
Aurora Borealis.....	Bowling Green.
Western Farmer.....	Indianapolis.
Indianapolis Daily Herald.....	Indianapolis.

To the following named persons for donations made to the Hospital:

John Lemon, Delphi.....	\$200 00
J. L. Caldwell, Rushville.....	100 00
J. W. Beadle, Rockville.....	100 00
Friends of Mrs. Huff.....	50 00
P. Dedrick, Jeffersonville.....	100 00
Mr. Horruff, Madison.....	100 00

Mrs. Mary Root, Indianapolis.....	156 00
Isaac E. Johnson.....	50 00
A. R. Hyde.....	150 00
Mervin Devall.....	200 00
Isaac Lamb.....	100 00

To William C. Kean, of Plainfield, Ind., for patent right to use
"Trough," for feeding swine.

To those associated with me in office and in aim—sharing the labors and responsibilities of a grave and important trust, I tender grateful thanks, knowing full well that my meed of praise is idle, compared with the consciousness of having faithfully discharged the sacred duties, for the time being, committed to us.

To you, gentlemen of the Board of Commissioners, I am under renewed obligations for a generous confidence and liberal support, for kind and judicious counsels, and for the untiring vigilance ever exercised for the welfare of this Institution.

Gratified with the unanimity of sentiment and concord of action, characterizing the relations existing between us, hoping for a just and liberal appreciation on the part of our General Assembly of the *imperative needs* of this great charity, and devoutly trusting in the favor of Him who "openeth his hand and supplieth the desires of every living thing," this report is respectfully submitted.

WILSON LOCKHART,

Superintendent.

Oct. 31st, 1866.

STEWARD'S REPORT

The following is the monthly and yearly aggregate expenditures of the Indiana Hospital for the Insane, for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866 :

November, 1865.....	\$8,470 60
December, "	6,126 27
January, 1866.....	7,061 28
February, "	6,514 41
March, "	4,689 83
April, "	5,219 66
May, "	4,725 32
June, "	6,055 79
July, "	4,874 08
August, "	5,046 73
September, "	5,403 82
October, "	6,760 80
	\$70,948 59
Balance in hands of W. M. French Oct. 31, 1865.....	320 24
Total.....	\$71,268 83

RECAPITULATION.

Clothing account, as per voucher from Treasurer of State.....	\$11,814 00
Actual expenditures of the Hospital on account of current expenses for the year ending Oct. 31, 1866.....	59,339 84
	\$71,153 84
Balance in hands of W. M. French Oct. 31, 1866.....	114 99
Total.....	\$71,268 83

Warrants have been issued to the following named persons, by the Commissioners, for the expenditure of the money named in the monthly abstract above stated, and vouchers thereof properly filed, after having been signed by the officers of the Hospital, and approved by the Board of Commissioners:

NOVEMBER 7, 1865.

Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	\$1,077 49
Landers, Tarkington & Pattison, dry goods.....	357 25
Wm. M. French, extra services.....	100 00
Vinnedge & Jones, boots and shoes.....	96 00
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	638 35
Jno F. Council, groceries.....	349 00
Lockhart & Co., flour.....	250 00
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	153 08
Sellers & Wood, saddlery.....	78 19
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,342 83
A. Wallace, groceries.....	108 52
Browning & Sloan, drugs, etc.....	177 40
Luddington & Cady, boots and shoes.....	106 50
Jno. C. Green, coal.....	207 02
W. I. Smith, coal.....	2,425 33
Estate of J. J. McNamara, whisky.....	138 00
Chas. Meyer, notions.....	21 30
Samuel McGiffin, brooms.....	45 00
O. B. Stout & Bro., groceries.....	42 80
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	500 00
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	256 54
Total.....	\$8,470 60

DECEMBER 5, 1865.

J. F. Miller, flour and feed.....	\$164 17
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	656 37
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	528 02
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	675 26
C. E. Geisendorff & Co., dry goods.....	201 25
Speigel, Thoms & Co., furniture.....	241 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., flour.....	205 00
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	1,200 00
C. A. Woodbridge, crockery.....	176 70
Dessar & Bro., clothing.....	634 50
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,444 00
Total.....	\$6,126 27

JANUARY 2, 1866.

Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	\$862 97
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	71 94
Wilson & Gorgas, hardware.....	129 00
H. F. Smith, provisions.....	80 35
J. & P. Gramling, clothing.....	349 10
Crossland, Maguire & Co., groceries.....	234 32
Vinnedge & Jones, shoes.....	101 80
Jos. Ballard, wood.....	150 00
J. F. Miller, flour.....	463 60
Luddington & Cady, shoes.....	67 85
A. Cotten, straw.....	104 32
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	88 78
Tousey, Byram & Co., dry goods.....	107 14
Landers, Tarkington & Pattison, dry goods.....	405 24
Borst & Gardner, meat.....	685 27
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,442 50
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	500 00
Dr. W. Lockhart, Superintendent, salary.....	450 00
J. C. Green, coal.....	766 80
Total.....	\$7,061 28

FEBRUARY 8, 1866.

Andrew Wallace, dry goods.....	\$165 23
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	100 00
Sponsler & McCreery, queensware.....	70 38
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	863 60
Wallace & Bro., groceries.....	138 85
W. Spotts & Co., dry goods.....	92 66
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	600 09
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	796 87
Lockhart & Bro., feed and flour.....	390 21
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	202 95
C. E. Geisendorff, dry goods.....	158 21
D. J. Robinson, flour.....	120 00
Jos. Ballard, wood.....	105 00
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,488 97
Cottrell & Knight, plumbing.....	346 64
Munson & Johnson, tin ware.....	107 20
Crossland, Maguire & Co., groceries.....	292 26
J. C. Green, coal.....	534 28
Total.....	\$6,514 41

MARCH 1, 1866.

Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	\$1,349 32
J. F. Miller, flour and meal.....	109 00
Chas. Williams, funeral expenses.....	215 00
J. C. Green & Co., coal.....	494 25
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	528 36
Wallace & Bro., groceries.....	166 30
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	931 31
Sellers & Wood, saddlery.....	31 80
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	40 74
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	143 00
Vinnedge & Jones, shoes.....	249 90
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	200 00
Browning & Sloan, drugs.....	230 85
Total.....	\$4,689 83

APRIL 3, 1866.

Landers, Tarkington & Pattison, dry goods.....	\$175 54
Wallace & Bro., groceries.....	249 38
Dessar & Bro., clothing.....	158 00
J. F. Miller, flour.....	109 00
J. A. Comingore, shoes.....	91 60
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	828 92
W. I. Smith, coal.....	255 00
Judson & Dodd, groceries.....	133 20
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,248 98
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	500 00
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	242 96
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	421 63
Browning & Sloan, drugs.....	100 55
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	86 10
Jno. Carlisle, bran, etc.....	68 65
Dr. W. Lockhart, expenses East.....	100 00
Dr. W. Lockhart, salary.....	450 00
Total.....	\$5,219 66

MAY 1, 1866.

Jno. C. Green, coal	\$100 50
Landers, Tarkington & Pattison, dry goods.....	180 58
Sulgrove, Reynolds & Co., repairs.....	112 25
J. F. Miller, flour.....	204 00
Geo. W. Wallace, groceries.....	136 76
Munson, Johnson & Co., tin ware, etc	111 45
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	398 04
W. & J. Braden, stationery.....	58 80
C. E. Geisendorff, dry goods.....	199 46
J. H. Vajen & Co., hardware.....	18 25
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,258 83
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	600 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	724 03
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	56 11
Baker & Cady, shoes.....	40 00
Charles Mayer, notions.....	59 52
Borst & Gardner, beef.....	455 74
Total.....	\$4,725 32

JUNE 5, 1866.

Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	\$391 45
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	73 55
J. W. Bradshaw, brooms.....	45 00
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	109 30
Crossland, Magnire & Co., groceries.....	161 12
Browning & Sloan, drugs.....	156 26
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries	935 75
J. F. Miller, flour.....	214 50
Wm. Hatter, repairs.....	25 40
Cottrell & Knight, repairs	290 94
W. W. Webb, repairs	84 25
Fred. Borst, beef.....	492 06
G. & W. P. Wallace, groceries	259 11
R. McKine, coal.....	135 00
Landers, Tarkington & Pattison, dry goods.....	227 20
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	600 00
Vinnedge & Jones, shoes.....	155 95
Wm. Jones & Co., coal.....	90 00
C. S. Turner, carpeting.....	147 20
A. D. Cuddington, flour, etc.....	194 41
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,267 34
Total.....	\$6,055 79

JULY 3, 1866.

Landers, Tarkington & Co., dry goods.....	\$419 00
F. Borst, meat.....	654 41
S. C. Dessar, clothing.....	440 15
C. E. Geisendorff, dry goods	183 00
Wm. M. French, dry goods.....	1,206 65
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	200 00
W. Lockhart, salary.....	450 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	939 84
Total.....	\$4,874 08

AUGUST 7, 1866.

Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	\$1,323 48
Cottrell & Knight, repairs.....	112 53
E. A. Woodbridge, queensware.....	111 75
F. Borst, meat.....	518 16
Cady & Co., shoes.....	78 25
H. M. Socwell, groceries.....	65 75
E. C. Brundage, groceries.....	134 11
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	1,099 88
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	307 38
Crossland, Maguire & Co., groceries.....	80 16
C. E. Geisendorff, dry goods.....	268 11
Browning & Sloan, drugs.....	114 35
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	84 93
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	200 00
J. F. Miller, flour.....	320 00
W. P. Wallace, tea.....	144 00
A. D. Cuddington, groceries.....	83 89
Total.....	\$5,046 73

SEPTEMBER 4, 1866.

Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	\$1,252 95
Hibben, Tarkington & Co., dry goods.....	231 83
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	300 00
J. & P. Gramling, clothing.....	125 90
J. F. Miller, flour.....	385 00
Vinnedge & Jones, shoes.....	252 60
H. F. West & Co., queensware.....	115 35
James Skillen & Bro., feed.....	94 00
Hasselman & Watson, groceries.....	78 57
A. F. Smith, provisions.....	52 11
Wm. W. Webb, blacksmithing.....	58 40
Jos. Pence, provisions.....	67 55
Speigel & Thoms, furniture.....	110 19
E. C. Brundage, groceries.....	223 46
Valentine Meyer, ale.....	67 50
Jno. F. Council, groceries.....	182 20
Geo. Lowe, repairs.....	24 00
Fred. Borst, beef.....	648 81
Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	833 40
Dr. W. Lockhart, two months' salary.....	300 00
Total.....	\$5,403 82

OCTOBER 2, 1866.

Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	\$1,333 63
Dessar, Bro. & Co., clothing.....	553 80
Landers & Co., dry goods.....	136 42
J. F. Miller, flour.....	540 00
Dr. W. Lockhart, salary.....	150 00
W. I. Haskit & Co., drugs.....	131 17
E. C. Brundage, butter.....	174 10
Browning & Sloan, drugs.....	86 48
Wm. M. French, pay roll.....	1,221 04
Hibben, Tarkington & Co., dry goods.....	310 62
J. H. Vajen & Co., hardware.....	117 33
O. B. Stout & Bro., fruit.....	136 05
Wm. M. French, current expenses.....	300 00
Fred. Borst, beef.....	696 75
J. & P. Gramling, clothing.....	107 00

J. F. Council, groceries.....	103 15
Wm. W. Webb, repairs.....	176 56
C. E. Geisendorff, dry goods.....	153 61
Munson & Johnson, tin ware.....	173 35
Wm. M. French, services.....	100 00
J. P. Crun, repairs.....	59 75
Total.....	<u>\$6,760 80</u>

HOSPITAL FARM ACCOUNT.

1865.

CREDIT.

November 10, By 761 cords wood at \$4.....	\$3,044 00
December 16, By 12 hogs—2,400 pounds—at \$10.....	240 00

1866.

June 10, By 110 cords wood at \$3.....	330 00
July 10, By 500 bunches asparagus at 10 cents.....	50 00
" By 60 bushels beans, early and late.....	60 00
" By 30 bushels beets at \$1.....	30 00
" By 50 bushels Lettuce at \$1,50.....	75 00
" By 50 bushels peas at \$2.....	100 00
September 10, By 2,000 bushels potatoes at 50 cents.....	1,000 00
" By 100 bushels sneet at \$1.....	100 00
" By 30 bushels parsnips at \$1.....	30 00
" By 100 bushels turnips at 50 cents.....	50 00
" By 5 bushels peppers at \$3.....	15 00
" By 30 bushels lima beans at \$2.....	60 00
" By 30 bushels spinage at \$2.....	60 00
" By 100 bushels squashes at \$2.....	200 00
" By 4 bushels gooscherries at \$3.....	12 00
" By 10 bushels radishes at \$4.....	40 00
" By 1,000 bunches onions at 10 cents.....	100 00
" By 30 bushels winter onions at \$1.....	30 00
" By 100 dozeus cucumber at 25 cents.....	25 00
" By 16 barrels pickles at \$10.....	160 00
October 20, By 13,000 heads early and late cabbage at 5 cents.....	650 00
" By 100 bushels early corn at \$1.....	100 00
" By 3,000 cellery plants at 5 cents.....	150 00
" By 2,000 bushels corn at 50 cents.....	1,000 00
" By 50 bushels green apples at \$1.....	50 00
" By 10,000 quarts milk at 10 cents.....	1,000 00
" By 30 tons hay at \$10.....	300 00
" By 250 bushels tomatoes at \$1.....	250 00
Total.....	<u>\$9,311 00</u>

DEBIT.

To paid for labor.....	\$500 00
To paid for farming implements.....	30 00
To paid for seed potatoes and seed.....	115 00
	<u>645 00</u>

Amount of net proceeds of farm for the fiscal year ending Oct. 31, 1866..... \$8,666 00

WM. H. FRENCH, *Steward.*

Nov. 1, 1866.

MATRON'S REPORT.

The following is an exhibit of work done by and under the supervision of the Matron:

140 Towels.	36 Pillows.
337 Dresses.	16 Sun Bonnets.
53 prs. Drawers.	38 Table Cloths.
127 Skirts.	29 Night Dresses.
194 Pillow Cases.	64 Comfortables.
235 Chemises.	225 prs. Stockings.
18 Underwaists.	60 gals. Canned Tomatoes.
123 Shirts.	15 gals. Canned Peaches.
62 Handkerchiefs.	3 gals. Canned Raspberries.
185 Sheets.	5 gals. Canned Plums.
27 Extended Sleeves.	8 gals. Canned Jelly.
83 Bed Ticks.	1 bbl. Pepper Mangoes.
6 Bed Spreads.	

OCTOBER 31, 1866.

ELLEN BIGGER, *Matron*.

APPENDIX.



TABLE NO. II.

Probable Causes of Insanity in 3211 Cases.

PROBABLE CAUSE OF INSANITY.	Males.	Females	Total.
Avarice.....	7	2	9
Adultery.....	1	1	2
Abuse from Drunken Husbands.....		46	46
Cessation of Menses.....		33	33
Coup de Soliel.....	10	3	13
Constitutional.....	31	34	65
Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.....	2	1	3
Disappointment in Love.....	56	49	105
Domestic Bereavements.....	53	169	222
Domestic Dissensions.....	35	83	118
Disappointed Ambition.....	19	8	27
Defective Education.....	5	5	10
Dissipation.....	13	3	16
Epilepsy.....	39	19	58
Excessive use of Tobacco.....	18	14	32
Excessive Lactation.....		5	5
Excessive use of Medicine.....	10	5	15
Excessive Venery.....	5	2	7
Fever, Typhoid, &c.....	7	1	8
Fright.....	20	22	42
Fatigue and Anxiety.....	29	17	46
False Accusation.....	7	5	12
Financial Difficulties.....	49	10	59
Fall.....	7	2	9
Fear of Want.....	9	5	14
Fear of Draft.....	7		7
Grief.....	6	23	29
Gormandizing.....	1		1
Intemperate Drinking.....	106		106
Ill Treatment from Relatives, &c.....	6	20	26
Injury to Head.....	30	2	32
Jealousy.....	14	34	48
Loss of Sleep and Exposure.....	27	19	46
Legal Difficulty.....	5	1	6
Loss of Property.....	48	7	55
Mania a Potu.....	8		8
Mesmerism.....	2	1	3
Masturbation.....	98	5	103
Nostalgia.....	3	2	5
Neuralgia.....	2		2
Opposition in Marriage.....	3	1	4
Political Excitement.....	13	3	16
Puerperal.....		160	160
Physical Disease.....	194	237	431
Prostitution.....		2	2
Poisoning.....		1	1
Religious Excitement and Anxieties.....	141	121	262
Reading Vile Books.....	4		4
Remorse.....		2	2
Spiritual Rappings.....	41	30	71
Suppression of the Menses.....		72	72
Study, Intense Application.....	48	13	61
Seduction.....		16	16
Sterility.....		3	3
Surgical Operation.....	3	2	5
Spermatorrhoea.....	2		2
Unknown.....	317	351	668
Use of Opium.....	4	2	6
Violent Temper.....	7	6	13
Want of Occupation.....	3	1	4
War Excitement.....	49	15	64
Total.....	1634	1577	3211

TABLE NO. III.

Former Occupation of Patients.

MALES.

Book-keeper.....	3	Musicians.....	2
Brewers.....	2	Machinists, apprentices, etc.....	3
Brick makers.....	3	Manufacturers.....	13
Blacksmiths.....	32	Millers.....	4
Butchers.....	5	Millwrights.....	2
Clerks.....	36	No occupation.....	33
Carpenters.....	46	Physicians.....	16
Coopers.....	17	Plasterers.....	16
Clergymen.....	12	Pump makers.....	2
Contractor.....	1	Printers.....	7
Cabinet makers.....	7	Painters.....	8
Cigar makers.....	2	Pedlars.....	1
Confectioner.....	1	Potters.....	2
Chair makers.....	3	Railroad men.....	3
County officers.....	5	Shoemakers.....	26
Daguerrean artists.....	2	Stone masons.....	2
Dentists.....	2	Steamboat men.....	2
Editors.....	2	Saddlers.....	6
Engineers, civil.....	1	Soldiers.....	35
Farmers.....	954	Students.....	13
Fullers.....	4	Teachers.....	24
Fonndrymen.....	4	Tailors.....	18
Gunsmiths.....	7	Tanners.....	2
Hatters.....	3	Tinners.....	3
Hotel keepers.....	1	Traders.....	6
Hunters.....	2	Tragedian.....	1
Harness makers.....	2	Wagon makers.....	13
Laborers.....	174	Weavers.....	5
Lawyers.....	3	Watch makers.....	5
Locksmiths.....	2	Watchmen.....	2
Mechanics.....	2		
Merchants.....	32		
Miners.....	2	Total.....	1634

FEMALES.

House work.....	1442	No occupation.....	31
School girls.....	33	Paper makers.....	2
Tailoresses.....	20	Actress.....	1
Teachers.....	29		
Mantua makers.....	11	Total.....	1577
Milliners.....	8		

TABLE NO. IV.

Civil Condition of Patients.

Married.....	1674	Divorced.....	87
Single.....	1185		
Widowers.....	93	Total.....	3211
Widows.....	172		

TABLE NO. V.

The Ages of Patients When Admitted.

Under 20 years.....	274	From 55 to 60 years.....	102
From 20 to 25 years.....	515	From 60 to 65 years.....	73
From 25 to 30 years.....	536	From 65 to 70 years.....	38
From 30 to 35 years.....	457	From 70 to 75 years.....	18
From 35 to 40 years.....	386	From 80 to 85 years.....	3
From 40 to 45 years.....	308	From 85 to 90 years.....	1
From 45 to 50 years.....	300		
From 50 to 55 years.....	200	Total.....	3211

TABLE NO. VI.

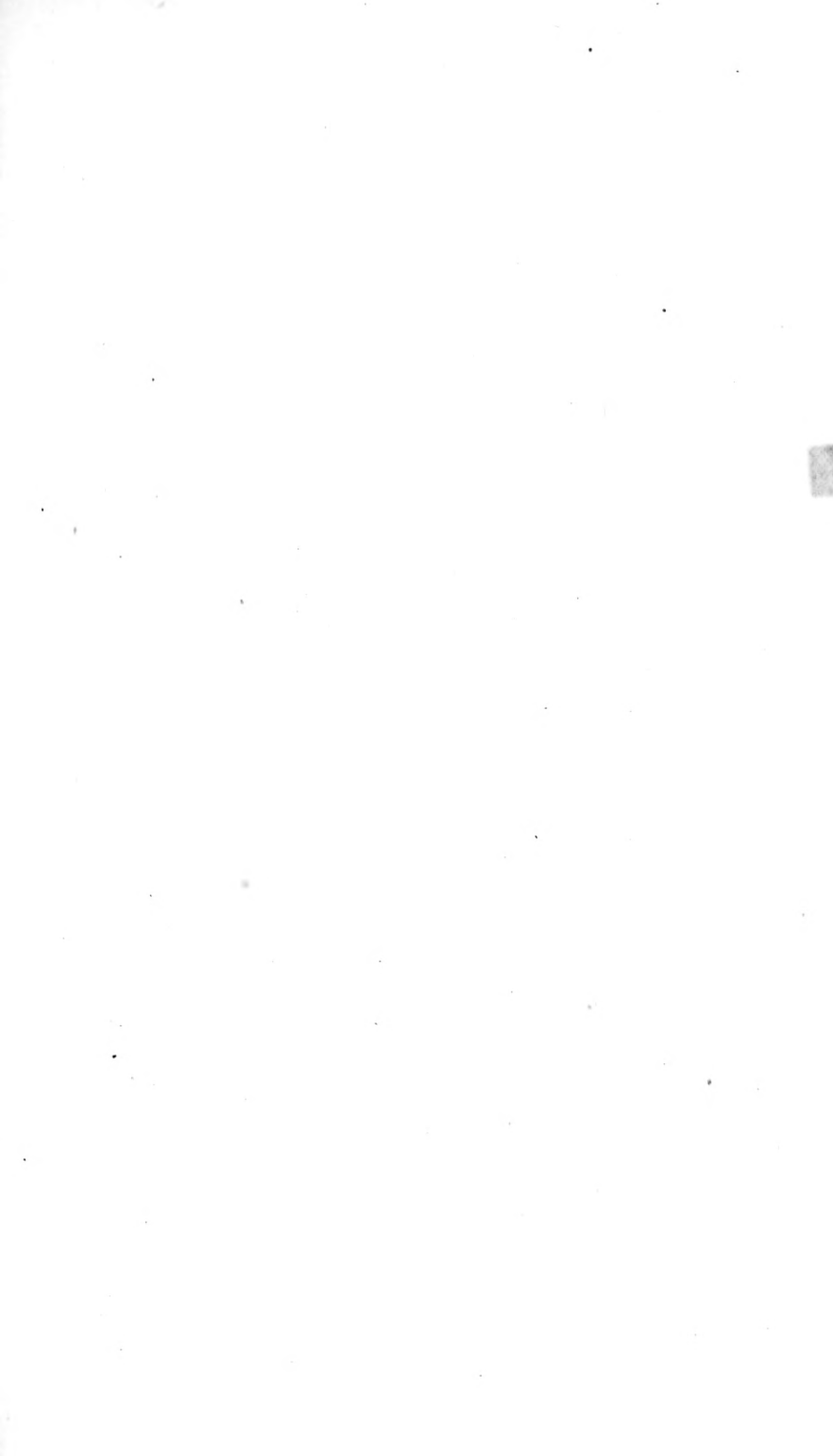
Showing the nativity of Patients.

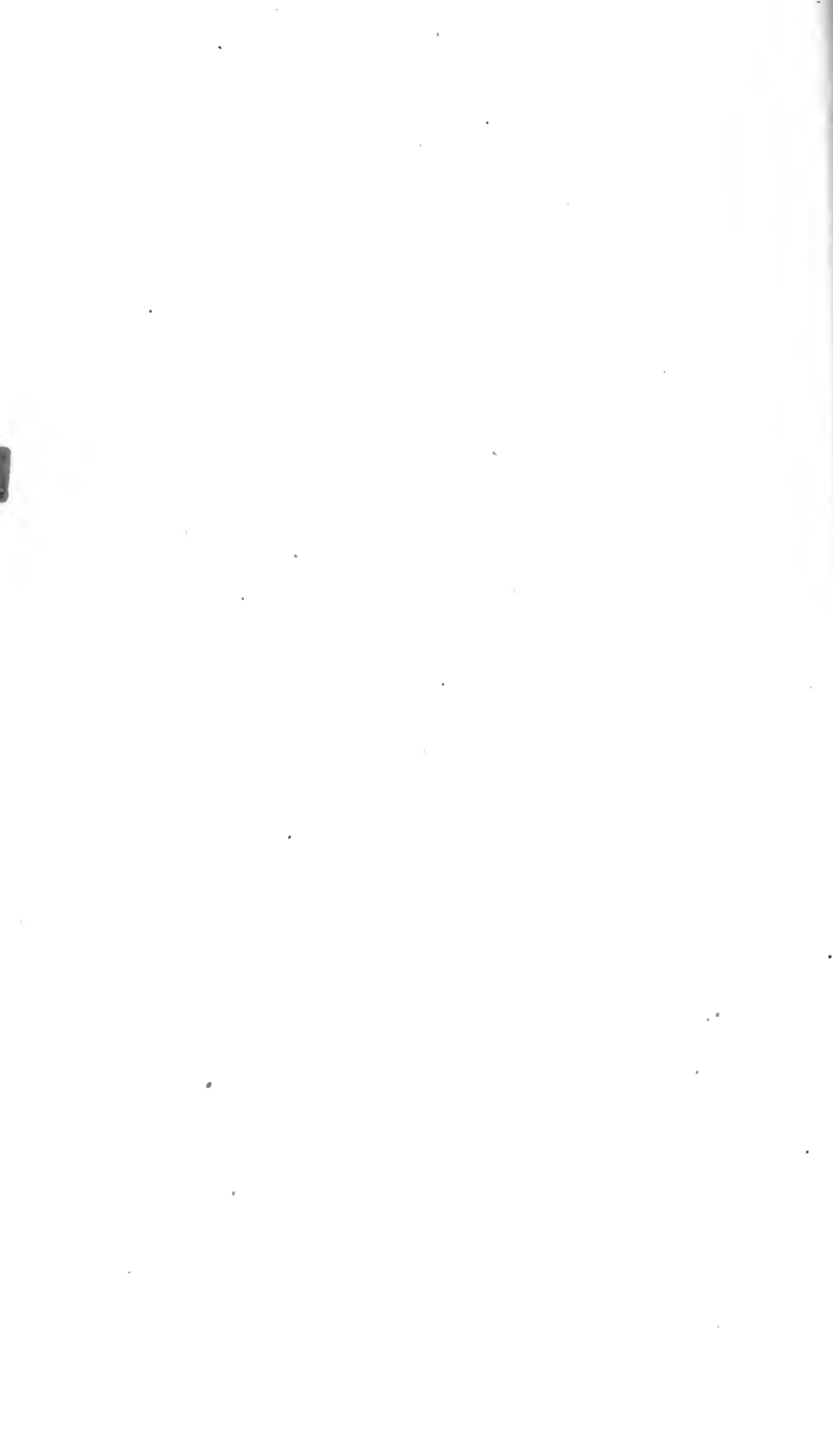
State of Indiana.....	976	State of Missouri.....	7
State of Ohio.....	444	State of Delaware.....	7
State of Kentucky.....	324	State of Alabama.....	2
State of Virginia.....	172	District of Columbia.....	2
State of Pennsylvania.....	202	Unknown.....	53
State of North Carolina.....	115	Germany.....	265
State of New York.....	142	Ireland.....	190
State of South Carolina.....	19	England.....	37
State of Maryland.....	31	Scotland.....	20
State of Tennessee.....	30	Switzerland.....	11
State of Vermont.....	22	Prussia.....	6
State of Massachusetts.....	15	Russia.....	5
State of New Jersey.....	31	Canada.....	3
State of Connecticut.....	12	Belgium.....	3
State of Georgia.....	7	Wales.....	1
State of Michigan.....	6	France.....	11
State of Louisiana.....	3	Sweden.....	7
State of New Hampshire.....	6	Holland.....	4
State of Illinois.....	7	Italy.....	1
State of Maine.....	8	Bohemia.....	1
State of Mississippi.....	3		
Total.....		Total.....	3,212

TABLE NO. VII.

Profession of Religion of Patients.

Atheists.....	10	Mennonites.....	3
Allbrights.....	5	Moravians.....	1
African Methodists.....	2	Making no profession or not ascertained.....	1,301
Baptists.....	227	New Lights.....	17
Catholic.....	282	New Jerusalem.....	2
Covenanter.....	2	Omish.....	5
Dunkers.....	16	Presbyterian.....	184
Disciples of Christ.....	173	Protestant.....	8
Episcopalians.....	32	Quakers.....	89
German Reformed.....	15	Reformers.....	59
Jews.....	4	Seceders.....	4
Lutheran.....	119	United Brethren.....	72
Methodists.....	551	Universalists.....	20
Mormons.....	2		
Total.....		Total.....	3,211





ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

AUDITOR OF STATE,

OF THE

STATE OF INDIANA,

SHOWING THE RECEIPTS AND DISBURSMENTS OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1866.

TO THE LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER.

1866.



OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE, }
Indianapolis, Nov. 1, 1866. }

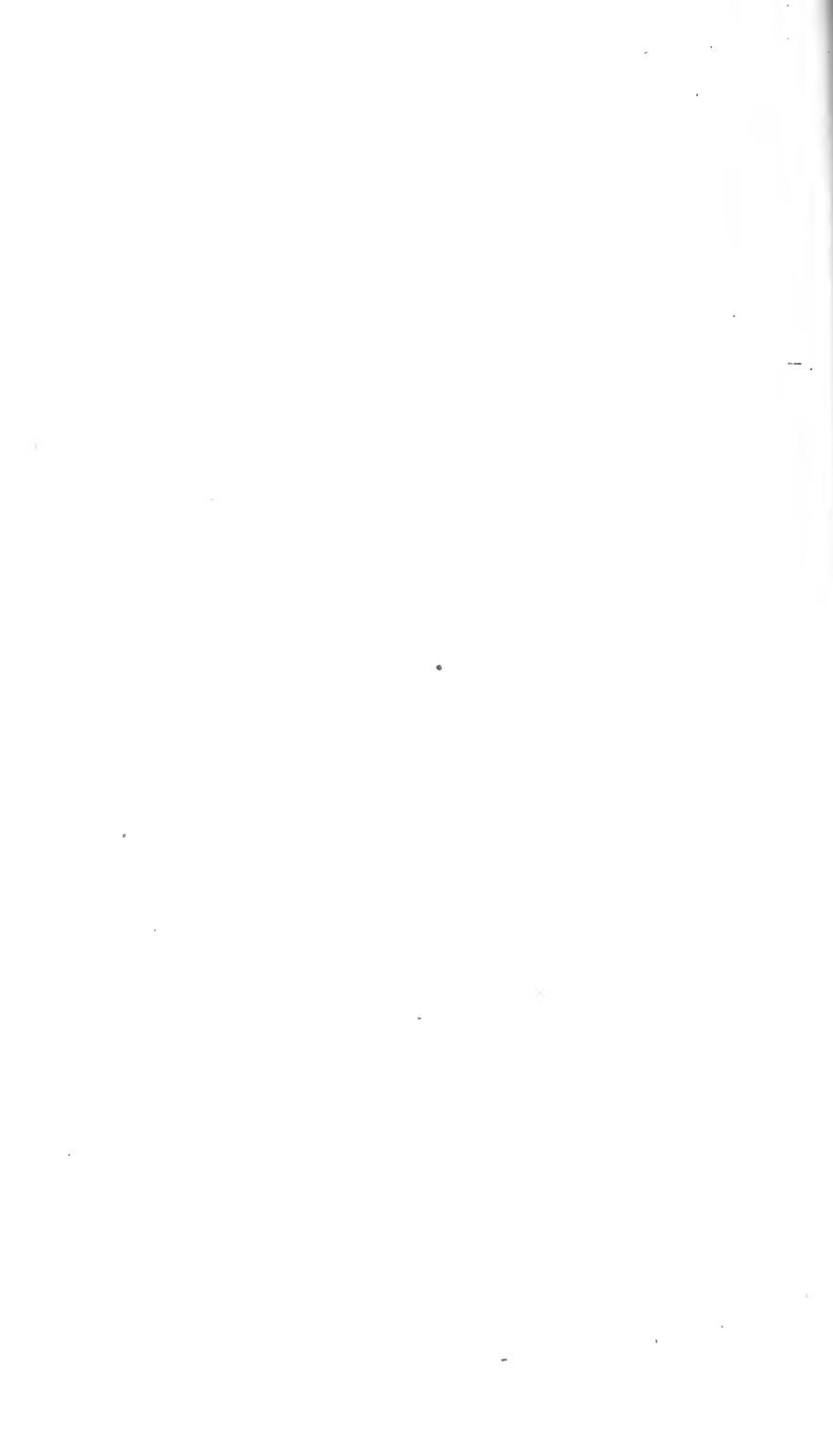
To the General Assembly:

I have the honor to lay before the General Assembly the following report, showing the receipts and expenditures of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866, which, with the report made to His Excellency, the Governor, for the year 1865, will show the operations of the Department for the last two years, and exhibit the condition of the finances, revenues, taxables, funds, resources, incomes, and property of the State.

Very respectfully,

T. B. McCARTY,

Auditor of State.



REPORT.

A GENERAL STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditures during the Fiscal Year commencing November 1, 1865, and ending October 31, 1866.

RECEIPTS.

There was remaining in the Treasury November 1, 1865..... \$86,051 34

During the year ending October 31, 1866, the following sums have been received :

REVENUE.

On account of Revenue of 1865.....	\$1,647,382 49	
On account of Revenue of 1864.....	1,139 95	
On account of Revenue of 1866.....	2,000 00	
On account of Delinquent Revenue of 1865.....	39,409 31	
On account of Delinquent Revenue of 1864.....	74,521 84	
		<hr/> \$1,764,653 59

COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

On account of Tax of 1865.....	\$861,000 10	
On account of Tax of 1864.....	8,345 98	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1865.....	23,358 46	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1864.....	40,488 65	
On account of School Fund Interest.....	98,915 93	
On account of Liquor Licenses.....	80,675 00	
On account of Unclaimed Fees.....	560 90	
		<hr/> \$1,113,345 02

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

On account of Tax of 1865.....	\$493,012 97	
On account of Tax of 1864.....	1,502 00	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1865.....	12,889 43	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1864.....	32,908 15	
		<hr/> \$540,312 55

TAX FOR RELIEF OF SOLDIERS' FAMILIES.

On account of Tax of 1865.....	\$80,225 07	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1865.....	2,203 26	
		<hr/> \$82,428 33

TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX.

On account of Tax of 1865	\$46,773 83	
On account of Delinquent Tax of 1865	1,219 76	
	<hr/>	\$47,993 59

COLLEGE FUND.

On account of Principal	\$6,918 00	
On account of Interest.....	6,468 31	
On account of Damages.....	27 07	
On account of Costs.....	8 60	
On account of University Lands	2,746 87	
On account of Seminary Lands, Monroe county.....	120 00	
	<hr/>	\$16,318 25

SALINE FUND.

On account of Interest.....		\$194 69
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BANK TAX FUND.

On account of Principal	\$950 00	
On account of Interest.....	110 47	
	<hr/>	\$1,060 47

SURPLUS REVENUE FUND.

On account of Interest.....		\$108 44
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PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

On account of Hospital for the Insane.....	\$11,814 00	
On account of Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.....	1,398 55	
On account of Asylum for the Blind	2,086 59	
On account of State Prison, North.....	25,060 45	
On account of State Prison, South.....	62,921 90	
	<hr/>	\$103,281 49

MILITARY.

On account of Special Military Fund.....	\$5,977 30	
On account of Military Contingent Fund.....	17,000 00	
On account of Military Fund.....	64,279 48	
On account of Special Arms Fund.....	173 00	
	<hr/>	\$87,429 78

MISCELLANEOUS.

On account of Swamp Lands.....	\$1,098 74	
On account of Estates without Heirs.....	3,178 35	
On account of Suspended Debt.....	2,022 92	
On account of Loan Account.....	159,518 25	
On account of Legislative.....	34 00	
On account of Free Banking.....	1,229 37	
On account of Docket Fees of Circuit Court.....	1,888 99	
On account of Governor's House.....	25,277 09	
On account of Bright Lands	5,661 41	
	<hr/>	\$199,909 42

Total Receipts from November 1, 1865, to October 31, 1866, including balance on hand		
November 1, 1865		\$4,012,088 57

DISBURSEMENTS.

ORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

On account of Legislative.....	\$52,390 94	
On account of Judiciary.....	42,855 88	
On account of Executive.....	21,150 16	
On account of Prosecuting Attorneys.....	8,030 37	
On account of State House.....	4,601 96	
On account of State Library.....	603 03	
On account of Public Printing.....	82,062 00	
On account of Indiana Reports.....	2,764 38	
On account of Fuel and Stationery.....	2,398 14	
On account of Sheriffs' Mileage.....	8,720 63	
On account of Miscellaneous.....	2,595 87	
On account of Distribution of Laws.....	2,400 00	
On account of General Fund.....	5,241 03	
On account of Contingent Fund.....	3,664 29	
On account of Expenses Supreme Court.....	2,803 03	
		\$242,281 71

OFFICE EXPENDITURES.

On account of Governor's Office.....	\$7,574 64	
On account of Secretary's Office.....	970 00	
On account of Auditor's Office.....	1,500 00	
On account of Treasurer's Office.....	916 66	
On account of Attorney General's Office.....	500 00	
On account of Adjutant General's Office.....	12,337 10	
On account of Quartermaster General's Office.....	2,552 46	
On account of Superintendent's Office.....	750 00	
		\$27,100 86

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

On account of Hospital for the Insane.....	\$98,685 88	
On account of Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.....	41,640 97	
On account of Asylum for the Blind.....	33,355 50	
On account of State Prison North, construction.....	103,274 26	
On account of State Prison North, current expenses.....	50,729 87	
On account of State Prison South.....	98,672 96	
		\$426,359 44

MILITARY EXPENDITURES.

On account of Military Fund.....	\$279,683 23	
On account of Special Military Fund.....	2,355 05	
On account of Military Contingent Fund.....	15,745 20	
On account of Pay of Adjutant General.....	5,110 50	
On account of Expenses Auditing Committee.....	3,500 03	
		\$306,394 01

PUBLIC INDEBTEDNESS.

On account of State Debt Interest.....	\$523,536 50	
On account of State Debt Sinking Fund, (redemption of Stocks,).....	495,078 16	
On account of Interest on War Loan Bonds.....	52,946 09	
On account of Interest on University Bonds.....	6,221 85	
On account of Loan Account.....	162,602 81	
On account of Salary of Agent.....	2,500 00	
On account of Expenses of Agency.....	3,750 00	
On account of Expenses of State Debt Sinking Fund.....	1,409 78	
On account of Six per Cent. Treasury Notes Principal.....	25 00	
On account of Six per Cent. Treasury Notes Interest.....	17 70	
		\$1,018,087 89

COLLEGE FUND.

On account of Principal.....	\$16,350 00	
On account of Interest.....	1,034 33	
On account of Expense.....	25 00	
On account of Professors' Salaries.....	6,807 75	
	<hr/>	\$24,217 08

SALINE FUND

On account of Interest Refunded.....	\$229 52
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FUNDS FROM ESTATES WITHOUT HEIRS.

On account of Repayment to Appearing Heirs.....	\$155 10
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COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

On account of School Distribution.....	\$1,163,170 50	
On account of Interest Refunded.....	767 34	
On account of Liquor Licenses Refunded.....	200 00	
On account of Tax Refunded.....	36 43	
	<hr/>	\$1,164,114 27

EDUCATIONAL INTERESTS.

On account of State Normal School.....	\$642 20	
On account of State Board of Education.....	379 60	
On account of Agricultural College.....	379 50	
On account of Agricultural Premiums.....	1,500 00	
	<hr/>	\$3,501 30

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

On account of Tax Refunded.....	\$1,243 30
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GENERAL REVENUE.

On account of Revenue Refunded.....	\$325,368 19
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TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX.

On account of Purchase of Books.....	\$28 733 98
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MISCELLANEOUS.

On account of Specific Appropriations.....	\$38,991 30	
On account of Governor's House.....	3,366 66	
On account of Free Banking.....	2,300 00	
On account of Telegraphing.....	2,033 85	
On account of Equalization.....	5 00	
On account of Rent of State Offices.....	3,000 00	
On account of Bright Lands.....	176 68	
On account of Swamp Lands.....	12,754 45	
On account of Superintendent's Traveling Expenses.....	600 00	
	<hr/>	\$63,228 03

Whole Amount Audited from November 1, 1865, to October 31, 1866.....	\$3,661,564 68
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CONDITION OF THE TREASURY.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$86,051 31
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1866.....	3,957,035 23
	<hr/>
	\$4,043,086 57
Total warrants drawn on the Treasury during the year ending October 1, 1866.....	\$3,661,564 68
	<hr/>
Balance in the Treasury October 31, 1866.....	\$381,521 89

TRUST FUNDS.

A STATEMENT of the Receipts and Disbursements on account of the various Trust Funds.

COLLEGE FUND.

Receipts.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$2,582 21
Principal	6,948 00
Interest.....	6,468 31
Damages.....	27 07
Costs	8 00
University Lands, (including balance,).....	8,660 92
Seminary Lands, Monroe county.....	120 00
	<hr/>
	\$24,814 51

Disbursements.

Principal	\$16,350 00
Interest.....	1,034 33
Expense	25 00
Professors' Salaries.....	6,807 73
	<hr/>
	\$24,217 08
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....	<hr/>
	\$597 43

LOAN ACCOUNT.

Outstanding on loan November 1, 1865.....	\$84,069 06
Loans collected during the year.....	6,948 00
	<hr/>
	\$77,121 06
Amount loaned during the year.....	16,350 00
	<hr/>
Amount outstanding October 31, 1866.....	\$93,471 06

SALINE FUND.

Receipts.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$34,358 81
Interest received.....	194 60
	<hr/>
	\$34,553 41

Disbursements.

Interest refunded.....	\$229 52
Balance on hand October 31, 1866	\$34,323 89

LOAN ACCOUNT.

Loans outstanding same as last year.....	\$5,562 97
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BANK TAX FUND.

Receipts.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$23,575 91
Principal.....	950 00
Interest.....	110 47
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....	\$24,636 38

LOAN ACCOUNT.

Loan outstanding November 1, 1865.....	\$2,396 99
Loans collected during the year.....	950 00
Loans outstanding October 31, 1866.....	\$1,446 99

SURPLUS REVENUE FUND.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$678 27
Interest collected.....	108 44
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....	\$786 71

LOAN ACCOUNT.

Loans outstanding same as last year.....	\$1,474 65
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THREE PER CENT. FUND.

Balance same as last year.....	\$32 12
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FUND FROM ESTATES WITHOUT HEIRS.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$5,888 03
Received during the year.....	3,178 35
Refunded to appearing heirs.....	\$9,066 38
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....	\$8,911 28

COMMON SCHOOL REVENUE DERIVED FROM CURRENT TAXES, INTEREST ON TRUST FUNDS, AND LIQUOR LICENSES.

Receipts.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$91,342 81
Tax of 1865.....	861,000 10
Tax of 1864.....	8,345 98
Delinquent Tax of 1865.....	23,358 46
Delinquent Tax of 1864.....	40,488 65
School Fund Interest.....	98,915 93
Liquor Licenses.....	80,675 00
Unclaimed Fees.....	560 90

\$1,204,687 83

Disbursements.

Distributed to counties.....	\$1,163,170 50	
Tax of 1865 refunded.....	56 43	
Interest refunded.....	207 34	
Liquor Licenses refunded.....	200 00	
	<hr/>	\$1,164,114 27
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....		\$40,573 56

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

Receipts.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$334,950 06
Tax of 1865.....	493,012 97
Tax of 1864.....	1,502 00
Delinquent Tax of 1865.....	12,889 43
Delinquent Tax of 1864.....	32,908 15
	<hr/>
	\$875,262 61

Disbursements.

Redemption of Stocks.....	\$495,078 16	
Interest on War Loan Bonds.....	52,946 00	
Expense of Fund.....	1,409 78	
Tax of 1865 refunded.....	1,243 30	
	<hr/>	\$550,677 23
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....		\$324,585 28

SWAMP LAND FUND.

Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$70,391 87
Receipts during the year.....	1,098 74
	<hr/>
	\$71,490 61
Expended during the year.....	\$12,734 45
	<hr/>
Balance on hand October 31, 1866.....	\$58,756 16

GENERAL REMARKS.

There was remaining in the Treasury October 31st, 1866, as before stated, \$381,521 89.

There is due to the various Trust and other Funds, the following sums :

To the College Fund	\$597 43
To the Saline Fund.....	34,323 89
To the Bank Tax Fund.....	24,636 38
To the Surplus Revenue Fund.....	786 61
To the Three per cent. Fund.....	32 13
To the Fund from Estates without heirs.....	8,911 28
To the Common School Fund.....	40,573 56
To the State Debt Sinking Fund.....	324,585 28
To the Swamp Land Fund.....	58,736 16
	<hr/>
	\$493,182 72
Showing a deficit of.....	\$111,660 83
The balances due the above Funds November 1, 1865, were in the aggregate.....	\$563,809 10
Balance at this date as above.....	<hr/>
	493,182 72
Showing a reduction of.....	\$70,617 38.

The settlements by County Treasurers for collections of State Revenue, School Tax, Sinking Fund Tax, Soldier's Relief Tax and Township Library Tax, have been made without defalcation and with commendable promptness. The delinquent lists have not been larger considering the unusual amount of taxes levied upon the duplicates. The net collections are as follows :

State Revenue—25 cents on the \$100, and 75 cents poll.....	\$1,321,714 50
School Tax—16 cents on the \$100, and 50 cents poll.....	860,963 67
Sinking Fund Tax—10 cents on \$100.....	491,769 67
Library Tax—1 cent on the \$100.....	46,773 83
Five per cent. of Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	80,225 07

The expenses of the current fiscal year may be estimated as follows:

ORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

Legislative.....	\$100,000 00
Judiciary.....	44,000 00
Executive.....	21,500 00
Prosecuting Attorneys.....	7,500 00
Public Printing.....	40,000 00
Fuel and Stationery.....	5,000 00
State House.....	2,000 00
State Library.....	1,000 00
Sheriffs' Mileage.....	10,000 00
Distribution of Laws.....	2,500 00
Expenses Supreme Court.....	2,000 00
Indiana Reports.....	3,000 00
Governor's Office.....	6,000 00
Secretary's Office.....	1,000 00
Auditor's Office.....	1,500 00
Treasurer's Office.....	1,000 00
Superintendent's Office.....	750 00
Attorney General's Office.....	500 00
Adjutant General's Office.....	3,000 00
Quarter Master General's Office.....	500 00
Superintendent's Traveling Expenses.....	600 00
Attorney General's Traveling Expenses.....	500 00
Contingent.....	5,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	10,000 00
Office Rent.....	3,000 00
Total.....	<hr/> \$271,800 00

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Hospital for the Insane.....	\$60,000 00
Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.....	30,000 00
Asylum for the Blind.....	20,000 00
State Prison North.....	10,000 00
State Prison South.....	10,000 00
	<hr/> \$130,000 00

MILITARY EXPENDITURES.

General Military Fund—deficiencies.....	\$25,000 00
Special Military Fund.....	55,000 00
Pay of Adjutant General.....	4,300 00
Pay of Quarter Master General.....	2,400 00
Pay of Paymaster General.....	2,400 00
	<hr/> \$90,100 00

PUBLIC INDEBTEDNESS.

State Debt Interest.....	\$300,000 00
Interest on War Loan Bonds.....	51,944 84
Interest on University Bonds.....	3,935 10
Salary of Agent.....	2,500 00
Expenses of Agency.....	2,500 00
Interest on Sinking Fund Bond.....	71,293 18
Common School Fund.....	50,000 00
	<hr/> \$482,173 12

In the above estimate I have designed to state, as nearly as possible, the actual amounts which will be required. I have, however, no means of ascertaining the amount of claims of a military character which were not presented to the Auditing Committee prior to the termination of its existence; and the State Prisons may, by prudent management, be made self-supporting. The reduction in the interest on the Public Debt is based upon the anticipation that at least \$1,000,000 of the two and a half per cent. stocks will be redeemed on the first of July next.

The appropriation of \$6,000 for Sheriffs' mileage for the year 1866 has been entirely exhausted, and, in view of the great increase of crime, the estimate is made considerably larger for the current year. In this connection I desire to call attention to the necessity of amending the act fixing the distances to be allowed in computing the mileage of Sheriffs to the Southern Prison, and the passage of an act establishing the distances from the various county seats to the Northern Prison. The former act was passed before the present railroad system was in operation, and the distances were computed, in numerous cases, by routes which are now abandoned, and, in consequence, a great injustice is done to the Sheriffs of many counties. Aside from this there are glaring errors in the act; as, for instance, the Sheriff of Vanderburg County is allowed for 150 miles, while the Sheriff of Posey County, who has to travel through Vanderburg County, is allowed for only 143 miles. The truth is, that in neither case is the distance much over half of that actually travelled by the usual route in reaching Jeffersonville.

The want of a fixed table of distances to the Northern Prison is the cause of continual embarrassment in this office, and the attention of the General Assembly has been twice directed to the subject by my predecessors.

The exhaustion of appropriations, which frequently occurs, and the fact that not unfrequently the Legislature has failed to make any appropriations, lead me to suggest the propriety of passing a general law under which the *ordinary* expenses of the State may be audited and paid. These expenses generally, and especially the fees and salaries of officers, are fixed by law, and consequently the liability to abuse would not be greater, under a general law carrying continuous appropriations, than under the present system of arbitrary biennial appropriations. Estimates for one and two years in advance can, at the best, only approximate correctness,

and, in case of deficiency, a serious injury is done to individuals without corresponding benefit or safety to the public interests; and a policy which, by a mere technicality prevents the payment of a just and legal claim when there is an ample amount of money in the Treasury to meet all demands, may be considered of at least doubtful propriety. The passage of an act, carefully guarded and designed to remedy the existing difficulty, would, in my judgment, be a simple act of justice to individual claimants, and not injurious to the public.

The expenses for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1868, are estimated as follows:

Judiciary	\$44,000 00
Executive.....	21,500 00
Prosecuting Attorneys.....	7,500 00
Public Printing.....	25,000 00
Fuel and Stationery.....	3,000 00
State House.....	2,000 00
State Library.....	1,000 00
Sheriffs' Mileage.....	10,000 00
Distribution of Laws.....	1,000 00
Expenses Supreme Court.....	2,000 00
Indiana Reports.....	3,000 00
Governor's Office.....	6,000 00
Secretary's Office.....	1,000 00
Auditor's Office.....	1,500 00
Treasurer's Office.....	1,000 00
Superintendent's Office.....	750 00
Attorney General's Office.....	500 00
Adjutant General's Office.....	2,000 00
Quarter Master General's Office.....	500 00
Attorney General's Traveling Expenses.....	500 00
Superintendent's Traveling Expenses.....	600 00
Contingent	5,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	10,000 00
Office Rent.....	3,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$152,350 00</u>

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Hospital for the Insane.....	\$60,000 00
Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.....	30,000 00
Asylum for the Blind.....	20,000 00
State Prison North.....	10,000 00
State Prison South.....	10,000 00
	<u>\$130,000 00</u>

PUBLIC INDEBTEDNESS.

State Debt Interest.....	\$282,500 00
Interest on War Loan Bonds.....	51,944 84
Interest on University Bonds.....	3,935 10
Salary of Agent.....	2,500 00
Expenses of Agency.....	2,500 00
Interest on Sinking Fund Bond.....	71,293 18
Common School Fund.....	50,000 00
	<u>\$464,673 12</u>

ESTIMATES FOR 1867.

The following estimates for 1867 are respectfully submitted:

RECEIPTS.

The amount of Revenue levied upon the Duplicates for 1866 is.....	\$1,602,657 80
Deduct for Delinquencies.....	\$225,000 00
Costs of Collection.....	75,000 00
	<hr/> 300,000 80
Estimated net Collections.....	\$1,302,657 80
Add balance in the Treasury November 1, 1866.....	381,521 89
	<hr/>
Total resources.....	\$1,684,179 69

EXPENDITURES.

Ordinary Expenditures.....	\$271,800 00
Public Institutions.....	130,000 00
Military Expenditures.....	80,100 00
Public Indebtedness.....	482,173 12
	<hr/> \$973,073 12
Leaving a balance of.....	\$711,056 57

In the above estimate, appropriations which the Legislature may make for the completion of the North wing of the Insane Hospital and the State Prison North, the repair of the Southern Prison, the erection of a House of Refuge for juvenile offenders, or for the better protection of the archives of the State, are not considered.

ESTIMATES FOR 1868.

RECEIPTS.

The assessment of real and personal property will be about \$580,000,000 00, which, at a tax of 25 on each \$100, will give.....	\$1,450,000 00
Poll tax on 228,000 polls, at 75 cents each.....	171,008 00
	<hr/>
Deduct for delinquencies.....	\$225,000 00
Costs of collection.....	75,000 00
	<hr/> 300,000 00
Total resources.....	\$1,321,008 00

EXPENDITURES.

Ordinary Expenditures.....	\$152,350 00
Public Institutions.....	130,000 00
Public Indebtedness.....	464,673 12
	<hr/> \$747,023 12
Leaving a balance of.....	\$573,976 88

To be applied toward the reduction of the Public Debt, after the deduction of any unforeseen expenses which may arise.

STATISTICS.

The following statement shows the aggregate amount of taxes levied upon the Grand Duplicates each year, for the last eleven years:

Total taxes levied for 1856.....	\$2,865,619 40
Total taxes levied for 1857.....	2,459,235 50
Total taxes levied for 1858 (No report made).....	
Total taxes levied for 1859.....	3,825,018 21
Total taxes levied for 1860.....	3,778,426 87
Total taxes levied for 1861.....	4,096,943 05
Total taxes levied for 1862.....	3,998,028 07
Total taxes levied for 1863.....	4,900,792 20
Total taxes levied for 1864.....	7,057,366 01
Total taxes levied for 1865.....	13,167,335 22
Total taxes levied for 1866.....	10,167,864 39

The total valuation of Real and Personal property in the State during the last eleven years, with the increase and decrease each year, appears as follows:

	Increase.	Decrease.
For the year 1856.....	\$279,092,200	
For the year 1857.....	317,032,958	\$38,900,740
For the year 1858.....	318,204,964	272,096
For the year 1859.....	465,367,832	147,162,898
For the year 1860.....	455,011,378	\$10,356,484
For the year 1861.....	441,562,339	13,449,039
For the year 1862.....	365,925,763	75,636,571
For the year 1863.....	453,455,056	87,529,293
For the year 1864.....	516,806,999	63,350,933
For the year 1865.....	567,381,553	50,573,554
For the year 1866.....	578,484,109	11,102,556
Total increase in ten years.....		\$395,866,904
Total decrease in ten years.....		99,142,094
Net increase in ten years.....		\$299,451,900
The total valuation for 1866 is.....		\$578,484,109
The total valuation for 1856 was.....		279,092,200
Increase.....		\$299,451,900
The total valuation for 1856 was.....	\$279,092,200	
The total valuation for 1846 was.....	122,265,686	
Increase.....		\$156,766,523
Total increase in twenty years.....		\$456,218,423

From these statements, and the details exhibited in the tabular statements, Nos. III and IV, attached to this report the following facts are shown :

1st. That the increase of wealth in the State has been gradual, rapid, and without intermission, except during the first three years

of the war; that the net increase within the last ten years is more than the entire valuation of 1856, and that the increase in the preceding decade was fully up to the same proportion. However, the value of *personal* property shows a diminution of over \$2,000,000 from 1865 to 1866. This is doubtless occasioned by the fact that a large number of tax payers, construing the law for themselves, failed or refused to list United States Treasury Notes, and, in some instances, National Bank currency.

2d. That the total taxes levied upon the duplicates for 1866, is, in round numbers, \$3,000,000.00 less than the amount borne upon the duplicates of 1865, being a reduction of more than the entire taxes levied in the State for the year 1856.

About one-half of this reduction arises from the repeal of the Act for the Relief of Soldiers' Families; but the taxes for county purposes and for the redemption of bonds issued by the counties in payment of bounties and other expenses incurred during the war, show a larger proportional decrease, from the fact that the State, School and Sinking Fund levies are considerably increased.

It is presumed that nearly all the counties will have paid their entire debts before the levies are made for next year, and consequently a still further reduction of local taxes may be anticipated. Taking an entire view of the financial situation and resources of the State, local and general, notwithstanding the fact that the delinquencies of 1866 are returned at \$1,389,768.05 against \$751,-851.24 returned for 1865, the people of the State may congratulate themselves upon the sound and healthful condition their affairs have reached, and look forward to the early return to a lower rate of taxation than was customary even before the war.

TREASURY STATEMENTS.

The following statement shows the annual Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasury during the eleven years commencing November 1, 1855, and ending October 31, 1866:

Balance on hand November 1, 1855.....	\$468,224 15
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1856.....	1,495,486 99
Total.....	\$1,963,711 14
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1856.....	1,338,976 11
Balance on hand November 1, 1856.....	\$624,735 03
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1857.....	\$1,774,675 14
Total.....	\$2,399,410 17

Total brought forward.....	\$2,399,410 17
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1857.....	1,748,756 63
Balance on hand November 1, 1857.....	\$650,653 48
Receipts during the year ending November 1, 1858.....	844,416 84
Total.....	\$1,495,070 32
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1858.....	1,363,723 04
Balance on hand November 1, 1858.....	\$131,342 28
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1859.....	1,288,445 72
Total.....	\$1,419,788 00
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1859.....	1,218,185 64
Balance on hand November 1, 1859.....	\$201,602 36
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1860.....	1,658,217 88
Total.....	\$1,859,820 24
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1860.....	1,621,107 48
Balance on hand November 1, 1860.....	\$238,712 76
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1861.....	3,072,657 64
Total.....	\$3,911,370 40
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1861.....	3,546,224 07
Balance on hand November 1, 1861.....	\$365,146 33
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1862.....	3,486,304 55
Total.....	\$3,851,450 88
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1862.....	2,974,976 46
Balance on hand November 1, 1862.....	\$876,474 42
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1863.....	2,232,890 33
Total.....	\$3,109,370 75
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1863.....	2,503,246 53
Balance on hand November 1, 1863.....	\$606,127 22
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1864.....	2,391,291 15
Total.....	\$2,997,418 37
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1864.....	1,752,529 70
Balance on hand November 1, 1864.....	\$1,244,888 67
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1865.....	2,742,989 19
Total.....	\$3,987,877 86
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1865.....	3,901,826 52
Balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$86,051 34
Receipts during the year ending October 31, 1866.....	3,957,035 23
Total.....	\$4,043,036 57
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1866.....	3,661,564 68
Balance on hand November 1, 1866.....	\$381,521 89

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The amount of 5 per cent. Stocks outstanding is.....	\$5,342,500 00
Of this the State Debt Sinking Fund holds.....	764,483 00
Amount still to be redeemed.....	\$4,578,017 00
The amount of 2½ per cent. Stock out-standing is.....	\$1,611,389 90
The State Debt Sinking Fund Holds of this.....	96,900 00
Amount still to be redeemed.....	1,514,489 90
Total Stocks outstanding.....	\$6,092,506 90

The State Debt Sinking Fund Tax levied upon the duplicates of 1866 amounts to \$1,118,000.50. Deducting delinquencies and costs of collection, the net receipts from the tax will be about \$900,000. Unless the appropriations, which can not be anticipated, shall be unexpectedly large, enough may be drawn from the General Fund, without embarrassment to the treasury, to redeem seventy-five per cent. of the 2½ per cent. Stocks on the first day of July next; or, deducting the amount held by the Sinking Fund, it may be safely estimated that the *entire* amount of these Stocks can be redeemed and the same rate of taxation will, within four years from that time, entirely extinguish the debt which consists of 5 per cent. and 2½ per cent. Stocks. The diminished amount of local taxation, which may reasonably be expected on account of the speedy obliteration of county indebtedness, will enable the people to sustain the present standard of State and Sinking Fund Taxes without feeling the weight to be too heavy, especially in view of their early relief from the burden of a Public Debt, which has been hanging over them, in one shape or another, for more than thirty years.

The amount of War Loan Bonds outstanding is \$848,000. Of this sum \$539,000 are held by the Sinking Fund, leaving \$309,000 to be redeemed. After extensive publication that the State was ready to redeem these bonds on the first of May last, only \$50,000 were offered for redemption. It is, therefore, evident there is no demand by the holders that they should be taken up any faster than the convenience of the State may suggest. The same remark applies to the Vincennes University Bonds, amounting to \$66,585, which are not due until 1885.

There remain outstanding of the old Internal Improvement Bonds \$353,000.

THE SCHOOL FUND SETTLEMENT.

The Board of State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners have not been able to make settlement with the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, as required by an act entitled "An act authorizing and requiring the Commissioners of the State Debt Sinking Fund to make settlement with the Sinking Fund Commissioners, for \$422,000 of the War Loan Bonds, purchased by the Sinking Fund Commissioners, with money belonging to the Common School Fund; also the sum of \$165,000, moneys belonging to the Common School Fund, advanced by the Sinking Fund to pay interest on the State debt; also the sum of \$33,536 09, Saline Fund, and \$29,947, belonging to the Bank Tax Fund. Directing the transfer of the Common School Fund of the State of Indiana of so much of the two and one-half and five per cent. certificates of stock of the State as will, at the price paid for the same, amount to the aggregate of the sums mentioned in this act, authorizing and directing the proper officers of State to issue a bond of the State for the amount thereof, bearing six per cent. interest, payable semi-annually. Principal payable and redeemable at the pleasure of the State; directing the Treasurer of State to pass to the credit of the General Fund the several amounts therein specified, and declaring that an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this act."

The manner of making the settlement is set forth in the second section of the act, as follows:

"The said State Debt Sinking Fund Board are hereby directed to transfer to the Common School Fund of this State so much of the two and one-half and five per cent. certificates of stock of this State as will, at the price paid for the same, make a sum equal to the aggregate of the several amounts enumerated in this act, and, upon such settlement, the officers of State are directed to issue a bond for the price paid for the same to the Common School Fund, payable at the pleasure of the State, and bearing six per cent. interest, the interest payable semi-annually, for distribution for school purposes, on the fourth Monday in April and the fifteenth day of October, unless said last day fall upon Sunday, and if so, then upon the Monday following, in each year, for the benefit of the Common Schools of the State; and when the said bond shall have been executed, the Treasurer of State is directed to pass to

the credit of the General Fund, in the Treasury, the sum of thirty-three thousand five hundred and thirty-six dollars and nine cents, and the further sum of twenty-two thousand nine hundred and forty-seven dollars, belonging to the Bank Tax Fund."

The Boards met to make the settlement, as required by the act, but, after consultation, found it impracticable to do so, for the following reasons :

1. The State Sinking Fund Commissioners are required to transfer to the Common School Fund so much of the two and one-half and five per cent. certificates of stock of the State as will, at the price paid for the same, make a sum equal to the aggregate of the several amounts enumerated in the act. The certificates of stock held by the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners were purchased in pursuance of acts which were passed for the purpose of extinguishing the State debt, and as soon as purchased are regarded as so much of the State debt redeemed and canceled. It is, therefore, a matter of grave doubt whether the act is explicit enough, if it does not fail altogether, in directing the re-issue of stocks purchased on account of the State Debt Sinking Fund.

2. The act does not designate who shall be the custodian of the stock thus transferred.

3. The act does not define the manner in which the interest shall be paid.

4. If settlement could be made, as contemplated by the act, the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners would be compelled to transfer certificates equal to the aggregate of the several amounts due the School Fund, and the State officers are also required to execute a bond, bearing six per cent. interest, payable to the School Fund, which, in effect, would be paying the amount due the School Fund twice—once in certificates of stock, and once by bond bearing six per cent. interest.

It has been suggested that the framers of the law intended that the certificates of stock should be surrendered to the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners, upon the execution of the bond, so that in reality the State debt would remain unchanged; but the conjecture is not verified by the reading of the law, and therefore not deemed of sufficient authority to justify the transfer, especially as such transfer could not be made without destroying the identity of the certificates, as certificates held for, and purchased on account of, the State Debt Sinking Fund.

It is a matter of great importance that the claims of the Common School Fund, against the State, should be adjusted, in order that a specified interest may be accruing to the fund. For this purpose it is to be hoped that the General Assembly will pass an act, explicit in its provisions, requiring a speedy and equitable adjustment.

TAXATION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The system of National Banking having been inaugurated after the passage of the General Assessment Law, and the Legislature having failed to pass any specific act upon the subject, it became a question whether the certificates of stock in these banks could be taxed, and, if so, in what manner they should be assessed. Accordingly I referred the matter to the Attorney General, who gave it as his opinion that the certificates were taxable in the hands of the holders. In pursuance of this opinion I issued a circular to the County Auditors directing them to have the assessments made. But there was a disposition on the part of some of the banks to resist the proposed taxation, and a suit was brought in the Marion Court of Common Pleas to test the question, which resulted in a decision by the Court that the banks were not taxable, for the reason that there was no law under which they could be assessed. On behalf of the State a motion for appeal was made, and it is hoped that a decision may be obtained from the Supreme Court at its ensuing term. If that tribunal shall affirm the decision of the Court below, or if no decision should be reached at the November term, it will be incumbent upon the Legislature to pass a law applicable to the case, that the large amount of wealth invested in the stock of these banks may bear its share of the burden of taxation. In framing a law I would recommend that the stock be taxed in the name of the corporation, and not in the hands of the individual stockholders, in order that the whole amount may be reached, and especially that portion held by non-residents.

THE DOG LAW.

The "act to discourage the keeping of useless and sheep-killing dogs," approved March 2, 1865, although containing an emergency clause, embraced no provision for its circulation prior to the gen-

eral distribution of the laws, and consequently the tax levied by the act was not placed upon the duplicates. As soon as this fact was ascertained I issued a circular directing County Treasurers to assess the tax under the provisions of an act authorizing them to make assessments of omitted taxes, approved March 3, 1859. Those officers, generally, attempted to fulfill the instructions of the circular, but met with many difficulties of construction, and the necessity of taking the affidavit of each tax payer as to the possession or ownership of dogs, especially during the thronged term of tax paying time, rendered the execution of the law almost impossible. Added to this, and increasing their embarrassment, was the fact that the Judges of two of the Circuit Courts (Judge Bicknell and Judge Eckles) declared the act to be unconstitutional. I am not informed as to the grounds upon which their decision was based, but understand that the principal reason was that under the Constitution no specific tax can be levied. I have made every effort to have the case brought before the Supreme Court, but, so far, without success. Without expressing any opinion of my own, I deem it proper to state that the Attorney General and other eminent attorneys coincide with the views of Judges Bicknell and Eckles, and, in view of the strong presumption that the act is in conflict with the Constitution, I would respectfully suggest its repeal, or such amendments as will bring it into conformity with the organic law of the State.

A DELINQUENT SWAMP LAND TREASURER.

Upon the expiration of the term of office of Daniel A. Farley, as Treasurer of Pulaski County, August 4, 1865, the books of this office showed an indebtedness to the State, on account of the Swamp Land Fund, of \$2,262.08. Soon after the defalcation appeared I made a statement of his account and sent it to Messrs. Pratt & Baldwin, attorneys at Logansport, for collection. In the investigations which followed it was ascertained that Farley had not filed any bond for the faithful performance of his duties under the Swamp Land Act. He had made an assignment of all his real estate to his bondsmen as Treasurer of Pulaski County. In this emergency I took the responsibility of effecting a compromise, obtaining 440 acres of land and taking a deed therefor to myself as Auditor, in trust for the State of Indiana. I respectfully request that this action may be legalized by the Legislature, and

suggest the passage of a law conferring power upon the Auditor to act in such, or any cases, when, in the opinion of the Attorney General or other attorneys employed by the State, legal remedies are exhausted, or when a prosecution would be fruitless, and also providing what disposition shall be made of property thus obtained.

APPRAISEMENT OF REAL ESTATE.

This is a subject which, I regret to say, does not appear, heretofore, to have occupied the careful and serious attention of the Legislature. Alike the most sensitive and the most important department in our system of taxation, because upon it rests in a great measure the jewel of equality in the apportionment of public burdens, and demanding the utmost caution and the nicest scrutiny in its adjustment, it has failed to receive the attention due to the most ordinary subjects of legislation. The acts upon our statute books are crude in design, imperfect in detail, and totally inadequate in execution, to secure the end which should be the object of all laws relating to the subject of taxation. It is well known that the valuation of real estate is unequal—and consequently unjust—in all the grades from individual cases to the Congressional Districts. It is for the wisdom of the General Assembly to devise a remedy for this one great defect in our otherwise admirable system of adjusting the burdens which should bear in equal proportion upon all; and I commend the subject to your earnest consideration in order that the re-appraisement to be made in 1869 may be just and equitable to individuals, townships, counties and congressional districts, only suggesting that the appraisers in different wards and townships should be required to meet often for conference and comparison of views and labor, that they should be allowed ample time to perform their duties faithfully and well, that the terms of session of the County, District and State Boards of Equalization should be extended, that power should be conferred upon the Auditor of State to enforce the decisions of the State Board, and, in general, that a too rigid economy of either time or money should not be exercised in securing an object so important to the people as equal taxation.

In this connection I would also suggest the revision of the act for the appraisement of Railroads. The present act is so lamentably deficient that it is doubtful if a single Railroad in the State is

legally assessed. While the appraisements of the different roads were extremely unequal, it was questionable whether the State Board of Equalization had any authority or jurisdiction in the premises, and the result was a *quasi* compromise by which the Companies owning the roads almost, in effect, fixed their own standard of appraisement. An act creating a Board of Appraisers to consist of the County Auditors along the line of each road, to meet at such time and place as the Auditor of State should designate, make the appraisement and certify their proceedings through this office to the State Board of Equalization, or to a separate Board created for that purpose, which should have full and final authority to equalize the valuation of all the Railroads within the State, would probably secure the desired end.

CONCLUSION.

I deem it my duty to again call the attention of the Legislature to the insufficient and unsafe provision made for the State offices, and recommend that some arrangement be made for the better protection and more ample accommodation which the importance and increasing volume of the archives of the State demand.

The Auditors of DeKalb, Jackson, Jefferson, Ripley and Sullivan counties failed to place the Township Library Tax upon their several duplicates for the year 1865; and the Auditors of Adams, DeKalb, Elkhart, Knox and Sullivan counties have failed to enter the same tax upon the duplicates for 1866. Justice would seem to demand that these counties should be omitted in the distribution of the books purchased out of the proceeds of the tax, or that they should be required to make up the deficiency out of their county treasuries, or by the levy of a special tax. The following circular, issued from this office, will show that the Auditors were furnished information as to the levy in ample time to place all the taxes upon their duplicates. A similar circular was issued on the 28th of April, 1865.

THE STATE OF INDIANA,)
OFFICE AUDITOR OF STATE,)
Indianapolis, May 26, 1865.)

TO COUNTY AUDITORS:

The taxes to be levied upon the Duplicate of 1866, and to be accounted for at the State Treasury, are as follows:

For State purposes, 25 cents on each \$100 of valuation, and 75 cents on each poll. Acts of 1835, Regular Session, page 73.

For School purposes, 16 cents on each \$100 of valuation, and 5 cents on each poll. Acts of 1865, page 3.

For Sinking Fund purposes, 20 cents on each \$100 of valuation. Acts of 1861, Regular Session, page 107. Acts of 1861, Special Session, page 19. And Acts of 1865, Special Session, page 48.

For Township Libraries, 1 cent on each \$100 of valuation. Acts of 1865, Special Session, page 31.

Very respectfully,

T. B. McCARTY, *Auditor of State.*

The Auditors of Clay, Harrison, Henry and Ripley counties failed to report the abstract of assessment of real and personal property, and the abstract of taxes levied on the duplicate in time for insertion in this report, although its publication is delayed to the latest possible date, in order that the showing may be complete and satisfactory.

For the purpose of making it a matter of more permanent record, I have caused to be printed a sufficient number of the plats showing the enumeration of white male inhabitants in the several counties to insert a copy in each volume of this report.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

T. B. McCARTY,

Auditor of State.

BANK DEPARTMENT.

CONDITION OF THE FREE BANKS.

The following statement shows the condition of the Free Banks of the State on the 31st of October, 1866; also the number continuing under the law, the number that are closing and that have withdrawn their securities, and the amount of notes retired from circulation from the 1st of April, 1865, to the date of this report.

Under the influence of the system of finances adopted by the General Government during the war, and which system brought into existence Government currency and National Banks, the Free Banks of Indiana have been compelled to close business as Banks of issue, or continue to transact business under the law of 1855, regulating Free Banking, except so far as the same relates to the issue of circulating notes. There are, however, but three Banks which have not given notice, as the law requires, previous to winding up and withdrawing securities—the Bank of Salem, New Albany, Bank of Salem, Salem, and Bank of Paoli, Paoli. All the rest of the Free Banks—twenty-eight in number—have given notice of closing, and are winding up. Their aggregate circulation is fifty-seven thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine dollars.

The total circulation of the Free Banks, on the first of April, 1865, as shown in the report for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1865, was one million two hundred and ninety-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$1,293,750). The amount outstanding October 31, 1866, seventy-three thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars (73,770), a reduction during the eighteen months between the dates given, of *one million two hundred and nineteen thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars* (\$1,219,980).

This amount of currency was withdrawn and destroyed by the several Free Banks, as stated in the annual report for 1865, in obe-

dience to a decided preference, manifested by the public, for Government Greenbacks and the notes of National Banks, and for the purpose of organizing under the acts of Congress relative to the formation of National Banks.

It is a matter of congratulation on the part of the citizens of the State, and which reflects great credit upon the Banks, to know that the decision of the public was promptly recognized by the latter, and the greater part of their circulation retired without hesitation or delay, and without causing panic or pecuniary embarrassment in any community.

During the quarter following the first of April, 1865, there had been returned to this office and destroyed by burning, eight hundred and eighty-four thousand seven hundred and ten dollars, or more than *two-thirds* of all the circulating notes of the Free Banks at the date mentioned.

During the six months ending September 30, 1865, there had been returned and destroyed one million and eighty thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars; and during the nine months ending December 31, 1865, one million one hundred and seventy-three thousand six hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

In view of the fact that the Banks are winding up business as rapidly as they are enabled to do so by the slow return of the outstanding notes, and that they have now a limited circulation, I would suggest an amendment to the Free Banking law, limiting the time of bonds, given to secure the redemption of notes, so that there may be a time when the bonds can be surrendered, and the business relations between the State and the Free Banks brought to a close.

The average circulation of the several Banks is, at this date, reduced to an amount which probably little exceeds the notes destroyed and lost, and it is not, therefore, necessary to continue a nominal liability of principals and sureties, and their heirs, to an indefinite period.

BANKS CONTINUING UNDER THE LAW, OCTOBER 31, 1866.

BANK OF SALEM, SALEM.

Missouri 6s (Il. & St. Jo.).....	\$1,000	
Circulation		\$293

BANK OF SALEM, NEW ALBANY.

Indiana 6s.....	\$5,000	
Circulation		\$3,185

BANK OF PAOLI, PAOLI.

Louisiana 6s.....	\$13,000	
Circulation		\$12,423

BANKS CLOSING.

EXCHANGE BANK, GREENCASTLE.

United States 7-20s.....	\$7,500	
Circulation		\$6,558

INDIANA FARMERS' BANK.

United States 7-20s.....	\$1,000	
Circulation		\$3,200

INDIANA BANK, MADISON.

United States 5-20s.....	\$10,000	
Circulation		\$7,470

SALEM BANK, GOSHEN.

Greenbacks.....	\$203	
Circulation		\$898

EXCHANGE BANK, ATTICA.

United States 5-20s.....	\$2,000	
Circulation		\$1,742

BANK OF GOSHEN, GOSHEN.

United States 10-40s.....	\$3,000	
Circulation		\$2,399

PRAIRIE CITY BANK.

United States 5-20s.....	\$500	
Circulation		\$497

CAMBRIDGE CITY BANK.

United States 5-20s and 7-20s.....	\$1,100	
Circulation		\$655

HUNTINGTON COUNTY BANK.

Indiana 5s.....	\$500	
Circulation		\$455

BANKS THAT HAVE WITHDRAWN THEIR SECURITIES AND FILED BOND.

PARKE COUNTY BANK, ROCKVILLE.

Circulation \$2,758

BANK OF ELKHART.

Circulation \$3,625

BANK OF CORYDON.

Circulation \$1,523

BANK OF MOUNT VERNON.

Circulation \$3,791

SOUTHERN BANK OF INDIANA.

Circulation all redeemed.

BANK OF ROCKVILLE, WABASH.

Circulation \$1,295

MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS' BANK, NEW ALBANY.

Circulation \$193

FARMERS' BANK, WESTFIELD.

Circulation \$1,495

LAGRANGE BANK, LIMA.

Circulation \$1,390

CANAL BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation \$167

HOOSIER BANK, LOGANSPORT.

Circulation \$1,150

BROOKVILLE BANK, BROOKVILLE.

Circulation \$2,002

BANK OF INDIANA, MICHIGAN CITY.

Circulation \$1,194

FAYETTE COUNTY BANK.

Circulation \$459

INDIAN RESERVE BANK, KOKOMO.

Circulation \$931

BANK OF MONTICELLO.

Circulation \$120

BANK OF SYRACUSE, GOSHEN.

Circulation \$1,743

CRESCENT CITY BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation \$1,842

KENTUCKY STOCK, COLUMBUS.

Circulation \$4,836

SUSPENDED BANKS.

BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, CLINTON.

Redeemed at Southern Bank, Terre Haute.....at 90c.

STATE STOCK BANK, PERU.

Redeemed at Bank of Goshen, Goshen.....at 85c.

NEW YORK AND VIRGINIA STATE STOCK BANK.

Redeemedat par.

WAYNE BANK, RICHMOND.

Redeemed at Fletcher's Bank, Indianapolis.....at par.

WAYNE BANK AT LOGANSPOET.

Redeemed at Fletcher's Bank, Indianapolis.....at par.

BOONE COUNTY BANK.

Proceeds exhausted.

TRADERS' BANK, NASHVILLE.

Redeemed at City Bank, Indianapolis.....at 92c.

BANK OF GOSPORT.

Redeemed at F. W. Argenbright's Office, Gosport.....at par.

SUSPENDED BANKS REDEEMED BY AUDITOR OF STATE.

Agricultural Bank.....	at par.
Bank of Albany.....	at 90c.
Bank of Albion.....	at par.
Bank of Perryville.....	at par.
Bank of T. Wadsworth.....	at 91c.
Bank of Rockport.....	at par.
Central Bank.....	at par.
Farmers' Bank of Jasper.....	at 91c.
Kalamazoo Bank.....	at 90c.
Orange Bank.....	at par.
State Stock, Marion.....	at 90c.
Savings Bank of Indiana (genuine).....	at 60c.

NOTE.—No Bank notes are redeemed at this office except those enumerated under the head of SUSPENDED BANKS REDEEMED BY THE AUDITOR OF STATE.

STATEMENT showing Securities and Circulation, Jan. 1, 1866

BANKS CONTINUING UNDER THE LAW.

BANK OF SALEM, SALEM.

Missouri 6s, (H. & St. J.).....	\$32,000
Circulation.....	\$1,370

BANK OF SALEM, NEW ALBANY.

Indiana 6s.....	\$5,000
Indiana 5s.....	1,000
Indiana 2½s.....	15,000
	<hr/>
	\$21,000
Circulation	\$5,028

BANK OF PAOLI.

Louisiana 6s.....	\$33,000
Circulation	\$17,242

EXCHANGE BANK, GREENCASTLE.

Indiana 2½s.....	\$24,000
Circulation.....	\$17,092

BANKS CLOSING.

INDIANA FARMERS' BANK.

Indiana 5s.....	\$53,000
Circulation.....	\$9,500

INDIANA BANK, MADISON.

Indiana 2½s.....	\$46,077 50
Circulation.....	\$12,983

SALEM BANK, GOSHEN.

United States 7-20s.....	\$4,000	
Circulation.....		\$2,992

EXCHANGE BANK, ATTICA.

Indiana 2½s.....	\$5,000	
Circulation.....		\$3,926

PARKE COUNTY BANK, ROCKVILLE.

Indiana 5s.....	\$20,000	
Circulation.....		\$1,311

BANK OF GOSHEN, GOSHEN.

United States 10-40s.....	\$4,000	
United States 5-20s.....	1,000	
	<hr/>	
	\$5,000	
Circulation.....		\$1,217

HUNTINGTON COUNTY BANK.

Indiana 5s.....	\$500	
Circulation.....		\$155

BANK OF ELKHART.

Indiana 5s.....	\$5,000	
Circulation.....		\$1,239

PRAIRIE CITY BANK.

United States 5-20s.....	\$500	
Circulation.....		\$197

BANK OF CORYDON.

Indiana 5s.....	\$6,000	
Indiana 2½s.....	10,000	
	<hr/>	
	\$16,000	
Circulation.....		\$1,111

CAMBRIDGE CITY BANK.

Indiana 2½s.....	\$5,000	
Circulation.....		\$2,555

Total Circulation of Free Banks, January 1, 1866..... \$120,082

BANKS THAT HAVE WITHDRAWN THEIR SECURITIES AND FILED THE REQUISITE BOND. .

BANK OF MOUNT VERNON.

Circulation.....		\$1,513
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SOUTHERN BANK OF INDIANA.

Circulation all redeemed.

BANK OF ROCKVILLE, WABASH.

Circulation \$2,615

MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS' BANK, NEW ALBANY.

Circulation \$496

FARMERS' BANK OF WESTFIELD.

Circulation \$1,470

LAGRANGE BANK, LIMA.

Circulation \$4,779

CANAL BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation \$467

HOOSIER BANK, LOGANSPORT.

Circulation \$1,150

BROOKVILLE BANK, BROOKVILLE.

Circulation \$2,003

BANK OF INDIANA, MICHIGAN CITY.

Circulation \$1,434

FAYETTE COUNTY BANK, CONNERSVILLE.

Circulation \$469

INDIAN RESERVE BANK, KOKOMO.

Circulation \$921

BANK OF MONTICELLO.

Circulation \$129

BANK OF SYRACUSE, GOSHEN.

Circulation \$1,743

CRESCENT CITY BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation \$1,843

KENTUCKY STOCK BANK, COLUMBUS.

Circulation \$5,054

*STATEMENT showing securities and circulation July 1, 1866.***BANKS CONTINUING UNDER THE LAW.****BANK OF SALEM, SALEM.**

Missouri 6s (H. & St. Jo.).....	\$1,000	
Circulation		\$438

BANK OF SALEM, NEW ALBANY.

Indiana 6c.....	\$5,000	
Circulation.....		\$3,262

BANK OF PAOLI.

Louisiana 6s.....	\$22,000	
Circulation		\$12,689

BANKS CLOSING.**EXCHANGE BANK, GREENCASTLE**

Indiana 2½s.....	\$12,000	
Circulation		\$9,039

INDIANA FARMERS' BANK.

United States 5-20s.....	\$4,000	
Circulation		\$3,700

INDIANA BANK, MADISON.

United States 5-20s.....	\$10,000	
Circulation		\$7,811

SALEM BANK, GOSHEN.

Legal Tender	\$1,116	
Circulation		\$1,116

EXCHANGE BANK, ATTICA.

United States 5-20s.....	\$2,000	
Circulation.....		\$1,742

BANK OF GOSHEN, GOSHEN.

United States 10-40s.....	\$3,000	
Circulation.....		\$2,399

HUNTINGTON COUNTY BANK.

Indiana 5s.....	\$500	
Circulation		\$455

PRAIRIE CITY BANK.

United States 5-20s.....	\$500	
Circulation		\$497

CAMBRIDGE CITY BANK.

United States 5-20s.....	\$500	
“ “ 7-30s	500	
“ “ Treas. Notes	100	
	<u>\$1,100</u>	
Circulation		\$980

BANKS THAT HAVE WITHDRAWN THEIR SECURITIES AND FILED THE REQUISITE BOND.

PARKE COUNTY BANK, ROCKVILLE.

Circulation.....	\$3,234
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BANK OF ELKHART.

Circulation.....	\$3,625
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BANK OF MOUNT VERNON.

Circulation	\$3,725
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SOUTHERN BANK OF INDIANA.

Circulation all redeemed.

BANK OF ROCKVILLE, WABASH.

Circulation	\$1,205
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MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS' BANK, NEW ALBANY.

Circulation	\$496
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FARMERS' BANK OF WESTFIELD.

Circulation	\$1,406
-------------------	---------

LAGRANGE BANK, LIMA.

Circulation	\$4,258
-------------------	---------

CANAL BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation	\$467
-------------------	-------

HOOSIER BANK, LOGANSFORT.

Circulation	\$1,150
-------------------	---------

BROOKVILLE BANK, BROOKVILLE.

Circulation.....	\$2,003
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BANK OF INDIANA, MICHIGAN CITY.

Circulation	\$1,494
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FAYETTE COUNTY BANK, CONNERSVILLE.

Circulation	\$459
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BANK OF CORYDON.

Circulation.....	\$1,523
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INDIAN RESERVE BANK, KOKOMO.

Circulation.....	\$921
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BANK OF MONTICELLO.

Circulation	\$129
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BANK OF SYRACUSE, GOSHEN.

Circulation.....	\$1,743
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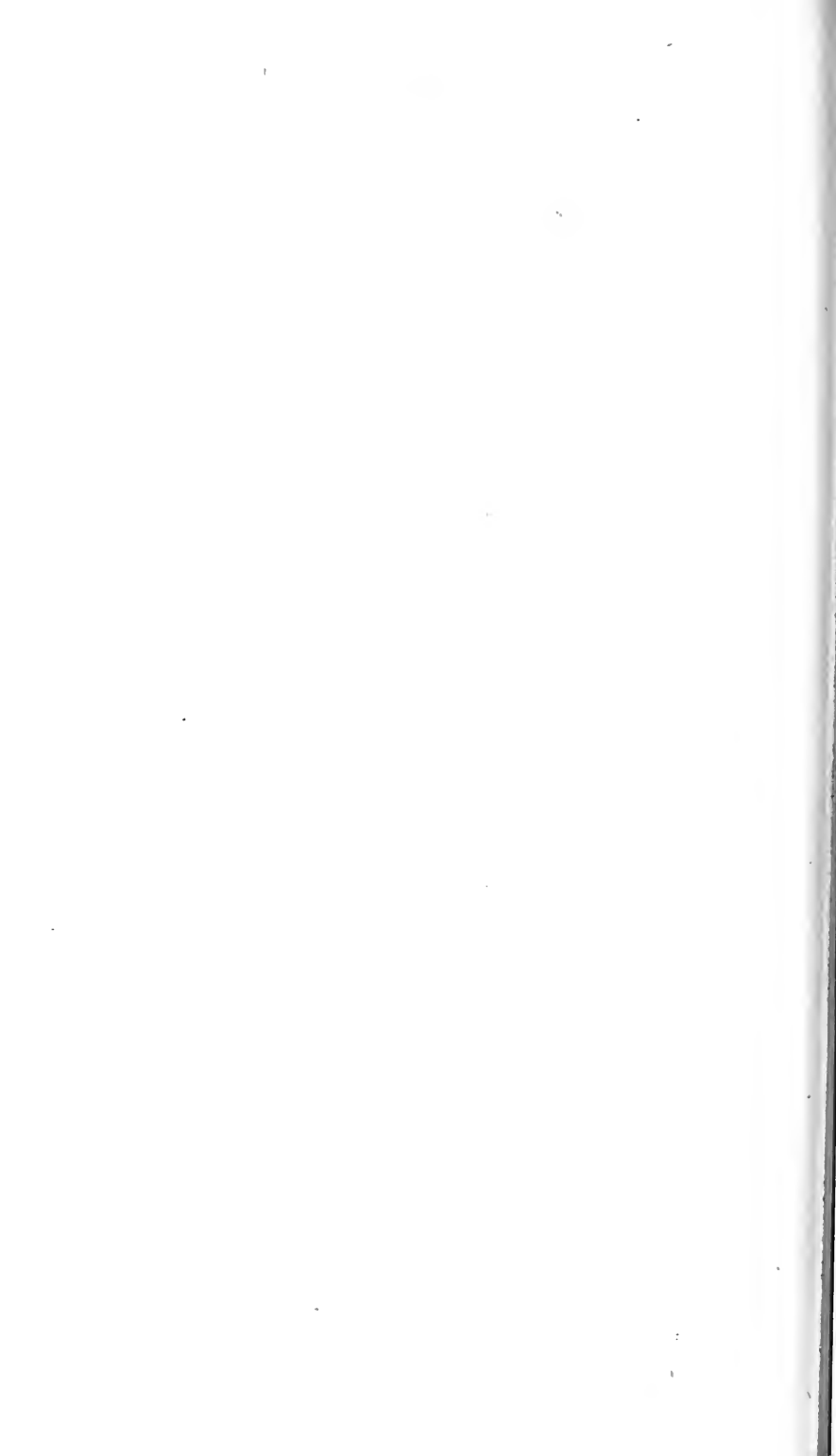
CRESCENT CITY BANK, EVANSVILLE.

Circulation	\$1,843
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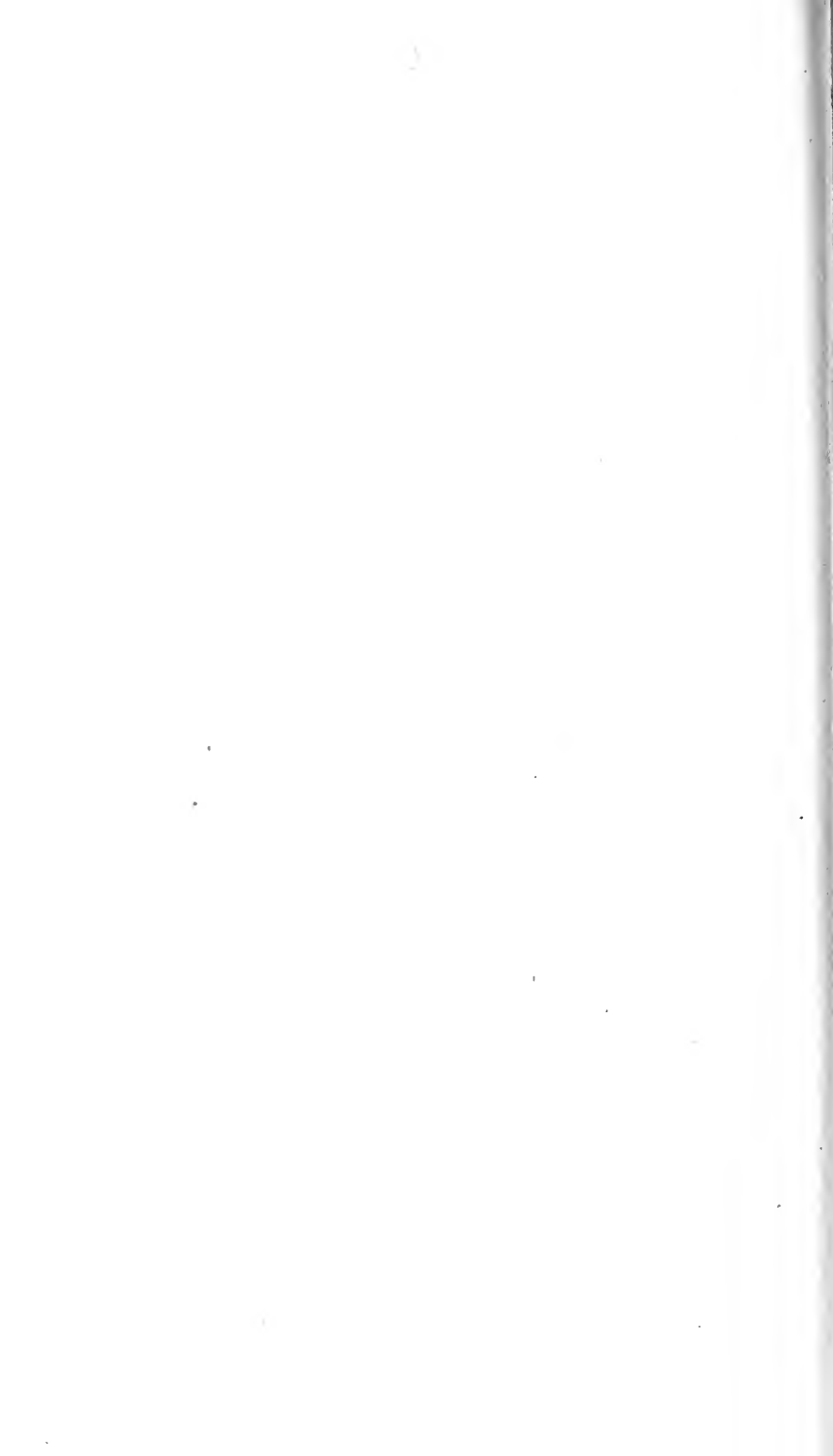
KENTUCKY STOCK BANK, COLUMBUS.

Circulation	\$4,836
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Total circulation Free Banks, July 1, 1866.....	\$78,802
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A P P E N D I X . .



STATEMENT NO. 1.

Showing the Settlements with County Treasurers in detail, for Collections of Revenue, School Tax, Sinking Fund Tax, and Library Tax, for the Year 1866,

NO. 1. ADAMS COUNTY.

WILLIAM G. SPENCER, Auditor.

JESSE NIBLICK, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		Amount.	CREDIT.		Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....		\$7,298 76	Revenue Delinquent.....		\$684 89
Assessed by Treasurer.....		19 08	School Tax Delinquent.....		435 47
Delinquencies Collected.....		210 67	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....		182 20
School Tax on Duplicate.....		4,720 70	Library Tax Delinquent.....		14 35
Assessed by Treasurer.....		10 94	Erroneous Assessments.....		38 89
Delinquencies Collected.....		121 23	Printing.....		11 14
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....		2,507 11	Treasurer's Fees.....		214 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....		3 47	Mileage.....		39 68
Delinquencies Collected.....		55 43	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....		6,640 64
Library Tax on Duplicate.....		232 47	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....		4,403 99
Assessed by Treasurer.....		1 00	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....		2,323 36
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		394 50	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....		211 93
			Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....		394 50
Total		\$15,575 36	Total.....		\$15,575 36

NO. 2. ALLEN COUNTY.

HENRY J. RUDISILL, Auditor.

ALEXANDER WILEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$26,197 00	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,250 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	262 38	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,105 77
Delinquencies Collected.....	626 52	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	926 11
School Tax on Duplicate.....	16,851 48	Library Tax Delinquent.....	92 53
Assessed by Treasurer.....	168 92	Erroneous Assessments.....	91 86
Delinquencies Collected.....	336 05	Taxes Refunded.....	114 18
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	9,149 23	Printing.....	159 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	83 66	Treasurer's Fees.....	456 71
Delinquencies Collected.....	249 49	Mileage.....	24 60
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	919 94	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	24,147 14
Assessed by Treasurer.....	8 36	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	15,766 02
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,431 65	Library Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,703 29
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,837 40	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	850 97
Total.....	\$58,120 17	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,431 65
		Total.....	\$58,120 17

NO. 3. BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY.

DAVID F. LONG, Auditor.

SAMUEL SHIELDS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$24,208 67	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,648 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	41 20	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,719 23
Delinquencies Collected.....	112 90	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	707 23
School Tax on Duplicate.....	15,558 93	Library Tax Delinquent.....	71 38
Assessed by Treasurer.....	26 40	Taxes Refunded.....	71 19
Delinquencies Collected.....	69 70	Treasurer's Fees.....	399 35
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,709 64	Mileage.....	3 80
Assessed by Treasurer.....	14 80	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	21,391 01
Delinquencies Collected.....	39 00	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	13,913 20
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	870 65	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,929 02
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 00	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	790 27
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,289 33	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,289 33
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Total.....	\$50,933 82
Total.....	\$50,933 82		

WILLIAM M. JONES, Auditor.

NO. 4. BENTON COUNTY.

JOHN J. RAWLINGS, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....		Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,290 46
Delinquencies Collected.....	\$6,063 63	School Tax Delinquent.....	829 64
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,399 92	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	442 93
Delinquencies Collected.....	3,895 30	Library Tax Delinquent.....	44 21
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	199 95	Treasurer's Fees.....	174 94
Delinquencies Collected.....	2,572 79	Mileage.....	13 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	199 95	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	5,044 66
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	315 72	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	3,265 61
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	280 58	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,972 94
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	204 05
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	280 58
Total.....	\$13,623 84	Total.....	\$13,623 84

NO. 5. BLACKFORD COUNTY.

EZRA M. STAHL, Auditor.

B. B. RANSOM, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....		Revenue Delinquent.....	\$523 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....	\$2,814 95	School Tax Delinquent.....	327 37
Delinquencies Collected.....	23 08	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	147 89
School Tax on Duplicate.....	206 65	Library Tax Delinquent.....	14 49
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1,801 83	Erroneous Assessments.....	22 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	14 98	Taxes Refunded.....	24 17
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	123 30	Treasurer's Fees.....	105 95
Assessed by Treasurer.....	968 26	Mileage.....	12 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	6 21	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	2,407 79
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	93 30	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,998 30
Assessed by Treasurer.....	94 38	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	585 65
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	136 54	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	77 80
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	136 54
Total.....	\$6,284 12	Total.....	\$6,284 12

NO. 6. BOONE COUNTY.

A. C. DAILY, Auditor.

FRANCIS M. BUSBY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,925 69	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,269 23
Assessed by Treasurer.....	56 62	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,461 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	412 38	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	636 60
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,596 77	Library Tax Delinquent.....	61 63
Assessed by Treasurer.....	31 97	Erroneous Assessments.....	75 04
Delinquencies Collected.....	212 09	Taxes Refunded.....	11 01
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,292 45	Printing.....	48 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 95	Treasurer's Fees.....	399 66
Delinquencies Collected.....	210 09	Mileage.....	4 48
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	810 65	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	21,435 53
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 50	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	13,787 12
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,270 48	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,986 65
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,392 92	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	762 43
Total.....	\$50,229 36	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,270 48
		Total.....	\$50,229 36

NO. 7. BROWN COUNTY.

EUGENE CULLY, Auditor.

JAMES A. MCKINNEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$1,298 19	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$718 22
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 13	School Tax Delinquent.....	464 18
Delinquencies Collected.....	253 33	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	252 65
School Tax on Duplicate.....	2,768 47	Library Tax Delinquent.....	21 89
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 75	Erroneous Assessments.....	11 41
Delinquencies Collected.....	168 89	Treasurer's Fees.....	117 86
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,441 96	Mileage.....	11 40
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 15	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	3,747 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 45	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,482 48
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	144 40	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,252 37
Assessed by Treasurer.....	204 01	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	120 03
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	204 01
Total.....	\$9,110 33	Total.....	\$9,410 33

NO. 8. CARROLL COUNTY.

H. M. WRIGHT, Auditor.

WILLIAM CROOKS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$19,142 53	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,723 45
Assessed by Treasurer.....	42 77	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,704 89
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,133 71	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	847 84
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,327 43	Library Tax Delinquent.....	82 16
Assessed by Treasurer.....	28 34	Erroneous Assessments.....	182 77
Delinquencies Collected.....	646 13	Treasurer's Fees.....	232 44
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,071 73	Mileage.....	10 80
Assessed by Treasurer.....	12 73	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,431 92
Delinquencies Collected.....	439 29	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,253 55
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	685 93	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,580 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 23	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	594 15
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	976 89	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	976 89
Railroad Tax Collected.....	252 25		
Total.....	\$12,780 96	Total.....	\$12,780 96

NO. 9. CASS COUNTY.

W. G. NASH, Auditor.

GEORGE E. ADAMS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$21,110 51	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,615 96
Assessed by Treasurer.....	30 70	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,344 61
Delinquencies Collected.....	509 62	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,134 66
School Tax on Duplicate.....	13,562 38	Library Tax Delinquent.....	113 37
Assessed by Treasurer.....	19 85	Erroneous Assessments.....	65 08
Delinquencies Collected.....	280 11	Taxes Refunded.....	52 75
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,639 58	Printing.....	50 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	10 89	Treasurer's Fees.....	396 04
Delinquencies Collected.....	188 45	Mileage.....	11 20
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	763 02	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,642 94
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 07	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,477 99
Delinquencies Collected.....	14	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,571 28
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,041 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	641 44
Total.....	\$45,140 07	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,041 55
		Total.....	\$45,140 07

NO. 10. CLARK COUNTY.

C. G. BADGER, Auditor.

WILLIAM PRATHER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,439 60	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$7,334 59
Assessed by Treasurer.....	48 06	School Tax Delinquent.....	4,723 58
Delinquencies Collected.....	2,205 16	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	2,492 72
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,413 80	Library Tax Delinquent.....	249 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	39 92	Erroneous Assessment.....	141 73
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,154 41	Treasurer's Fees.....	420 19
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,198 11	Mileage.....	28 72
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 58	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,469 51
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,152 61	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,083 18
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	819 77	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,903 71
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	574 88
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	916 39	Soldier's Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	916 59
Railroad Tax Collected.....	847 53		
Total	\$52,343 69	Total	\$52,343 69

NO. 11. CLAY COUNTY.

GEORGE W. WILTSE, Auditor.

JOHN FRUMP, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$11,706 58	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,320 08
Assessed by Treasurer.....	179 00	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,500 71
Delinquencies Collected.....	360 84	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	690 13
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,529 37	Library Tax Delinquent.....	69 01
Assessed by Treasurer.....	116 00	Erroneous Assessments.....	237 82
Delinquencies Collected.....	171 15	Taxes Refunded.....	43 31
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,125 23	Printing.....	142 08
Assessed by Treasurer.....	40 40	Treasurer's Fees.....	268 09
Delinquencies Collected.....	178 55	Mileage.....	1 92
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	412 52	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	9,503 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 00	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,225 73
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	554 87	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,488 98
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	521 87
		Soldier's Relief Fund paid State Treasurer.....	554 87
Total	\$25,378 51	Total	\$25,378 51

NO. 12. CLINTON COUNTY.

JOHN W. ULM, Auditor.

ISAAC D. ARMSTRONG, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$16,701 85	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,234 41
Assessed by Treasurer.....	47 73	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,438 52
Delinquencies Collected.....	574 63	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	616 56
School Tax on Duplicate.....	10,740 19	Library Tax Delinquent.....	61 66
Assessed by Treasurer.....	50 74	Taxes Refunded.....	12 97
Delinquencies Collected.....	316 73	Treasurer's Fees.....	309 33
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,915 73	Mileage.....	8 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 39	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	14,854 13
Delinquencies Collected.....	500 84	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9,635 49
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	591 56	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,442 50
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 63	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	523 46
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	865 73	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	865 73
Total.....	\$36,012 75	Total.....	\$36,312 75

NO. 13. CRAWFORD COUNTY.

DUNBAR PATRICK, Auditor.

WALTER L. SEACATT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$5,542 78	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$996 65
Assessed by Treasurer.....	32 27	School Tax Delinquent.....	645 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	109 46	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	277 73
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,572 12	Library Tax Delinquent.....	27 77
Assessed by Treasurer.....	21 21	Erroneous Assessments.....	22 08
Delinquencies Collected.....	53 21	Treasurer's Fees.....	163 75
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,846 33	Mileage.....	27 70
Assessed by Treasurer.....	7 29	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	4,534 35
Delinquencies Collected.....	53 21	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,992 87
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	184 63	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,579 35
Assessed by Treasurer.....	73	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	159 64
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	270 97	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	270 97
Total.....	\$11,691 21	Total.....	\$11,691 21

NO. 14. DAVIESS COUNTY.

R. N. READ, Auditor.

WM. SANDFORD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,198 63	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,205 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 71	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,408 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	814 62	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	600 08
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,843 08	Library Tax Delinquent.....	59 97
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 42	Taxes Refunded.....	15 04
Delinquencies Collected.....	429 62	Treasurer's Fees.....	240 62
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,581 31	Mileage.....	91 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	6 21	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,788 27
Delinquencies Collected.....	363 08	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,020 35
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	428 11	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,075 28
Assessed by Treasurer.....	59	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	371 21
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	608 88	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	408 88
Railroad Tax Collected.....	473 20		
Total.....	\$27,485 76	Total.....	\$27,485 76

NO. 15. DEARBORN COUNTY.

RICHARD D. SLATER, SR., Auditor.

THOMAS KILNER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$25,014 30	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,279 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	113 97	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,475 92
Delinquencies Collected.....	119 17	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	620 79
School Tax on Duplicate.....	16,064 30	Library Tax Delinquent.....	61 69
Assessed by Treasurer.....	92 78	Erroneous Assessments.....	401 71
Delinquencies Collected.....	76 27	Taxes Refunded.....	130 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	9,159 46	Treasurer's Fees.....	491 38
Assessed by Treasurer.....	46 74	Mileage.....	16 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	47 67	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	23,063 94
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	917 46	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15,018 45
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 63	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,686 19
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,391 25	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	868 80
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,456 76	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,391 25
Total.....	\$51,535 36	Total.....	\$51,535 36

NO. 16. DECATUR COUNTY.

JOHN D. SPILMAN, Auditor.

THOMAS B. PERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$23,960 00	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$9,170 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	687 99	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,438 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	713 02	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	538 69
School Tax on Duplicate.....	15,245 68	Library Tax Delinquent.....	94 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	377 95	Erroneous Assessments.....	383 32
Delinquencies Collected.....	361 41	Taxes Refunded.....	67 59
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,872 88	Printing.....	91 02
Assessed by Treasurer.....	223 49	Treasurer's Fees.....	313 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	357 61	Mileage.....	7 32
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	888 96	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	22,019 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	22 26	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	14,052 42
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,253 90	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,405 64
Railroad Tax Collected.....	767 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	797 21
Total.....	\$53,433 29	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,253 90
		Total.....	\$53,433 29

NO. 17. DEKALB COUNTY.

GEORGE KAHLMAN, Auditor.

LEWIS J. BLAIR, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$3,395 34	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,562 30
Assessed by Treasurer.....	19 56	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,004 43
Delinquencies Collected.....	268 85	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	420 67
School Tax on Duplicate.....	6,051 04	Erroneous Assessments.....	67 94
Assessed by Treasurer.....	12 52	Printing.....	71 62
Delinquencies Collected.....	134 40	Treasurer's Fees.....	228 97
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	3,157 53	Mileage.....	55 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	7 82	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	8,217 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	134 40	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5,428 21
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	485 65	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,940 38
Railroad Tax Collected.....	816 00	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	485 65
Total.....	\$20,483 11	Total.....	\$20,483 11

NO. 18. DELAWARE COUNTY.

J. L. McClintock, Auditor.

FRANK ELLIS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,317 00	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,718 01
Assessed by Treasurer.....	151 10	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,758 11
Delinquencies Collected.....	742 25	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	808 51
School Tax on Duplicate.....	13,050 68	Erroneous Assessments.....	80 85
Assessed by Treasurer.....	97 95	Printing.....	295 33
Delinquencies Collected.....	370 76	Treasurer's Fees.....	100 02
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,409 80	Mileage.....	436 13
Assessed by Treasurer.....	41 85	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17 28
Delinquencies Collected.....	256 12	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	18,321 28
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	710 98	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	11,922 31
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 18	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,889 51
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,068 27	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	663 43
Railroad Tax Collected.....	741 10		1,068 27
Total.....	\$44,992 04	Total.....	\$44,992 04

NO. 19. DUBOIS COUNTY.

THEODORE SONDERMANN, Auditor.

EDWARD STEPHENSON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$7,527 21	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$743 47
Assessed by Treasurer.....	35 78	School Tax Delinquent.....	481 15
Delinquencies Collected.....	149 12	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	217 29
School Tax on Duplicate.....	4,908 33	Library Tax Delinquent.....	21 72
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 05	Erroneous Assessments.....	43 72
Delinquencies Collected.....	68 55	Taxes Refunded.....	17 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,047 38	Printing.....	23 12
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 91	Treasurer's Fees.....	182 18
Delinquencies Collected.....	74 58	Mileage.....	40 80
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	264 74	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	6,819 62
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 20	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,499 46
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	411 15	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,153 25
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	239 07
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	411 15
Total.....	\$16,223 00	Total.....	\$16,223 00

NO. 20. ELKHART COUNTY.

E. W. H. ELLIS, Auditor.

HIRAM MORGAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,937 86	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,078 33
Assessed by Treasurer.....	179 79	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,347 38
Delinquencies Collected.....	332 43	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	573 65
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,831 70	Library Tax Delinquent.....	57 34
Assessed by Treasurer.....	116 08	Treasurer's Fees.....	494 61
Delinquencies Collected.....	182 32	Mileage.....	33 60
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,265 81	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	21,846 15
Assessed by Treasurer.....	56 57	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	14,313 72
Delinquencies Collected.....	105 77	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,984 92
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	827 25	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	794 54
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 66	Soldiers Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,303 22
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	1,303 22		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,664 00		
Total	\$50,827 46	Total	\$50,827 46

NO. 21. FAYETTE COUNTY.

JAMES ELLIOTT, Auditor.

JAMES R. RHODES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$17,427 54	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,538 19
Assessed by Treasurer.....	68 90	School Tax Delinquent.....	395 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	546 36	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	451 47
School Tax on Duplicate.....	11,183 16	Library Tax Delinquent.....	45 44
Assessed by Treasurer.....	44 23	Erroneous Assessments.....	383 51
Delinquencies Collected.....	273 19	Treasurer's Fees.....	322 61
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,527 93	Mileage.....	9 60
Assessed by Treasurer.....	25 47	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	16,124 17
Delinquencies Collected.....	273 19	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10,401 25
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	652 79	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,232 47
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	595 91
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	939 81	Soldier's Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	939 81
Railroad Tax Collected.....	77 59		
Total	\$38,042 71	Total	\$38,042 71

NO. 22. FLOYD COUNTY.

CHARLES SACKETT, Auditor.

WALTER L. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
\$21,068 99	Revenue on Duplicate.....		\$3,842 84
105 50	Assessed by Treasurer.....		2,449 59
719 14	Delinquencies Collected.....		1,214 05
13,139 36	School Tax on Duplicate.....		121 41
67 98	Assessed by Treasurer.....		401 55
313 71	Delinquencies Collected.....		166 88
7,731 90	Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....		414 40
35 30	Assessed by Treasurer.....		17 54
329 55	Delinquencies Collected.....		17,430 59
773 18	School Tax on Duplicate.....		11,273 98
3 52	Assessed by Treasurer.....		6,679 50
1,610 43	Library Tax on Duplicate.....		632 80
	Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		1,010 43
Total		Total.....	\$45,658 56

NO. 23. FOUNTAIN COUNTY.

DAVID WEBB, Auditor.

JAMES W. KING, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
\$19,060 90	Revenue on Duplicate.....		\$2,628 17
7 50	Assessed by Treasurer.....		1,698 52
595 47	Delinquencies Collected.....		803 77
12,242 03	School Tax on Duplicate.....		89 34
4 38	Assessed by Treasurer.....		305 88
206 60	Delinquencies Collected.....		16 00
6,978 81	Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....		16,803 25
39	Assessed by Treasurer.....		10,855 09
297 75	Delinquencies Collected.....		6,291 79
697 00	School Tax on Duplicate.....		609 46
980 02	Assessed by Treasurer.....		980 02
	Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		
Total		Total.....	\$41,172 29

NO. 24. FRANKLIN COUNTY.

C. B. BENTLEY, Auditor.

BENJAMIN H. WEST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,444 14	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,916 63
Assessed by Treasurer.....	207 62	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,240 03
Delinquencies Collected.....	555 03	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	563 56
School Tax on Duplicate.....	13,131 81	Library Tax Delinquent.....	56 40
Assessed by Treasurer.....	134 74	Taxes Refunded.....	176 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	277 52	Printing.....	53 49
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,464 56	Treasurer's Fees.....	354 88
Assessed by Treasurer.....	54 82	Mileage.....	12 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	277 52	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	18,900 85
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	746 46	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	12,200 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 48	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,079 52
Five Per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,117 84	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	686 14
Total.....	\$44,417 54	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,117 84
		Total.....	\$44,417 54

NO. 25. FULTON COUNTY.

A. J. HOLMES, Auditor.

WILLIAM STURGEON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$7,168 03	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,387 80
Assessed by Treasurer.....	31 09	School Tax Delinquent.....	897 67
Delinquencies Collected.....	185 40	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	408 26
School Tax on Duplicate.....	4,616 97	Library Tax Delinquent.....	40 86
Assessed by Treasurer.....	20 09	Taxes Refunded.....	77 88
Delinquencies Collected.....	95 04	Treasurer's Fees.....	152 27
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,437 27	Mileage.....	29 88
Assessed by Treasurer.....	9 12	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	5,818 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	91 87	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	3,808 88
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	243 73	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,077 90
Assessed by Treasurer.....	344 42	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	198 57
Five per cent Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	344 42
Total.....	\$15,243 04	Total.....	\$15,243 04

NO. 26. GIBSON COUNTY.

WILLIS S. HARGROVE, Auditor.

CALEB TREPPET, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$19,812 64	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,392 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	217 36	School Tax Delinquent.....	899 05
Delinquencies Collected.....	186 96	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	504 71
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,724 38	Library Tax Delinquent.....	49 86
Assessed by Treasurer.....	158 87	Erroneous Assessments.....	110 01
Delinquencies Collected.....	116 66	Treasurer's Fees.....	393 06
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,240 62	Mileage.....	25 12
Assessed by Treasurer.....	90 39	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	18,501 73
Delinquencies Collected.....	71 90	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	12,066 27
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	718 25	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,769 42
Assessed by Treasurer.....	8 97	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	664 63
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,110 25	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,110 25
Total.....	\$12,487 25	Total.....	\$12,487 25

NO. 27. GRANT COUNTY.

WILLIAM NEAL, Auditor.

JAMES BROWNLEE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,826 57	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,969 05
Assessed by Treasurer.....	66 50	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,273 06
Delinquencies Collected.....	783 15	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	599 00
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,053 28	Library Tax Delinquent.....	59 72
Assessed by Treasurer.....	42 50	Erroneous Assessments.....	650 44
Delinquencies Collected.....	434 61	Treasurer's Fees.....	229 99
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,166 71	Mileage.....	48 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	20 31	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,229 71
Delinquencies Collected.....	260 80	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,108 99
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	416 69	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,561 40
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 01	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	373 80
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	632 19	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	632 19
Total.....	\$27,735 38	Total.....	\$27,735 38

NO. 28. GREENE COUNTY.

JOSEPH LYONS, Auditor.

DANIEL A. BYNUM, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,887 63	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,725 11
Assessed by Treasurer.....	65 07	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,762 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	576 95	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	808 30
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,290 45	Library Tax Delinquent.....	80 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	42 09	Treasurer's Fees.....	279 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	314 08	Mileage.....	12 80
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,518 74	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,502 94
Assessed by Treasurer.....	24 72	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,883 77
Delinquencies Collected.....	503 13	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,495 47
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	451 86	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	306 25
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 43	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	607 55
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	607 55		
Total.....	\$28,085 30	Total.....	\$28,085 30

NO. 29. HAMILTON COUNTY.

JOHN H. PFARR, Auditor.

JOHN F. MCCLELLAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$16,223 91	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,441 34
Assessed by Treasurer.....	87 09	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,501 79
Delinquencies Collected.....	460 13	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	736 43
School Tax on Duplicate.....	10,431 71	Library Tax Delinquent.....	73 64
Assessed by Treasurer.....	56 29	Erroneous Assessments.....	187 22
Delinquencies Collected.....	235 01	Treasurer's Fees.....	295 31
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,771 14	Mileage.....	3 50
Assessed by Treasurer.....	26 70	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	13,999 94
Delinquencies Collected.....	215 03	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9,069 45
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	578 12	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,172 19
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 65	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	497 63
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	821 71	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	821 71
Total.....	\$34,999 55	Total.....	\$34,999 55

NO. 30. HANCOCK COUNTY.

L. SPARKS, Auditor.

NELSON BRADLEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$13,832 64	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,796 28
Assessed by Treasurer.....	90 68	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,161 95
Delinquencies Collected.....	302 38	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	523 80
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,887 30	Library Tax Delinquent.....	53 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....	58 28	Erroneous Assessments.....	153 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	132 86	Taxes Refunded.....	5 18
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,017 07	Printing.....	58 99
Assessed by Treasurer.....	31 82	Treasurer's Fees.....	322 49
Delinquencies Collected.....	149 98	Mileage.....	3 20
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	501 70	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	12,077 77
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 12	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,887 88
Delinquencies Collected.....	48 48	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,528 47
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	712 98	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	428 13
Total.....	\$29,741 29	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	712 98
		Total.....	\$29,741 29

NO. 31. HARRISON COUNTY.

WILLIAM S. MILLER, Auditor.

ELIJAH H. RICHARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$3,009 25	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,745 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	91 33	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,152 17
Delinquencies Collected.....	171 12	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	470 39
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,415 19	Library Tax Delinquent.....	46 97
Assessed by Treasurer.....	62 03	Erroneous Assessments.....	29 51
Delinquencies Collected.....	85 56	Taxes Refunded.....	86 01
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,407 53	Treasurer's Fees.....	255 40
Assessed by Treasurer.....	14 43	Mileage.....	36 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	85 56	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,399 37
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	416 27	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,333 11
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 46	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,014 00
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	682 28	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	394 03
Total.....	\$27,595 01	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	682 28
		Total.....	\$27,595 01

NO. 32. HENDRICKS COUNTY.

LAWRENCE S. SHULER, Auditor.

ERASTUS F. HUNT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$23,341 91	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,667 49
Assessed by Treasurer.....	142 69	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,724 56
Delinquencies Collected.....	439 53	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	805 69
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,987 08	Library Tax Delinquent.....	80 55
Assessed by Treasurer.....	91 83	Erroneous Assessments.....	113 30
Delinquencies Collected.....	249 76	Treasurer's Fees.....	508 89
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,600 08	Mileage.....	3 50
Assessed by Treasurer.....	49 86	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	21,452 53
Delinquencies Collected.....	249 75	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	13,921 80
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	809 95	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,170 30
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 00	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	792 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,265 24	Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,265 24
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,152 67		
Railroad Tax Collected.....			
Total.....	\$51,506 35	Total.....	\$51,506 35

NO. 33. HENRY COUNTY.

THOMAS ROGERS, Auditor.

MORGAN JAMES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$26,357 09	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,484 59
Assessed by Treasurer.....	67 36	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,587 23
Delinquencies Collected.....	93 63	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	742 76
School Tax on Duplicate.....	16,851 63	Library Tax Delinquent.....	79 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	43 80	Erroneous Assessments.....	194 15
Delinquencies Collected.....	47 48	Treasurer's Fees.....	493 87
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	9,648 19	Mileage.....	7 52
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 46	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	23,903 05
Delinquencies Collected.....	46 81	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15,497 39
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	971 17	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,940 60
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 65	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	891 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,437 49	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,437 49
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	676 00		
Railroad Tax Collected.....			
Total.....	\$56,238 76	Total.....	\$56,238 76

NO. 34. HOWARD COUNTY.

JAMES A. WILDMAN, Auditor.

JOHN W. LOVIN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$13,877 57	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,666 27
Assessed by Treasurer.....	94 41	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,723 02
Delinquencies Collected.....	539 76	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	817 52
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,928 54	Library Tax Delinquent.....	81 71
Assessed by Treasurer.....	61 02	Erroneous Assessments.....	92 98
Delinquencies Collected.....	265 38	Treasurer's Fees.....	259 69
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,919 04	Mileage.....	10 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	29 57	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,779 47
Delinquencies Collected.....	255 38	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,560 06
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	431 88	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,411 19
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 85	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	414 67
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	714 15	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	714 15
Railroad Tax Collected.....	287 31		
Total.....	\$30,510 76	Total.....	\$30,510 76

NO. 35. HUNTINGTON COUNTY.

M. B. BRANDT, Auditor.

JACOB MISHLER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,755 17	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,482 08
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 76	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,413 41
Delinquencies Collected.....	599 61	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	619 94
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,298 87	Library Tax Delinquent.....	62 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 66	Erroneous Assessments.....	291 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	309 94	Printing.....	16 20
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,418 63	Treasurer's Fees.....	212 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 28	Mileage.....	19 20
Delinquencies Collected.....	299 02	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,899 07
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	411 81	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,038 06
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,002 22
Delinquencies Collected.....	626 49	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	370 63
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	626 49
Total.....	\$27,662 80	Total.....	\$27,662 80

NO. 36. JACKSON COUNTY.

SAMUEL W. HOLMES, Auditor.

JAMES H. GREEN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,583 84	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,110 44
Assessed by Treasurer.....	153 22	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,010 47
Delinquencies Collected.....	148 41	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	917 78
School Tax on Duplicate.....	13,223 95	Erroneous Assessments.....	302 34
Assessed by Treasurer.....	99 58	Taxes Re-fund.....	277 89
Delinquencies Collected.....	74 09	Treasurer's Fees.....	391 51
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,475 61	Mileage.....	24 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	38 48	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,414 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	64 15	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,221 40
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,074 23	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,510 27
Railroad Tax Collected.....	350 00	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,054 23
Total.....	\$43,265 23	Total.....	\$43,265 23

NO. 37. JASPER COUNTY.

D. T. HALSTEAD, Auditor.

THOMAS BOROUGHS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$5,786 68	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,449 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	35 64	School Tax Delinquent.....	932 58
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,214 10	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	492 89
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,715 92	Library Tax Delinquent.....	49 30
Assessed by Treasurer.....	21 55	Erroneous Assessments.....	102 42
Delinquencies Collected.....	631 37	Taxes Re-fund.....	107 44
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,123 70	Printing.....	116 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 64	Treasurer's Fees.....	147 63
Delinquencies Collected.....	533 72	Mileage.....	20 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	212 56	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	5,274 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 16	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	3,374 04
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	254 46	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,060 39
Total.....	\$14,541 10	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	158 84
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	254 46
		Total.....	\$14,541 10

NO. 38. JAY COUNTY.

WM. G. SUTTON, Auditor.

JOHN COULSON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$8,839 40	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,417 03
Delinquencies Collected.....	53 76	School Tax Delinquent.....	929 21
School Tax on Duplicate.....	442 34	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	438 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5,685 00	Library Tax Delinquent.....	43 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	34 55	Erroneous Assessment.....	167 10
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	221 27	Treasurer's Fees.....	965 17
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3,119 35	Mileage.....	53 75
Delinquencies Collected.....	21 58	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	7,000 40
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	176 91	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,654 89
Assessed by Treasurer.....	311 92	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,801 95
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	2 20	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	262 72
Total.....	\$19,315 45	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	437 14
		Total.....	\$19,345 45

NO. 39. JEFFERSON COUNTY.

JAMES W. DEPUTY, Auditor.

WM. Y. MONROE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,227 11	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,424 46
Assessed by Treasurer.....	184 31	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,573 21
Delinquencies Collected.....	243 66	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	648 55
School Tax on Duplicate.....	11,285 95	Erroneous Assessments.....	509 96
Assessed by Treasurer.....	118 73	Taxes Refunded.....	9 95
Delinquencies Collected.....	121 83	Treasurer's Fees.....	386 89
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,966 85	Mileage.....	13 76
Assessed by Treasurer.....	62 02	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	19,761 52
Delinquencies Collected.....	121 83	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	12,869 59
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,181 77	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,257 42
Railroad Tax Collected.....	162 02	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,181 77
Total.....	\$46,677 08	Total.....	\$46,677 08

NO. 40. JENNINGS COUNTY.

PATRICK D. BAUGHN, Auditor.

ROBT. D. McCAMMEN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$11,541 02	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,837 44
Assessed by Treasurer.....	46 86	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,191 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	154 65	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	497 98
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,426 04	Library Tax Delinquent.....	49 80
Assessed by Treasurer.....	30 09	Treasurer's Fees.....	232 11
Delinquencies Collected.....	78 46	Mileage.....	10 50
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,019 98	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,100 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 71	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,580 43
Delinquencies Collected.....	77 32	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,703 63
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	401 98	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	302 57
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 60	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	602 58
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	632 58		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	172 20		
Total.....	\$25,108 49	Total.....	\$25,108 49

NO. 41. JOHNSON COUNTY.

WM. H. BARNETT, Auditor.

WM. S. RAGSDALE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,475 01	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,185 09
Assessed by Treasurer.....	210 41	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,114 99
Delinquencies Collected.....	349 95	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	626 56
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,433 29	Library Tax Delinquent.....	62 67
Assessed by Treasurer.....	135 40	Erroneous Assessments.....	60 66
Delinquencies Collected.....	130 38	Taxes Refunded.....	37 11
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,250 79	Printing.....	57 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	71 58	Treasurer's Fees.....	412 68
Delinquencies Collected.....	126 59	Mileage.....	3 20
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	825 06	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	20,379 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	7 13	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	13,281 25
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,217 82	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,693 18
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,737 09
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,217 82
Total.....	\$48,223 46	Total.....	\$48,223 46

NO. 42. KNOX COUNTY.

H. A. FOULKS, Auditor.

W. W. BERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$48,893 17	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$4,869 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	119 75	School Tax Delinquent.....	5,131 01
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,619 42	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,016 81
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,123 19	Library Tax Delinquent.....	161 72
Assessed by Treasurer.....	75 16	Erroneous Assessments.....	89 63
Delinquencies Collected.....	869 90	Taxes Refunded.....	7 56
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,953 23	Printing.....	51 33
Assessed by Treasurer.....	47 00	Treasurer's Fees.....	316 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	899 90	Mileage.....	21 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	693 32	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	15,310 63
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 75	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	9,790 02
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	835 17	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,983 95
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	523 73
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	855 17
		Errors adding up Duplicate.....	273 28
Total.....	\$42,975 57	Total.....	\$42,975 57

NO. 43. KOSCIUSKO COUNTY.

WILLIAM B. FUNK, Auditor.

E. MOON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$49,042 72	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,901 21
Assessed by Treasurer.....	135 77	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,879 39
Delinquencies Collected.....	635 08	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	849 12
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,241 98	Library Tax Delinquent.....	85 05
Assessed by Treasurer.....	87 62	Treasurer's Fees.....	443 72
Delinquencies Collected.....	347 58	Mileage.....	20 16
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,750 45	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,044 63
Assessed by Treasurer.....	45 74	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	11,103 70
Delinquencies Collected.....	301 67	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,324 57
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	674 92	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	101 90
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 47	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	993 67
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	993 67		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	984 48		
Total.....	\$42,252 15	Total.....	\$42,252 15

NO. 44. LAGRANGE COUNTY.

P. N. WILCOX, Auditor.

JACOB NEWMAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$13,117 32	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,513 51
Assessed by Treasurer.....	160 49	School Tax Delinquent.....	979 63
Delinquencies Collected.....	370 10	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	440 64
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,430 13	Library Tax Delinquent.....	44 05
Assessed by Treasurer.....	104 21	Erroneous Assessments.....	236 56
Delinquencies Collected.....	206 93	Treasurer's Fees.....	292 35
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,721 63	Mileage.....	32 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	42 31	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,770 32
Delinquencies Collected.....	119 46	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,681 13
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	472 17	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,236 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 21	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	421 96
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	692 25	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	692 25
Total.....	\$28,441 21	Total.....	\$28,441 21

NO. 45. LAKE COUNTY.

JAMES H. LUTHER, Auditor.

JOHN KROST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$7,872 97	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,190 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 63	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,054 09
Delinquencies Collected.....	298 54	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,094 15
School Tax on Duplicate.....	5,080 91	Library Tax Delinquent.....	169 43
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 33	Erroneous Assessments.....	5 93
Delinquencies Collected.....	153 67	Treasurer's Fees.....	233 60
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,815 59	Mileage.....	31 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 46	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	5,493 79
Delinquencies Collected.....	145 16	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	3,614 64
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	281 14	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,088 85
Assessed by Treasurer.....	316 09	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	194 38
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,474 72	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	316 09
Railroad Tax Collected.....			
Total.....	\$18,426 76	Total.....	\$18,426 76

NO. 45. LAPORTE COUNTY.

JOHN WALTON, Auditor.

D. C. ALEXANDER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$24,800 95	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,903 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	405 64	School Tax Delinquent.....	3,167 69
School Tax on Duplicate.....	15,961 91	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,520 75
Delinquencies Collected.....	202 82	Library Tax Delinquent.....	152 07
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,880 59	Erroneous Assessments.....	149 80
Delinquencies Collected.....	202 84	Taxes Refunded.....	28 40
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	588 06	Treasurer's Fees.....	557 00
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,257 91	Mileage.....	23 04
Railroad Tax Collected.....	2,146 75	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	29,874 27
		School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15,088 07
		Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,794 92
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	759 19
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,257 51
Total.....	\$54,777 07	Total.....	\$54,777 07

NO. 47. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

ANDREW GELWICK, Auditor.

HUGH ERWIN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$19,475 65	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,473 30
Assessed by Treasurer.....	86 83	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,070 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	196 39	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	669 32
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,823 45	Library Tax Delinquent.....	66 92
Assessed by Treasurer.....	55 58	Printing.....	14 23
Delinquencies Collected.....	95 40	Treasurer's Fees.....	479 40
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,291 81	Mileage.....	12 60
Assessed by Treasurer.....	34 72	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	18,230 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	97 66	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,904 63
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	759 16	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,717 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 63	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	682 40
Delinquencies Collected.....	23	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,093 03
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,093 05		
Total.....	\$42,563 49	Total.....	\$42,593 49

NO. 48. MADISON COUNTY.

JAMES M. DICKSON, Auditor.

Wm. M. Noland, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,989 14	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,988 27
Assessed by Treasurer.....	111 34	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,573 05
Delinquencies Collected.....	725 61	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,286 54
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,909 13	Library Tax Delinquent.....	128 67
Assessed by Treasurer.....	73 04	Erroneous Assessments.....	254 92
Delinquencies Collected.....	362 79	Printing.....	60 26
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,251 42	Treasurer's Fees.....	331 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	27 51	Mileage.....	5 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	362 79	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	16,537 25
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	725 45	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10,623 48
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 75	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,200 26
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	937 32	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	583 73
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	937 32
Total.....	\$43,601 29	Total.....	\$43,601 29

NO. 49. MARION COUNTY.

JACOB T. WRIGHT, Auditor.

GEO. F. MEYER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$87,316 39	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$13,418 91
Delinquencies Collected.....	2,210 12	School Tax Delinquent.....	8,622 37
School Tax on Duplicate.....	55,986 50	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	5,084 96
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,430 10	Library Tax Delinquent.....	768 60
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	32,987 09	Erroneous Assessments.....	706 24
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,025 43	Taxes refunded.....	169 58
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	3,299 05	Treasurer's Fees.....	1,256 29
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	4,378 49	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	74,757 05
		School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	48,221 20
		Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	28,421 71
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,739 76
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,378 49
Total.....	\$188,935 17	Total.....	\$188,935 17

NO. 50. MARTIN COUNTY.

JAMES C. O'BRIEN, Auditor.

EPIRAIM MOSES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$5,629 44	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,035 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	45 00	School Tax Delinquent.....	654 38
Delinquencies Collected.....	200 28	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	287 90
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,625 54	Library Tax Delinquent.....	28 71
Assessed by Treasurer.....	27 20	Treasurer's Fees.....	236 20
Delinquencies Collected.....	169 14	Mileage.....	16 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,908 75	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	4,897 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	18 00	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	3,262 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	160 14	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,777 15
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	190 88	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	167 62
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 80	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	285 62
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	285 62		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	507 00		
Total.....	\$12,648 79	Total.....	\$12,648 79

NO. 51. MARSHALL COUNTY.

ALEXANDER C. THOMPSON, Auditor.

D. O. QUIVEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$11,679 52	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,180 93
Assessed by Treasurer.....	278 10	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,289 08
Delinquencies Collected.....	757 38	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	629 86
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,461 41	Library Tax Delinquent.....	64 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	178 05	Erroneous Assessments.....	220 80
Delinquencies Collected.....	378 69	Taxes Refunded.....	42 02
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,150 13	Printing.....	21 15
Assessed by Treasurer.....	111 24	Treasurer's Fees.....	325 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	378 69	Mileage.....	32 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	487 08	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,592 69
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 13	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,939 35
Delinquencies Collected.....	602 00	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,042 74
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Fund.....	945 33	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	426 94
Railroad Tax Collected.....		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	602 00
Total.....	\$27,418 75	Total.....	\$27,418 75

NO. 52. MIAMI COUNTY.

M. D. ELLIS, Auditor.

O. P. WEBB, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$17,123 63	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,805 41
Assessed by Treasurer.....	132 86	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,171 12
Delinquencies Collected.....	725 00	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,485 11
School Tax on Duplicate.....	11,009 57	Library Tax Delinquent.....	44 11
Assessed by Treasurer.....	84 92	Erroneous Assessments.....	191 51
Delinquencies Collected.....	453 70	Treasurer's Fees.....	302 76
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,087 27	Mileage.....	12 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	34 73	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	15,851 57
Delinquencies Collected.....	71 59	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10,303 79
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	608 72	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,409 82
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 47	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	558 17
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	917 28	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	917 28
Total.....	\$37,252 65	Total.....	\$37,252 65

NO. 53. MONROE COUNTY.

MILTON McPHERTRIDGE, Auditor.

P. L. D. MITCHELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$13,307 77	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,675 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	162 29	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,077 36
Delinquencies Collected.....	294 25	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	477 03
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,536 88	Library Tax Delinquent.....	48 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	103 93	Erroneous Assessments.....	220 11
Delinquencies Collected.....	165 07	Treasurer's Fees.....	294 17
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,793 97	Mileage.....	8 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....	59 81	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,817 59
Delinquencies Collected.....	90 60	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,692 86
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	477 70	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,373 63
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 91	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	424 05
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	693 88	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	693 88
Railroad Tax Collected.....	110 93		
Total.....	\$28,802 99	Total.....	\$28,802 99

NO. 51. MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

ISAAC M. VANCE, Auditor.

ROBERT F. BECK, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$31,486 26	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,050 31
Assessed by Treasurer.....	155 70	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,972 02
Delinquencies Collected.....	562 00	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	922 84
School Tax on Duplicate.....	20,243 38	Library Tax Delinquent.....	92 28
Assessed by Treasurer.....	292 66	Erroneous Assessments.....	259 69
Delinquencies Collected.....	291 33	Treasurer's Fees.....	470 35
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	11,661 83	Mileage.....	7 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	166 97	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	28,987 53
Delinquencies Collected.....	251 83	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	18,736 50
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,166 19	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	10,992 64
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 67	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,074 33
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,716 44	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,716 44
Total.....	\$68,282 16	Total.....	\$68,282 16

NO. 55. MORGAN COUNTY.

WM. A. S. MITCHELL, Auditor.

JACOB ADAMS, Sr., Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$16,238 02	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,071 27
Assessed by Treasurer.....	110 06	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,315 82
Delinquencies Collected.....	626 00	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	822 47
School Tax on Duplicate.....	10,514 15	Library Tax Delinquent.....	134 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	85 00	Erroneous Assessments.....	910 60
Delinquencies Collected.....	423 35	Taxes Refunded.....	74 46
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,531 06	Treasurer's Fees.....	315 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	58 00	Mileage.....	28 80
Delinquencies Collected.....	225 00	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	14,289 49
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	591 72	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9,433 65
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 00	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,678 59
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	817 43	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	436 52
Total.....	\$36,328 71	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	817 43
		Total.....	\$36,328 71

NO. 56. NEWTON COUNTY.

JOHN ADE, Auditor.

SAMUEL BRAMBLE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$4,207 42	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,062 58
Assessed by Treasurer.....	28 24	School Tax Delinquent.....	685 69
Delinquencies Collected.....	533 69	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	339 50
School Tax on Duplicate.....	2,702 97	Library Tax Delinquent.....	34 83
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 52	Erroneous Assessments.....	5 20
Delinquencies Collected.....	274 03	Taxes Refunded.....	60 46
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,529 65	Printing.....	29 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	12 84	Treasurer's Fees.....	119 56
Delinquencies Collected.....	207 85	Mileage.....	25 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	152 97	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	3,545 55
Assessed by Treasurer.....	184 41	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,290 11
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	•	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,402 73
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	115 25
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	181 41
Total.....	\$9,909 97	Total.....	\$9,909 97

NO. 57. NOBLE COUNTY.

EDEN H. FISHER, Auditor.

LEWIS IDDINGS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$2,017 97	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,876 59
Assessed by Treasurer.....	233 52	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,217 82
Delinquencies Collected.....	217 27	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	514 66
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,741 34	Library Tax Delinquent.....	51 38
Assessed by Treasurer.....	151 82	Erroneous Assessments.....	195 68
Delinquencies Collected.....	142 35	Treasurer's Fees.....	227 90
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,104 50	Mileage.....	28 80
Assessed by Treasurer.....	65 38	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,774 68
Delinquencies Collected.....	76 94	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,059 25
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	410 32	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,834 05
Assessed by Treasurer.....	6 47	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	383 34
Delinquencies Collected.....	7 78	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	636 22
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	636 22		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	998 40		
Total.....	\$26,830 28	Total.....	\$26,830 28

NO. 58. OHIO COUNTY.

Solomon K. Kittle, Auditor.

Hugh S. Espey, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$4,866 16	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$515 85
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 88	School Tax Delinquent.....	333 75
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 43	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	136 62
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,122 18	Library Tax Delinquent.....	12 73
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 60	Erroneous Assessment.....	19 13
Delinquencies Collected.....	43 98	Treasurer's Fees.....	115 51
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,743 28	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	4,342 34
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 72	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,841 78
Delinquencies Collected.....	30 91	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,601 19
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	170 36	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	154 02
Assessed by Treasurer.....	42	Soldier's Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	257 78
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax..	257 78		
Total.....	\$10,360 70	Total.....	\$10,360 70

NO. 59. ORANGE COUNTY.

L. B. Coeswell, Auditor.

A. J. Rhodes, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,237 41	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,441 93
Assessed by Treasurer.....	30 82	School Tax Delinquent.....	934 90
Delinquencies Collected.....	217 76	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	428 25
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,840 10	Library Tax Delinquent.....	42 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	19 77	Erroneous Assessments.....	41 74
Delinquencies Collected.....	126 65	Taxes Refunded.....	18 41
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,383 76	Printing.....	36 64
Assessed by Treasurer.....	12 74	Treasurer's Fees.....	344 81
Delinquencies Collected.....	121 93	Mileage.....	28 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	436 72	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,771 77
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 16	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,631 31
Delinquencies Collected.....	640 26	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,984 97
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	37 28	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	385 37
Railroad Tax Collected.....		Soldier's Relief Fund paid State Treasurer.....	640 26
Total.....	\$26,137 17	Total.....	\$26,137 17

NO. 60. OWEN COUNTY.

A. J. Hays, Auditor.

JACOB V. WOLFE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$14,527 49	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,261 70
Delinquencies Collected.....	162 28	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,463 52
School Tax on Duplicate.....	9,439 08	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	664 11
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 17	Library Tax Delinquent.....	66 39
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,189 11	Treasurer's Fees.....	335 72
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 17	Mileage.....	8 64
Delinquencies Collected.....	518 90	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	12,200 62
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	729 15	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,970 22
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	43 02	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,526 74
Railroad Tax Collected.....		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	444 56
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	729 15
Total.....	\$30,671 57	Total.....	\$30,671 57

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NO. 61. PARKE COUNTY.

J. H. Tate, Auditor.

JOHN T. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$22,381 45	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,269 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	122 79	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,430 62
Delinquencies Collected.....	88 50	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	631 37
School Tax on Duplicate.....	14,977 19	Library Tax Delinquent.....	63 07
Assessed by Treasurer.....	79 17	Erroneous Assessments.....	167 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	49 49	Treasurer's Fees.....	454 05
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,152 81	Mileage.....	15 68
Assessed by Treasurer.....	40 13	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	19,069 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	41 50	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	13,018 01
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	815 24	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	7,461 82
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 90	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	742 74
Delinquencies Collected.....	1 12	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,201 11
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,201 11		
Total.....	\$47,357 49	Total.....	\$47,357 49

NO. 62. PERRY COUNTY.

T. J. De LA HUNT, Auditor.

SAMUEL K. CONNOR, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$9,879 56	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,147 96
Assessed by Treasurer.....	119 54	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,338 28
Delinquencies Collected.....	335 19	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	571 74
School Tax on Duplicate.....	6,379 09	Library Tax Delinquent.....	57 43
Assessed by Treasurer.....	71 62	Treasurer's Fees.....	217 31
Delinquencies Collected.....	187 62	Mileage.....	32 80
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	3,299 81	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	7,987 69
Assessed by Treasurer.....	31 01	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5,211 05
Delinquencies Collected.....	167 61	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,802 69
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	329 16	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	269 33
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3 16	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	467 83
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	457 83		
Total.....	\$24,211 11	Total.....	\$21,214 14

NO. 63. PIKE COUNTY.

WM. C. DAVENPORT, Auditor.

ALEXANDER LESLIE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$9,371 95	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,388 51
Assessed by Treasurer.....	56 78	School Tax Delinquent.....	898 67
Delinquencies Collected.....	474 66	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	465 39
School Tax on Duplicate.....	6,931 42	Library Tax Delinquent.....	28 02
Assessed by Treasurer.....	36 60	Printing.....	28 73
Delinquencies Collected.....	252 89	Treasurer's Fees.....	229 29
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	3,336 10	Mileage.....	24 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	18 82	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	8,306 89
Delinquencies Collected.....	139 57	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5,402 24
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	263 77	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,679 64
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 17	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	232 85
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	477 57	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	477 57
Total.....	\$20,501 10	Total.....	\$20,501 10

NO. 64. PORTER COUNTY.

Z. B. FIELD, Auditor.

S. W. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$10,646 34	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,681 98
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 25	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,470 44
Delinquencies Collected.....	555 24	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	779 67
School Tax on Duplicate.....	6,847 16	Library Tax Delinquent.....	77 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	14 87	Erroneous Assessments.....	49 16
Delinquencies Collected.....	282 23	Treasurer's Fees.....	235 10
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	3,755 72	Mileage.....	28 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....	9 29	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	9,408 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	277 62	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,111 50
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	375 54	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,581 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	53 43	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	329 47
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	53 68	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	536 68
Railroad Tax Collected.....	2,985 15		
Total.....	\$25,410 02	Total.....	\$25,110 02

NO. 65. POSEY COUNTY.

JOHN B. GARDINER, Auditor.

WILLIAM B. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$18,467 55	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,069 73
Assessed by Treasurer.....	149 80	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,983 22
Delinquencies Collected.....	315 01	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	948 87
School Tax on Duplicate.....	11,864 61	Library Tax Delinquent.....	94 87
Assessed by Treasurer.....	96 59	Erroneous Assessments.....	136 44
Delinquencies Collected.....	162 89	Taxes Refunded.....	52 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,766 31	Treasurer's Fees.....	433 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	48 17	Mileage.....	39 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	127 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	15,418 17
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	670 63	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10,082 68
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 71	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,788 71
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	916 66	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	567 45
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	916 66
Total.....	\$30,730 84	Total.....	\$30,530 84

NO. 66. PULASKI COUNTY.

JACOB NICKLES, Auditor.

ANDREW D. PERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$3,258 62	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,265 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	21 20	School Tax Delinquent.....	814 42
School Tax on Duplicate.....	435 50	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	406 97
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3,881 91	Library Tax Delinquent.....	41 62
Delinquencies Collected.....	13 57	Treasurer's Fees.....	164 37
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	242 60	Mileage.....	16 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1,845 92	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	4,315 80
Delinquencies Collected.....	6 65	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,823 65
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	158 00	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,562 05
Assessed by Treasurer.....	187 07	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	141 59
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	59	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	236 41
Total.....	\$11,787 85	Total.....	\$11,787 85

NO. 67. PUTNAM COUNTY.

E. T. KEIGHTLEY, Auditor.

W. E. D. BARNETT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,139 64	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,267 33
Assessed by Treasurer.....	195 41	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,465 46
Delinquencies Collected.....	190 32	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	691 54
School Tax on Duplicate.....	18,763 91	Library Tax Delinquent.....	69 14
Assessed by Treasurer.....	126 30	Erroneous Assessments.....	357 77
Delinquencies Collected.....	76 13	Taxes Refunded.....	296 19
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	10,837 15	Printing.....	6 67
Assessed by Treasurer.....	58 98	Treasurer's Fees.....	525 20
Delinquencies Collected.....	76 13	Mileage.....	5 40
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,083 68	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	27,242 32
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 89	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	17,695 24
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,640 31	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	10,283 81
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,441 57	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,028 04
Total.....	\$63,575 42	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,640 31
		Total.....	\$63,575 42

NO. 68. RANDOLPH COUNTY.

WM. E. MURRAY, Auditor.

A. M. OWENS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,924 43	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,680 11
Assessed by Treasurer.....	41 55	School Tax Delinquent.....	3,631 20
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,507 50	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,423 22
School Tax on Duplicate.....	13,327 47	Library Tax Delinquent.....	142 33
Assessed by Treasurer.....	25 60	Erroneous Assessments.....	130 30
Delinquencies Collected.....	825 15	Printing.....	41 11
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,494 65	Treasurer's Fees.....	473 43
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 63	Mileage.....	12 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	720 59	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,816 96
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	749 47	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,345 59
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 66	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,784 22
Delinquencies Collected.....	51	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	606 87
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	980 75	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	980 75
Railroad Tax Collected.....	769 13		
Total.....	\$17,477 09	Total.....	\$18,477 09

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NO. 69. RIPLEY COUNTY.

JOHN H. SMITH, Auditor.

ALEXANDER CONNELLY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$11,953 69	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,439 69
Assessed by Treasurer.....	62 55	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,537 80
Delinquencies Collected.....	633 20	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	705 36
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,634 54	Erroneous Assessments.....	239 45
Assessed by Treasurer.....	40 14	Taxes Refunded.....	52 29
Delinquencies Collected.....	317 97	Printing.....	41 16
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,113 91	Treasurer's Fees.....	238 69
Assessed by Treasurer.....	25 02	Mileage.....	11 36
Delinquencies Collected.....	315 10	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	9,814 36
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	562 01	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,102 92
		Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,609 43
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	562 01
Total.....	\$25,717 53	Total.....	\$25,717 53

NO. 70. RUSH COUNTY.

B. F. JOHNSON, Auditor.

E. H. M. BERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$27,011 55	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,201 95
Assessed by Treasurer.....	72 88	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,306 88
Delinquencies Collected.....	297 72	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	698 65
School Tax on Duplicate.....	17,221 70	Library Tax Delinquent.....	70 62
Assessed by Treasurer.....	46 88	Erroneous Assessments.....	106 34
Delinquencies Collected.....	188 86	Treasurer's Fees.....	529 92
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	10,071 62	Mileage.....	7 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	25 55	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	24,765 64
Delinquencies Collected.....	128 86	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15,999 61
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,401 79	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	9,358 71
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 56	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	919 78
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,478 00	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,478 00
Total.....	\$57,557 27	Total.....	\$57,557 27

NO. 71. SCOTT COUNTY.

AMBROSE D. HAWKINS, Auditor.

WALLACE FARMS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$5,356 85	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,052 59
Delinquencies Collected.....	191 66	School Tax Delinquent.....	(81 99)
School Tax on Duplicate.....	3,449 89	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	281 26
Delinquencies Collected.....	95 82	Library Tax Delinquent.....	98 12
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	1,849 94	Erroneous Assessments.....	153 32
Delinquencies Collected.....	95 83	Treasurer's Fees.....	193 63
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	181 98	Mileage.....	11 47
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	239 43	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	4,130 77
		School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,721 92
		Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,400 11
		Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	139 77
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	239 43
Total.....	\$11,431 41	Total.....	\$11,431 41

SQUIRE L. VANPELT, Auditor.

WILLIAM M. PHILLIPS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$24,168 26	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,897 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	138 16	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,518 02
Delinquencies Collected.....	656 14	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,200 11
School Tax on Duplicate.....	15,521 57	Library Tax Delinquent.....	120 43
Assessed by Treasurer.....	169 11	Erroneous Assessments.....	72 08
Delinquencies Collected.....	349 73	Treasurer's Fees.....	420 88
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	8,859 39	Mileage.....	4 16
Assessed by Treasurer.....	51 92	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	21,178 45
Delinquencies Collected.....	972 56	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15,768 31
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	885 93	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	8,011 55
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 22	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	753 97
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,229 09	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,229 09
Railroad Tax Collected.....	872 82		
Total.....	\$53,190 17	Total.....	\$53,190 17

NO. 73. SPENCER COUNTY.

SAMUEL LAIRD, Auditor.

R. T. KERCHEVAL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$15,299 45	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,032 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	76 62	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,703 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	196 79	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	768 18
School Tax on Duplicate.....	9,811 19	Library Tax Delinquent.....	76 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	49 47	Erroneous Assessments.....	84 10
Delinquencies Collected.....	101 52	Treasurer's Fees.....	271 22
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,376 05	Mileage.....	29 12
Assessed by Treasurer.....	21 01	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	12,883 77
Delinquencies Collected.....	89 02	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	8,261 90
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	531 09	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,028 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 40	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	151 30
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	758 10	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	758 10
Total.....	\$32,348 72	Total.....	\$32,348 72

NO. 74. STARKE COUNTY.

JAMES H. ADAMS, Auditor.

JOHN GOOD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$2,222 12	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$865 25
Assessed by Treasurer.....	37 25	School Tax Delinquent.....	615 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	338 45	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	326 10
School Tax on Duplicate.....	1,430 55	Library Tax Delinquent.....	32 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	23 84	Erroneous Assessments.....	17 37
Delinquencies Collected.....	165 50	Printing.....	81 55
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	782 91	Treasurer's Fees.....	125 53
Assessed by Treasurer.....	14 90	Mileage.....	27 70
Delinquencies Collected.....	168 40	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	1,701 09
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	78 33	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,147 98
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 49	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	664 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	87 65	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	52 78
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	544 78	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	87 45
Railroad Tax Collected.....			
Total.....	\$5,896 46	Total.....	\$5,896 46

NO. 75. ST. JOSEPH COUNTY.

W. J. HOLLOWAY, Auditor.

EZEKIEL GREENE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$20,151 27	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,650 85
Assessed by Treasurer.....	329 87	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,716 43
Delinquencies Collected.....	712 91	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	761 83
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,351 84	Library Tax Delinquent.....	76 22
Assessed by Treasurer.....	210 72	Erroneous Assessments.....	262 15
Delinquencies Collected.....	436 28	Printing.....	73 03
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	7,234 33	Treasurer's Fees.....	464 16
Assessed by Treasurer.....	131 63	Mileage.....	30 40
Delinquencies Collected.....	233 00	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	18,004 42
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	723 46	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,793 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	13 15	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,653 28
Delinquencies Collected.....	1 18	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	643 12
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,050 36	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,050 36
Total.....	\$44,180 03	Total.....	\$44,180 03

NO. 76. STEUBEN COUNTY.

FRANCIS MACARTNY, Auditor.

W. IRVING HOWARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$7,786 40	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,072 94
Assessed by Treasurer.....	54 23	School Tax Delinquent.....	690 81
Delinquencies Collected.....	211 52	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	293 31
School Tax on Duplicate.....	5,013 41	Library Tax Delinquent.....	29 27
Assessed by Treasurer.....	35 39	Erroneous Assessments.....	62 73
Delinquencies Collected.....	121 27	Treasurer's Fees.....	193 17
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,658 17	Mileage.....	42 90
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 16	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	6,704 04
Delinquencies Collected.....	70 49	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,454 15
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	265 76	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,388 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 10	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	231 87
Delinquencies Collected.....	401 03	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	401 03
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Total.....	\$16,629 93
Total.....	\$16,629 93		

NO. 77. SULLIVAN COUNTY.

F. BASLER, Auditor.

JOHN GILES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$14,939 77	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,482 35
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 48	School Tax Delinquent.....	2,189 40
Delinquencies Collected.....	650 11	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	990 54
School Tax on Duplicate.....	9,280 38	Erroneous Assessments.....	263 46
Assessed by Treasurer.....	10 31	Taxes Refunded.....	31 89
Delinquencies Collected.....	325 20	Printing.....	76 63
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,096 16	Treasurer's Fees.....	275 66
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 16	Mileage.....	16 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	323 95	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,706 77
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	645 86	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,335 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....		Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,279 21
Delinquencies Collected.....		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	645 86
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....		Total.....	\$31,293 38
Total.....	\$31,293 38		

NO. 78. SWITZERLAND COUNTY.

L. W. GORDON, Auditor.

ELI T. OGLE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$10,585 09	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,387 39
Assessed by Treasurer.....	67 31	School Tax Delinquent.....	901 85
Delinquencies Collected.....	162 90	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	346 13
School Tax on Duplicate.....	6,810 40	Erroneous Assessments.....	593 73
Assessed by Treasurer.....	43 52	Taxes Refunded.....	33 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 41	Printing.....	15 46
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	3,694 63	Treasurer's Fees.....	213 39
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 62	Mileage.....	16 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	81 41	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	8,939 43
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	325 75	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5,837 51
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	534 48	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,257 50
Total.....	\$22,402 58	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	325 75
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	534 48
		Total.....	\$22,402 58

NO. 79. TIPECANOE COUNTY.

A. J. CASTATER, Auditor.

SAMUEL C. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$43,632 16	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$7,083 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	441 89	School Tax Delinquent.....	4,573 98
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,225 64	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	2,196 58
School Tax on Duplicate.....	28,011 24	Library Tax Delinquent.....	219 65
Assessed by Treasurer.....	287 28	Erroneous Assessments.....	985 52
Delinquencies Collected.....	610 82	Taxes Refunded.....	67 26
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	16,152 97	Treasurer's Fees.....	679 59
Assessed by Treasurer.....	141 06	Mileage.....	10 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	612 42	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	37,932 88
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,615 29	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	24,467 84
Assessed by Treasurer.....	14 10	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	14,599 79
Delinquencies Collected.....	15	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,399 17
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	2,215 43	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,215 43
Railroad Tax Collected.....	1,489 85		
Total.....	\$96,453 30	Total.....	\$96,453 30

NO. 80. TIPTON COUNTY.

B. R. Groom, Auditor.

JAMES P. FOSTER, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$8,354 77	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,087 02
Assessed by Treasurer.....	25 40	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,339 78
Delinquencies Collected.....	727 65	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	733 94
School Tax on Duplicate.....	5,373 68	Library Tax Delinquent.....	74 35
Assessed by Treasurer.....	16 20	Erroneous Assessments.....	53 63
Delinquencies Collected.....	458 72	Treasurer's Fees.....	231 36
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,942 60	Mileage.....	6 40
Assessed by Treasurer.....	9 01	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	7,104 43
Delinquencies Collected.....	253 31	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,681 66
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	294 27	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,522 41
Assessed by Treasurer.....	90	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	221 06
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	381 46	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	381 46
Railroad Tax Collected.....	554 15		
Total.....	\$19,438 16	Total.....	\$19,438 16

NO. 81. UNION COUNTY.

ADIN K. BATES, Auditor.

WILLIAM POST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,527 36	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$77 60
Assessed by Treasurer.....	30 33	School Tax Delinquent.....	567 66
Delinquencies Collected.....	130 24	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	261 36
School Tax on Duplicate.....	8,038 26	Library Tax Delinquent.....	26 14
Assessed by Treasurer.....	19 51	Erroneous Assessments.....	55 94
Delinquencies Collected.....	68 27	Taxes Refunded.....	8 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,639 85	Printing.....	31 97
Assessed by Treasurer.....	10 64	Treasurer's Fees.....	279 50
Delinquencies Collected.....	55 61	Mileage.....	12 00
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	439 99	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,668 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 06	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,614 89
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	636 55	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,457 14
Railroad Tax Collected.....	249 60	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	440 43
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	696 56
Total.....	\$26,997 28	Total.....	\$26,997 28

NO. 82. VANDERBURGH COUNTY.

VICTOR BISCH, Auditor.

JOHN RHEINLANDER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$31,238 52	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$5,466 92
Assessed by Treasurer.....	652 69	School Tax Delinquent.....	3,541 14
Delinquencies Collected.....	351 96	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,551 97
School Tax on Duplicate.....	20,074 47	Library Tax Delinquent.....	155 18
Assessed by Treasurer.....	421 84	Erroneous Assessments.....	748 06
Delinquencies Collected.....	176 04	Treasurer's Fees.....	518 28
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	11,268 11	Mileage.....	30 72
Assessed by Treasurer.....	198 96	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	26,019 08
Delinquencies Collected.....	176 03	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	16,900 96
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,126 82	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	9,809 61
Assessed by Treasurer.....	19 89	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	963 38
Five per cent Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,552 63	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,552 63
Total.....	\$67,257 96	Total.....	\$67,257 96

NO. 83. VERMILLION COUNTY.

JAMES TORRENCE, Auditor.

JAMES A. BELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$12,063 63	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,492 78
Assessed by Treasurer.....	29 06	School Tax Delinquent.....	965 48
Delinquencies Collected.....	250 86	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	445 01
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,741 69	Library Tax Delinquent.....	44 49
Assessed by Treasurer.....	18 86	Erroneous Assessments.....	32 70
Delinquencies Collected.....	128 14	Taxes Refunded.....	18 28
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,465 45	Printing.....	39 34
Assessed by Treasurer.....	7 72	Treasurer's Fees.....	356 53
Delinquencies Collected.....	122 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	10,554 10
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	446 51	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,808 92
Assessed by Treasurer.....	77	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,038 59
Delinquencies Collected.....	70	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	393 11
Five Per cent Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	623 86	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	623 86
Total.....	\$25,903 19	Total.....	\$25,903 19

NO. 84. VIGO COUNTY.

B. H. CORNWELL, Auditor.

JAMES N. SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$40,527 96	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$10,412 37
Assessed by Treasurer.....	295 44	School Tax Delinquent.....	6,700 53
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,803 29	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	3,616 52
School Tax on Duplicate.....	25,639 38	Library Tax Delinquent.....	361 83
Assessed by Treasurer.....	180 05	Erroneous Assessments.....	1,645 30
Delinquencies Collected.....	865 21	Treasurer's Fees.....	778 84
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	15,192 32	Mileage.....	11 10
Assessed by Treasurer.....	118 16	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	32,378 81
Delinquencies Collected.....	901 60	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	20,447 01
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,519 19	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	12,657 31
Assessed by Treasurer.....	11 81	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,175 40
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,839 55	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,839 55
Railroad Tax Collected.....	3,121 61		
Total.....	\$92,024 57	Total.....	\$92,024 57

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NO. 85. WABASH COUNTY.

A. P. FERRY, Auditor.

ELIAS HUBBARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$19,285 20	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,009 51
Assessed by Treasurer.....	46 50	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,301 14
Delinquencies Collected.....	271 09	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	578 39
School Tax on Duplicate.....	12,395 76	Library Tax Delinquent.....	58 39
Assessed by Treasurer.....	30 01	Erroneous Assessments.....	177 10
Delinquencies Collected.....	137 74	Treasurer's Fees.....	370 48
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,916 08	Mileage.....	32 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	13 40	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	17,297 55
Delinquencies Collected.....	135 50	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11,204 50
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	691 58	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,362 94
Assessed by Treasurer.....	1 21	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	622 07
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	1,091 96	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,091 96
Total.....	\$41,016 03	Total.....	\$41,016 03

NO. 86. WARREN COUNTY.

WILLIAM H. THOMAS, Auditor.

GEORGE HITCHENS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$15,808 79	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,228 89
Assessed by Treasurer.....	116 32	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,437 87
Delinquencies Collected.....	365 01	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	720 52
School Tax on Duplicate.....	10,146 13	Library Tax Delinquent.....	72 01
Assessed by Treasurer.....	74 77	Treasurer's Fees.....	305 54
Delinquencies Collected.....	185 50	Mileage.....	12 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,895 01	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	13,965 71
Assessed by Treasurer.....	40 82	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9,051 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	182 49	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	5,366 93
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	589 59	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	518 49
Assessed by Treasurer.....	4 00	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	820 68
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	820 68		
Railroad Tax Collected.....	270 15		
Total.....	\$34,500 35	Total.....	\$34,500 35

NO. 87. WARRICK COUNTY.

THOMAS J. DOWNS, Auditor.

JAMES H. MASTERS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.			Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$14,437 32	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$2,230 92
Assessed by Treasurer.....	482 45	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,453 82
Delinquencies Collected.....	236 66	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	713 70
School Tax on Duplicate.....	9,081 87	Library Tax Delinquent.....	65 56
Assessed by Treasurer.....	319 76	Erroneous Assessments.....	441 99
Delinquencies Collected.....	124 54	Printing.....	62 85
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	5,074 88	Treasurer's Fees.....	359 75
Assessed by Treasurer.....	104 65	Mileage.....	9 93
Delinquencies Collected.....	86 06	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	11,028 14
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	472 99	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7,425 52
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 83	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	4,236 76
Delinquencies Collected.....	34	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	387 30
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	690 14	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	630 14
		Defalcation of former Treasurer.....	1,175 10
Total.....	\$30,891 49	Total.....	\$30,891 49

NO. 88. WASHINGTON COUNTY.

JAMES B. WILSON, Auditor.

WM. P. GREEN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$18,557 54	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,887 13
Assessed by Treasurer.....	156 73	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,222 26
Delinquencies Collected.....	90 25	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	552 52
School Tax on Duplicate.....	11,926 06	Library Tax Delinquent.....	53 28
Assessed by Treasurer.....	101 08	Erroneous Assessments.....	154 30
Delinquencies Collected.....	57 76	Printing.....	25 00
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	6,084 74	Treasurer's Fees.....	395 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	53 36	Mileage.....	23 29
Delinquencies Collected.....	36 09	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	16,525 50
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	668 47	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10,813 14
Assessed by Treasurer.....	5 34	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	6,098 37
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	997 27	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	606 91
		Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	997 27
Total.....	\$39,334 69	Total.....	\$39,334 69

NO. 89. WAYNE COUNTY.

SYLVESTER JOHNSON, Auditor.

HENRY B. RUPE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$18,158 75	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$6,591 08
Assessed by Treasurer.....	237 36	School Tax Delinquent.....	4,253 04
Delinquencies Collected.....	1,048 66	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	2,081 85
School Tax on Duplicate.....	30,904 28	Library Tax Delinquent.....	208 52
Assessed by Treasurer.....	152 45	Erroneous Assessments.....	416 42
Delinquencies Collected.....	541 04	Treasurer's Fees.....	792 71
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	18,023 30	Mileage.....	10 08
Assessed by Treasurer.....	87 76	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	42,477 63
Delinquencies Collected.....	497 40	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	27,467 58
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	1,802 33	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	16,391 81
Assessed by Treasurer.....	8 73	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,589 49
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	2,497 03	Soldiers' Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,497 03
Railroad Tax Collected.....	824 18		
Total.....	\$104,783 27	Total.....	\$104,783 27

NO. 90. WELLS COUNTY.

THEODORE HORTON, Auditor.

JACOB V. GEARY Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$7,701 05	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$877 25
Assessed by Treasurer.....	41 29	School Tax Delinquent.....	569 45
Delinquencies Collected.....	344 14	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	231 18
School Tax on Duplicate.....	5,017 79	Library Tax Delinquent.....	23 12
Assessed by Treasurer.....	27 14	Erroneous Assessments.....	35 12
Delinquencies Collected.....	188 18	Taxes Refunded.....	170 48
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	2,643 62	Treasurer's Fees.....	167 00
Assessed by Treasurer.....	7 56	Mileage.....	20 00
Delinquencies Collected.....	128 14	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	7,033 59
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	264 36	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4,608 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	75	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	2,460 89
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	414 98	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	234 65
Total	\$16,869 00	Soldiers Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	414 98
		Total	\$16,869 00

NO. 91. WHITE COUNTY.

THOMAS BUSHNELL, Auditor.

GRANVILLE B. WARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue on Duplicate.....	\$11,291 83	Revenue Delinquent.....	\$3,049 90
Assessed by Treasurer.....	61 21	School Tax Delinquent.....	1,956 74
Delinquencies Collected.....	744 91	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	1,012 70
School Tax on Duplicate.....	7,242 31	Library Tax Delinquent.....	99 79
Assessed by Treasurer.....	40 25	Erroneous Assessments.....	47 43
Delinquencies collected.....	410 44	Treasurer's Fees.....	236 04
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	4,132 46	Mileage.....	15 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	18 96	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	8,963 11
Delinquencies Collected.....	316 22	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6,793 99
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	401 75	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,430 76
Assessed by Treasurer.....	2 36	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	297 41
Five per cent. Soldier's Relief Tax.....	490 24	Soldier's Relief Tax paid State Treasurer.....	490 24
Railroad Tax Collected.....	230 37		
Total	\$25,383 31	Total	\$25,383 21

NO. 92. WHITLEY COUNTY.

S. H. WUNDERLICH, Auditor.

WILLIAM REED, Treasurer.

DEBIT.		CREDIT.	
Amount.		Amount.	
Revenue on Duplicate.....		Revenue Delinquent.....	\$1,183 91
Assessed by Treasurer.....	\$9,627 57	School Tax Delinquent.....	752 78
Delinquencies Collected.....	94 60	Sinking Fund Delinquent.....	351 27
School Tax on Duplicate.....	363 10	Library Tax Delinquent.....	35 04
Assessed by Treasurer.....	6,187 24	Erroneous Assessments.....	50 65
Delinquencies Collected.....	62 24	Treasurer's Fees.....	180 81
Sinking Fund on Duplicate.....	178 51	Mileage.....	23 20
Assessed by Treasurer.....	3,361 08	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	9,067 06
Delinquencies Collected.....	22 04	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5,877 84
Library Tax on Duplicate.....	109 01	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,224 24
Assessed by Treasurer.....	325 69	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	311 32
Five per cent. Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	2 28	Soldiers' Relief Tax.....	626 63
Railroad Tax Collected.....	526 93		
	717 18		
Total.....	21,588 07	Total.....	\$21,588 07



STATEMENT NO. II.

SHOWING the Settlements with County Treasurers in detail, for collections of Delinquent Taxes up to October 1, 1866.

NO. 1. ADAMS COUNTY.

W. G. SPENCER, Auditor.

JESSE NIBLICK, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$664 89	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$153 28
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	423 36	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	123 00
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	182 20	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	53 39
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	26 46	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4 32
Ten per cent. penalty.....	129 69	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	58 05
Total.....	\$1,426 60	Still delinquent.....	1,054 56
		Total.....	\$1,426 60

NO. 2. ALLEN COUNTY.

HENRY J. RUDISILL, Auditor.

ALEX. WILEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT,	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,250 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$819 24
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,198 30	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	524 35
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	926 11	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	269 74
*Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	637 53	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	27 98
Ten per cent. penalty.....		Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	111 64
Total.....	\$7,012 85	Still delinquent.....	5,239 88
		Total.....	\$7,012 85

*Included in School Tax.

NO. 3. BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY.

D. F. LONG, Auditor.

SAML. SHIELDS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,648 81	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,474 56
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,719 23	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,009 00
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	707 23	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	387 60
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	71 38	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	49 53
Ten per cent. penalty.....	514 66	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	112 92
Total.....	\$5,661 31	Still delinquent.....	2,627 90
		Total.....	\$5,661 31

NO. 4. BENTON COUNTY.

WM. M. JONES, Auditor.

J. J. RAWLINGS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,200 46	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$464 42
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	829 64	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	321 31
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	442 99	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	190 32
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	44 21	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	27 62
Ten per cent. penalty.....	269 73	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	68 52
Total.....	\$2,868 03	Still delinquent.....	1,796 04
		Total.....	\$2,868 03

NO. 5. BLACKFORD COUNTY.

E. M. STAHL, Auditor.

B. B. RANSOM, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$523 32	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$65 51
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	327 37	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	49 55
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	147 89	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	25 59
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	14 49	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	2 31
Ten per cent. penalty.....	101 30	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	18 02
Total.....	\$1,114 37	Still delinquent.....	953 39
		Total.....	\$1,114 37

NO. 6. BOONE COUNTY.

A. C. DAILY, Auditor.

F. M. BUSBY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,269 23	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$458 60
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,461 90	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	653 43
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	656 60	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	304 53
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	61 03	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	28 88
Ten per cent. penalty.....	444 87	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	77 43
Total.....	\$4,893 63	Still delinquent.....	\$2,870 74
		Total.....	\$4,893 63

NO. 7. BROWN COUNTY.

EUGENE CULLEY, Auditor.

JAMES A. McKINNEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$718 22	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$196 80
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	404 18	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	134 61
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	218 88	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	72 94
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	21 89	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	5 86
Ten per cent. penalty.....	142 31	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	22 09
Total.....	\$1,565 48	Still delinquent.....	1,133 18
		Total.....	\$1,565 48

NO. 8. CARROLL COUNTY.

JOHN B. KANE, Auditor.

WM. CROOKS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,721 27	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$354 97
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,765 44	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	255 94
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	847 89	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	123 47
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	82 26	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 08
Ten per cent. penalty.....	54 19	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	57 44
Total.....	\$5,474 05	Still delinquent.....	4,673 15
		Total.....	\$5,474 05

NO. 9. CASS COUNTY.

W. G. NASH, Auditor.

G. E. ADAMS, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$4,645 71	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,244 42
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,855 48	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	848 86
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,596 53	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	414 43
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	113 35	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	39 12
Ten per cent. penalty.....	921 10	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	101 14
		Still delinquent.....	7,484 20
Total.....	10,132 17	Total.....	\$10,132 17

NO. 10. CLARK COUNTY.

C. G. BADGER, Auditor.

WM. S. PRATHER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$7,334 59	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$3,253 09
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	4,723 58	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,252 86
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	2,432 72	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,301 23
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	219 29	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	130 12
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,480 01	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	384 82
		Still delinquent.....	8,958 07
Total.....	16,280 19	Total.....	\$16,280 19

NO. 11. CLAY COUNTY.

G. W. WILTSE, Auditor.

JOHN FRUMP, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,320 32	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$781 89
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,500 75	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	536 48
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	690 14	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	255 13
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	68 98	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	25 49
Ten per cent. penalty.....	458 01	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	73 03
		Still delinquent.....	3,365 98
Total.....	\$5,038 20	Total.....	\$5,038 20

NO. 12. CLINTON COUNTY.

JOHN W. ULM, Auditor.

I. D. ARMSTRONG, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,294 41	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$654 09
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,448 52	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	452 47
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	616 56	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	206 87
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	61 65	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	20 67
Ten per cent. penalty.....	436 11	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	58 95
Total.....	\$4,797 25	Still delinquent.....	3,403 69
		Total.....	\$4,797 25

NO. 13. CRAWFORD COUNTY.

D. PATRICK, Auditor.

W. L. SEACAT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$996 65	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$254 63
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	645 85	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	178 60
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	274 95	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	100 60
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	30 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	11 17
Ten per cent. penalty.....	194 00	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	57 28
Total.....	\$2,142 00	Still delinquent.....	1,540 32
		Total.....	\$2,142 00

NO. 14. DAVIESS COUNTY.

R. N. READ, Auditor.

WM. SANFORD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,206 18	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$203 22
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,408 65	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	154 22
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	600 08	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	79 20
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	59 97	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7 94
Ten per cent. penalty.....	427 48	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	43 87
Total.....	\$4,702 36	Still delinquent.....	4,213 91
		Total.....	\$4,702 36

NO. 15. DEARBORN COUNTY.

RICHARD D. SLATER, Auditor.

THOMAS KILNER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,279 84	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$902 97
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,475 92	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	635 19
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	629 79	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	265 57
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	61 09	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	26 06
Ten per cent. penalty.....	443 76	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	113 15
		Still delinquent.....	2,938 46
Total.....	\$4,881 40	Total.....	\$4,881 40

NO. 16. DECATUR COUNTY.

JOHN D. SPILLMAN, Auditor.

THOMAS B. PEERY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$9,170 61	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,318 77
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,038 59	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	938 59
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	935 69	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	452 08
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	94 19	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	45 04
Ten per cent. penalty.....	624 19	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	153 41
		Still delinquent.....	3,958 23
Total.....	\$6,866 49	Total.....	\$6,866 49

NO. 17. BEKALB COUNTY.

GEORGE KUHLMAN, Auditor.

L. J. BLAIR, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,562 30	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$480 29
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,004 43	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	346 42
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	420 67	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	163 45
Ten per cent. penalty.....	298 74	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	65 78
		Still delinquent.....	2,230 29
Total.....	\$3,286 14	Total.....	\$3,286 14

NO. 18. DELAWARE COUNTY.

JOHN L. MCCLINTOCK, Auditor.

FRANK ELLIS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,718 01	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$897 49
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,758 11	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	565 45
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	898 51	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	265 79
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	80 85	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	46 61
Ten per cent. penalty.....	536 55	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	85 17
		Erroneous Assessments.....	8 47
		Still delinquent.....	4,123 05
Total.....	\$5,902 03	Total	\$5,902 03

NO. 19. DUBOIS COUNTY.

THEO. SONDERMANN, Auditor.

E. STEPHENSON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$743 47	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$227 74
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	481 15	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	154 85
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	217 29	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	75 03
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	21 72	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7 38
Ten per cent. penalty.....	146 36	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	17 55
		Still delinquent.....	1,127 44
Total.....	\$1,609 99	Total	\$1,609 99

NO. 20. ELKHART COUNTY.

E. W. H. ELLIS, Auditor.

H. MORGAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,078 33	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$947 78
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,390 68	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	709 10
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	573 65	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	379 11
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	14 04	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7 16
Ten per cent. penalty.....	405 67	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	115 42
		Still delinquent.....	2,303 80
Total.....	\$4,462 37	Total	\$4,462 37

NO. 21. FAYETTE COUNTY.

JAMES ELLIOTT, Auditor.

JAMES K. RHODES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,538 19	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$183 52
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	995 16	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	136 97
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	451 47	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	77 25
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	45 44	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7 73
Ten per cent. penalty.....	303 32	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	24 28
Total	\$3,336 58	Still delinquent.....	2,906 83
		Total	\$3,336 58

NO. 22. FLOYD COUNTY.

CHARLES SACKETT, Auditor.

WALTER L. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$5,123 62	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$1,173 52
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	3,071 39	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	777 39
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,854 44	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	436 37
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	121 41	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 41
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,017 08	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	115 91
Total	11,187 94	Still delinquent.....	8,648 34
		Total	\$11,187 94

NO. 23. FOUNTAIN COUNTY.

DAVID WEBB, Auditor.

JAMES W. KING, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,628 17	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,034 27
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,638 52	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	714 75
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	803 77	Sinking Fund State Treasurer.....	347 07
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	80 34	Library Tax paid State Treasurer....	34 69
Five per cent. penalty.....	521 08	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	95 85
Total	\$5,731 88	Still delinquent.....	3,505 25
		Total	\$5,731 88

NO. 24. FRANKLIN COUNTY.

C. B. BENTLEY, Auditor.

B. H. WEST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	DEBIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,916 63	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,185 05
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,240 03	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	739 78
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	563 56	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	419 19
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	56 40	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	39 50
Ten per cent. penalty.....	377 66	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	97 72
Total	\$4,154 28	Still delinquent.....	1,673 04
		Total	\$4,154 28

NO. 25. FULTON COUNTY.

A. J. HOLMES, Auditor.

W. STURGEON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,387 80	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$241 64
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	897 67	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	172 80
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	408 26	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	96 60
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	40 86	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 66
Ten per cent. penalty.....	269 45	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	43 06
Total	\$3,004 04	Still delinquent.....	2,440 28
		Total	\$3,004 04

NO. 26. GIBSON COUNTY.

WILLIS A. HARGROVE, Auditor.

CALEB TRIPPET, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,392 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$573 82
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	899 05	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	421 90
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	504 71	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	207 30
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	49 86	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	21 19
Five per cent. penalty.....	284 65	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	121 21
Total	\$3,131 18	Error in April settlement, short.....	514 78
		Still delinquent.....	1,270 98
		Total	\$1,131 18

NO. 27. GRANT COUNTY.

WM. NEAL, Auditor.

JAMES BROWNLEE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	DREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,969 05	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,762 67
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,273 06	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,213 31
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	599 00	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	468 06
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	59 72	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	46 30
Ten per cent. penalty.....	390 00	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	132 47
		Still delinquent.....	668 02
Total	\$4,290 83	Total	\$4,290 83

NO. 28. GREENE COUNTY.

JOSEPH LYONS, Auditor.

DANIEL A. BYNUM, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,725 11	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$747 65
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,762 85	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	519 61
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	808 30	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	257 53
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	80 78	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	25 68
Ten per cent. penalty.....	537 70	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	70 61
		Still delinquent.....	5,293 66
Total.....	\$6,914 74	Total.....	\$6,914 74

NO. 29. HAMILTON COUNTY.

JOHN W. PFAFF, Auditor.

JOHN F. McCLELLAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,401 34	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,088 66
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,591 79	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	706 16
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	736 43	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	339 50
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	73 64	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	32 71
Ten per cent. penalty.....	486 32	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	80 47
		Still Delinquent.....	3,101 02
Total.....	\$5,349 52	Total.....	\$5,349 52

NO. 30. HANCOCK COUNTY.

L. SPARKS, Auditor.

NELSON BRADLEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,796 28	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$764 84
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,161 95	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	517 94
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	533 80	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	307 54
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	53 32	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	30 73
Ten per cent. penalty.....	354 53	Treasurer's Fee and Mileage.....	61 43
Total	\$3,899 88	Still delinquent.....	2,217 46
		Total	\$3,899 88

NO. 31. HARRISON COUNTY.

WM. S. MILLER, Auditor.

E. H. RICHARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement	\$1,745 29	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$374 29
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,132 17	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	252 15
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	470 39	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	94 69
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	46 97	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	8 87
Ten per cent. penalty.....	339 48	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	48 80
Total	\$3,734 30	Still delinquent	2,955 50
		Total	\$3,734 30

NO. 32. HENDRICKS COUNTY.

L. S. SHULER, Auditor.

E. F. HUNT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,667 49	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$781 49
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,724 56	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	527 33
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	805 69	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	271 28
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	80 55	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	27 19
Ten per cent. penalty.....	527 83	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	60 52
Total.....	\$5,806 12	Still delinquent	4,138 31
		Total.....	\$5,806 12

NO. 33. HENRY COUNTY.

THOMAS ROGERS, Auditor.

MORGAN JAMES, TREASURER.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement	\$2,484 59	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,617 14
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	1,587 23	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,092 26
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	742 76	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	518 04
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	79 04	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	52 58
Ten per cent. penalty.....	489 36	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	134 27
		Still delinquent.....	1,968 69
Total	\$5,382 98	Total	\$5,382 98

NO. 34. HOWARD COUNTY.

JAMES A. WILDMAN, Auditor.

JOHN W. LOVIN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement	\$2,666 27	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$555 88
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	1,723 02	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	365 10
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	817 52	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	218 77
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	81 74	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	16 11
Ten per cent. penalty.....	528 85	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	51 71
Error in April settlement, short	10 26	Still delinquent.....	4,620 09
Total	\$5,827 66	Total	\$5,827 66

NO. 35. HUNTINGTON COUNTY.

M. B. BRANDT, Auditor.

JAC. MISHLER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at the March settlement	\$2,182 08	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$286 77
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	1,413 41	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	216 72
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	619 94	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	88 20
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	62 00	Library Tax paid State Treasury.....	9 67
Ten per cent. penalty.....	427 74	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	51 86
		Still delinquent.....	4,051 65
Total	\$4,705 17	Total	\$4,705 17

NO. 36. JACKSON COUNTY.

S. W. HOLMES, Auditor.

J. H. GREEN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,110 44	Revenue paid Etate Treasurer	\$990 65
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	2,010 47	School Tax paid State Treasurer	644 36
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	947 78	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	320 12
Ten per cent. penalty.....	607 86	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage	115 53
		Still delinquent.....	4,605 90
Total	\$6,676 55	Total	\$6,676 55

NO. 37. JASPER COUNTY.

D. T. HALSTEAD, Auditor.

THOS. BOROUGHS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,449 78	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$247 74
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	933 58	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	181 92
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	492 89	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	95 25
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	49 30	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 54
Ten per cent. penalty.....	292 55	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	41 22
		Still delinquent.....	2,642 43
Total	\$3,218 10	Total	\$3,218 10

NO. 38. JAY COUNTY.

WM. G. SUTTON, Auditor.

JOHN COULSON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,447 03	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$605 84
School Tax delinquent at March settlement	929 21	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	438 57
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement	438 18	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer...	207 22
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement	43 90	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	20 71
Ten per cent. penalty.....	285 83	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	65 00
		Still delinquent.....	1,807 01
Total	\$3,144 15	Total	\$3,144 15

NO. 39. JEFFERSON COUNTY.

JAMES W. DEPUTY, Auditor.

W. Y. MONROE, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,424 46	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$864 35
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,573 71	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	570 42
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	648 55	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	322 99
Ten per cent. penalty.....	464 62	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	82 01
		Still delinquent.....	3,271 57
Total.....	\$5,111 34	Total.....	\$5,111 34

NO. 40. JENNINGS COUNTY.

PATRICK D. BAUGHN, Aud.

ROBERT D. McCAMMON, Treas.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,837 44	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$572 43
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,191 76	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	397 82
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	497 98	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	186 65
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	49 80	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	16 38
Ten per cent. penalty.....	347 31	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	72 79
		Still delinquent.....	2,678 22
Total.....	\$3,924 29	Total.....	\$3,924 29

NO. 41. JOHNSON COUNTY.

W. H. BARNETT, Auditor.

W. L. RAGSDALE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,185 09	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$757 64
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,414 90	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	517 72
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	626 56	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	269 17
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	62 67	Libraries paid State Treasurer.....	26 93
Ten per cent. penalty.....	428 92	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	64 76
		Still delinquent.....	3,081 92
Total.....	\$4,718 14	Total.....	\$4,718 14

NO. 42. KNOX COUNTY.

H. A. FOULKES, Auditor.

W. W. BERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$4,859 20	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$888 48
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	3,131 04	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	614 30
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,616 81	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	361 90
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	161 72	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 19
Ten per cent penalty.....	976 87	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	21 60
		Still delinquent.....	8,823 07
Total.....	10,745 64	Total.....	\$10,745 64

NO. 43. KOSCIUSKO COUNTY.

WM. B. FUNK, Auditor.

EDWARD MOON, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,904 24	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$794 23
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,879 39	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	553 52
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	849 12	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	279 99
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	85 05	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	28 58
Ten per cent. Penalty.....	571 78	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	86 64
		Still delinquent.....	4,546 62
Total.....	\$6,289 58	Total.....	\$6,289 58

NO. 44. LAGRANGE COUNTY.

P. N. WILCOX, Auditor.

JACOB NEWMAN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,766 66	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$819 53
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,111 78	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	584 49
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	550 47	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	277 25
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	44 05	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	28 94
Ten per cent. penalty.....	34 73	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	99 01
		Still delinquent.....	1,698 47
Total.....	\$3,507 69	Total.....	\$3,507 69

NO. 45. LAKE COUNTY.

JAMES H. LUTHER, Auditor.

JOHN KROST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,190 61	Revenue due State Treasurer	\$2,361 77
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,054 09	School Tax due State Treasurer	1,626 36
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,094 15	Sinking Fund due State Treasurer.....	878 62
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	109 43	Library Tax due State Treasurer.....	79 70
Ten per cent. penalty.....	644 82	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	226 60
Total.....	\$7,093 10	Still delinquent.....	1,920 05
		Total	\$7,093 10

NO. 46. LAPORTE COUNTY.

JOHN WALTON, Auditor.

D. C. ALEXANDER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$4,965 53	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$3,268 75
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	3,207 30	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,207 69
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,545 52	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,180 29
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	154 54	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	105 60
Ten per cent. penalty	987 29	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	298 39
Total.....	\$10,860 18	Still delinquent.....	3,799 46
		Total.....	\$10,860 18

NO. 47. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

ANDREW GELWICK, Auditor.

HUGH ERWIN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,593 38	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$295 06
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,031 64	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	213 91
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	462 81	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	100 78
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	46 24	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	10 09
Ten per cent. penalty.....	313 41	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	45 25
Total	\$3,447 48	Still delinquent.....	2,782 39
		Total.....	\$3,447 48

NO. 48. MADISON COUNTY.

J. M. DICKSON, Auditor.

W. W. NOLAND, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,988 27	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$1,091 49
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,573 05	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	683 34
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,286 54	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	353 03
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	128 67	Library Tax paid State Treasurer	37 71
Ten per cent. penalty.....	797 65	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	85 79
Total.....	\$8,774 18	Still delinquent.....	6,612 82
		Total.....	\$8,774 18

NO. 49. MARION COUNTY.

JACOB T. WRIGHT, Auditor.

GEO. F. MEYERS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$13,448 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$8,012 97
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	8,622 27	School Tax paid State Treasurer	5,439 31
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	5,084 96	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	3,029 81
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	508 60	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	302 86
Railroad Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	22,000 00	Treasurer's Fees.....	667 09
Ten per cent. penalty.....	2,766 48	Still delinquent	34,979 28
Total.....	\$52,431 32	Total.....	\$52,431 32

NO. 50. MARSHALL COUNTY.

A. C. THOMPSON, Auditor.

D. O. QUIVEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,756 88	Revenue paid State Treasurer	\$725 00
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,676 93	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	506 60
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,048 07	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	306 59
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	64 80	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	30 28
Ten per cent. penalty.....	554 66	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	89 56
Total.....	\$6,101 34	Still delinquent.....	4,443 91
		Total.....	\$6,101 34

NO. 51. MARTIN COUNTY.

JAMES C. O'BRIEN, Auditor.

EPHRAIM MOSER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,035 61	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$304 90
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	654 38	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	226 56
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	287 99	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	143 29
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	28 71	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	14 24
Ten per cent. penalty.....	200 66	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	60 95
		Still delinquent.....	1,457 32
Total.....	\$2,207 25	Total.....	\$2,207 26

NO. 52. MIAMI COUNTY.

M. D. ELLIS, Auditor.

O. P. WEBB, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,805 41	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$505 81
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,171 12	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	350 06
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	481 11	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	156 61
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	48 11	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15 66
Ten per cent. penalty.....	350 57	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	50 37
		Still delinquent.....	\$2,777 81
Total.....	\$3,856 32	Total.....	\$3,856 32

NO. 53. MONROE COUNTY.

MILTON McPHETRIDGE, Auditor.

P. L. D. MITCHELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Number.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,675 78	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$853 52
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,077 36	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	594 00
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	477 03	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	242 58
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	48 18	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	24 90
Ten per cent. penalty.....	327 83	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	99 00
		Still delinquent.....	1,792 18
Total.....	\$3,606 18	Total.....	\$3,606 18

NO. 54. MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

ISAAC M. VANCE, Auditor.

ROBERT F. BECK, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,050 34	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$699 23
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,972 02	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	480 13
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	922 84	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	238 22
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	92 28	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	23 83
Ten per cent. penalty.....	603 74	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	60 47
Total.....	\$6,641 22	Still delinquent.....	\$5,139 34
		Total.....	\$6,641 22

NO. 55. MORGAN COUNTY.

W. A. S. MITCHELL, Auditor.

JACOB ADAMS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$6,581 25	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$611 34
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	4,275 10	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	450 42
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,898 72	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	150 00
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	234 20	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	33 94
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,275 50	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	52 38
Total.....	14,264 77	Still delinquent.....	12,966 69
		Total.....	\$14,264 77

NO. 56. NEWTON COUNTY.

JOHN ADE, Auditor.

SAMUEL BRAMBLE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount,	CREDIT.	Amount
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,030 73	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$231 61
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,169 74	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	165 04
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	833 55	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	107 40
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	116 97	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	8 07
Ten per cent. penalty.....	415 09	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	46 61
Total.....	\$4,566 08	Still delinquent.....	\$4,007 35
		Total.....	\$4,566 08

NO. 57. NOBLE COUNTY.

EDEN N. FISHER, Auditor.

L. IDDINGS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,876 50	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$525 14
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,217 82	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	377 29
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	514 66	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	162 84
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	51 38	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	16 27
Ten per cent. penalty.....	366 03	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	67 38
Total.....	\$4,026 39	Still delinquent.....	2,877 47
		Total.....	\$4,026 39

NO. 58. OHIO COUNTY.

S. K. KITTLE, Auditor.

H. S. ESPEY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$515 85	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$224 02
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	333 75	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	161 37
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	136 63	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	79 42
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	12 73	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	6 34
Ten per cent. penalty.....	99 89	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	35 29
Total.....	\$1,098 84	Still delinquent	592 40
		Total.....	\$1,098 84

NO. 59. ORANGE COUNTY.

L. B. COGSWELL, Auditor.

A. J. RHODES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,444 93	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$587 58
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	934 70	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	416 53
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	428 28	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	198 62
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	42 81	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	19 84
Ten per cent. penalty.....	285 69	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	71 44
Total.....	\$3,136 38	Still delinquent.....	1,842 37
		Total.....	\$3,136 38

NO. 60. OWEN COUNTY.

ANDREW J. HAYS, Auditor.

J. V. WOLFE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,261 70	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$561 16
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,463 52	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	364 62
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	664 11	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	227 94
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	66 39	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	22 78
Ten per cent. penalty.....	445 57	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	71 00
Total.....	\$4,901 29	Still delinquent.....	3,653 79
		Total	\$4,901 29

NO. 61. PARKE COUNTY.

J. H. TATE, Auditor.

JOHN T. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,209 10	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,612 80
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,430 62	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,073 12
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	631 37	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	546 97
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	50 02	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	45 00
Ten per cent. penalty.....	432 11	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	146 80
Total.....	\$4,753 22	Still delinquent.....	1,328 53
		Total	\$4,753 22

NO. 62. PERRY COUNTY.

T. J. DELA HUNT, Auditor.

SAM. K. CONNER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,147 96	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$765 02
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,388 28	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	537 95
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	571 74	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	245 93
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	57 43	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	23 10
Ten per cent. penalty.....	416 54	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	88 94
Total.....	\$4,581 95	Still delinquent.....	2,921 01
		Total	\$4,581 95

NO. 63. PIKE COUNTY.

W. C. DAVENPORT, Auditor.

A. LESLIE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,388 51	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$233 30
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	898 67	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	158 29
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	405 39	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	77 00
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	28 02	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	5 96
Five per cent. penalty.....	272 06	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	16 64
Total	\$2,992 65	Still delinquent.....	2,501 46
		Total	\$2,992 65

NO. 64. PORTER COUNTY.

Z. B. FIFIELD, Auditor.

S. W. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,581 98	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$877 86
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,670 44	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	611 52
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	779 67	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	292 09
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	77 91	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	28 68
Five per cent. penalty.....	51 10	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	96 97
Total	\$5,161 10	Still delinquent.....	3,253 93
		Total	\$5,161 10

NO. 65. POSEY COUNTY.

JOHN B. GARDINER, Auditor.

WM. B. SMITH, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,069 73	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,170 39
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,983 22	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	731 72
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	948 87	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer....	439 73
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	94 87	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	16 92
Ten per cent. penalty.....	609 66	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	133 29
Total	\$6,706 35	Still delinquent.....	4,214 30
		Total	\$6,706 35

NO. 66. PULASKI COUNTY.

JACOB NICKLES, Auditor.

ANDREW D. PERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,265 85	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$270 15
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	814 42	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	194 75
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	406 07	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	91 25
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	41 62	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	8 44
Ten per cent. penalty.....	252 79	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	38 57
Total	\$2,780 75	Still delinquent.....	2,177 50
		Total	\$2,780 75

NO. 67. PUTNAM COUNTY.

E. T. KEIGHTLEY, Auditor.

W. E. D. BARNETT, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,267 33	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$640 67
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,465 46	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	447 02
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	691 54	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	207 58
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	69 14	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	20 79
Ten per cent. penalty.....	449 35	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	76 02
Total	\$4,942 82	Still delinquent.....	3,550 34
		Total	\$4,942 82

NO. 68. RANDOLPH COUNTY.

WM. E. MURRAY, Auditor.

A. M. OWENS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$8,132 83	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,451 45
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	4,753 06	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	984 73
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	3,145 08	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	488 52
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	142 33	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	48 85
Ten per cent. penalty.....	928 56	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	161 28
Total	17,101 86	Still delinquent.....	13,966 99
		Total	\$17,101 86

NO. 69. RIPLEY COUNTY

(No report from this county.)

NO. 70. RUSH COUNTY.

B. F. JOHNSON, Auditor.

E. H. M. BERRY, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,204 95	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$223 51
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,596 88	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	149 69
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	698 65	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	96 15
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	70 62	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 66
Ten per cent. penalty.....	437 11	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	26 90
Total.....	\$4,808 21	Still delinquent.....	4,502 30
		Total.....	\$4,808 21

NO. 71. SCOTT COUNTY.

AMBROSE D. HAWKINS, Auditor.

WALLACE FARIS, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,055 59	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$179 67
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	681 99	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	137 18
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	281 26	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	65 08
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	28 12	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	6 51
Ten per cent. penalty.....	204 99	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	39 39
Total.....	\$2,254 95	Still delinquent.....	2,827 12
		Total.....	\$2,254 95

NO. 72. SHELBY COUNTY.

SQUIRE L. VANPELT, Auditor.

WM. M. PHILLIPS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$5,131 88	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$2,283 41
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	3,226 48	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,538 39
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,551 53	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	749 28
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	120 93	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	70 26
Ten per cent. penalty.....	711 68	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	177 29
Assessed by Treasurer.....	15 67	Still delinquent.....	\$6,139 55
Total.....	10,958 18	Total.....	\$10,958 18

NO. 73. SPENCER COUNTY.

SAMUEL LAIRD, Auditor.

R. T. KERCHEVAL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,632 29	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,277 27
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,703 48	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	872 60
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	768 18	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	407 29
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	76 78	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 60
Ten per cent. penalty.....	162 68	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	132 67
Total.....	\$5,343 41	Total.....	\$5,343 41

NO. 74. STARKE COUNTY.

JAMES H. ADAIR, Auditor.

JOHN GOOD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,174 25	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$174 45
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,391 52	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	120 80
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	869 70	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	69 17
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	32 61	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	7 75
Ten per cent. penalty.....	446 80	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	33 55
Total.....	\$4,914 88	Total.....	\$4,914 88

NO. 75. STEUBEN COUNTY.

FRANCIS MCCARTNEY, Auditor.

W. I. HOWARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,072 94	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$382 33
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	694 81	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	295 68
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	293 31	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	125 63
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	29 27	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	12 10
Ten per cent. penalty.....	209 03	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	74 77
		Still delinquent.....	1,408 23
Total.....	\$2,2 9 36	Total.....	\$2,299 34

NO. 76. ST. JOSEPH COUNTY.

W. J. HOLLOWAY, Auditor.

EZEKIEL GREENE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,650 85	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,118 15
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,716 43	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	781 07
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	761 83	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	384 65
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	76 22	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 01
Ten per cent. penalty.....	520 53	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	125 45
		Still delinquent.....	3,280 53
Total.....	\$5,725 86	Total.....	\$5,725 86

NO. 77. SULLIVAN COUNTY.

F. BASLER, Auditor.

JOHN GILES, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,348 41	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,333 39
School tax delinquent at March settlement.....	2,189 40	School tax paid State Treasurer.....	905 74
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	990 54	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	533 40
Library tax delinquent at March settlement.....	133 94	Library tax paid State Treasurer.....	53 34
Ten per cent. penalty.....	676 23	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	117 81
		Still delinquent.....	4,394 84
Total.....	\$7,338 52	Total.....	\$7,338 52

NO. 78. SWITZERLAND COUNTY.

L. W. GORDON, Auditor.

ELI T. OGLE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,387 89	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$751 56
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	901 85	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	510 18
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	346 13	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	231 07
Ten per cent. penalty.....	263 54	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	73 66
Total.....	\$2,899 41	Still delinquent.....	1,332 95
		Total.....	\$2,899 41

NO. 79. TIPPECANOE COUNTY.

A. J. CASTATER, Auditor.

S. C. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.

DEBIT,	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$7,083 61	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,830 16
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	4,575 98	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,159 49
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	2,196 58	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	726 95
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	219 65	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	44 90
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,407 58	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	147 41
Total.....	15,483 40	Still delinquent.....	11,574 50
		Total.....	\$15,483 40

NO. 80. TIPTON COUNTY.

W. S. ARMSTRONG, Auditor.

JAMES P. FOSTER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,087 02	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$614 57
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,339 78	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	399 43
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	733 94	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	217 69
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	74 35	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	21 52
Ten per cent. penalty.....	423 60	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	72 89
Total.....	\$4,658 59	Still delinquent.....	3,332 69
		Total.....	\$4,658 59

NO. 81. UNION COUNTY.

ADIN K. BATES, Auditor.

WILLIAM POST, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$877 60	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$114 18
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	567 66	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	85 82
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	261 36	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	42 91
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	26 14	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	4 25
Ten per cent. penalty.....	173 27	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	21 86
		Still delinquent.....	1,637 01
Total.....	\$1,908 03	Total.....	\$1,906 03

NO. 82. VANDERBURGH COUNTY.

VICTOR BISCH, Auditor.

JOHN RHEINLANDER, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$5,466 92	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$2,208 86
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	3,541 14	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,433 33
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,551 97	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	895 83
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	155 18	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	89 58
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,071 52	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	275 00
		Still delinquent.....	6,883 23
Total.....	11,786 73	Total.....	\$11,786 73

NO. 83. VERMILLION COUNTY.

JAMES TARRENCE, Auditor.

JAMES A. BELL, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,492 78	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$496 50
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	965 48	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	324 76
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	445 01	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	159 40
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	44 49	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15 98
Ten per cent. penalty.....	201 98	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	54 42
		Still delinquent.....	2,128 68
Total.....	\$3,149 74	Total.....	\$3,149 74

NO. 84. VIGO COUNTY.

B. H. CORNWELL, Auditor.

J. N. SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	12,223 76	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$3,194 63
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	7,749 28	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	2,033 14
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	4,338 07	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	1,120 36
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	433 79	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	112 12
Ten per cent. penalty.....	2,502 07	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	291 66
		Still delinquent.....	20,495 56
Total.....	27,246 97	Total	\$27,246 97

NO. 85. WABASH COUNTY.

A. P. FERRY, Auditor.

ELIAS HUBBARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement	\$2,009 51	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$1,081 35
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,391 14	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	757 23
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	578 39	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	368 25
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	58 39	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 85
Ten per cent. penalty.....	394 74	Treasurer's fees and mileage.....	95 09
		Still delinquent.....	2,003 40
Total.....	\$4,342 17	Total	\$4,342 17

NO. 86. WARREN COUNTY.

WILLIAM H. THOMAS, Auditor.

GEO. HITCHENS, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,228 89	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$893 77
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,437 87	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	612 46
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	720 52	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	362 22
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	71 04	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	36 19
Ten per cent. penalty.....	445 93	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	85 86
		Still delinquent.....	2,914 75
Total.....	\$4,905 25	Total	\$4,905 25

NO. 87. WARRICK COUNTY.

THOMAS J. DOWNS, Auditor.

JAS. H. MASTERS, Treasurer

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$2,250 92	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$629 39
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,453 83	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	434 18
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	713 70	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	251 96
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	65 56	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	22 60
Ten per cent penalty.....	448 40	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	68 64
		Still delinquent.....	\$3,525 64
Total	\$4,932 41	Total	\$4,932 41

NO. 88. WASHINGTON COUNTY.

JAMES B. WILSON, Auditor.

WM. P. GREEN, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,887 13	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$418 76
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,222 26	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	281 49
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	532 52	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	155 21
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	53 28	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	15 50
Ten per cent. penalty.....	369 51	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	70 42
		Still delinquent.....	3,120 32
Total	\$4,064 70	Total	\$4,064 70

NO. 89. WAYNE COUNTY.

SYLVESTER JOHNSON, Auditor.

H. B. RUPE, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$6,895 95	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$2,070 02
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	4,448 16	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	1,498 68
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	2,206 81	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	781 78
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	220 72	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	76 04
Ten per cent. penalty.....	1,377 16	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	186 44
		Still delinquent	10,625 84
Total	\$15,148 80	Total	\$15,148 80

NO. 90. WELLS COUNTY.

THEODORE HORTON, Auditor.

JACOB V. GEARY Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$877 25	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$304 02
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	569 45	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	221 51
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	231 18	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	93 63
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	23 12	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 38
Ten per cent. penalty.....	170 10	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	43 76
		Still delinquent.....	1,198 80
Total	\$1,871 10	Total	\$1,871 10

NO. 91. WHITE COUNTY.

THOMAS BUSHNELL, Auditor.

GRANVILLE B. WARD, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$3,049 90	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$765 47
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	1,956 74	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	527 83
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	1,012 70	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	286 98
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	99 79	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	24 58
Ten per cent. penalty.....	611 91	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	78 44
		Still delinquent.....	5,047 74
Total	\$6,731 04	Total	\$6,731 04

NO. 92. WHITLEY COUNTY.

S. H. WUNDERLICH, Auditor.

WILLIAM REED, Treasurer.

DEBIT.	Amount.	CREDIT.	Amount.
Revenue delinquent at March settlement.....	\$1,183 91	Revenue paid State Treasurer.....	\$315 48
School Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	755 78	School Tax paid State Treasurer.....	231 11
Sinking Fund delinquent at March settlement.....	351 27	Sinking Fund paid State Treasurer.....	100 05
Library Tax delinquent at March settlement.....	35 04	Library Tax paid State Treasurer.....	9 10
Ten per cent. penalty.....	232 60	Treasurer's Fees and Mileage.....	49 18
		Still delinquent.....	1,853 68
Total	\$2,558 60	Total	\$2,558 60

STATEMENT NO. III.

ABSTRACT of Assessments of Real and Personal Property in the State of Indiana for the year 1866.

Number.	Counties.	Acres.	Hundredths.	Value of lands without improvements.	Value of improvements.	Value of lands and improvements.	Value of town lots.	Value of improvements.	Value of lots and improvements.	Value of personal property.	Total valuation.	No. of Polls.
1	Adams	213,984	.....	\$ 1,007,975	505,185	\$ 1,513,160	\$27,575	1,293,640	\$97,130	2,834,370	\$2,598,670	1,862
2	Allen	431,889	64	3,397,895	949,685	4,347,580	1,193,490	1,293,640	2,177,140	2,834,400	10,092,910	5,512
3	Bartholomew	217,923	58	3,726,520	933,165	1,771,685	152,876	510,844	633,720	3,118,675	8,162,080	3,322
4	Benton	253,135	10	1,338,958	132,949	1,471,907	5,841	19,679	25,320	686,116	2,132,033	633
5	Blackford	103,814	74	529,536	167,697	697,233	18,475	28,893	47,368	256,413	1,090,844	638
6	Boone	266,330	72	3,487,815	1,362,195	4,850,010	181,555	253,100	534,655	2,451,525	8,336,530	3,158
7	Brown	199,115	36	681,402	217,903	899,305	10,931	15,289	26,220	463,997	1,386,722	1,083
8	Carroll	230,861	81	3,335,470	1,090,145	4,425,615	191,720	308,919	500,635	2,013,915	6,940,165	2,355
9	Cass	256,410	49	2,702,605	1,131,575	3,834,180	595,295	630,049	1,225,345	2,627,580	7,686,903	3,222
10	Clark	223,910	64	3,716,898	453,118	4,170,016	831,412	915,697	1,747,119	2,396,615	8,331,080	2,651
11	Clay	222,882	58	1,812,907	753,154	2,566,061	17,671	112,612	160,285	1,372,185	4,130,869	1,838
12	Clinton	256,735	26	2,413,150	1,082,905	3,496,055	37,075	102,690	139,765	1,451,360	5,590,180	2,701
13	Crawford	189,556	35	799,750	253,439	1,053,189	24,660	67,295	91,955	606,015	1,718,150	1,281
14	Daviess	239,488	97	1,803,558	569,637	2,373,195	115,992	196,838	312,830	1,599,805	4,385,950	2,290
15	Decatur	191,835	30	3,849,020	499,680	4,348,700	418,470	626,570	1,045,040	3,326,330	8,720,370	3,122
16	DeKalb	231,528	76	5,224,071	523,634	5,747,715	229,145	336,822	565,967	2,678,949	8,992,631	2,575
17	Delaware	220,334	65	1,333,911	600,815	1,934,726	184,815	217,175	276,583	426,420	3,219,146	2,440
18	Dubois	250,775	96	3,490,899	1,198,550	4,689,449	46,560	97,680	401,390	2,444,330	7,553,780	2,676
19	Dubois	267,475	31	1,106,555	458,650	1,565,205	39,610	419,577	131,340	982,385	2,691,930	1,619
20	Elkhart	291,830	89	3,502,814	1,101,349	4,604,163	349,610	226,735	793,187	2,982,303	8,705,656	3,789
21	Fayette	120,561	11	3,742,335	418,845	4,161,180	222,245	226,735	438,980	2,163,665	6,779,775	1,517
22	Floyd	92,358	68	1,092,611	265,856	1,358,467	1,672,493	1,531,531	3,201,024	5,756,142	8,264,774	2,869
23	Franklin	240,673	74	3,714,665	581,985	4,296,650	297,895	358,625	566,515	1,877,025	6,570,490	2,928
24	Franklin	216,776	71	3,816,835	693,380	4,510,215	112,910	301,380	414,290	2,317,520	7,308,025	2,668
25	Franklin	228,107	64	1,315,150	419,765	1,734,915	37,946	60,725	98,670	720,390	2,534,115	1,730
26	Gibson	237,250	50	3,065,038	936,515	4,001,553	184,344	419,611	603,985	2,496,244	7,121,812	2,640
27	Grant	237,650	54	2,076,047	632,768	2,708,815	65,485	93,730	159,215	1,360,695	4,222,725	2,202
28	Greene	312,584	54	2,122,955	656,200	2,779,155	21,348	86,252	110,620	1,743,440	4,633,215	2,566
29	Hamilton	200,117	01	2,802,015	807,560	3,609,575	58,105	145,310	203,415	1,944,355	5,757,365	2,816
30	Hancock	192,050	54	2,672,360	726,060	3,398,420	44,865	111,840	156,705	1,439,955	4,995,100	1,477
31	Harrison	283,570	63	1,631,560	367,302	1,998,862	229,145	336,822	565,967	1,134,190	3,672,063	2,318

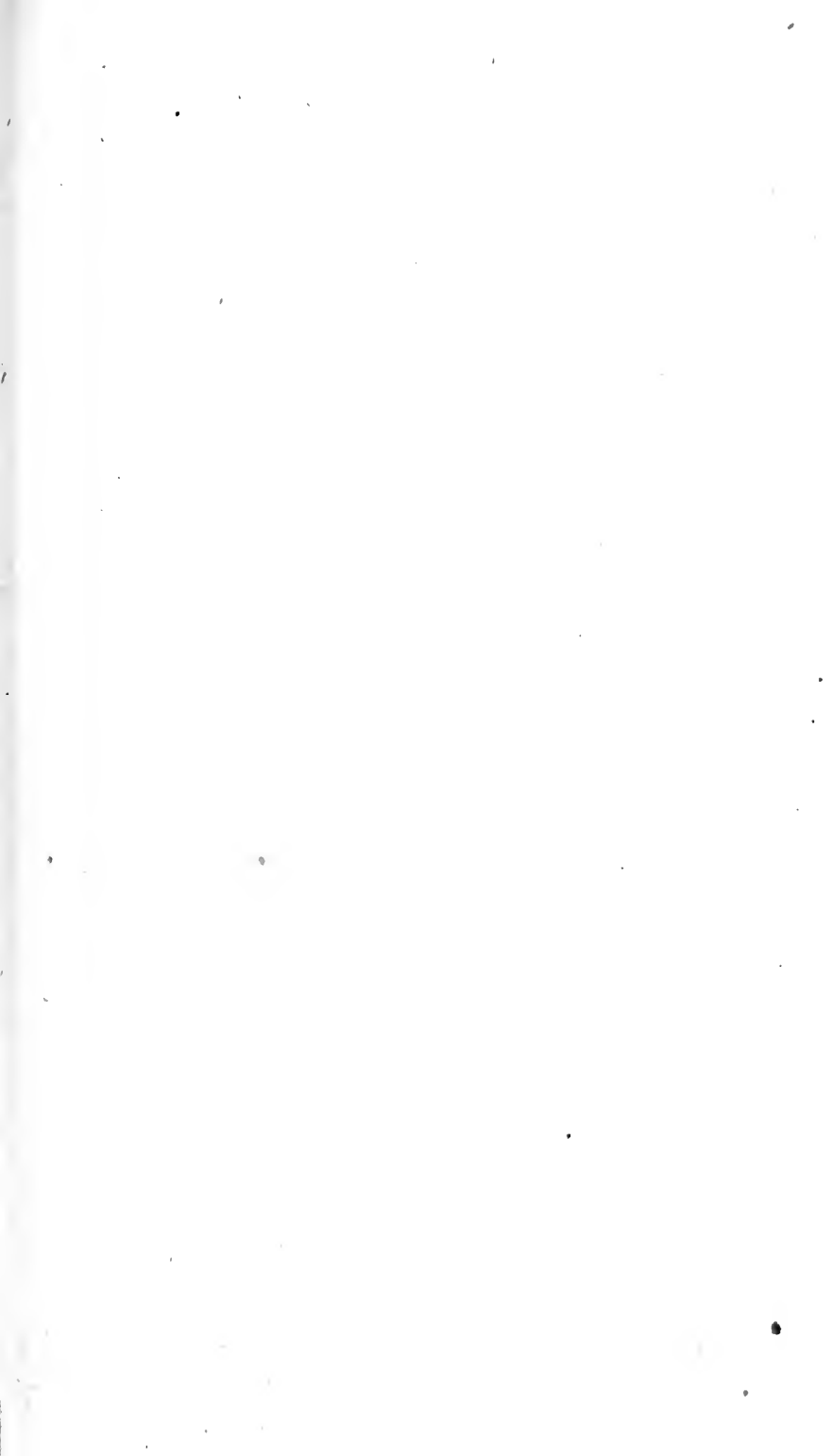
32	Hendricks.....	1,070,484	5,811,861	99,583	208,494	398,347	2,882,719	9,005,927	2912
33	*Henry.....	1,023,530	5,428,550	153,295	334,465	487,760	3,932,270	9,848,580	2973
34	Howard.....	2,141,419	2,916,339	106,757	221,121	330,878	1,068,840	4,916,097	2427
35	Huntington.....	574,611	2,928,574	.....	.....	274,240	1,113,636	4,346,450	2471
36	Jackson.....	758,955	2,927,675	215,305	417,045	662,350	1,717,510	7,147,535	2776
37	*Jasper.....	249,363	1,308,120	23,371	51,151	71,525	831,509	2,214,103	844
38	St. Jay.....	1,272,090	613,640	.....	.....	63,265	1,067,320	3,016,135	1863
39	*Jefferson.....	641,680	1,885,730	784,940	1,255,120	2,040,060	3,236,575	8,333,780	3396
40	Jennings.....	564,574	2,374,092	41,061	101,557	202,118	1,478,519	4,055,290	2216
41	Johnson.....	1,034,755	4,906,900	118,550	255,020	473,580	2,882,870	8,363,350	2641
42	*Knox.....	638,595	3,241,300	546,030	755,290	1,265,280	2,436,145	6,945,915	3375
43	Koehnke.....	1,000,300	4,174,300	199,560	263,825	443,385	2,298,610	6,936,265	3528
44	Langrange.....	968,135	2,869,100	38,986	112,029	151,015	1,018,961	4,639,106	2006
45	*Lake.....	304,285	1,982,015	62,020	72,100	131,120	799,870	2,915,985	1577
46	Laporte.....	602,423	4,767,299	840,328	826,503	1,006,834	3,383,550	8,817,653	3393
47	Lawrence.....	4,173,761	190,640	440,164	579,794	387,800	2,482,564	7,186,110	2236
48	Madison.....	925,105	4,567,840	123,985	263,805	357,800	2,055,680	7,011,290	3061
49	*Marion.....	1,738,805	10,834,586	8,113,531	5,659,316	13,697,846	9,516,179	35,487,311	8954
50	Marshall.....	567,335	3,033,965	237,340	147,800	385,200	1,107,709	4,526,874	2859
51	*Martin.....	786,809	1,058,423	113,939	1,058,423	143,781	954,944	2,136,149	1444
52	Miami.....	2,895,525	879,955	191,470	279,375	470,845	1,930,430	6,176,765	3019
53	Monte.....	451,235	2,424,544	234,167	417,747	681,914	2,231,054	5,637,422	1974
54	Montgomery.....	1,263,470	6,935,450	218,715	415,500	684,215	2,370,700	10,970,455	3446
55	Morgan.....	839,905	2,847,845	72,840	193,285	238,125	2,328,015	6,414,015	2510
56	Newton.....	154,460	1,023,820	17,040	28,610	46,270	115,420	1,529,200	628
57	*Noble.....	719,042	2,439,150	58,291	191,550	249,811	1,869,255	4,568,165	3013
58	Ohio.....	147,071	1,913,365	46,113	121,711	197,854	1,723,420	4,439,435	777
59	Orange.....	213,080	2,585,320	.....	.....	111,140	1,712,933	4,439,435	1819
60	Owen.....	823,700	3,116,570	45,295	142,200	188,195	1,724,820	5,029,885	2283
61	Parke.....	583,335	9,031,500	79,555	194,125	273,680	2,795,030	8,100,300	2754
62	*Perry.....	204,553	1,274,610	412,380	603,135	1,017,523	1,065,480	3,297,615	2249
63	Pike.....	1,409,162	4,091,063	51,233	88,220	139,525	1,260,365	3,248,933	1873
64	Porter.....	373,850	2,247,460	200,339	292,245	452,585	1,263,430	4,410,305	2209
65	*Posey.....	526,348	3,808,077	239,550	372,841	97,920	2,137,407	6,567,878	2237
66	Putlaski.....	890,460	2,654,430	33,155	61,765	97,920	561,873	1,815,483	973
67	*Putnam.....	1,815,815	6,763,549	.....	.....	802,845	3,314,920	10,881,065	3101
68	Randolph.....	913,555	5,146,110	111,785	215,870	337,655	2,048,180	7,521,975	3122
69	*Ripley.....	476,778	2,700,751	37,052	93,839	131,831	1,202,515	1,113,843	2255
70	Rush.....	1,035,135	3,378,730	83,255	172,015	255,500	3,302,967	10,136,397	2746
71	Scott.....	923,489	1,182,891	12,230	43,440	55,690	508,821	1,897,110	1291
72	Shelby.....	253,794	3,992,975	183,050	30,495	489,375	2,511,130	8,904,100	3213
73	Spencer.....	592,235	2,789,815	126,425	227,005	353,430	1,847,799	4,972,045	2769
74	St. Starke.....	53,414	573,514	6,448	15,923	22,371	303,562	901,447	493
75	St. Joseph.....	404,005	3,907,065	.....	.....	1,015,640	2,760,400	7,674,005	2467
76	Steuben.....	192,847	1,694,731	38,537	73,023	111,502	745,809	2,601,182	1835
77	Sullivan.....	280,885	4,131,349	.....	.....	218,780	1,847,275	3,200,360	2417
78	Switzerland.....	138,915	2,137,170	64,485	166,475	224,690	1,247,255	3,509,345	1885
79	Tipton.....	309,738	7,436,595	1,591,140	1,193,545	2,784,985	7,019,665	17,261,245	5139
80	Tippecanoe.....	166,853	4,385,535	2,011,475	.....	133,970	815,125	3,006,870	1582
81	Union.....	101,372	3,212,115	32,865	69,310	102,113	1,371,105	4,658,975	1115

STATEMENT NO. III—Continued.

ABSTRACT of Assessment of Real and Personal Property in the State of Indiana for the year 1866.

Number.	COUNTIES.	Acres.	Hundredths.	Value of lands without im- provements.	Value of improve- ments.	Value of improve- ments.	Value of lands and improve- ments.	Value of town lots.	Value of improve- ments.	Value of lots and improvements.	Value of personal property.	Total valuation.	Number of polls.
82	Vanderburgh.....	149,822	39	\$1,987,970	\$465,050	\$2,453,020	\$2,070,290	\$2,070,290	\$1,861,015	\$3,931,275	\$6,409,140	\$12,883,435	3,806
83	Vermillion.....	143,861	86	2,073,286	471,771	2,545,057	39,556	175,738	215,244	215,244	1,628,316	4,388,666	1,573
84	Vigo.....	256,702	86	5,277,704	562,971	5,840,675	1,914,762	1,914,762	2,044,503	3,959,055	5,518,355	15,318,125	3,994
85	Walash.....	252,712	36	2,646,881	1,274,889	3,921,770	270,501	370,501	432,505	703,006	2,383,210	7,008,016	2,287
86	Warren.....	228,877	54	2,999,045	685,516	3,681,560	334,555	334,555	107,030	140,585	1,851,845	5,676,390	1,658
87	Warrick.....	239,173	45	2,421,490	437,427	2,856,887	175,477	175,477	211,352	386,829	1,708,663	5,014,379	2,383
88	Washington.....	318,051	53	3,216,125	685,485	3,901,610	74,310	74,310	199,845	274,155	2,213,959	6,421,721	2,652
89	Wayne.....	252,155	89	8,212,615	1,112,420	9,355,065	911,210	911,210	1,419,370	2,360,580	6,776,175	18,996,480	4,572
90	Wells.....	237,052	02	1,261,110	391,600	1,655,710	71,430	71,430	64,395	135,825	819,720	2,641,255	2,084
91	White.....	281,373	65	2,498,942	431,625	2,920,567	49,251	49,251	121,104	170,358	1,002,644	4,093,569	1,483
92	Whitley.....	210,184	56	1,846,266	579,579	2,425,845	74,557	74,557	112,232	186,789	978,320	3,590,954	2,084
	Total.....	22,380,504	71	\$247,746,550	\$60,798,447	\$312,304,558	\$29,388,021	\$29,388,021	\$33,993,888	\$66,488,688	\$191,814,483	\$578,481,109	228,878

*No report for this year received. Report of last year inserted.



STATEMENT

SHOWING an Abstract of Taxes Levied on

Number.	COUNTIES.	State Tax.	School Tax.	Sinking Fund Tax.	County Tax.	Road Tax.	Township Tax.
1	Adams.....	\$7,680 02	\$5,280 16	\$5,785 40	\$10,383 71	\$6,571 92	\$1,464 62
2	Allen.....	29,366 40	18,904 73	20,185 92	81,209 29	15,805 80	8,369 31
3	Birtheolomew....	23,647 18	15,202 10	16,923 95	26,191 05	9,104 85	8,169 19
4	Benton.....	6,142 60	3,937 45	4,188 90	7,622 37	7,385 92	841 30
5	Blackford.....	2,998 21	1,934 11	2,090 72	6,665 58	3,096 83	567 31
6	Boone.....	23,213 06	14,892 27	16,071 44	5,745 62	8,325 80	1,776 06
7	Brown.....	4,276 55	2,758 65	2,771 44	11,350 12	1,059 34	1,073 51
8	Carroll.....	18,894 88	12,046 86	13,737 23	21,841 44	6,510 09	3,276 70
9	Cass.....	21,633 99	13,905 09	15,374 01	70,794 62	5,912 93	2,932 97
10	Clark.....	22,987 43	14,771 03	16,617 80	38,866 58	6,941 02	2,592 48
11	Clay.....	11,720 62	7,358 31	4,139 79	13,321 54	.....	1,292 47
12	Clinton.....	16,001 95	10,294 78	11,180 36	15,325 95	5,590 17	2,531 16
13	Crawford.....	5,256 20	3,391 15	3,427 19	5,766 50	1,715 09	183 62
14	Davies.....	12,573 49	8,151 72	8,764 70	23,056 77	3,828 53	1,866 27
15	Dearborn.....	24,141 92	15,513 16	17,449 34	88,759 79	12,771 73	21,893 69
16	Decatur.....	21,465 29	16,706 29	18,023 18	68,968 48	11,898 12	3,445 54
17	DeKalb.....	9,500 50	6,417 19	6,494 34	32,711 68	7,505 13	3,366 16
18	Delaware.....	29,846 43	13,395 23	15,071 56	27,713 23	7,859 65	3,528 17
19	Dubois.....	7,944 08	5,116 59	5,383 86	19,653 02	2,691 92	3,589 73
20	Elkhart.....	24,557 94	16,661 53	17,372 84	26,059 60	9,806 89	33,756 71
21	Fayette.....	18,087 18	11,696 11	13,559 54	62,554 97	6,779 77	2,482 13
22	Floyd.....	22,813 65	14,567 74	16,529 54	59,287 90	2,177 41	1,002 55
23	Fountain.....	18,295 57	11,825 73	13,139 69	27,593 25	5,012 79	1,942 24
24	Franklin.....	20,271 04	13,926 87	14,617 06	120,939 50	10,214 55	3,819 31
25	Fulton.....	7,696 20	4,963 22	5,128 99	26,504 97	3,019 69	850 90
26	Gibson.....	19,786 44	12,810 57	14,242 43	38,238 78	7,301 81	2,149 27
27	Grant.....	12,282 55	7,904 81	8,145 45	67,367 73	6,353 64	4,950 76
28	Green.....	13,592 35	8,693 66	9,262 24	10,545 35	791 09	2,119 22
29	Hamilton.....	16,506 97	10,621 31	11,516 26	42,352 49	6,226 78	2,492 49
30	Hancock.....	14,636 51	9,024 64	9,990 19	37,030 70	7,138 19	2,955 54
31	Harrison.....	5,163 50	2,681 47	532 42	8,407 10	.....	1,633 68
32	Hendricks.....	22,511 90	14,409 64	18,011 90	36,023 82	9,095 97	3,924 53
33	Henry.....	25,858 37	17,172 43	9,848 69	101,458 80	7,441 02	2,765 30
34	Howard.....	14,110 37	9,079 19	9,832 14	20,877 73	6,487 78	2,171 31
35	Huntington.....	12,719 36	8,189 85	8,692 91	44,700 60	11,476 28	3,869 86
36	Jackson.....	19,740 94	12,667 63	14,005 06	16,871 10	9,816 65	2,310 30
37	Jasper.....	6,168 42	3,064 67	4,428 30	13,706 99	2,856 83	859 46
38	Jay.....	8,998 02	5,757 69	6,032 61	16,013 08	6,958 49	2,358 85
39	Jefferson.....	23,383 72	15,033 56	16,667 56	25,851 10	6,469 39	3,009 29
40	Jennings.....	11,798 37	7,595 32	8,108 51	24,515 43	4,350 61	1,887 92
41	Johnson.....	22,739 15	14,635 86	8,353 34	30,507 23	7,449 50	2,663 19
42	Knox.....	19,146 06	12,995 53	13,891 83	71,834 13	7,177 49	2,111 79
43	Kosciusko.....	20,485 08	13,180 90	14,271 36	19,603 36	7,151 48	2,068 98
44	Lagrange.....	13,141 29	8,455 78	9,278 72	22,942 81	6,340 88	1,409 35
45	Lake.....	8,447 58	5,439 30	2,907 07	15,027 78	4,360 18	1,739 97
46	Laporte.....	21,994 38	16,075 05	17,635 71	27,240 38	7,726 76	2,258 85
47	Lawrence.....	19,660 96	12,627 16	14,386 44	7,890 30	1,896 21	1,392 23
48	Madison.....	19,824 00	12,728 55	14,022 58	68,478 38	9,504 95	3,233 32
49	Marion.....	95,441 61	61,211 63	70,980 87	79,934 88	8,080 11	3,749 63
50	Marshall.....	13,969 49	8,915 72	9,076 30	35,344 87	5,451 64	1,324 49
51	Martin.....	6,555 49	4,191 17	4,274 00	14,249 99	2,373 15	2,428 45
52	Miami.....	17,982 30	11,583 12	12,342 72	35,451 98	7,877 20	2,771 51

NUMBER IV.

the Duplicate for 1866, in the State of Indiana.

Special School Tax.	Township Library Tax.	Reg. Tax.	County Tax.	Other Taxes.	Total Taxes 1865.	Delinquent Taxes in 1865 and previous years.	Total Taxes.
\$3,080 55		\$1,542	\$7,775 15	\$1,180 37	\$30,069 90	\$3,384 64	\$53,454 54
22,580 65	\$1,009 30	3,244	90,836 61		291,511 95	33,720 32	325,232 17
15,442 70	845 20	3,127			118,683 22	5,259 38	123,942 60
4,288 77	219 18	432		6,756 22	42,113 81	7,450 92	49,567 73
2,827 82	100 61	639	8,618 26	1,005 57	30,484 32	5,128 34	36,440 85
8,815 22	811 72	2,641			82,891 59	11,859 33	94,750 92
3,680 62	138 39		6,928 60		34,037 42	8,270 63	42,308 05
9,307 60	691 77	1,661	92,668 66		180,636 23	25,220 53	205,856 76
15,969 30	768 70	2,167			149,458 61	31,249 20	180,717 81
8,817 81	830 86	2,306		415 86	115,146 87	25,493 91	140,640 78
2,027 12	413 03		45,955 79		100,633 35	6,081 91	106,715 26
7,695 39	559 04	1,795	33,541 08	5,550 19	110,106 07	5,962 75	115,468 89
2,098 70	171 79		9,229 80		31,268 95	7,139 61	38,408 56
9,365 52	438 19	2,347			67,521 80	23,635 96	91,157 76
12,303 99	872 03	2,411			196,107 65	9,581 95	205,689 60
14,260 98	901 61	2,120			159,739 49		159,739 49
7,064 00		1,570			65,022 87	10,593 91	75,616 78
10,101 43	753 57	2,536		6,755 31	108,560 64	13,952 16	125,512 80
5,012 96	269 20	2,265	17,365 83	2,153 65	71,445 74	4,811 17	76,256 91
18,495 81		2,531		5,043 19	154,285 73	3,015 16	157,300 89
5,024 70	677 98	1,171			120,752 41	6,593 84	127,346 25
9,743 97	826 46	1,637		16,529 64	145,115 76	25,732 75	170,848 51
8,433 94	657 01	1,893	131,396 90	1,370 26	221,660 42	18,875 38	240,535 80
7,590 29	730 81	2,270		2,593 58	196,034 01	5,131 15	201,165 16
5,424 83	256 45	1,352		1,785 28	56,961 93	13,604 16	70,566 09
10,637 79	702 26	2,392		671 60	108,932 95	3,985 28	112,919 23
9,851 46	422 24	1,823		912 72	120,316 38	37,429 98	157,746 36
7,843 11	463 06				53,230 08		53,230 08
10,556 29	576 99	2,061	27,255 03		130,194 47	20,621 76	150,816 23
6,988 25	499 48	1,771			80,431 50	5,328 66	94,763 16
225 03					18,642 69	1,389 80	20,031 90
16,186 13	900 46	2,077			131,488 22	9,478 15	141,166 38
9,867 67	991 22	2,486		2,896 04	212,203 62	821 25	213,024 88
9,190 40	491 59	1,342		20,877 75	94,460 25	28,339 46	122,899 92
10,096 05	434 66	1,996	30,425 15	4,071 14	136,671 26	19,569 97	156,241 23
8,107 37	704 71	2,495			86,625 40		86,625 40
9,828 21	221 42	606			37,640 39	11,843 64	49,483 94
8,148 66	301 62	1,689		7,540 77	62,818 70	8,159 32	71,278 02
19,200 25	833 35	1,846	30,618 23	11,668 91	183,960 97	11,395 97	195,356 94
5,807 48	405 40	2,231	24,325 44		91,025 48	13,674 85	104,700 33
13,717 91	835 31	2,345			138,885 69		138,885 69
7,833 23		1,972			171,691 55	56,602 75	228,294 30
10,870 80	713 54	2,587			91,591 09	11,315 50	102,906 59
6,788 74	463 90	1,388			70,173 97	4,614 43	74,788 40
6,092 84	290 61	1,414			45,719 33	12,910 67	60,379 01
18,801 25	881 80	2,246			115,614 18	8,580 03	124,194 21
5,739 65	719 30	1,838	18,430 16		85,059 54	6,177 21	91,074 75
8,281 54	701 12	2,403		2,217 52	141,414 96	43,072 16	184,487 12
74,973 97	3,549 08	3,450			402,171 78	80,129 04	482,000 82
9,246 89	465 78	1,530		42 13	83,967 31	12,040 35	96,007 66
3,617 81	219 66	1,547		4,170 38	42,044 10	4,318 57	47,909 67
11,164 32	605 10	2,490	33,875 18		135,653 43	12,161 28	147,814 71

STATEMENT NO.

SHOWING an Abstract of Taxes Levied on

Number.	COUNTIES.	State Tax.	School Tax.	Sinking Fund Tax.	County Tax.	Road Tax.	Township Tax.
53	Monroe.....	\$13,516 23	\$8,752 11	\$9,704 76	\$45,655 80	88 34	\$1,359 11
54	Montgomery	30,010 63	19,275 74	21,940 89	55,713 76	10,970 45	4,118 15
55	Morgan.....	16,694 47	10,790 25	13,116 81	34,921 18	7,141 09	2,619 37
56	Newton.....	1,294 35	2,761 19	3,058 09	15,289 46	1,776 96	541 07
57	Noble	13,616 01	8,786 96	9,101 08	13,651 05	8,568 32	1,763 55
58	Ohio.....	4,888 46	3,139 18	3,442 43	9,859 96	1,717 79	747 98
59	Orange.....	12,484 60	8,002 17	8,878 89	16,162 04	4,439 46	892 82
60	Owen.....	14,286 96	9,188 29	10,059 75	31,891 56	5,737 96	2,156 30
61	Clarke.....	22,316 53	14,337 65	16,200 00	43,256 08	8,100 41	3,283 61
62	Perry.....	9,963 65	6,421 74	6,621 34	27,075 55	3,155 50	4,069 11
63	Pike.....	9,527 14	6,134 81	6,497 92	23,737 61	900 25	1,741 42
64	Porter.....	12,690 10	8,166 03	8,820 69	23,161 22	5,511 07	1,278 25
65	Posey.....	18,342 43	11,791 10	13,115 76	25,549 57	5,681 14	3,022 05
66	Pulaski.....	5,299 35	3,410 53	3,651 77	13,526 69	3,212 46	629 97
67	Putnam.....	29,539 67	18,961 58	21,762 10	35,747 23	9,445 04	5,428 70
68	Randolph	21,221 67	13,533 10	15,104 00	40,882 23	9,475 00	2,723 71
69	Ripley.....	11,953 09	7,694 54	4,113 91	63,932 68	4,548 97	2,174 34
70	Rush.....	27,376 31	17,377 78	20,221 68	26,701 73	10,125 93	4,583 57
71	Scott.....	5,561 77	3,585 34	3,674 82	11,669 35	918 71	1,018 09
72	Shelby.....	24,699 99	15,853 06	17,808 20	60,286 40	8,125 61	3,891 89
73	Spencer.....	14,468 99	9,314 31	9,949 78	47,483 03	5,616 77	3,949 89
74	Starke.....	2,686 25	1,663 40	1,814 62	5,658 36	4,437 79	472 13
75	St. Joseph.....	21,791 01	14,015 61	15,352 51	17,087 58	7,623 77	1,120 55
76	Steuben.....	7,875 58	5,077 39	5,200 46	19,501 23	9,193 64	2,868 81
77	Sullivan.....	15,182 93	9,628 61	10,400 19	22,108 96	5,200 10	3,353 40
78	Switzerland	10,411 96	6,791 34	7,198 55	17,139 27	3,230 96	1,087 41
79	Tippecanoe	47,876 21	30,743 55	35,217 55	11,373 83	5,656 97	1,110 55
80	Tipton.....	8,853 66	5,697 96	6,131 65	13,058 48	6,458 60	1,327 62
81	Union.....	12,581 19	8,074 85	9,377 95	50,321 75	4,688 95	563 89
82	Vanderburgh	35,138 09	22,566 44	25,766 89	78,998 05	5,153 36	4,282 68
83	Vermillion.....	12,151 41	7,808 35	8,777 33	18,341 17	2,461 33	327 91
84	Vigo.....	41,270 15	26,530 20	30,626 25	69,032 15	7,428 23	9,413 11
85	Wabash.....	19,965 30	12,843 11	14,012 00	33,711 38	7,157 96	5,553 04
86	Warren.....	15,435 98	9,912 17	11,353 96	47,073 92	7,156 72	2,612 11
87	Warrick.....	14,323 17	9,216 77	10,028 75	74,845 59	6,063 12	6,124 85
88	Washington.....	18,018 92	11,585 16	12,823 35	53,393 61	.....	1,953 54
89	Wayne.....	59,956 18	32,699 59	38,016 96	111,404 63	16,398 32	9,720 04
90	Wells.....	8,166 14	5,268 01	5,282 51	58,107 61	10,085 58	2,172 52
91	White.....	11,411 33	7,333 26	8,240 26	31,642 59	4,674 75	810 77
92	Whitley.....	19,545 37	6,764 35	7,181 83	17,965 45	6,246 75	2,360 37
	Total.....	\$1,692,657 80	\$1,020,063 26	\$1,118,690 56	\$3,214,729 33	562,702 51	\$21,690 25

*No report for this year. Report of last year inserted.

IV—Continued.

the Duplicate for 1866, in the State of Indiana.

Special School Tax.	Township Library Tax.	Dog Tax.	Bounty Tax.	Other Taxes.	Total Taxes 1865.	Delinquent Taxes in 1865 and previous years.	Total Taxes.
\$5,579 50	\$484 21	\$1,959		\$1,537 18	\$88,282 19	\$8,383 49	\$96,665 68
10,650 00	1,097 06	2,690			156,466 68	31,892 60	188,359 28
10,630 92	959 27	2,403			98,376 38	17,806 75	116,183 13
3,684 04	132 80	514		415 95	32,487 91	12,776 10	45,264 01
9,855 60	455 00	1,703			67,500 97	17,710 85	85,211 82
2,976 49	166 98	432	\$13,773 91		40,713 18	5,822 85	46,536 03
8,904 93	442 38	1,950			62,493 29	4,823 97	67,317 26
8,616 01	502 97	2,131			84,570 80	14,306 70	98,877 50
14,386 46	810 04	1,995		1,665 64	126,352 34	2,437 23	128,789 57
7,958 28	331 09	1,666			67,246 26	16,879 62	84,125 88
5,632 48	324 89	1,837			62,334 22	6,952 58	69,286 80
8,870 97	444 01	959	17,641 38	4,663 37	92,203 13	20,627 20	112,830 33
6,279 73	655 77	2,021			86,458 55		86,458 55
3,914 21	181 51	963		1,826 78	36,616 27	8,891 81	45,508 08
7,365 03	1,088 07		96,360 54		225,689 08	7,378 09	233,067 17
15,565 31	755 19	2,117			121,377 21	31,756 37	153,133 58
6,104 27				2,897 60	117,986 32	11,613 74	129,600 06
9,383 50	1,017 81	2,428		1,408 89	120,828 35	9,889 31	130,717 67
3,077 53	183 22	996			30,685 93	8,916 27	39,602 20
11,295 17	890 40	2,890	1,909 69	23,685 68	171,306 09	16,056 71	187,362 80
6,888 24	497 46	1,788	17,412 00	1,494 59	118,863 25	12,426 10	131,289 35
2,160 10	90 15	310			21,562 79	21,664 56	43,227 35
12,537 98	767 54	1,840			92,136 25	11,820 24	103,956 49
6,566 86	260 05	885	4,123 29		61,552 31	5,844 77	67,397 08
9,112 63			31,200 63		106,487 45	49,598 53	156,085 98
6,195 97	359 94	1,339	32,393 50	390 58	87,048 48	6,226 49	93,274 97
32,566 77	1,760 87	2,717			169,923 35	64,884 47	233,907 82
8,005 95	306 82	1,104		12,268 21	63,212 95	17,798 29	81,011 24
3,503 54	468 89	950		952 83	91,486 84	3,736 52	95,223 36
30,561 81	1,288 31	3,214		5,834 95	182,804 61	25,368 56	208,173 17
4,938 62	438 86	1,115			56,359 98	7,051 95	63,411 93
33,903 54	1,531 76	2,167			221,931 70	60,025 80	281,957 50
8,228 22	700 59	2,343	50,673 76	1,914 61	137,134 97	6,012 21	143,277 80
8,542 99	567 67	1,072			103,727 52	9,557 61	113,285 13
9,993 90	501 42	1,943			133,068 58	17,167 49	150,236 07
4,885 10	641 18				103,300 86	3,681 91	106,982 77
27,498 19	1,900 82	2,925		2,023 01	295,536 68	26,918 12	322,454 80
6,844 47	264 13	1,516			97,706 97	5,503 41	103,210 38
7,778 82	411 98	809		172 65	73,285 21	27,574 81	100,860 05
8,745 29	359 06	1,637			61,805 65	10,421 34	72,226 99
332,877 28	44,493 79	154,840	\$874,167 30	\$275,647 41	\$10,167,834 39	\$1,589 768 05	\$11,571,218 99

STATEMENT NO. V.

*SHOWING the Names of Borrowers of the College Fund, with
the amount loaned to each.*

NAMES.	Amount.
John Higgins	\$150 00
Isaac Parker	400 00
James Jones	250 00
H. R. Gaston	300 00
A. E. Richardson	200 00
J. K. Smith	150 00
L. F. Coppersmith	300 00
Isaac Powell	200 00
W. H. Adams	300 00
N. C. Bolton	300 00
J. M. Ray	500 00
C. S. Hascall	300 00
E. Brown	500 00
H. W. Clark	500 00
Ronnday & McCormick	400 00
J. B. Stumph	500 00
T. J. Norvell	100 00
S. McConnell	400 00
S. Henderson	500 00
G. M. Ballard	200 00
J. H. Cherry	200 00
J. P. Hunt	150 00
J. F. Oakes	100 00
Geo. McCaslin	500 00
Joseph Poyner	200 00
J. P. McCormick	500 00
J. Ritter	500 00
W. J. H. Robinson	500 00
L. Sebastian	500 00
C. F. Rooker	150 00
S. S. Brown	300 00
W. H. Hamilton	500 00
A. D. Hamrick	450 00
D. Matchitt	250 00
H. Pearson	250 00
H. P. Smith	150 00
Z. Smith	200 00
J. Hinesley	150 00
T. J. Smith	500 00
T. D. McClain	300 00
J. Matthews	200 00
I. Jackson	300 00
P. Hosbrook	300 00
J. Goar	200 00
E. Cooper	150 00
J. S. Apple	200 00
J. West	300 00
E. Hutchings	500 00
L. D. Clark	200 00
E. Smith	100 00
J. Hummel	400 00
A. Dana	150 00
B. Hunt	400 00
G. S. Pittman	500 00
S. A. Vail	674 00
A. May	500 00
O. S. Keely	187 50
P. J. Warner	300 00
W. S. Butt	400 00
W. Parker	300 00
O. W. Johnston	200 00
T. H. Barlow	500 00
G. W. Kirby	250 00
S. A. Vail	642 00

STATEMENT NO. V.—Continued.

NAMES.	Amount.
A. Ball.....	\$500 00
B. W. H. Ellis.....	500 00
John Lefler.....	400 00
John Lefler.....	500 00
P. Johnson.....	500 00
G. W. McConnell.....	500 00
H. Reynolds.....	500 00
C. Reynolds.....	600 00
J. T. Freeland.....	500 00
R. Freeland.....	500 00
R. H. Milroy.....	500 00
Trustees Roberts Chapel.....	200 00
L. S. Reynolds.....	500 00
L. B. Harris.....	500 00
Isaac Keith.....	500 00
S. Beck.....	500 00
G. Myerly.....	500 00
M. A. Horn.....	350 00
L. Leary.....	500 00
G. A. Milnes.....	500 00
R. E. Palmer.....	400 00
T. G. Palmer.....	400 00
J. S. Williams.....	500 00
J. F. Hall.....	500 00
M. E. Snyder.....	500 00
N. R. Overman.....	600 50
S. Harter.....	500 00
W. E. Talbott.....	500 00
J. Milner.....	500 00
R. & I. Diggins.....	500 00
Sabin & Crampton.....	339 05
C. A. Baggs.....	500 00
M. E. Ellsworth.....	500 00
J. Jones.....	500 00
W. Johnson.....	250 00
J. Estep.....	500 00
M. Edgar.....	200 00
J. Holmes.....	500 00
J. Darling.....	500 00
J. E. Eudaley.....	500 00
A. C. Talbott.....	500 00
E. D. Busick.....	500 00
Wm. Moody.....	500 00
C. W. VanHouten.....	360 00
E. J. Sumner.....	500 00
T. C. Sumner.....	500 00
C. A. Ray.....	500 00
Sabin & Reed.....	600 50
E. Parker.....	400 00
J. Jarvis.....	500 00
O. P. Jarvis.....	500 00
P. S. Welch.....	500 00
John Smith.....	410 00
D. Shuler.....	350 00
J. Frame.....	500 00
H. A. Morrison.....	500 00
W. H. White.....	400 00
J. S. Tarkington.....	500 00
J. Mix.....	500 00
J. A. Hunt.....	500 00
W. Pearce.....	500 00
J. Gibbs.....	400 00
Perry & Thompson.....	400 00
T. D. Findley.....	150 00
J. M. Thompson.....	500 00
H. Fisher.....	500 00
W. L. Lingenfelter.....	500 00
J. W. Thompson.....	400 00
R. F. Catterson.....	500 00
M. J. McCaslin.....	500 00
J. Dillman.....	400 00
C. C. Campbell.....	500 00
L. M. Phipps.....	500 00
J. S. Shirley.....	500 00
J. W. Chase.....	500 00
J. W. Brongh.....	500 00

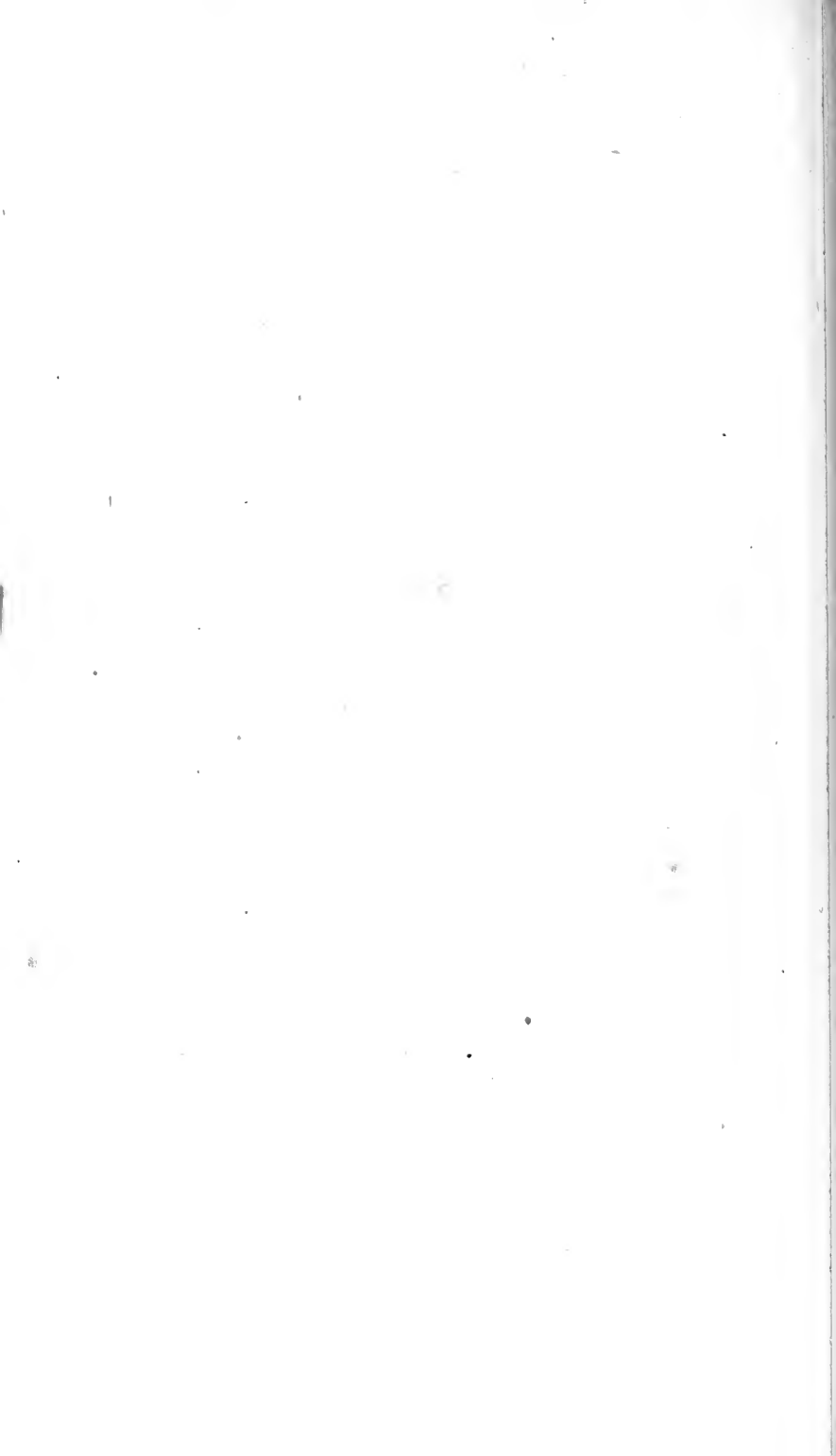
STATEMENT NO. V.—Continued.

NAMES.	Amount.
H. Dipple.....	\$200 00
E. Luark.....	500 00
J. D. Jones.....	500 00
H. W. Simons.....	500 00
M. H. Barr.....	500 00
J. Archer.....	200 00
S. S. Fitch.....	500 00
A. L. Wright.....	500 00
P. Bowen.....	500 00
H. Newman.....	500 00
J. & I. B. McNutt.....	400 00
O. B. Gilkey.....	500 00
D. H. Chase.....	500 00
A. Stewart.....	500 00
J. J. Lemasters.....	500 00
J. W. Miller.....	500 00
J. T. Bryan.....	500 00
J. P. Miller.....	500 00
J. Ristine.....	400 00
H. F. Fletcher.....	500 00
J. Elkins.....	500 00
H. Elkins.....	500 00
E. J. Bundy.....	500 00
N. Ressler.....	500 00
J. Hammacher.....	500 00
S. Rossler.....	500 00
J. H. Montgomery.....	300 00
J. Rubush.....	500 00
G. & E. Robinson.....	500 00
L. L. & A. J. Caldwell.....	500 00
T. J. Norvall.....	500 00
L. Carter.....	500 00
L. Kattinhorn.....	400 00
J. W. Vansyock.....	500 00
W. B. Bradley.....	500 00
L. C. Witt.....	500 00
W. Rouse.....	500 00
W. S. L. Gardner.....	500 00
J. H. Leary.....	500 00
J. S. Wall.....	500 00
J. J. Hayden.....	385 00
A. D. Rose.....	100 00
M. Faussett.....	400 00
J. Reed.....	500 00
L. Neff.....	200 00
S. Barth.....	500 00
W. Wilson.....	500 00
D. A. Farley.....	500 00
J. A. Brouse.....	500 00
G. McQuat.....	400 00
W. W. Johnson.....	500 00
S. W. Elliott.....	500 00
N. Cook.....	500 00
F. Rubush.....	500 00
J. Tarkington.....	500 00
I. Coonfield.....	400 00
M. E. Clark.....	400 00
M. Flake.....	500 00
J. Swaney.....	400 00
J. Gilmore.....	500 00
J. Thornburg.....	500 00
T. M. Kirkpatrick.....	500 00
C. Decker.....	500 00
J. Turner.....	500 00
W. T. Bramfield.....	400 00
A. Bassett.....	500 00
C. W. Bronse.....	500 00
J. T. Miller.....	500 00
J. Steel.....	500 00
S. Albright.....	400 00
J. M. Harmon.....	500 00
J. M. Meikel.....	500 00
D. G. Cale.....	500 00
W. B. Fordyce.....	150 00
W. Jennings.....	500 00
J. B. McFadden.....	500 00

STATEMENT NO. V.—Continued.

NAMES.	Amount.
M. A. Mallon.....	\$500 00
J. Irons.....	500 00
N. K. Igoe.....	500 00
D. Sigler.....	500 00
S. Lamb.....	500 00
N. M. Early.....	500 00
C. Sage.....	500 00
J. M. Ray.....	500 00
T. A. Wylie.....	500 00





ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

TREASURER OF STATE

OF THE

STATE OF INDIANA,

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1866.

TO THE LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER.

1866.

REPORT.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE, }
Indianapolis, Nov. 1, 1866. }

To the General Assembly of the State of Indiana :

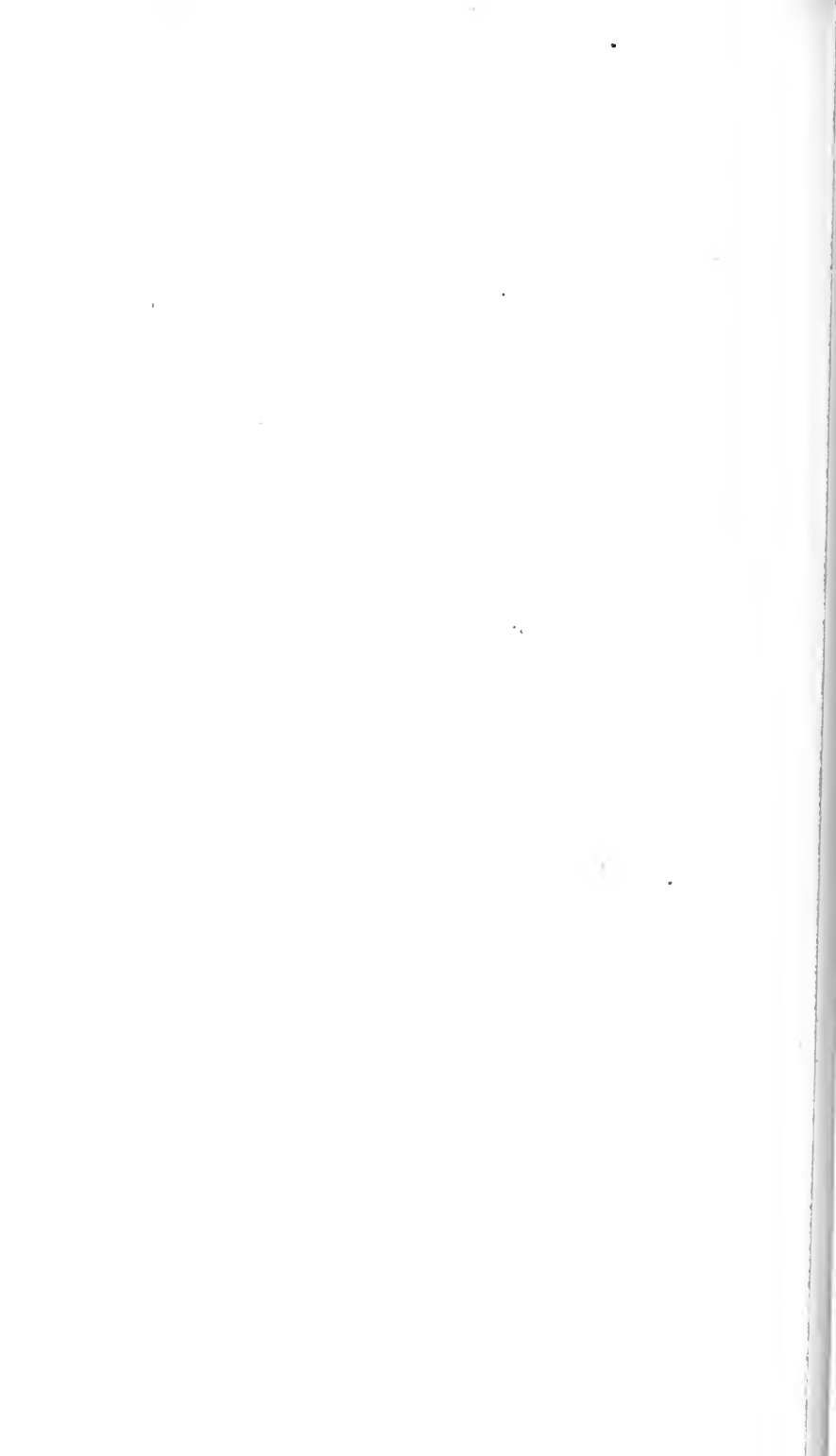
Pursuant to the requirements of law, I have the honor to transmit herewith the following report of the operations of this department for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866:

Balance in treasury, Nov. 1, 1865, as per last report	\$96,524 54
Receipts during fiscal year.....	3,957,035 23
	<hr/>
	\$4,053,559 77

Disbursements during fiscal year.....	\$3,663,179 63
Balance in treasury Nov. 1, 1866.....	390,380 14
	<hr/>
	\$4,053,559 77

Treasurer's balance, as above.....	\$390,380 14
Warrants outstanding and unpaid Nov. 1, 1866....	8,858 25
	<hr/>
Auditor's balance.....	\$381,521 89

JOHN I. MORRISON,
Treasurer of State.



GENERAL REMARKS.

CONTRACTION OF STATE CURRENCY.

Upon my accession to the charge of this Department, on the 10th day of February, 1865, a very large proportion of the Funds in the Treasury was of the notes of the several Free Banks and of the various Branches of the Bank of the State. Congressional action, looking to the almost precipitate retirement of this currency in favor of the National issues, soon made it impossible to pay out such State notes without great dissatisfaction and inconvenience to the recipients. On the 1st day of May, 1865, the Banks of this city gave public notice that they would neither receive nor pay out said notes except at a discount. Many of the Banks throughout the State followed the example. Determined to sustain the State credit as far as was in my power, and to keep State orders at par, whatever might be the rates of discount on the notes of our Banks charged by bankers here, I have not offered to pay out a dollar of such notes since the above date. I have, however, continued to receive them at par, in accordance with law. During the April settlement with County Treasurers in 1865, running through the months of May and June, and including the heaviest receipts of the year, the principal portion of money received was of this class; so that, as it accumulated, though a considerable addition to my labors, I was compelled to sort it and send it home for redemption in order to have a sufficient amount of par currency to meet the daily disbursements. The Banks without a single exception, with commendable promptitude, returned dollar for dollar in National issues.

Less than three years ago State currency was our principal circulating medium—there is now but little of it in existence. It is a gratifying evidence of the soundness and security of the late

banking system of Indiana that no ruinous change of values, no suspension, no financial panic has resulted from this sudden contraction of the State currency. It has been quietly redeemed at its face value whenever presented at the counter of the Banks that issued it. Even our State legislation has not been disturbed by it. It is one of the results of the war which has not as yet been recognized by our law-givers. Section 2, page 227, Acts of 1859, which has been neither amended nor repealed since that time, reads as follows :

“From and after the first day of October, 1859, all State revenue, and all dues accrued, accruing or that may accrue to the State, or to any fund belonging to, or under charge of the State, or of any officer thereof, required by law to be paid in money, and all disbursements from the State Treasury, shall be paid in gold or silver coin, or in the notes of solvent specie-paying banks regularly organized under the banking laws of this State.”

It will be seen that this Section has been practically annulled by the general suspension of specie payments, as well as in consequence of National legislation having made greenbacks “a legal tender for all debts, public and private,” and the subsequent Congressional action relative to National Banks. As our old State issues have been withdrawn from circulation, and as neither gold nor silver is readily obtainable, the law stands a dead letter upon our statute books, and should be so revised as to empower public officers to receive and disburse such moneys of National issue as are, at the time, in general circulation at par.

MONEY BORROWED FOR STATE DEBT INTEREST.

On the first day of November, 1865, there was but \$96,521 54 in the Treasury, and this was reduced to \$40,451 24 on the first of December. At this time of the year the receipts are light, and it was easy to see that the money on hand would be entirely exhausted in current expenses, including the expenses of the extra session of the Legislature, before the first day of January. The interest on the State Debt, falling due upon that date, amounting to nearly \$160,000 00, had consequently to be provided from other sources. In the latter part of December, after unsuccessful attempts to negotiate it at a reasonable rate in the New York market, it was finally obtained from the First National Bank of Indianapolis at the low rate of seven per cent. It was drawn for ninety days.

During the winter I was compelled to call repeatedly upon the County Treasurers for whatever State funds they might have collected up to the date of the call; and, by their promptness in responding, the State Treasury was able to meet all its obligations, notwithstanding the fact that, even after borrowing the sum above mentioned, the balance remaining on hand on the first day of January, 1866, was reduced to \$1,124 16. The loan was promptly met when due, and all warrants were paid without the slightest temporary suspension for want of funds, thus making apparent the wisdom of Section 11 of the Treasury System Act, authorizing such calls to be made by the Treasurer of State.

MONEY STOLEN.

In order to correct any misapprehension which may have arisen from erroneous reports, I wish to state distinctly that the State Treasury has sustained no loss during my administration. It is true that an adroit thief abstracted four packages of \$500 each—\$2,000 in all—from the Treasury, during the transaction of public business, about noon on the 4th day of January, 1866; and, although the loss was discovered in a few minutes after the theft, and detectives were at once employed to ferret out the matter, in the absence of sufficient proof the thief could not be brought to justice. The money was thereupon replaced by a similar amount from my private funds, the Treasury thus losing nothing.

INSECURITY OF PUBLIC ARCHIVES.

It cannot be considered creditable that the State should continue, from year to year, to occupy rented buildings for her public offices. It is a narrow policy that can see economy in such a course. Indiana, while eclipsing almost all of her sister States in financial prosperity, should take her stand among them as their equal in the architectural grandeur of her public buildings. They should be at once suitable and safe. There is no building in the city suitable for the Treasurer's, Auditor's and Secretary's offices—at least not enough so to warrant its purchase; and the one now occupied is far from safe—as it is not fire-proof, and has not a single vault for the preservation of the invaluable records and papers stored therein.

I would therefore recommend that liberal provision be made for the early erection of a building for the above-mentioned State offices.

COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT TAXES.

County Treasurers complain that the fees allowed them for collecting delinquent taxes are insufficient. In some townships they can employ no one to collect for less than the whole of the fees allowed by law to the Treasurer, and in still more they can make no collections unless they furnish from their own private funds money enough in excess of the legal fees to pay the collector an ordinary *per diem*. The result naturally is that frequently no effort is made to collect except in the most accessible townships in the respective counties.

I would recommend that said fees be increased from five per cent., as at present, to ten per cent. Before the existing law was passed eight per cent. was allowed, but even that was scarcely sufficient. It is but justice to those who pay their taxes that others, who are required to by the same law, should not be permitted to escape their dues simply because no officer is sufficiently paid to present their account. I am satisfied that the effect of such an increase of fees would be to largely increase the gross collections and to throw at least fifty thousand dollars per annum into the State Treasury which, under the present system, would remain delinquent forever.

SALARY OF DEPUTY TREASURER.

In the act of 1859, "relative to the salaries of public officers," etc., the Treasurer of State is authorized to employ, "one clerk at eight hundred dollars per annum," and this constitutes the whole clerical force of his office as allowed by law up to the present time. This salary is totally inadequate to the responsibility and labor devolving on the deputy treasurer, book-keeper, and cashier of a treasury in which the aggregate receipts and disbursements of moneys, during the past two fiscal years, has amounted to over fourteen millions of dollars, or over seven millions per annum. I found it utterly impossible to employ any one, at once competent and trustworthy, who would consent to assume the onerous duties of the position at any such nominal salary. I therefore assumed the responsibility of paying eight hundred dollars per annum for clerk-hire in addition to the sum above mentioned, making sixteen hundred dollars additional advanced by me for the two years of my

administration, for which amount I ask to be reimbursed by a specific appropriation.

I respectfully recommend that the salary of the Deputy Treasurer be raised to a sum not so glaringly disproportionate to the salaries paid by the business community for cashiers and book-keepers in fiduciary positions to which scarce a tithe of the responsibility is attached.

REDUCTION OF THE STATE INDEBTEDNESS.

By reference to the tabular statements herewith, it will be seen that on the first day of November, 1866, the balance on hand was over \$390,000 00, compared with \$40,000 00 on the same day in 1865, and this after a reduction of the principal of the public debt amounting to half a million dollars in July last. The Treasury will be able, during the coming year, to pay the interest on her public debt without the necessity of borrowing, as well as all ordinary expenditures of the State government, and, it is estimated, will be in condition in July next to make a still further reduction of the principal of the debt of nearly one million dollars.

Ever since the financial revulsion consequent upon the ruinous inflation and speculation of over thirty years ago, when the State dashed in as wildly as the maddest speculator with her vast "internal improvement" schemes, her debt has been an incubus bearing heavily upon her industrial interests and absorbing the greater portion of her revenues. It must be a source of gratulation to her citizens generally that, without oppressive taxation, this debt is being so rapidly extinguished. With its extinction will necessarily come a reduction of taxation. With a cessation of war expenditures, a prospect of peace, and a future full of promise of prosperity, Indiana holds out superior inducements for the immigration of a manufacturing element which, combined with the growth of enterprise among her own citizens, can scarcely fail to develop her mineral wealth, materially increase her productions and population and add largely to her general welfare.

STATE DEBT.

The funded interest-bearing debt of the State is as follows, viz:

Stock bearing 5 per cent. interest.....	\$5,342,500 00
Stock bearing $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. interest.....	1,611,389 90
War Bonds bearing 6 per cent. interest.....	848,000 00
Vincennes University Bonds bearing 6 per cent. interest.....	66,555 00
	<hr/>
	\$7,868,474 90

A considerable portion of this debt is held by the State, making a reduction in the amount for which the State is liable as follows, viz:

Five per cent. Stocks held by State	
Debt Sinking Fund Board.....	\$764,483 00
Two and a half per cent. Stocks held by	
State Debt Sinking Fund Board, ..	96,900 00
	<hr/>
	\$861,383 00
Total outstanding debt.	<hr/>
	\$7,007,091 90

Of this latter amount the State holds Stocks in trust for the Common School Fund as follows, viz:

Five per cent. Stocks held by Sinking	
Fund Commissioners.....	\$748,080 67
Two and a half per cent. Stocks held	
by Sinking Fund Commissioners...	323,398 25
Six per cent. War Loan Bonds held by	
Sinking Fund Commissioners.....	539,000 00
	<hr/>
	\$1,610,478 92

Total debt exclusive of amount held by State.. \$5,396,612 98

S T A T E M E N T

*Showing the Receipts and Disbursements on account of the several
Funds for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866.*

RECEIPTS.

From balance in 'Treasury November 1, 1865.....	\$96,524 54
On account of College Fund, principal.....	6,948 00
On account of College Fund, interest.....	6,468 31
On account of College Fund, damages.....	27 07
On account of College Fund, costs.....	8 00
On account of Saline Fund, interest.....	194 60
On account of Bank Tax Fund, principal.....	950 00
On account of Bank Tax Fund, interest.....	110 47
On account of Surplus Revenue Fund, interest....	108 44
On account of Estates without heirs.....	3,178 35
On account of Loan Account.....	159,518 25
On account of Suspended Debt.....	2,022 92
On account of Special Military.....	5,977 30
On account of Free Banking.....	1,229 37
On account of Insane Hospital.....	11,814 00
On account of Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	1,398 55
On account of Blind Asylum.....	2,086 59
On account of State Prison, north.....	25,060 45
On account of State Prison, south.....	62,921 90
On account of Legislative.....	34 00
On account of Military Fund.....	64,279 48
On account of Military Contingent.....	17,000 00
On account of Special Arms Fund.....	173 00
On account of Governor's House.....	25,277 09
On account of Revenue of 1864.....	1,139 95
On account of School Tax of 1864.....	8,345 98
On account of Sinking Fund Tax of 1864.....	1,502 00

On account of Delinquent Revenue of 1864.....	\$74,521 84
On account of Delinquent School Tax of 1864....	40,488 65
On account of Delinquent Sinking Fund Tax of 1864.....	32,908 15
On account of Revenue of 1865.....	1,646,582 49
On account of School Tax of 1865.....	861,000 10
On account of Sinking Fund Tax of 1865.....	493,012 97
On account of Soldiers' Relief Tax of 1865.....	80,225 07
On account of Township Library Tax of 1865....	46,773 83
On account of Delinquent Revenue of 1865.....	39,409 31
On account of Delinquent School Tax of 1865....	23,358 46
On account of Delinquent Sinking Fund Tax of 1865.....	12,889 43
On account of Delinquent Soldiers' Relief Tax of 1865.....	2,203 26
On account of Delinquent Township Library Tax of 1865.....	1,219 76
On account of School Fund interest.....	98,915 93
On account of Liquor Licenses.....	80,675 00
On account of Swamp Lands.....	1,098 74
On account of University Lands.....	2,746 87
On account of Unclaimed Fees.....	560 90
On account of Docket Fees.	1,888 99
On account of sales of Seminary Lands.....	120 00
On account of Bright Lands.....	5,661 41
On account of Revenue of 1866.....	2,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$4,053,559 77</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

On account of School Distribution.....	\$1,165,257 11
On account of College Fund Expense.....	25 00
On account of Saline Fund Interest, refunded....	229 52
On account of Estates Without Heirs.....	155 10
On account of State Debt Sinking Fund.....	495,078 16
On account of Loan Account.....	162,602 81
On account of Special Military.....	2,355 05
On account of Free Banking.....	2,300 00
On account of Insane Hospital.....	98,685 88
On account of Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	41,640 97

On account of Blind Asylum.....	\$33,355 50
On account of Fuel and Stationery.....	2,398 14
On account of Contingent.....	3,664 29
On account of Sheriffs' Mileage.....	8,422 33
On account of Executive Officers.....	21,150 16
On account of Expenses Supreme Court.....	2,803 03
On account of Secretary's Office.....	970 00
On account of Auditor's Office.....	1,500 00
On account of Treasurer's Office.....	916 66
On account of Attorney General's Office.....	500 00
On account of Superintendent's Office.....	750 00
On account of Superintendent's Traveling Expenses	600 00
On account of Interest War Loan Bonds.....	52,946 09
On account of State Prison South.....	98,672 96
On account of State Prison North.....	154,030 77
On account of Public Printing.....	82,062 00
On account of State Debt Interest.....	323,536 50
On account of Professors' Salaries.....	6,807 75
On account of Legislative.....	52,390 94
On account of Military Fund.....	279,683 23
On account of Distribution of Laws.....	2,400 00
On account of Expenses State Debt Sinking Fund	1,409 78
On account of Specific.....	38,991 39
On account of Salary of State Agent.....	2,500 00
On account of Expenses of State Agency.....	3,750 00
On account of Miscellaneous.....	2,595 87
On account of Agricultural Premiums.....	1,500 00
On account of Indiana Reports.....	2,764 38
On account of Six per cent. State Treasury Notes, principal.....	25 00
On account of Six per cent. State Treasury Notes, interest.....	17 70
On account of Bright Lands.....	176 68
On account of Equalization.....	5 00
On account of College Fund, principal.....	16,350 00
On account of College Fund, interest.....	1,034 33
On account of Governor's House.....	3,366 66
On account of Governor's Office.....	7,574 64
On account of Adjutant General's Office.....	12,337 10
On account of Interest University Bonds.....	6,221 85

On account of Quartermaster General's Office....	\$2,552 46
On account of Expense Auditing Committee.....	3,500 03
On account of Pay of Adjutant General.....	5,110 50
On account of State Board of Education.....	379 60
On account of State Normal School.....	642 20
On account of Rent of State Offices.....	3,000 00
On account of Telegraphing.....	2,033 85
On account of School Fund Interest, refunded....	707 34
On account of Swamp Lands.....	12,679 45
On account of Liquor Licenses, refunded.....	200 00
On account of Revenue of 1865, refunded.....	324,053 24
On account of Delinquent Revenue of 1865, re- funded.....	1,814 95
On account of Judiciary.....	42,855 88
On account of State Library.....	603 03
On account of State House.....	4,601 96
On account of Military Contingent.....	15,745 20
On account of Prosecuting Attorneys' Salaries....	7,905 37
On account of General Fund.....	5,241 03
On account of Agricultural College.....	979 50
On account of Sinking Fund Tax of 1865, refunded	1,243 30
On account of School Tax of 1865, refunded.....	36 43
On account of Township Libraries, 1855.....	28,783 98
	<hr/>
	\$3,663,179 63
Balance in Treasury November 1, 1866.....	390,380 14
	<hr/>
	\$4,053,559 77

*STATEMENT showing the Receipts and Disbursements of the
State Treasury for ten years up to November 1, 1866, to-wit:*

RECEIPTS.

For the year 1857.....	\$1,774,675	14
For the year 1858.....	844,416	84
For the year 1859.....	1,288,445	72
For the year 1860.....	1,658,217	88
For the year 1861.....	3,672,657	64
For the year 1862.....	3,486,304	55
For the year 1863.....	2,232,899	33
For the year 1864.....	2,391,291	15
For the year 1865.....	2,742,989	19
For the year 1866.....	3,957,035	23

DISBURSEMENTS.

For the year 1857.....	\$1,748,756	69
For the year 1858.....	1,363,728	04
For the year 1859.....	1,218,185	64
For the year 1860.....	1,621,107	48
For the year 1861.....	3,546,224	07
For the year 1862.....	2,974,976	46
For the year 1863.....	2,503,246	53
For the year 1864.....	1,752,529	70
For the year 1865.....	3,899,993	02
For the year 1866.....	3,663,179	63

The general aggregate for the fiscal years 1865 and 1866 is as follows, to-wit:

RECEIPTS.

For 1865.....	\$2,742,989 19
For 1866.....	3,957,035 23
Total.....	<u>\$6,700,024 42</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

For 1865.....	\$3,899,993 02
For 1866.....	3,663,179 63
Total.....	<u>\$7,563,172 65</u>
Receipts for 1865 and 1866	\$6,700,024 42
Disbursements for 1865 and 1866.....	7,563.172 65
Total	<u>\$14,263,197 07</u>

AN ABSTRACT of the Receipts and Disbursements for each month in the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866.

RECEIPTS.

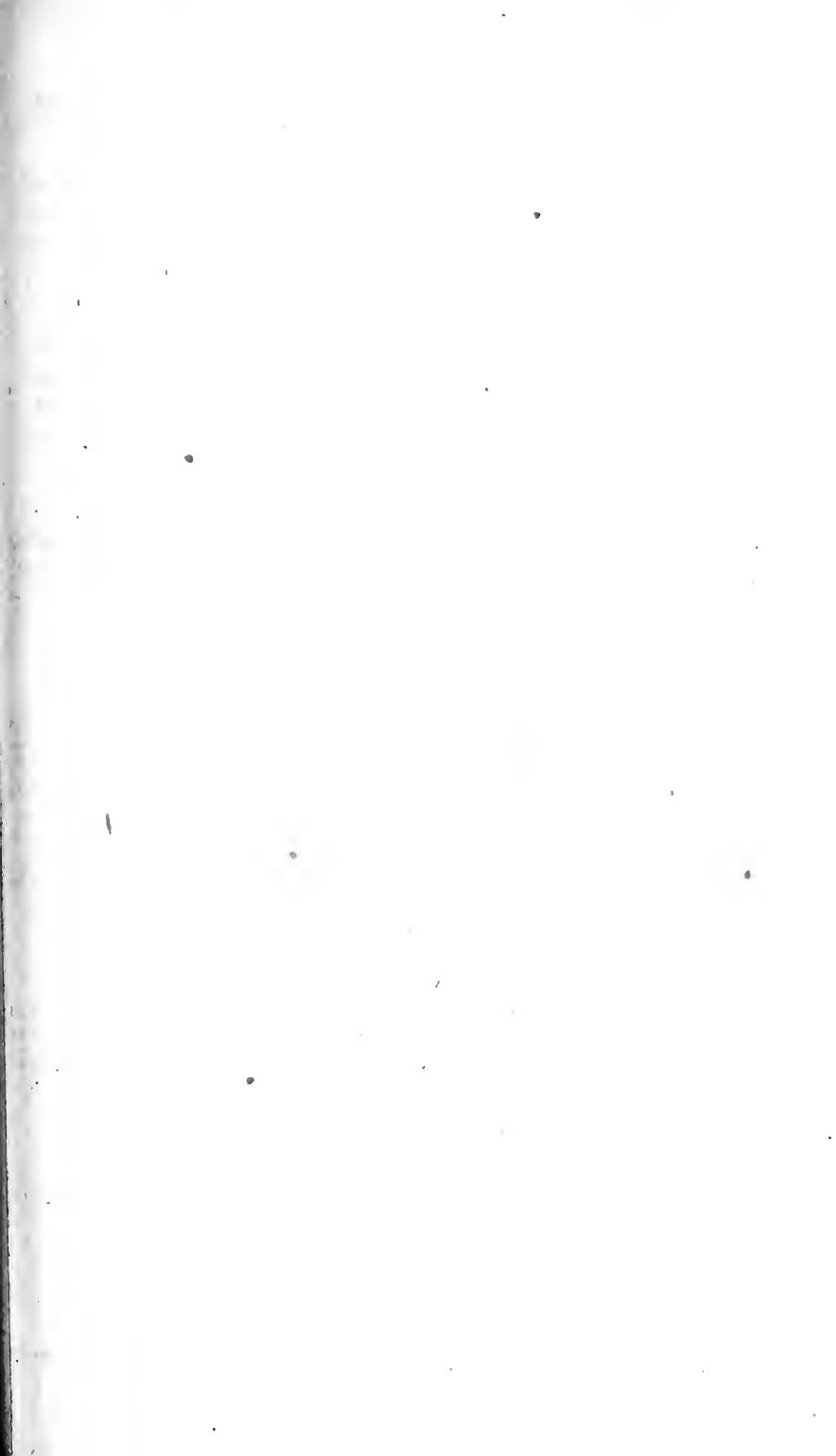
From balance cash on hand November 1, 1865, as per last report.		\$96,524 54
November, 1865.....	\$74,758 65	
December, "	241,997 47	
January, 1866.....	213,082 53	
February, "	242,230 38	
March, "	552,668 38	
April, "	1,121,841 57	
May, "	973,170 78	
June, "	341,620 73	
July, "	7,379 70	
August, "	28,453 04	
September, "	12,328 30	
October, "	147,503 70	
	<hr/>	\$3,957,05 23
		<hr/>
		\$4,053,75 77

DISBURSEMENTS.

November, 1865.....	\$130,831 95	
December, "	281,324 55	
January, 1866.....	76,539 18	
February, "	56,899 16	
March, "	231,019 47	
April, "	684,938 21	
May, "	853,815 49	
June, "	914,487 20	
July, "	66,443 39	
August, "	70,407 37	
September, "	87,154 09	
October, "	209,324 57	
	<hr/>	\$3,663,179 63
Balance in Treasury November 1, 1866.....		390,380 14
		<hr/>
		\$4,053,559 77

The amount of funds remaining in the Treasury on the first day of each month in the fiscal year was as follows, viz :

November, 1865.....	\$96,524 54
December, "	40,451 24
January, 1866.....	1,124 16
February, "	137,667 51
March. "	322,998 73
April, "	644,647 64
May, "	1,081,551 00
June, "	1,200,906 29
July, "	628,039 82
August, "	568,976 13
September, "	527,026 80
October, "	452,201 01
November, "	390,380 14



LEDGER BALANCES.

SWAMP LANDS.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$12,679 45
October 31.—To balance account.....		58,802 18
		<u>\$71,481 63</u>

COLLEGE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$16,350 00
October 31.—To amount from College Fund expense.....		25 00
October 31.—To amount from Professors' salaries.....		6,807 75
October 31.—To balance account.....		597 43
		<u>\$23,780 18</u>

COLLEGE FUND INTEREST.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$1,004 33
October 31.—To amount to College Fund principal.....		5,433 98
		<u>\$6,468 31</u>

COLLEGE FUND DAMAGES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to College Fund principal.....		\$27 07
		<u></u>

COLLEGE FUND COSTS.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to College Fund principal.....		\$8 00
		<u></u>

LEDGER BALANCES.

SWAMP LANDS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....	\$70,382 89
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	1,098 74
	<u>\$71,481 63</u>

COLLEGE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....	\$2,582 21
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	6,948 00
October 31.—By amount from College Fund interest	5,433 98
October 31.—By amount from College Fund damages.....	27 07
October 31.—By amount from College Fund costs.....	8 00
October 31.—By amount from University lands.....	8,660 92
October 31.—By amount from sales Seminary lands.....	5,433 98
	<u>\$23,780 18</u>

COLLEGE FUND INTEREST.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$6,468 31
	<u>\$6,468 31</u>

COLLEGE FUND DAMAGES.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$27 07
	<u>\$27 07</u>

COLLEGE FUND COSTS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$8 00
	<u>\$8 00</u>

COLLEGE FUND EXPENSE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$25 00
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SALINE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount from Saline Fund interest.....	\$34 92
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	34,223 89
	\$34,258 81

SALINE FUND INTEREST.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$220 52
	\$220 52

BANK TAX FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	\$24,636 38
	\$24,636 38

BANK TAX FUND INTEREST.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to Bank Tax Fund principal.....	\$110 47
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SURPLUS REVENUE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	\$786 71
	\$786 71

SURPLUS REVENUE FUND INTEREST.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to Surplus Revenue Fund principal.....	\$108 44
--	----------

COLLEGE FUND EXPENSE.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to College Fund principal.....		\$25 00

SALINE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$34,358 81
		<u>\$34,358 81</u>

SALINE FUND INTEREST.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$194 60
October 31.—By amount to Saline Fund principal.....		34 92
		<u>\$229 52</u>

BANK TAX FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$23,575 91
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		950 00
October 31.—By amount from Bank Tax Fund interest.....		110 47
		<u>\$24,636 38</u>

BANK TAX FUND INTEREST.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$110 47

SURPLUS REVENUE FUND PRINCIPAL.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$678 27
October 31.—By amount from Surplus Revenue Fund interest.....		108 44
		<u>\$786 71</u>

SURPLUS REVENUE FUND INTEREST.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$108 44

THREE PER CENT. FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		\$32 13

ESTATES WITHOUT HEIRS FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$153 10
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		8,911 28
		<u>\$9,066 38</u>

UNCLAIMED FEES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		\$560 90

COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount from School distribution.....		\$1,163,257 11
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		48,897 26

\$1,214,154 37

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$495,078 16
October 31.—To amount from interest War Loan Bonds.....		52,946 09
October 31.—To amount from expenses State Debt Sinking Fund.....		1,409 78
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		324,585 28
		<u>\$874,019 31</u>

UNIVERSITY LANDS.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount of College Fund principal.....		\$8,660 92
		<u>\$8,660 92</u>

THREE PER CENT. FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$32 13

ESTATES WITHOUT HEIRS FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$5,888 03
October 31.—By Cash received during fiscal year.....		3,178 35
		<u>\$9,066 38</u>

UNCLAIMED FEES.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$500 00

COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$101,753 12
October 31.—By amount from Unclaimed Fees.....		500 00
October 31.—By amount from Delinquent School Tax of 1864.....		40,488 15
October 31.—By amount from School Tax of 1864.....		8,345 98
October 31.—By amount from School Fund Interest.....		98,208 50
October 31.—By amount from Liquor Licenses.....		80,475 00
October 31.—By amount from School Tax of 1865.....		860,963 67
October 31.—By amount from Delinquent School Tax of 1865.....		23,258 46
		<u>\$1,214,154 37</u>

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$331,960 06
October 31.—By amount from Sinking Fund Tax of 1864.....		1,502 00
October 31.—By amount from Delinquent Sinking Fund Tax of 1864.....		32,908 15
October 31.—By amount from Sinking Fund Tax of 1865.....		491,769 67
October 31.—By amount from Delinquent Sinking Fund Tax of 1865.....		12,889 43
		<u>\$874,019 31</u>

UNIVERSITY LANDS.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$5,204 05
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		2,746 87
		<u>\$8,660 92</u>

SUSPENDED DEBT.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To balance from November 1, 1865..... \$75,801 77

\$75,801 77

LOAN ACCOUNT.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$162,602 81

\$162 602 81

DOCKET FEES CIRCUIT COURT.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to balance account..... \$1,888 99

SPECIAL MILITARY FUND.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,355 05

October 31.—To amount to balance account..... 3,622 25

\$5,977 30

FREE BANKING.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,300 00

\$2,300 00

INSANE HOSPITAL.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$98,685 88

\$98,685 88

DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM.

1866. DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$41,640 97

\$41,640 97

SUSPENDED DEBT.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$2,022 92
October 31.—By amount from Bright Lands.....		5,484 73
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		68,294 12
		<u>\$75,801 77</u>

LOAN ACCOUNT.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$159,518 25
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		3,084 56
		<u>\$162,602 81</u>

DOCKET FEES CIRCUIT COURT.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		<u>\$1,888 99</u>

SPECIAL MILITARY FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$5,977 30
		<u>\$5,977 30</u>

FREE BANKING.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By balance from November 1, 1865.....		\$1,229 37
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		1,070 63
		<u>\$2,300 00</u>

INSANE HOSPITAL.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$11,814 00
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		86,871 88
		<u>\$98,685 88</u>

DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$1,398 55
October 31.—By amount to balance account		40,242 42
		<u>\$41,640 97</u>

BLIND ASYLUM.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$33,355 50

\$33,355 50

FUEL AND STATIONERY.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,398 14

CONTINGENT FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$3,664 29

EXECUTIVE FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$21,150 16

EXPENSES SUPREME COURT.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,803 03

SECRETARY'S FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$970 00

AUDITOR'S FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$1,500 00

TREASURER'S FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$916 6

BLIND ASYLUM.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$2,086 59
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	31,268 91
	<u>\$33,355 50</u>

FUEL AND STATIONERY.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$2,398 14</u>
---	-------------------

CONTINGENT FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$3,604 29</u>
---	-------------------

EXECUTIVE FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$21,150 16</u>
---	--------------------

EXPENSES SUPREME COURT.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$2,803 03</u>
---	-------------------

SECRETARY'S FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$970 80</u>
---	-----------------

AUDITOR'S FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$1,500 00</u>
---	-------------------

TREASURER'S FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$916 66</u>
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SUPERINTENDENT'S FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$750 00</u>

SUPERINTENDENT'S TRAVELING EXPENSES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$600 00</u>

INTEREST ON WAR LOAN BONDS.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$52,946 09</u>

STATE PRISON SOUTH.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$98,672 96</u>
		<u>\$98,672 96</u>

STATE PRISON NORTH.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$154,030 77</u>
		<u>\$154,030 77</u>

PUBLIC PRINTING.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$82,062 00</u>

STATE DEBT INTEREST.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$323,536 50</u>

PROFESSORS' SALARIES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$6,807 75</u>

SUPERINTENDENT'S FUND.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$750 00

SUPERINTENDENT'S TRAVELING EXPENSES.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account \$600 00

INTEREST ON WAR LOAN BONDS.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to State Debt Sinking Fund..... \$52,946 09

STATE PRISON SOUTH.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$62,921 90October 31.—By amount to balance account..... 35,751 06\$98,672 96

STATE PRISON NORTH.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$25,060 45October 31.—By amount to balance account..... 128,970 32\$154,030 77

PUBLIC PRINTING.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$82,062 00

STATE DEBT INTEREST.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$323,536 50

PROFESSORS' SALARIES.

1866. CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to College Fund Principal..... \$6,807 75

LEGISLATIVE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$52,390 94

\$52,390 94

MILITARY FUND.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$279,683 23

\$279 683 23

DISTRIBUTION OF LAWS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,400 00

SPECIFIC.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$38,991 39

SALARY OF AGENT OF STATE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,500 00

EXPENSE OF STATE AGENCY.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$3,750 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$2,595 87

AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year..... \$1,500 00

LEGISLATIVE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$34 00
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	52,356 94
	<u>\$52,390 94</u>

MILITARY FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$61,270 48
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	215,403 75
	<u>\$276,674 23</u>

DISTRIBUTION OF LAWS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$2,400 00</u>
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SPECIFIC.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$38,991 39</u>
---	--------------------

SALARY OF AGENT OF STATE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$2,500 00</u>
---	-------------------

EXPENSE OF STATE AGENCY.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$3,750 00</u>
---	-------------------

MISCELLANEOUS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$2,503 87</u>
---	-------------------

AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	<u>\$1,500 00</u>
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INDIANA 'REPORTS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$2,764 38
	<u> </u>

SIX PER CENT. STATE TREASURY NOTES, PRINCIPAL.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$25 00
	<u> </u>

SIX PER CENT. STATE TREASURY NOTES, INTEREST.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$17 70
	<u> </u>

EQUALIZATION.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$5 00
	<u> </u>

REVENUE OF 1864.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	\$1,139 95
	<u> </u>

SALES SEMINARY LANDS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to College Fund principal.....	\$120 00
	<u> </u>

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1864.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to State Debt Sinking Fund	\$1,502 00
	<u> </u>

GOVERNOR'S HOUSE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$3,366 66
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	21,910 43
	<u>\$25,277 09</u>

INDIANA REPORTS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$2,784 38

SIX PER CENT. STATE TREASURY NOTES, PRINCIPAL.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$25 00

SIX PER CENT. STATE TREASURY NOTES, INTEREST.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$17 70

EQUALIZATION.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$5 00

REVENUE OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$1,139 95

SALES SEMINARY LANDS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$120 00

STATE DEBT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$1,502 00

GOVERNOR'S HOUSE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$25,277 09\$25,277 09

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$7,574 64
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ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$12,037 10
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INTEREST UNIVERSITY BONDS.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$6,221 85
--	------------

SCHOOL TAX OF 1864.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....	\$8,345 98
--	------------

EXPENSES AUDITING COMMITTEE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$3,500 00
--	------------

PAY OF ADJUTANT GENERAL.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$5,110 50
--	------------

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$379 60
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ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....	\$500 00
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GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$7,574 64

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$12,337 16

INTEREST UNIVERSITY BONDS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$4,221 85

SCHOOL TAX OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$8,345 98

EXPENSES AUDITING COMMITTEE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$3,500 00

PAY OF ADJUTANT GENERAL.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account \$5,110 50

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$379 60

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$500 00

DELINQUENT REVENUE OF 1864.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		\$74,521 84

RENT OF STATE OFFICES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$3,000 00

TELEGRAPHING.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$2,033 85

SPECIAL ARMS FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		\$173 69

DELINQUENT SCHOOL TAX OF 1864.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		\$49,488 65

DELINQUENT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1864.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to State Debt Sinking Fund.....		\$32,908 15

SCHOOL FUND INTEREST.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$767 34
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		98,208 50
		<u>\$98,915 93</u>

LIQUOR LICENSES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$200 00
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		80,475 00
		<u>\$80,675 00</u>

DELINQUENT REVENUE OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$74,521 84

RENT OF STATE OFFICES.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$3,000 00

TELEGRAPHING.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account..... \$2,033 85

SPECIAL ARMS FUND.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$173 00

DELINQUENT SCHOOL TAX OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$40,488 65

DELINQUENT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1864.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$32,908 15

SCHOOL FUND INTEREST.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$98,915 93

\$98,915 93

LIQUOR LICENSES.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year..... \$80,675 00

\$80,675 00

REVENUE OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$324,053 24
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		1,323,529 25
		<u>\$1,647,582 49</u>

JUDICIARY.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$42,855 88</u>

SCHOOL DISTRIBUTION.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$1,165,257 11</u>

STATE LIBRARY.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$603 03</u>

STATE HOUSE.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$4,601 96</u>

MILITARY CONTINGENT FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$15,745 20
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		1,254 80
		<u>\$17,000 00</u>

PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS' SALARIES.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$7,905 37</u>

SHERIFFS' MILEAGE.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$8,422 25</u>

REVENUE OF 1865.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$1,647,582 49
		<u>\$1,647,582 49</u>

JUDICIARY.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$42,855 88
		<u>\$42,855 88</u>

SCHOOL DISTRIBUTION.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to Common School Fund.....		\$1,165,237 11
		<u>\$1,165,237 11</u>

STATE LIBRARY.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$663 03
		<u>\$663 03</u>

STATE HOUSE.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$1,001 96
		<u>\$1,001 96</u>

MILITARY CONTINGENT FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$17,000 00
		<u>\$17,000 00</u>

PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS' SALARIES.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$8,422 33
		<u>\$8,422 33</u>

SHERIFFS' MILEAGE.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$8,422 33
		<u>\$8,422 33</u>

GENERAL FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$5,241 03</u>

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$979 50</u>

SINKING FUND TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$1,243 30
October 31.—To amount to State Debt Sinking Fund.....		<u>491,769 67</u>
		<u>\$493,012 97</u>

SCHOOL TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$36 43
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		<u>860,963 67</u>
		<u>\$861,000 10</u>

SOLDIERS' RELIEF TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		<u>\$80,225 07</u>

TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$28,783 98
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		<u>17,989 85</u>
		<u>\$46,773 83</u>

EXPENSES STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		<u>\$1,409 78</u>

GENERAL FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account		\$5,241 05

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to balance account.....		\$979 50

SINKING FUND TAX OF 1865.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$493,012 97
		<u>\$493,012 97</u>

SCHOOL TAX OF 1865.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$861,000 10
		<u>\$861,000 10</u>

SOLDIERS' RELIEF TAX OF 1865.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$80,225 07

TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX OF 1865.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....		\$46,773 83
		<u>\$46,773 83</u>

EXPENSES STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

1866.	CREDIT.	
October 31.—By amount to State Debt Sinking Fund.....		\$1,409 78

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$2,552 46

BRIGHT LANDS.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$176 08
October 31.—To amount to Suspended Debt		5,481 73
		<u>\$5,657 81</u>

DELINQUENT REVENUE OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$1,814 9
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		37,594 26
		<u>\$39,409 31</u>

DELINQUENT SCHOOL TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to Common School Fund.....		\$23,558 46

DELINQUENT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to State Debt Sinking Fund.....		\$12,889 43

DELINQUENT SOLDIERS' RELIEF TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		\$2,293 26

DELINQUENT TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX OF 1865.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To amount to balance account.....		\$1,219 76

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

1866.	DEBIT.	
October 31.—To warrants paid during fiscal year.....		\$612 20

QUARTERMASTER GENERALS' OFFICE.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	\$2,552 46
---	------------

BRIGHT LANDS.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$5,661 41
--	------------

\$5,661 41

DELINQUENT REVENUE OF 1865.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$39,109 31
--	-------------

\$39,109 31

DELINQUENT SCHOOL TAX OF 1865.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$23,358 46
--	-------------

DELINQUENT SINKING FUND TAX OF 1865.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$12,889 43
--	-------------

DELINQUENT SOLDIERS' RELIEF TAX OF 1865.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$2,293 26
--	------------

DELINQUENT TOWNSHIP LIBRARY TAX OF 1865.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$1,219 76
--	------------

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By amount to balance account.....	\$642 20
---	----------

REVENUE OF 1866.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To amount to balance account.....	\$2,000 00
---	------------

CASH.

1866.

DEBIT.

October 31.—To balance on hand November 1, 1865.....	\$66,524 54
October 31.—To receipts during fiscal year.....	3,957,035 23
	<u>\$4,023,559 77</u>

REVENUE OF 1866.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By cash received during fiscal year.....	\$2,000 00
--	------------

CASH.

1866.

CREDIT.

October 31.—By disbursements during fiscal year.....	\$3,663,179 63
October 31.—By balance on hand to balance account November 1, 1866.....	390,380 14
	<u>\$4,053,559 77</u>

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET

1865.		DEBITS.	
November 1.—To balance Cash on hand.....	\$96,524	54	
November 1.—To balance Suspended Debt.....	75,801	77	
1866.			
October 31.—To balance Swamp Lands.....	58,802	18	
October 31.—To balance Saline Fund.....	34,323	89	
October 31.—To balance Bank Tax Fund.....	24,636	38	
October 31.—To balance Three per cent. Fund.....	32	13	
October 31.—To balance Surplus Revenue Fund.....	786	71	
October 31.—To balance Estates without Heirs.....	8,911	28	
October 31.—To balance Common School Fund.....	48,897	26	
October 31.—To balance State Debt Sinking Fund.....	324,585	28	
October 31.—To balance College Fund.....	597	43	
October 31.—To cash from Docket Fees.....	1,888	99	
October 31.—To cash from Special Military Fund.....	3,622	25	
October 31.—To cash from Revenue of 1864.....	1,139	95	
October 31.—To cash from Governor's House.....	21,910	43	
October 31.—To cash from Delinquent Revenue of 1864.....	74,521	84	
October 31.—To cash from Special Arms Fund.....	173	00	
October 31.—To cash from Revenue of 1865.....	1,323,529	25	
October 31.—To cash from Military Contingent Fund.....	1,254	80	
October 31.—To cash from Soldiers' Relief Tax of 1865.....	80,225	07	
October 31.—To cash from Township Library Tax of 1865.....	17,989	85	
October 31.—To cash from Delinquent Revenue of 1865.....	37,594	36	
October 31.—To cash from Delinquent Soldiers' Relief Tax of 1865.....	2,203	26	
October 31.—To cash from Delinquent Township Library Tax of 1865.....	1,219	76	
October 31.—To cash from Revenue of 1866.....	2,000	00	
			<u>\$2,243,171 66</u>

1865.		CREDITS.	
November 1.—By balance Swamp Lands.....	\$70,382	89	
November 1.—By balance College Fund.....	2,582	21	
November 1.—By balance Saline Fund.....	34,358	81	
November 1.—By balance Bank Tax Fund.....	23,575	91	
November 1.—By balance Surplus Revenue Fund.....	678	27	
November 1.—By balance Three per cent. Fund.....	32	13	
November 1.—By balance Estates without Heirs.....	5,888	03	
November 1.—By balance Common School Fund.....	101,753	12	
November 1.—By balance State Debt Sinking Fund.....	334,950	06	
November 1.—By balance University Lands.....	5,914	05	
1866.			
October 31.—By cash from Loan Account.....	3,084	56	
October 31.—By cash from Free Banking.....	1,070	63	

October 31.—By cash from Insane Hospital.....	86,871 88
October 31.—By cash from Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	40,242 42
October 31.—By cash from Blind Asylum.....	31,268 91
October 31.—By cash from Fuel and Stationery.....	2,398 14
October 31.—By cash from State House.....	4,601 96
October 31.—By cash from General Fund.....	5,241 03
October 31.—By cash from Contingent Fund.....	3,664 29
October 31.—By cash from Sheriffs' Mileage.....	8,422 33
October 31.—By cash from Military Fund.....	215,403 75
October 31.—By cash from Judiciary.....	42,855 88
October 31.—By cash from Prosecuting Attorneys' Salaries.....	7,905 37
October 31.—By cash from Executive Officers.....	21,150 16
October 31.—By cash from Expenses Supreme Court.....	2,803 03
October 31.—By cash from Secretary's Office.....	970 00
October 31.—By cash from Auditor's Office.....	1,500 00
October 31.—By cash from Treasurer's Office.....	916 66
October 31.—By cash from Superintendent's Office.....	750 00
October 31.—By cash from State Prison South.....	35,751 06
October 31.—By cash from State Prison North.....	128,970 32
October 31.—By cash from Public Printing.....	82,062 00
October 31.—By cash from State Debt Interest.....	323,536 50
October 31.—By cash from Legislative.....	52,356 94
October 31.—By cash from State Library.....	603 03
October 31.—By cash from Distribution of Laws.....	2,400 00
October 31.—By cash from Specific.....	38,991 39
October 31.—By cash from Salary of State Agent.....	2,500 00
October 31.—By cash from Expenses of State Agency.....	3,750 00
October 31.—By cash from Miscellaneous.....	2,595 87
October 31.—By cash from Agricultural Premiums.....	1,500 00
October 31.—By cash from Indiana Reports.....	2,764 38
October 31.—By cash from Six per cent. State Treasury Notes, principal.....	25 00
October 31.—By cash from Six per cent. State Treasury Notes, interest.....	17 70
October 31.—By cash from Equalization.....	5 00
October 31.—By cash from Governor's Office.....	7,574 64
October 31.—By cash from Adjutant General's Office.....	12,337 10
October 31.—By cash from Interest University Bonds.....	6,221 85
October 31.—By cash from Expenses from Auditing Committee.....	3,500 03
October 31.—By cash from Pay of Adjutant General.....	5,110 50
October 31.—By cash from State Board of Education.....	379 60
October 31.—By cash from Superintendent's Traveling Expenses.....	600 00
October 31.—By cash from Attorney General's Office.....	500 00
October 31.—By cash from Rent of State Offices.....	3,000 00
October 31.—By cash from Telegraphing.....	2,033 85
October 31.—By cash from Agricultural College.....	979 50
October 31.—By cash from Quartermaster General's Office.....	2,552 46
October 31.—By cash from State Normal School.....	642 20
October 31.—By balance Suspended Debt.....	68,294 12
October 31.—By balance Cash on hand November 1, 1866.....	390,380 14

\$2,243,171 66

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN I. MORRISON,
Treasurer of State.

• ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

AGENT OF STATE

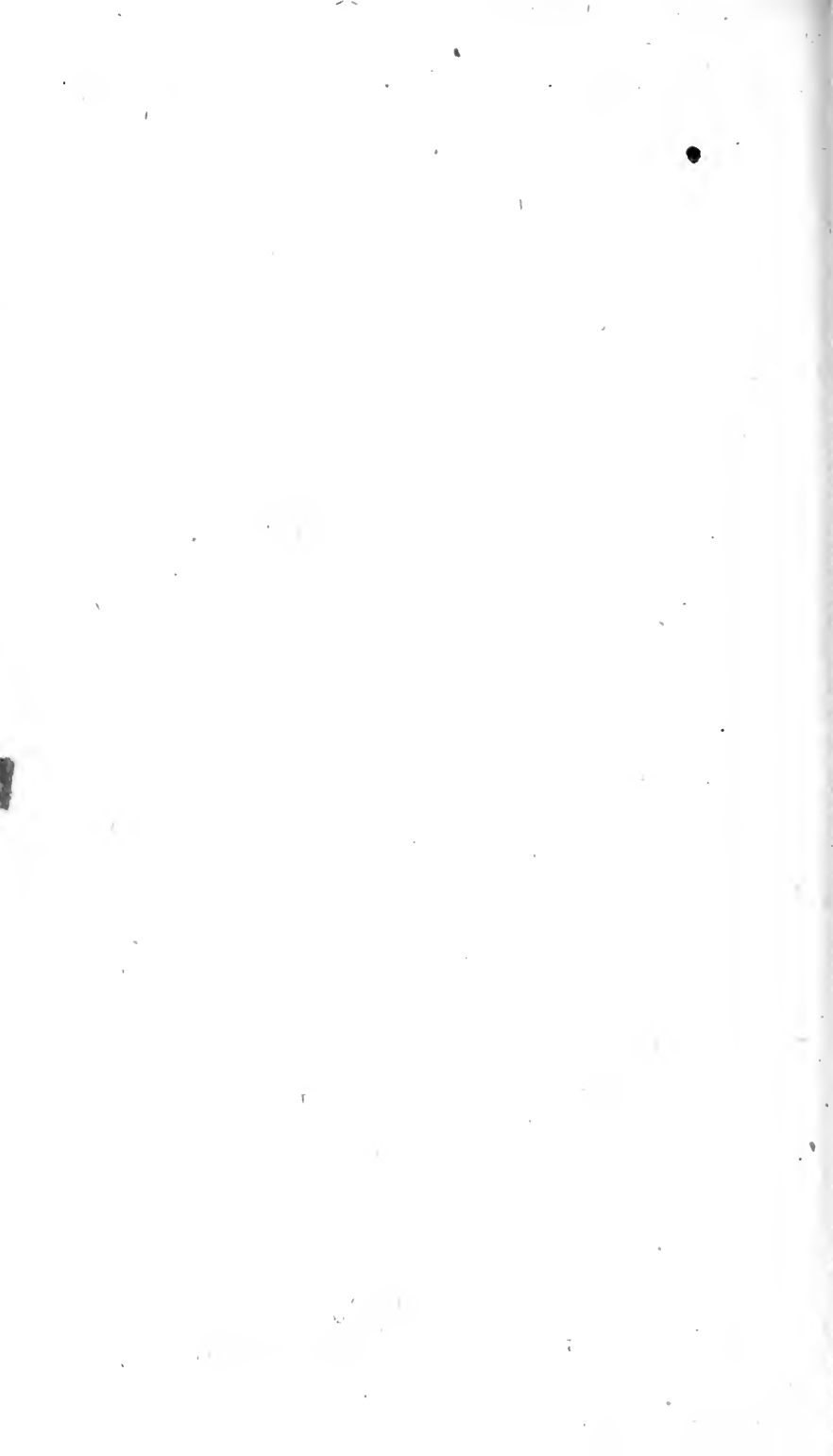
OF THE

STATE OF INDIANA.

TO THE LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS:
SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER.

1866.



REPORT.

OFFICE INDIANA STATE AGENCY, }
No. 52 WALL STREET, N. Y., }
November 1, 1866. }

To the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

In pursuance of law, I respectfully submit the following report of my doings as Agent of State, for the two years ending October 31, 1866. The law requires the Agent to report biennially to the General Assembly of the State, but it has been the practice heretofore to report annually. How this practice originated, I am unable to state. But I have thought proper to conform to the law. My report will therefore be found more voluminous than former ones, as it embraces the transactions of the Agency for two whole years.

I took possession of the office on the 21st day of February, 1865, at No 36 Wall Street, New York City, the place occupied by my predecessor. But shortly afterwards I removed it to No. 52 Wall Street, where it still continues. The former office was in a third story, exceedingly inconvenient of access, and at considerable distance from the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., where for many years past the different Agents of State have kept their deposits. By the present arrangement I have a desk at their counter, on the first floor. And this enables persons entitled to interest, to receive it in the office of the Agency, without the inconvenience of climbing long flights of stairs, to find the Agent, and then walking several squares to the Bank to get their checks cashed. I have also a room immediately above the Bank, approached by a stairway leading from the room below. And here the books, papers, furniture, safe, etc., of the Agency are kept. This upper room is properly my office.

Col. John C. Walker, my predecessor, was not present in person to deliver me the possession of the office, but was represented by his brother, Mr. James Walker, who paid over to me the sum of \$11,832 76. This he represented as the amount due to the State from Col. Walker, after deducting ten thousand dollars, for two years' salary and the expenses of the Agency. As I had no means at the time, of ascertaining the true condition of Col. Walker's liabilities to the State, I declined giving a receipt in full, but receipted for the amount paid over.

THE STATE DEBT SINKING FUND.

By provision of law, the Auditor of State, the Treasurer of State, and the Agent of State, constitute the Board of the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners. It is provided that the surplus funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and moneys derived from various other sources, shall constitute the State Debt Sinking Fund. And such fund is specially appropriated to the purchase of stocks for the benefit of said fund. For the year 1865, said Commissioners invested, of such funds, the sum of \$251,152 61, in the five per cent. stocks, and the further sum of \$68,000 in the War Bonds, the details of which will be found in the accompanying report. No further purchases were made for the year 1866, for the reason that the law authorizing it was repealed at the special session of the General Assembly in 1865.

REDEMPTION OF STOCKS.

The General Assembly, at the special session of 1865, passed an act for the redemption of the outstanding stocks of the State. This act provides that the sum of ten cents on each hundred dollars of the taxable property of the State shall be levied and collected for the year 1866, and for each and every year thereafter, and when so collected, that this fund, and all the moneys derived from the sale of the public works belonging to the State, and the net annual income from all public works, and all the moneys now belonging to the State Debt Sinking Fund, and the Sinking Fund proper, or that may hereafter, from time to time, come into said funds, shall be denominated the State Debt Sinking Fund. And all such moneys are specifically set apart for the payment of the principal of the stocks of the State.

In compliance with the provisions of this act, the Auditor of State, the Treasurer of State, and the Agent of State, met in the city of Indianapolis, on the 9th day of January, 1866, and organized their Board by electing Hon. John I. Morrison, as their President, and choosing Jerome C. Barnett, Esq., as their Clerk. And they then entered at once upon the discharge of their duties as such Commissioners. Notice was given by us in the first week of January, 1866, as the law requires, that the Agent of State, would, on the first day of May thereafter, at his office, in the city of New York, redeem the War Loan Bonds, at their par value, to the extent of the moneys on hand belonging to the State Debt Sinking Fund specially applicable to that purpose.

In pursuance of said notice, there were presented to me for redemption, bonds amounting in the aggregate to the sum of thirty-three thousand dollars, which I redeemed. The details will be found in the accompanying report. It was certainly a great compliment to the financial condition of our State that so small a number of bonds was presented for redemption. The Commissioners had at their disposal funds nearly sufficient to redeem the entire outstanding bonds. But such confidence had the holders in the ability of our State to meet her liabilities, that they choose rather to hold them than to take the money for them. This was not the case with the two and-a-half per cent. stocks, but that is accounted for by the low rate of interest which they draw.

By the terms of the aforesaid act, all moneys not used for the redemption of the War Bonds are to be applied to the redemption of the two and-a-half per cent. stocks, if a sufficient amount be presented to absorb such balance; and if not, then the Commissioners may, at their pleasure, redeem any of the outstanding bonds of the State. At a meeting of said Commissioners, in the city of Indianapolis, on the 20th day of April, 1866, it was ascertained that there would be in the Treasury of the State, on the 15th of June thereafter, the sum of \$465,070 65, applicable to the redemption of the two and-a-half per cent. stocks. Notice was accordingly given at the city of New York, and at Indianapolis, that the Agent of State would, at his office in New York, on the 1st day of July following, be ready to redeem, at their par value, the two and-a-half per cent. stocks, to the extent of the aforesaid sum, and that holders of such bonds, who were willing to accept said proposition, should make the same known, by giving notice to the

Agent of State of their intention, on or before the 20th of June. In accordance to said notice, there were presented bonds amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$1,550,235 53, upon which has been paid, the sum of \$455,010 52, leaving unpaid the sum of \$10,060 15. The particulars of these payments will be found in my report.

In this connection, I deem it my duty to refer to the circumstances under which this act was passed, and to point out some of its imperfections. Two propositions, looking to the adjustment of our indebtedness, were presented to the General Assembly, at the special session of 1865. One was known as the Bradley Bill. It originated in the Senate, and gave preference to the two and-a-half per cent. stocks. The other, called the Branham Bill, originated in the lower House. This bill gave the preference to the War Loan Debt. Each bill had its warm supporters, and every attempt at a compromise failed, until the evening of the last day of the session. Then a Committee of Conference was appointed, which at last agreed on the bill under consideration. So important a measure, prepared in such haste, must necessarily be imperfect in its details. And so this bill proves to be.

The body of the bill provides for the redemption of the War Loan Bonds, giving them precedence. And yet the title to the act makes no reference at all to them. And the bill itself does not (only by inference) authorize the drawing of money from the Treasury for paying those bonds. Neither does it specify, when those bonds are presented for redemption, how they shall be disposed of; whether paid in full, and in the order presented, or *pro rata*. And in case an amount exceeding the funds appropriated for that purpose should be presented for redemption, it would be left entirely to the discretion of the Agent what course to pursue. In the 4th section, which makes provision for the redemption of the two and-a-half and five per cent. stocks, no times are fixed when it shall be done, leaving that also a discretionary matter with the Commissioner. The bill provides that stocks presented for redemption, that is, the two and-a-half per cent. stocks, shall be paid *pro rata*, and the amount paid credited upon the certificate, which is then to be sent to the Auditor of State. And he is then to cancel that certificate and issue a new one for the unpaid balance. This will require a new issue of certificates each year, which very greatly increases the labor of the Auditor, and of the Agent of State, without any cor-

responding compensation. It occurs to me that the same object could be accomplished with much less labor, by taking the receipt of the holder on the back of the certificate, and charging him upon the Ledger with the amount thus paid.

I have conversed with a large number of the bondholders, since the passage of this law, and most of them express great dissatisfaction with it. In fact, it does not meet the views of any class of our bondholders. The holders of the two and-a-half per cents. object to the War Bonds being preferred to them. And when it is urged that the faith of the State is pledged for their early redemption, they earnestly rejoin that the faith of the State was previously pledged for the payment of their bonds.

And again, the holders of the five per cents. object to both the other classes being preferred to them. The argument for giving precedence to the two and-a-half per cents. was that they bore a low rate of interest. To this, the holders of the five per cents. object, that if that rule be correct, then they ought to have been preferred to the holders of the War Bonds.

Without expressing any opinion upon the merits of this controversy, I have aimed merely to repeat the various arguments of each side.

THE OFFICE OF AGENT OF STATE.

Recommendations have been made, at various times, in favor of abolishing this office. In this I fully concur, if it can be done without violating our contract with our bondholders. It is provided, in this contract, that the State of Indiana shall keep an Agent in the city of New York, who shall semi-annually pay the interest accruing on her bonds. This is an important part of the contract, and, without the assent of the bondholders, it cannot be disregarded. If, therefore, it is thought best to abolish this office, it strikes me that the first step should be to make some arrangement with our bondholders, by which they shall agree to relinquish this right. It is certainly very desirable to discontinue this office at the earliest practicable moment. Not only is it the source of heavy expense to the State, but it has been also the instrument by which the fair name of our State has suffered not a little.

THE BOND OF THE AGENT OF STATE.

I would call your attention, also, to the fact that, by the law of the special session of 1865, the amount of money entrusted to the Agent of State is greatly increased. The Agent is at present required to give bond in the sum of \$150,000. This is certainly too small a sum for the heavy amount now entrusted to his keeping. Under the present law, there will pass through his hands not less than one million of dollars each year. In view of this fact, I suggest that the bond should be increased to whatever amount the interests of the State may seem to demand.

EXPENSES OF AGENCY.

At the regular session, 1865, of the General Assembly, an appropriation of five thousand dollars was made, to defray the expenses of the agency for the ensuing two years, an amount which at the time was supposed to be sufficient for that purpose. On my arrival in New York to take charge of the agency, I found, owing to the greatly increased rate of rent and clerk hire, that said sum would fall far short of defraying such expenses, if the business of the agency was conducted in the manner it had been heretofore. I therefore made the arrangement with Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., referred to in a former part of this report, they agreeing to furnish me office room, a competent clerk, and defray all other necessary expenses of the agency for the appropriation made by the General Assembly. I have paid Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. said expenses up to date, and hold their receipts for the same.

GEORGE A. BUSKIRK,
Agent of State.

INDIANA STATE BONDS.

There is outstanding of these Bonds the same as reported last year, 353 Bonds of \$1,000 each... \$353,000 00

Five per cent. State Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$5,342,500 00

Two and one-half per cent. State Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$2,076,460 50

Five per cent. Preferred Canal Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$4,079,500 00

Five per cent. Preferred Special Canal Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$1,216,737 50

Five per cent. Deferred Canal Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$1,263,000 00

Five per cent. Deferred Special Canal Stock.

There is outstanding of this Stock the same as reported last year..... \$506,770 00

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.					1866.		
July 2.	James Bagnall.....	385	\$180 00	\$54 00	July 31.	625	\$126 00
do	George Bagnall.....	384	180 00	54 00	do	624	126 00
do	Geo. & Jas. Bagnall, Ex.	376	1,842 50	552 75	do	626	1,289 75
do	Robert C. S. Brown.....	709	540 00	162 00	do	628	378 00
do	Mrs. Margaretta Betts...	294	502 50	150 75	do	627	351 75
do	Richard Wm. Cardwell...	428	670 00	201 00	do	629	469 00
do	Morgan C. Chase.....	333	837 50	251 25	do	630	586 25
do	John Black Cowan.....	544	3,685 00	1,105 50	do	631	2,579 50
do	John Donaldson and				do		
do	R. Burnett.....	2504	5,925 00	1,777 50	do	632	4,147 50
do	William Docher.....	284	670 00	201 00	do	633	469 00
do	Thomas Dent.....	511	1,507 50	452 25	do	634	1,055 25
do	Jaue Evans.....	2578	2,680 00	804 00	do	635	1,876 00
do	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	468	670 00	201 00	do	636	469 00
do	J. H. Ferguson, Trustee	464	2,177 50	653 25	do	637	1,524 25
do	John N. Forster.....	83	360 00	108 00	do	638	252 00
do	Edward Grubb.....	395	1,340 00		do		
do	do	396	100 00	432 00	do	639	1,008 00
do	John Greenwood.....	392	300 00	108 00	do	640	252 00
do	Adderly Howard.....	710	87 50		do		
do	do	84	1,172 50	378 00	do	641	882 00
do	John Hulas, Jr.....	557	775 00	232 50	do	642	542 50
do	John Mackbloch.....	1067	2,010 00	603 00	do	643	1,407 00
do	Matthew Harrison, Jr...	367	360 00	108 00	do	644	252 00
do	F. C. Lakes & T. McLaine	705	540 00		do	645	378 00
do	do	703	1,507 50	614 25	do	646	1,055 25
do	Henry Lavin.....	301	1,005 00	301 50	do	647	703 50
do	Thomas Lihon.....	262	1,005 00	301 50	do	648	703 50
do	M. Marshall.....	918	305 00		do		
do	do	870	50 00	106 50	do	649	248 50
do	Maj. T. M. Martyn.....	1235	1,125 00	337 50	do	650	787 50
do	John Robert Mills.....	2012	1,450 00	435 00	do	651	1,015 00
do	George'a & Albert Nugent	594	355 00	106 50	do	652	248 50
do	George W. Norman.....	280	1,340 00	402 00	do	653	938 00
do	Oserend, Gurney & Co.....	3145	4,500 00	1,350 00	do	654	3,150 00
do	Robert Pullsford.....	345	4,187 50		do		
do	do	346	312 50	1,350 00	do	655	3,150 00
do	John H. Ravenshaw.....	340	3,565 00	1,063 50	do	656	2,495 50
do	George Robinson.....	354	540 00	162 00	do	657	378 00
do	George N. Shore.....	972	80 00		do		
do	do	971	300 00		do		
do	do	962	380 00		do		
do	do	981	380 00		do		
do	do	960	380 00		do		
do	do	958	380 00		do		
do	do	959	380 00		do		
do	do	957	380 00		do		
do	do	956	380 00		do		
do	do	955	380 00		do		
do	do	954	380 00		do		
do	do	953	380 00		do		
do	do	952	380 00	1,368 00	do	658	3,192 00
do	Leigh Churchill Smith...	2508	540 00	162 00	do	659	378 00
do	Thomas Davis Sewall....	559	360 00	108 00	do	660	252 00
do	James Silver.....	347	1,842 50	552 75	do	661	1,289 75
do	William Silver.....	351	1,340 00	402 00	do	662	938 00
do	D. H. Safe.....	292	837 50	251 25	do	663	586 25
do	Mrs. Mary Traddle.....	492	540 00	162 00	do	664	378 00
do	Honoratus L. Thomas....	260	1,507 50	452 25	do	665	1,055 25
do	John C. Whiteman.....	277	9,112 50		do		
do	do	944	670 00		do		
do	do	2665	5,500 00	4,584 75	do	666	10,097 75
do	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	459	2,177 50	653 25	do	667	1,524 25
do	Thomas Yates.....	1065	837 50	251 25	do	668	586 25
do	Hon. Chas. Hugh Lind-	610	12 50		do		
do	[say and others.	609	100 00		do		
do	M. A. De Rothchilds &	688	2,400 00	753 75	do	687	1,758 75
do	do [Sons.	318	12 50		do		
do	do	320	12 50		do		
do	do	322	12 50		do		
do	do	324	12 50		do		

STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.

Date of payment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.	[Sons				1866.		
July 2.	M. A. De Rothchilds &	326	\$12 50		July 31.		
do	do	328	12 50		do		
do	do	330	12 50		do		
do	do	332	12 50		do		
do	do	334	12 50		do		
do	do	336	12 50		do		
do	do	338	12 50		do		
do	do	339	12 50		do		
do	do	340	12 50		do		
do	do	341	12 50		do		
do	do	342	12 50		do		
do	do	344	12 50		do		
do	do	345	12 50		do		
do	do	346	12 50		do		
do	do	347	12 50		do		
do	do	350	75 00		do		
do	do	304	62 50		do		
do	do	351	62 50		do		
do	do	302	37 50		do		
do	do	292	37 50		do		
do	do	296	25 00		do		
do	do	298	25 00		do		
do	do	299	25 00		do		
do	do	300	25 00		do		
do	do	306	125 00		do		
do	do	307	125 00		do		
do	do	348	440 00		do		
do	do	294	355 00		do		
do	do	297	355 00		do		
do	do	295	355 00		do		
do	do	314	250 00		do		
do	do	308	250 00		do		
do	do	310	250 00		do		
do	do	312	250 00		do		
do	do	349	220 00		do		
do	do	325	177 50		do		
do	do	323	177 50		do		
do	do	321	177 50		do		
do	do	319	177 50		do		
do	do	317	177 50		do		
do	do	315	177 50		do		
do	do	337	177 50		do		
do	do	335	177 50		do		
do	do	333	177 50		do		
do	do	331	177 50		do		
do	do	329	177 50		do		
do	do	327	177 50		do		
do	do	343	177 50		do		
do	do	424	1,000 00		do		
do	do	303	887 50		do		
do	do	290	612 50		do		
do	do	301	532 50		do		
do	do	293	502 50		do		
do	do	305	1,420 00		do		
do	do	425	5,000 00		do		
do	do	423	5,000 00		do		
do	do	422	5,000 00		do		
do	do	421	5,000 00		do		
do	do	420	5,000 00		do		
do	do	288	5,000 00		do		
do	do	287	5,000 00		do		
do	do	286	5,000 00		do		
do	do	285	5,000 00		do		
do	do	284	5,000 00		do		
do	do	283	5,000 00		do		
do	do	282	5,000 00		do		
do	do	281	5,000 00		do	676	\$10,000 00
do	do	279	5,000 00		do	677	10,000 00
do	do	280	5,000 00		do	678	10,000 00
do	do	278	5,000 00		do	679	10,000 00
do	do	309	3,550 00		do	680	10,000 00

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES. SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1865.					1866.		
July 2.	M. A. De Rothchilds & Sons.	311	\$3,550 00		July 31.	681	\$10,000 00
do	do	313	3,550 00		do	682	10,000 00
do	do	419	10,000 00		do	683	10,000 00
do	do	418	10,000 00		do	684	10,000 00
do	do	417	10,000 00		do	685	5,000 00
do	do	416	10,000 00	\$42,450 00	do	686	4,050 00
do	N. M. Rothchilds & Sons	1092	25 00		do		
do	do	1107	125 00		do		
do	do	2371	470 95		do		
do	do	832	1,310 00		do		
do	do	850	1,000 00		do		
do	do	851	1,000 00		do		
do	do	852	1,000 00		do		
do	do	853	1,000 00		do		
do	do	854	1,000 00		do		
do	do	855	1,000 00		do		
do	do	840	1,000 00		do		
do	do	849	1,000 00		do		
do	do	848	1,000 00		do		
do	do	847	1,000 00		do		
do	do	846	1,000 00		do		
do	do	841	1,000 00		do		
do	do	842	1,000 00		do		
do	do	843	1,000 00		do		
do	do	844	1,000 00		do		
do	do	845	1,000 00		do		
do	do	839	1,000 00		do		
do	do	838	1,000 00		do		
do	do	837	1,000 00		do		
do	do	1106	1,775 00		do		
do	do	1108	1,775 00		do		
do	do	1110	1,775 00		do		
do	do	1112	3,550 00		do		
do	do	2335	6,875 00		do		
do	do	2338	6,875 00		do	669	10,000 00
do	do	2342	5,000 00		do	670	10,000 00
do	do	2345	5,000 00		do	671	10,000 00
do	do	2344	5,000 00		do	672	10,000 00
do	do	2342	5,000 00		do	673	10,000 00
do	do	2337	5,000 00		do	674	5,000 00
do	do	2336	5,000 00		do	675	3,510 00
do	do	2333	5,000 00		do		
do	do	2334	5,000 00	25,075 78	do		
do	Moran Brothers.....	433	1,080 00		do	707	756 00
do	do	434	1,080 00		do	708	756 00
do	do	435	1,080 00	972 00	do	709	756 00
do	Samuel Bruhl.....	3131	1,000 00	300 00	do	719	700 00
do	John C. Baldwin.....	136	1,000 00		do		
do	do	401	1,000 00		do		
do	do	402	1,000 00		do		
do	do	403	1,000 00		do		
do	do	404	1,000 00		do		
do	do	403	6,000 00		do		
do	do	135	1,000 00		do		
do	do	197	2,000 00		do	688	5,000 00
do	do	189	2,000 00		do	689	5,000 00
do	do	438	2,000 00	5,400 00	do	690	2,600 00
do	L. Von Hoffman & Co....	613	8,375 00	2,512 50	do	710	5,862 50
do	William Schull & Co.....	265	502 50	150 75	do	711	351 75
do	William B. Astor.....	1493	17,143 63	5,143 08	do	712	12,000 54
do	M. J. Henriques	504	3,751 45		do		
do	do	510	1,395 00	1,543 93	do	713	3,602 51
do	John Lindsley.....	1557	10,007 50	3,002 25	do	716	7,005 25
do	Christian Yubriskie.....	3061	300 00	108 00	do	714	252 00
do	Raphael Ferrari.....	1662	4,080 00	1,224 00	do	717	2,856 00
do	John H. Engleberts.....	2765	1,000 00	300 00	do	718	700 00
do	T. C. Chardawyn.....	3183	6,000 00	1,800 00	do	715	4,200 00
do	Etna Insurance Co.....	94	49,810 00		do	703	20,000 00
do	do	166	10,190 00		do	704	20,000 00
do	do	233	15,490 00		do	705	10,000 00
do	do	244	510 00	22,800 00	do	706	3,200 00

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.					1866.		
July 2.	Joseph Brandon.....	539	\$1,057 50		July 31.	696	\$10,000 00
do	do	252	10,000 00		do	697	10,000 00
do	do	219	10,000 00		do	698	5,000 00
do	do	250	10,000 00		do	699	2,000 00
do	do	251	10,000 00		do	700	2,400 00
do	do	411	1,000 00		do	702	740 25
do	do	410	1,000 00	\$12,917 25	do		
do	Joseph Henriques, Trust.	477	2,000 00		do	701	1,400 00
do	do	154	1,050 00	915 00	do	695	735 00
do	Institution for Savings						
do	Merchants' Clerks	3154	5,600 00		do	691	10,000 00
do	do	2786	27,000 00		do	692	10,000 00
do	do	3158	10,000 00		do	693	10,000 00
do	do	2837	8,000 00	15,018 00	do	694	5,442 00
do	Bank of Salem, N. Alb'y	3097	15,000 00	4,500 00	do	802	10,500 00
do	Wabash College.....	497	6,000 00		do		
do	do	526	1,000 00	2,100 00	do	801	4,000 00
do	W. R. Noffsinger.....	470	7,000 00	2,100 00	do	800	4,900 00
do	Alanson L. Baldwin.....	2795	1,793 00		do	798	10,000 00
do	do	2797	14,000 00	4,737 90	do	799	1,055 10
do	Wm. H. English, Prest..	618	10,000 00		do		
do	do	617	10,000 00		do		
do	do	616	10,000 00	9,000 00	do	803	21,000 00
do	H. Hendricks.....	3105	1,732 50		do		
do	do	3109	900 00	789 75	do	797	1,842 75
do	William H. V. Brady.....	498	2,000 00	600 00	do	777	1,400 00
do	Moran, Crane & Co.....	530	60 00	18 00	do	776	42 00
do	Resia Webster.....	553	837 50		do		
do	do	554	62 50	270 00	do	775	630 00
do	William Bolles.....	2567	5,000 00	1,500 00	do	774	3,500 00
do	Wymian, Bird & Co.....	482	562 50		do		
do	do	483	562 50	337 50	do	772	787 50
do	William Winslow.....	108	980 00	294 00	do		
do	do	3221	30 00	108 00	do	752	938 00
do	Edmund Tweedy.....	1514	1,080 00		do		
do	do	1540	837 50		do		
do	do	1525	2,920 00		do		
do	do	1581	2,540 00		do		
do	do	2532	3,000 00		do	770	5,000 00
do	do	2527	2,000 00	3,713 25	do	771	3,664 25
do	Sarah Dillwynn.....	62	900 00	270 00	do	784	630 00
do	Hope & Co	905	345 00		do		
do	do	906	1,675 00		do		
do	do	907	502 50		do		
do	do	908	180 00		do		
do	do	909	3,240 00		do		
do	do	911	4,187 50		do		
do	do	912	167 50		do		
do	do	2600	35,350 00		do		
do	do	2599	35,350 00		do	779	20,000 00
do	do	2601	27,300 00		do	780	20,000 00
do	do	736	4,690 00		do	781	2,000 00
do	do	737	335 00		do	782	10,000 00
do	do	739	180 00		do	783	9,444 75
do	do	445	16,000 00	38,847 75	do	785	11,200 00
do	Adm's office Hope & Co..	744	4,680 00	1,404 00	do	778	3,276 00
do	Alfred Janson.....	60	900 00	270 00	do	796	630 00
do	John Auldys.....	51	2,880 00	864 00	do	795	2,016 00
do	Jean C. Labondron.....	699	760 00	228 00	do	794	532 00
do	James G. King's Sons.....	50	1,260 00	428 25	*See		
do	do	34	167 50		below.	793	8,168 65
do	Baring Brothers & Co....	20	1,080 00	324 00	July 31.		
do	do	1789	260 00	78 00	do	787	938 00
do	T. L. B. Dykes and others	2244	450 00		do		
do	do	1215	5,625 00	1,822 50	do		
do	do	599	2,137 00	641 10	do		
do	William Marshall.....	2021	2,030 00	609 00	do		
do	Thomas Twining, Jr.....	3172	10,980 00	3,294 00	do	792	7,686 00
do	Sir William Collings.....	409	837 50	251 25	do	791	586 25

*Certificate issued to J. G. King's Sons. See No. 793.

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.					1866.		
July 2.	Insinger & Co.....	681	\$1,900 00	\$570 00	July 31.	790	\$1,330 00
do	G. H. De Amaga.....	1928	1,680 00	404 00	do	789	1,176 00
do	Henry W. Pickersgill.....	2071	1,437 50	431 25	do	788	1,006 25
do	C. & G. W. Thwing.....	579	180 00	54 00	do	786	126 00
do	S. P. Bolles.....	2515	4,000 00	1,200 00	do	773	2,800 00
do	William C. Schemerhorn	3100	251 25	75 37	do	767	175 87
do	Josiah Barnes.....	254	3,000 00		do		
do	do	213	5,000 00		do	768	5,000 00
do	do	2058	2,032 50	3,018 75	do	769	2,043 75
do	Rollins Brothers.....	437	80 00		do		
do	do	575	532 50	183 75	do	766	428 75
do	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	614	562 50	168 75	do	765	333 75
do	Henry S. Terball.....	1889	24,000 00	7,200 00	do	762	16,800 00
do	B. R. Winthrop, in trust	2784	1,000 00	300 00	do	764	700 00
do	Elisha Rockwood.....	2768	1,000 00	300 00	do	763	700 00
do	H. W. Kelle.....	398	87 50		do		
do	do	397	1,172 50	378 00	do	761	882 00
do	Samuel George Smith.....	496	1,436 00	430 80	do	758	1,005 20
do	Rebecca Manwarring.....	992	180 00	54 00	do	760	126 00
do	Wm. McKirth and others	2284	900 00	270 00	do	753	630 00
do	Margaretta Jones.....	427	1,340 00		do		
do	do	428	100 00	432 00	do	759	1,008 00
do	Exchange Bank of Attica	553	3,810 00		do		
do	do	184	5,000 00		do	755	5,000 00
do	do	182	5,000 00		do	756	5,000 00
do	do	183	5,000 00	5,643 00	do	757	3,167 00
do	Silas Wood.....	617	7,200 00	2,160 00	do	754	5,040 00
do	D. C. Hays, in trust.....	556	1,000 00	300 00	do	721	700 00
do	C. C. Tunis.....	534	360 00		do		
do	do	521	540 00	270 00	do	720	630 00
do	Nehemiah Tunis.....	1530	230 00	69 00	do	727	161 00
do	John C. Voorhies.....	154	180 00	54 00	do	726	126 00
do	Brown Brothers & Co.....	1600	192 50	57 75	do	725	134 75
do	Hardman Earle.....	2751	3,875 00	1,162 50	do	724	2,712 50
do	Mark W. Collett.....	1672	775 00		do		
do	do	1676	775 00		do	722	542 60
do	do	1673	1,256 25	841 87	do	723	1,421 87
do	Mechanics' and Traders'				do		
do	Savings Institution.....	3206	19,000 00		do		
do	do	57	3,000 00		do		
do	do	66	1,000 00		do		
do	do	75	1,000 00		do		
do	do	74	1,000 00		do		
do	do	78	1,000 00		do		
do	do	72	1,000 00		do		
do	do	64	1,000 00		do		
do	do	93	1,000 00		do		
do	do	73	1,000 00		do		
do	do	67	1,000 00		do		
do	do	58	3,000 00		do		
do	do	69	1,000 00		do		
do	do	70	1,000 00		do		
do	do	71	1,000 00		do		
do	do	68	1,000 00		do		
do	do	61	4,000 00		do		
do	do	60	3,000 00		do		
do	do	59	3,000 00		do		
do	do	90	1,000 00		do		
do	do	91	1,000 00		do		
do	do	92	1,000 00		do	619	10,000 00
do	do	87	1,000 00		do	620	10,000 00
do	do	88	1,000 00		do	621	10,000 00
do	do	89	1,000 00		do	622	10,000 50
do	do	83	1,000 00		do	623	5,500 00
do	do	84	1,000 00		do		
do	do	85	1,000 00		do		
do	do	86	1,000 00		do		
do	do	77	1,000 00		do		
do	do	76	1,000 00		do		
do	do	79	1,000 00		do		
do	do	80	1,000 00		do		

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.	[Savings Institution.				1866.		
July 2.	Mechanics' and Traders'	81	\$1,000 00		July 31.		
do	do	82	1,000 00		do		
do	do	65	1,000 00	\$19,500 00	do		
do	William Birdsall, Jr.....	113	1,000 00		do		
do	do	202	1,000 00		do		
do	do	204	1,000 00		do		
do	do	203	1,000 00		do		
do	do	46	1,000 00		do		
do	do	117	1,000 00		do		
do	do	118	1,000 00		do		
do	do	205	1,000 00		do		
do	do	114	1,000 00		do		
do	do	114	1,000 00	3,000 00	do	728	\$7,000 00
do	Indiana Bank at Madis-	2810	46,077 50	14,423 25	do		
do	son, E. G. Whitney, Pres	508	20,000 00		do		
do	do	554	5,000 00		do	729	50,000 00
do	do	436	6,000 00	9,300 00	do	730	5,354 25
do	do	3137	2,000 00		do		
do	Bank of Goshen.....	2833	52,502 50		do		
do	do	400	5,000 00	17,250 75	do	738	40,251 75
do	Edward Unkart.....	176	1,520 00	456 00	do	737	1,064 00
do	J. H. Williams, Prest....	523	1,747 50		do		
do	do	522	5,000 00		do		
do	do	521	5,000 00		do		
do	do	520	5,000 00		do		
do	do	519	5,000 00		do		
do	do	499	2,000 00		do		
do	do	491	6,000 00		do		
do	do	529	1,000 00		do		
do	do	572	1,000 00		do		
do	do	571	5,000 00		do		
do	do	570	5,000 00		do	733	20,000 00
do	do	569	5,000 00		do	734	20,000 00
do	do	568	5,000 00		do	735	20,000 00
do	do	567	5,000 00		do	736	4,223 25
do	do	603	5,000 00		do		
do	do	606	15,000 00		do		
do	do	605	15,000 00	27,524 25	do		
do	Henry Church.....	107	2,000 00		do		
do	do	110	1,120 00		do		
do	do	63	6,880 00	3,000 00	do	732	7,000 00
do	Amy & Heye.....	235	1,080 00	324 00	do	731	756 00
do	Seabury Brewster.....	1244	50 00		do		
do	do	1243	750 00		do		
do	do	615	900 00	510 00	do	745	1,190 00
do	Cambridge City Bank.....	2958	5,000 00		do		
do	do	2959	5,000 00		do		
do	do	3222	35,000 00		do		
do	do	2957	5,000 00		do	741	20,000 00
do	do	2360	5,000 00		do	742	20,000 00
do	do	2961	1,334 00		do	743	10,000 00
do	do	2811	30,000 00	25,900 20	do	744	10,433 80
do	Bank of Corydon.....	199	10,000 00	3,000 00	do	740	7,000 00
do	State Bank of Iowa.....	503	9,240 00	2,772 00	do	739	6,468 00
do	Prairie City Bank.....	2632	10,000 00	3,000 00	do	747	7,000 00
do	E. S. Tweedy.....	2561	2,000 00	600 00	do	746	1,400 00
do	Roosevelt & Son.....	3186	9,690 00	2,907 00	do	751	6,783 00
do	Pierpont Phillips.....	5321	10,000 00	3,000 00	do	750	7,000 00
do	H. Leger.....	3128	23,000 00	6,900 00	do	749	16,100 00
do	E. Delafield.....	3124	2,862 50	858 75	do	748	2,003 75
do	John Crouse.....	1605	1,675 00		do		
do	do	1624	2,460 00	1,240 50	do	805	2,894 50
do	Selina Hendricks.....	1653	1,680 00	504 00	do	804	1,176 00
do	Winslow, Lanier & Co...	693	170 00		do		
do	do	602	213 00		do		
do	do	604	1,950 00	699 90	do	806	1,633 10
do	John Robins.....		8,060 00	2,418 00	do	807	5,642 00
do	J. W. Russell.....	377	2,500 00	750 00	do	808	1,750 00
Aug. 22	Exch'ge B'k Greencastle	3217	12,000 00		do		
do	do	6	12,000 00		do		
do	do	2829	1,000 00		do		

*STATEMENT of Certificates of Two and One-Half per cent. State
Stock, redeemed under the Notice of June 20, 1866—Continued.*

Date of pay- ment.	NAME OF HOLDER.	OLD CERTIFICATES SURRENDERED.		PAYMENTS MADE.	NEW CERTIFICATES ISSUED.		
		No.	Amounts.		Date.	No.	Amounts.
1866.					1866.		
Aug. 22	Exch'ge B'k Greencastle	2823	\$1,000 00		July 31.		
do	do	2824	1,000 00		do		
do	do	5	1,000 00		do		
do	do	6	1,000 00		do		
do	do	7	1,000 00		do		
do	do	8	1,000 00		do		
do	do	2830	1,000 00		do		
do	do	1	1,000 00		do		
do	do	2816	1,000 00		do		
do	do	7	1,000 00		do		
do	do	8	1,000 00		do		
do	do	9	1,000 00		do		
do	do	2820	1,000 00		do		
do	do	1	1,000 00		do		
do	do	2	1,000 00		do		
do	do	2971	5,000 00		do		
do	do	2	5,000 00		do		
do	do	3	5,000 00		do		
do	do	4	5,758 00		do	809	\$10,000 00
do	do	3218	12,000 00		do	810	10,000 00
do	do	9	12,000 00		do	811	10,000 00
do	do	2812	1,000 00		do	812	10,000 00
do	do	3	1,000 00		do	813	10,000 00
do	do	4	1,000 00		do	814	8,000 00
do	do	5	1,000 00	\$26,627 40	do	815	4,130 00
Aug. 28	N. P. Wells.....	170	837 50		do		
do	do	171	62 50	270 00	do	816	650 00
do	Edward Brandon.....	574	500 00	130 00	do	818	350 00
do	do in trust	588	100 00	30 00	do	817	70 00
Sept. 1.	John G. Vassar.....	104	1,587 50		do		
do	do	134	2,500 00		do		
do	do	354	804 80		do		
do	do	111	3,530 00		do		
do	do	138	1,000 00		do		
do	do	352	5,000 00		do		
do	do	353	4,000 00		do	819	5,000 00
do	do	493	500 00		do	820	5,000 00
do	do	374	180 00	5,718 60	do	821	3,343 61
Sept. 3.	Joshua Hendricks.....	147	390 00	117 00	do	824	273 00
do	do in trust for C.B.H	409	100 00	30 00	do	825	70 00
do	do do E. & H. H. H	140	200 00	60 00	do	822	140 00
do	do do E. Hendricks	146	410 00	123 00	do	823	287 00
Sept. 10.	Wm. Moore.....	782	190 00	57 00	do	826	133 00
				\$455,010 52			\$1,061,691 10
	Thirty per cent.....						455,010 52
	Certificates 21 cts. short.....						21
			\$1,516,701 83				\$1,516,701 83

*AMOUNT of 6 per cent. (War) Bonds redeemed by the State of
Indiana under the notice of May 1, 1866.*

No.	AMOUNT.	NAME OF HOLDER.	DATE OF PAYMENT.	AMOUNT PAID.	REMARKS.
1972	\$500	Roosevelt & Son.....	May 24, 1866.	\$500	
1973	500	do	do	500	
1250	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1290	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1291	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1361	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1362	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1363	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1364	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1365	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1366	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1347	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1348	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1349	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1350	1,000	do	do	1,000	
	\$14,000			\$14,000	
1508	\$1,000	Prairie City Bank.....	May 26, 1866.	\$1,000	
1509	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1510	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1511	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1512	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1513	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1514	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1515	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1516	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1517	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1518	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1519	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1520	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1521	1,000	do	do	1,000	
	\$14,000			\$14,000	
1316	\$1,000	Henry Winkle, Phil'a.....	May 31, 1866.	\$1,000	
1319	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1320	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1321	1,000	do	do	1,000	
1322	1,000	do	do	1,000	
	\$5,000			\$5,000	
	\$33,000			\$33,000	

ABSTRACT of Transfers, Indiana Five per cent. State Stock from October 1, 1864, to November 1, 1866.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Canceled Certificates.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
506	2,879 3,300 3,192 3,200	\$7,000 00 7,000 00 6,000 00 16,000 00	The Treasurer of State of Indiana in trust for the Kentucky Stock Bank..... E. S. Van Winkle, E. Wood and Julia A. C. Wood, Executors and Executrix of Silas Wood.....	1,422 1,423 1,424	\$20,000 00 5,000 00 11,000 00	Auditor of State of Indiana for the use State Debt Sinking Fund..... Joseph A. Wright..... E. S. Van Winkle and E. Wood Executors of Silas Wood, deceased.....	
508	1,276	4,000 00	Joseph A. Wright.....	1,425	6,000 00	J. H. Williams, President.....	
509	1,279 1,402 1,405	2,000 00 3,000 00 13,000 00	W. H. English, President.....	1,426 1,427 1,428	10,000 00 5,000 00 5,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....	
510	665	2,000 00	Auguste Dasser.....	1,429	2,000 00	Morris Provost & Co.....	
511	635	1,000 00	W. J. King.....	1,430	2,000 00	William H. Neilson.....	
512	661	3,500 00	W. H. Windsor.....	1,431	1,000 00	E. K. Adams.....	
513	1,014	2,000 00	Escher and Busch, in trust for Dr. C. Kahn Escher.....	1,432	3,500 00		
514	1,045	1,000 00	Escher and Busch in trust for Catharine Rahm.....	1,433	2,000 00	Escher & Co., in trust.....	
515	1,338 1,339 1,341 350	5,000 00 5,000 00 5,000 00 6,000 00	C. A. Meigs & Son.....	1,434 1,435 1,436 1,437	1,000 00 5,000 00 5,000 00 5,000 00	Escher & Co., in trust..... Francis Hart Executrix.....	
516	360	5,000 00	John Kingan.....	1,438	6,000 00	John Black Cowan.....	
517	300 1,432	5,000 00 3,500 00	E. K. Adams.....	1,439 1,440	5,000 00 3,500 00	Auditor of State for use State Debt Sinking Fund.....	
518	1,431	1,000 00	W. H. Neilson.....	1,440	1,000 00	do do	
519	230	10,000 00	LaBrooks, Trustee.....	1,440	10,000 00	do do	
520	3,145	8,500 00	Auditor of State of Ohio, in trust for Franklin Bank of Portage, Ohio.....	1,441	8,500 00	Auditor of State for use of State Debt Sinking Fund.....	
521	1,228	473 00	James Habac.....	1,442	475 00	Eliza A. Moss.....	
522	256	10,000 00	W. H. English, President.....				
	1,393	5,000 00					
	1,394	5,000 00					
	1,395	5,000 00					

523	1,326 2,229 2,486 28	W. H. English, President.....	1,443	\$25,000 00	Auditor of the State of Indiana for use of the State Debt Sinking Fund.....
524	236	Margaret H. Clark, Administrator.....	1,444	6,000 00	James H. Clark.....
525	2,274 2,278 2,279 2,280 2,280 1,364 2,299 1,423 247	La. Brooks, Trustee.....	1,445	5,000 00	Eliza T. Richards.....
526	2,274	Knickerbocker Fire Insurance Company of New York.....	1,446	5,000 00	August Belmont.....
527	2,278	Marie Joseph Auguste, Pron.....	1,447	5,000 00	W. H. English, President.....
528	2,279	John Ferguson.....	1,448	5,000 00	do
529	1,423 247	Joseph A. Wright.....	1,449	5,000 00	do
530	1,407 1,414 1,415 77	Polly Bull.....	1,450	3,000 00	do
531	1,407	W. H. English, President.....	1,451	2,000 00	Marie Joseph Auguste, Pron.....
532	1,414	Treasurer of State of Indiana in trust for Parke County Bank.....	1,452	2,500 00	W. H. English, President.....
533	1,415 77	First National Bank, Rockville, Ind.....	1,453	5,000 00	do
534	1,327 1,328 1,406 1,410 1,410 1,411 1,412 1,413 1,416 663 778	W. H. English, President.....	1,454	4,000 00	Edward C. Bull.....
535	3,761	John S. Farish.....	1,455	4,000 00	Emily B. Sanford.....
536	318	Louisa Oakley.....	1,456	1,200 00	Polly Bull.....
537	665	F. Victor & Achelis.....	1,457	22,000 00	Auditor of the State of Indiana, for the use of the State Debt Sinking Fund.....
538	366	Daniel Wheeler.....	1,458	10,000 00	do
539	392	R. G. Kirkpatrick.....	1,459	5,000 00	do
540	3,254 3,254 2,408 1,802 116	Edward & Harrison.....	1,460	5,000 00	do
541	1,034	T. A. Brooks, Trustee.....	1,461	5,000 00	do
542	1,973	A. L. G. G. Delender.....	1,462	2,000 00	Thomas B. McCarty.....
543	1,105	Henry Church.....	1,463	2,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....
544	1,475	W. M. Vermilye.....	1,464	5,000 00	Arabella Ryan.....
545	40	Matthew Vassar.....	1,465	1,000 00	Jane R. Seymour.....
546	163 195	Earl of Gainsborough & Geo. Smith Thornton.....	1,466	2,500 00	John Hulas, Jr.....
			1,467	5,500 00	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....
			1,471	1,000 00	Thomas Davis Sewall.....
			1,472	10,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....
			1,473	10,000 00	do
			1,474	10,000 00	do
			1,480	4,000 00	Thomas B. McCarty.....
			1,475	1,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....
			1,476	1,000 00	Arabella Ryan.....
			1,477	7,000 00	Jane R. Seymour.....
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					Jane R. Seymour.....
					John Hulas, Jr.....
					M. J. Kirkpatrick.....
					Thomas Davis Sewall.....
					McKeen & Denning.....
					do
					do

ABSTRACT of Transfers of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 1, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Cancelled Certificates.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
			Earl of Gainsborough and Geo. Smith Thronton			Edward Smith Gordon.....	
	195	\$15,000 00					
	197	2,000 00		1,478	\$23,050 00		
	198	4,000 00		1,479	25,050 00		
	199	2,500 00		1,481	7,000 00	W. H. English, President. do	
	200	12,000 00	Riggs & Co.....	1,482	5,000 00	do	
	201	3,500 00	Treasurer of Wisconsin in trust for Summit Bank, Oconomowac, Wisconsin.....	1,483	5,000 00	do	
547	1,477	7,000 00	Omar Tousey.....	1,484	5,000 00	J. H. Williams, President.	
548	85	5,000 50	Treasurer of State Indiana in trust for Southern Bank of Indiana at Terre Haute.....	1,485	5,000 00		
				1,486	5,000 00		
				1,487	5,000 00		
				1,488	5,000 00		
				1,489	5,000 00		
				1,490	5,000 00		
				1,491	5,000 00		
				1,492	5,000 00		
				1,493	4,000 00		
551	1,369	7,000 00	Francis Wessels.....	1,494	7,000 00	Wessell Wessells.....	[Nov. 1, 1866. For the year ending From Nov. 1, 1865 [to Oct. 31, 1866.
552	1,435	5,000 00	Francis Hart.....	1,495	5,000 00	Benjamin Hart.....	
	1,436	5,000 00		1,496	5,000 00		
553	1,437	5,000 00		1,497	5,000 00	D. C. Mays.....	
	1,437	5,000 00	Fred. Probst & Co.....				
	1,316	2,000 00					
	1,317	2,000 00					
	1,318	2,000 00					
554	1,319	1,000 00	Treasurer of State of Wisconsin in trust for Bank of Wyanewaga.....	1,498	5,000 00	Geo. C. Northup.....	
	166	5,000 00		1,499	2,000 00		
	260	2,000 00					
555	3,723	1,000 00	Geo. Prina Osgood.....	1,500	5,000 00	Charles A. Meigs & Son.....	
556	1,831	9,500 00	Rev. Dr. Andrew Reed.....	1,501	2,000 00	Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	
				1,502	1,000 00		
				1,503	5,000 00		
				1,494	2,000 00		
				1,505	1,000 00		
				1,506	1,000 00		
				1,507	500 00		

ABSTRACT of Transfers of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock from Oct. 1, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Canceled Certificate.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
	1,429	\$2,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....			S. A. Fletcher.....	
	1,404	5,000 00					
	1,405	5,000 00					
	1,472	10,000 00					
	1,473	10,000 00					
	1,474	10,000 00					
570	1,303	1,000 00	H. Blydenburgh.....	1,515	\$62,000 00	D. C. Hays.....	
571	403	3,000 00	Treasurer of State of Indiana in trust for Bank of Goshen.....	1,516	1,000 00	W. H. Talbott, President of Sinking Fund.....	
572	3,445	1,000 00	Treasurer of State of Indiana in trust for Salem Bank of Goshen.....	1,518	3,000 00	do do do	
	3,446	1,000 00					
	3,447	1,000 00					
	3,448	1,000 00					
	1,213	14,000 00					
	2,878	500 00					
573	409	6,000 00	E. C. Whitney, President	1,518	18,500 00	do do do	
574	2,015	500 00	Bryant Burwell.....	1,519	6,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
575	1,515	62,000 00	S. A. Fletcher & Co.....	1,520	62,000 00	W. H. Talbott, President of Sinking Fund.....	
576	921	1,000 00	Walter Nugent.....	1,521	1,000 00	Georgiana Nugent and Albert L. Nugent, Ex'rs.	
577	103	3,000 00	J. R. Swim and J. W. Andrews, Trustees.....	1,522	3,000 00	L. S. Sullivan.....	
578	917	9,000 00	F. L. B. Dykes, J. G. Marshall and H. C. Marshall.....	1,523	5,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
				1,524	4,000 00	Cannmann & Co.....	
579	248	4,000 00	Augustus Story, President.....	1,523	4,000 00	Holyoke Mutual Fire Insurance Co.	
580	165	1,000 00	Augustus Story.....	1,530	1,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
581	1,577	550 00	Fanny W. Ladd.....	1,530	550 00	Wm. H. English, President.....	
582	918	1,000 00	Wm. Whitewright, Jr.....	1,532			
	926	1,000 00					
	927	1,000 00					
	928	1,000 00					
	929	1,000 00					
	939	1,000 00					
	938	1,000 00					
	937	1,000 00					
	910	1,000 00					
	917	1,000 00					
	918	1,000 00					

919	\$1,000 00	Wm. Whitewright, Jr.....	Wm. H. English, President.....
950	1,000 00		
956	1,000 00		
957	1,000 00		
958	1,000 00		
959	1,000 00		
965	1,000 00		
966	1,000 00		
1,130	5,000 00	John E. Tunst, Guardian.....	Wm. Lamb, Guardian.....
1,113	5,000 00		
1,355	500 00	do do	do
1,326	2,000 00		
1,354	3,000 00		
1,502	1,000 00	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....	J. B. Williams, President.....
1,108	1,000 00	M. M. Rothchilds & Sons.....	C. H. Lindsay and others.....
1,109	1,000 00		
818	4,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	W. H. English, President.....
1,523	5,000 00		
1,529	5,550 00		
1,559	3,000 00	Victor & Achells, in trust.....	do do
235	6,000 00		
319	2,000 00	H. Blydenburgh.....	do do
987	8,500 00	Auditor of State of Indiana in trust for Bank of Elkhart.....	do do
2,129	2,500 00		
3,238	2,000 00		
2,137	2,000 00		
1,234	158 00	James Habbe.....	
1,216	475 00		
1,524	4,000 00	Cammann & Co.....	do
3,367	7,000 00	H. T. Phineas and others.....	H. O. Hunt and others.....
3,368	7,000 00		
1,302	5,500 00	John S. Barry & Co.....	Clark, Dodge & Co.....
38	1,000 00	Treasurer of State of Indiana for Bank of M. Vernon.....	W. H. Talbot, President Sinking Fund.....
39	1,000 00		
43	1,000 00		
44	1,000 00		
45	1,000 00		
45	1,000 00		
189	2,000 00	W. H. English, President.....	do do
1,533	20,000 00		
1,543	50,183 00	Treasurer of State for Parke County Bank.....	do do
1,544	4,000 00		
1,975	20,000 00	W. P. Levy.....	W. H. English, President.....
1,976	20,000 00	Treasurer of State for Corydon Bank.....	James R. Shields.....
2,341	10,000 00	J. R. Shields, Agent.....	do
3,652	5,000 00	Jacob A. Otto.....	Wm. T. Otto.....
387	6,000 00	Treasurer of State of Ohio for Piqua Co. Bank.....	First National Bank Circleville, Ohio.....
1,087	4,000 00		
1,357	6,000 00		
118	2,000 00		
142	2,000 00		
584			\$50,000 00
			5,000 00
			5,000 00
			500 00
585			2,000 00
			3,000 00
586			1,000 00
587			4,000 00
			1,000 00
			1,542
588			1,543
			1,544
589			1,543
			2,000 00
590			1,543
591			1,543
			633 00
593			4,000 00
594			10,000 00
			4,000 00
595			500 00
596			
			8,000 00
597			54,183 00
			50,000 00
598			5,000 00
			6,000 00
599			1,550
600			1,550
601			1,551
602			10,000 00
603			

ABSTRACT of Transfers, of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock from Oct. 1, 1861, to Nov. 1, 1866.---Continued.

No. of Transfers.	No. of Cancelled Certificates.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
604	150 2,508 2,683 3,284	\$2,000 00 12,000 00 6,000 00 2,100 00	Treasurer of State of Ohio for Pikea County Bank Auditor of State of Ohio for Sturge County Bank	1,553 1,554	\$5,000 00 3,000 00	First National Bank Circleville, Ohio	
605	879	1,000 00	A. Bourlin	1,556	2,400 00	A. & J. C. Harrison	
607	1,251	11,000 00	G. & J. Laurie	1,555	6,000 00	Lombard, Odier & Co	
608	308	11,000 00	Overend, Gurney & Co	1,557	11,000 00	John Laurie	
609	3,712 142 3,623	1,500 00 2,000 00 1,000 00	Il. T. Johnson	1,559 1,560 1,561	10,000 00 2,500 00 1,000 00	Peacock, Handley & Co John A. Whitridge	
610	1,001	325 00	Robert Nelson	1,562	1,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co	
611	2	13,000 00	do	1,563 1,564	325 00 13,000 00	do do	
612	1,476	5,500 00	M. J. Kirkpatrick	1,565 1,566	10,000 00 5,500 00	Geo. K. Sistare Joseph Godman	Oct. 31, 1866. For year ending

ABSTRACT of Transfers of Two and One Half per cent. State Stocks, from October 31, 1861 to November 1, 1866.

No. of Trans-fer.	No. of Can-celed Cer-tificate.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.		No. of New Certificate.	Amount.		TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	Amount.
		Amount.			Amount.			
202	262	\$7,000 00	Joseph Chaudler.....	532	\$7,000 00		Pierpont Phillips.....	
204	263	3,000 00	E. S. Averill.....	532	3,000 00		do	
205	404	1,433 00	Horace J. Smith.....	533	1,433 00		Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
206	405	1,433 00	Rowland Smith.....	533	1,433 00		do	
207	501	2,000 00	Mrs. L. M. Searing.....	534	2,000 00		do	
208	506	1,000 00	Livemore & Talman.....	534	1,000 00		do	
209	267	720 00	August Basser.....	535	720 00		Morris, Provost & Co.....	
210	606	500 00	W. J. King.....	536	500 00		Win. H. Nelson.....	
211	2,138	5,000 00	W. H. English, President.....				Auditor of the State of Indiana for the use of	
	2,662	10,000 00					the State Debt Sinking Fund.....	
212	412	1,157 50	Joseph Brandon.....	537	10,900 00		E. Brandon, Trustee.....	
213	454	534 35	James Trabue.....	538	100 00		Joseph Brandon.....	
214	525	1,000 00	W. H. English, President.....	539	1,027 50		Eliza A. Moss.....	
	527	1,000 00		540	534 35		Auditor of the State of Indiana for the use of	
	1,379	500 00					the State Debt Sinking Fund.....	
	1,380	500 00						
	2,366	10,000 00						
	2,367	10,000 00						
	2,368	1,000 00						
	2,374	1,000 00						
	2,428	10,000 00						
	2,634	10,000 00						
215	3,208	20,000 00	M. H. Clark, Administrator.....	541	65,000 00		Eliza P. Richards.....	
	3,832	00		542	1,916 25			
216	319	3,635 00	John Kingan.....	543	1,916 25			
217	3,101	5,000 00	Jane M. Herrick.....	544	3,635 00		John B. Cowan.....	
218	3,106	14,000 00	Jane R. Seymour.....	551	5,000 00		E. G. Whitney, President.....	
219	3,107	2,000 00	Wm. Seymour, Jr.....	555	14,000 00		Lawrence, Baldwin & Co.....	
220	3,084	1,000 00	Jacob Hays, in trust.....	555	2,000 00		do	
222	3,091	5,000 00	D. C. Hays.....	555	1,000 00		do	
	3,092	5,000 00					do	
	3,093	24,000 00		555	12,000 00			

ABSTRACT of Transfers of Indiana Two and One Half per cent. State Stock, from October 31, 1864 to November 1, 1866—Continued.

No. of Trans- fers.	No. of Can- celled Cer- tificates.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
223	3,053	\$2,000 00	D. C. Hays, in trust.....	555	\$2,000 00	Lawrence, Baldwin & Co.....	
225	1,077	775 00	Daniel Wheeler.....	557	775 00	John Hulas, Jr.....	
226	329	1,812 50	R. G. Kirkpatrick.....	558	1,812 50	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	
227	366	360 00	E. Harrison.....	559	360 00	T. D. Sewall.....	
228	177	5,000 00	Treasurer of the State of Indiana, in trust for the Exchange Bank of Attica.....			McKeen & Denning.....	
	179	5,000 00					
	545	5,000 00					
	546	5,000 00					
	547	5,000 00					
	548	5,000 00					
	549	5,000 00					
	550	5,000 00					
	551	5,000 00					
	552	5,000 00					
229	406	1,000 00	J. P. Morgan & Co.....	565	1,000 00	Warren Ackerman.....	
230	230	1,340 00	A. E. Henderson.....	566	1,340 00	M. C. Morgan.....	
231	237	20,000 00	Treasurer State of Indiana, in trust for North- Bank of Indiana.....	567	5,000 00	J. H. Williams, President.....	
	5,168	6,000 00		568	5,000 00		
				569	5,000 00		
				570	5,000 00		
				571	5,000 00		
				572	1,000 00		
232	246	5,000 00	Edward Brandon.....			Charles A. Melgs & Son.....	
	247	5,000 00					
	431	1,000 00					
	248	4,000 00					
233	467	172 50	J. P. Morgan & Co.....	573	15,000 00	Rollins Brothers.....	[31, 1865,
234	536	360 00	W. H. Neilson.....	575	172 50	do.....	End of the year Oct.
235	1,534	3,752 50	Rev. Dr. A. Reed.....	576	360 00	Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	From Oct. 31, 1865,
	1,312	237 50		577	1,000 00		[to Nov. 1, 1866,
				578	1,000 00		
				579	500 00		
236	576	1,000 00	Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	581	1,000 00	James Cheney.....	
	577	1,000 00		582	1,000 00		
	578	1,000 00		583	1,000 00		

237	579	\$990 00	Treasurer of Wisconsin for the Bank of the North West at Fond du Lac.....	581	990 00	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....
238	585	180 00	Joseph Patterson.....	585	180 00	Wm. H. Neilson.....
239	586	251 25	E. H. Schenckhorn and others.....	586	251 25	F. A. Schenckhorn.....
240	587	418 75	John Ellis.....	587	418 75	John C. Ellis.....
	588	418 75		588	418 75	Chas. G. Ellis.....
	589	418 75		589	418 75	Edward Ellis.....
	590	418 75		590	418 75	Wm. D. Ellis.....
241	591	8,000 00	Treasurer of State of Indiana in trust for Sal- len Bank.....	591	8,000 00	W. H. Talbott, President Sinking Fund.....
242	408	5,000 00	Auditor of State of Indiana in trust for Sal- len Bank.....	591	5,000 00	do do do
243	555	32,000 00	Lawrence Baldwin & Co.....	591	32,000 00	do do do
244	561	10,000 00	McKeen & Denning.....			S. A. Fletcher & Co.....
	562	10,000 00				
	563	10,000 00				
	564	10,000 00				
245	2,182	170 00	Bryant Burwell.....	592	50,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....
246	917	355 00	Walter Nugent.....	593	170 00	G. & A. W. Nugent Executors.....
247	592	50,000 00	S. A. Fletcher & Co.....	594	355 00	W. H. Talbott, President Sinking Fund.....
248	913	8,213 00	T. L. B. Dykes and others.....	595	50,000 00	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....
				596	5,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....
				597	1,713 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....
				598	1,500 00	Cammann & Co.....
249	597	1,713 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	601	1,500 00	W. H. English, President.....
				602	213 00	
250	596	5,000 00	Chas. Meigs & Son.....	603	5,000 00	J. H. Williams, President.....
251	155	1,950 00	H. J. Burden.....	604	1,950 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....
252	573	15,000 00	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....	605	15,000 00	J. H. Williams, President.....
	580	15,000 00		606	15,000 00	
253	432	1,000 00	Farmers Bank, Troy.....	607	1,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....
254	318	12 50	M. A. Rothchilds & Son.....	608	2,400 00	C. Hugh, Lindsay and others.....
	291	100 00		609	100 00	
255	444	534 35	James Trabue.....	610	12 50	
	460	178 35		611	712 70	W. H. English, President.....
256	607	1,000 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	611	1,000 00	do do
257	598	1,500 00	Cammann & Co.....	612	1,500 00	do do
258	1,291	8,375 00	F. Hult & Co.....	613	8,375 00	L. Von Hoffman & Co.....
259	507	562 50	J. L. Barry & Co.....	614	562 50	Clark, Dodge & Co.....
260	3,031	2,043 00	Samuel Polleys.....	615	2,043 00	W. H. Talbott, President Sinking Fund.....
261	255	1,000 00	Nath Wright.....	615	1,000 00	do do do
262	518	1,000 00	First National Bank, Rockville.....	615	1,000 00	do do do
263	611	1,712 70	W. H. English, President.....			
264	612	1,500 00				
	173	10,000 00	Treasurer of State for Bank of Mount Vernon..	615	4,712 70	do do do
	174	10,000 00				

ABSTRACT of Transfers, of Indiana Two and One Half per cent. State Stock, from October 1, 1864 to November 1, 1866—Continued.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Cancelled Certificate.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
265	200 3,007 3,006 3,008	\$25,315 00 10,000 00 10,000 00 10,000 00	Treasurer of State for Bank of Mount Vernon. Auditor of State of Ohio, in trust for Cham- pagne Bank.....	615 616 617 618	\$25,315 00 10,000 00 10,000 00 10,000 00	Wm. H. English, President.....	
419	803	21,000 00	W. H. English, President.....		21,000 00	President of the Board of Sinking Fund Com- missioners	
420	741 742 743	20,000 00 20,000 00 10,000 00	Cambridge City Bank.....		60,133 80	do do do	
421	558	1,842 50	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	827	1,842 50	Joseph Godman.....	Being Oct. 31, 1866.
422	690	2,000 00	John Baldwin.....	828 829	2,000 00	Wabash College.....	For the year end-

**REGISTER of Five and Six per cent. Indiana Stocks and Bonds purchased by the Commissioners of the State
Debt Sinking Fund during the year 1865.**

Amount.	Kind.	FROM WHOM PURCHASED.	Date of Purchase.	Amount Paid.
\$10,000	Five per cent.	Parke County Bank.	February 6, 1865.	\$8,800 00
11,000	"	First National Bank, Rockville.	February 18, 1865.	9,900 00
2,000	Six per cent.	J. B. Winstandley.	February 28, 1865.	2,000 00
14,000	"	Bank of Corydon.	June 6, 1865.	14,000 00
2,000	"	Cambridge City Bank.	June 13, 1865.	2,000 00
50,000	"	Wm. H. English.	November 1, 1865.	50,000 00
22,000	Five per cent.	Thomas B. McCarthy.	November 1, 1865.	20,873 29
100,500	"	Wm. H. English.	November 15, 1865.	93,543 03
122,500	"	Riggs & Co.	December 1, 1865.	116,225 29
\$334,000				\$319,152 61

The interest on the Five per cent. certificates, at the date of their purchase, amounted to \$5,765.

RECAPITULATION.

Five per cent. Certificates of Stock and Interest.	\$271,765	\$251,152 61
Six per cent. Bonds.	68,000	68,000 00
	\$339,765	\$319,152 61

*ABSTRACT of Register of Five per cent. Certificates of State
Stock from Oct. 1, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.*

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
1422	Aud. State Ind. for State Debt Sinking Fund	\$20,000 00	Nov. 28, 1864.	
1423	Joseph A. Wright.....	5,000 00	Dec. 3, 1864.	
1424	E. S. VanWinkle & Co., Wood Exes.....	11,000 00	do	
1425	J. J. Williams, President.....	6,000 00	Dec. 12, 1864.	
1426	McKeen & Denning.....	10,000 00	do	
1427	do	5,000 00	do	
1428	do	5,000 00	do	
1429	do	2,000 00	do	
1430	Morris Provost & Co.....	2,000 00	Dec. 19, 1864.	
1431	William H. Nelson.....	1,000 00		
1432	E. K. Adams.....	3,500 00		
1433	Eseher & Co., in trust.....	2,000 00	Jan. 9, 1865.	
1434	do	1,000 00		
1435	Frances Hart, Executrix.....	5,000 00	Jan. 20, 1865.	
1436	do	5,000 00		
1437	do	5,000 00		
1438	John Black Cowan.....	6,000 00	Jan. 24, 1865.	
1439	do	5,000 00		
1440	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	14,000 00		
1441	do	8,500 00		
1442	Eliza A. Moss.....	475 00		
1443	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	35,000 00		
1444	James H. Clark.....	6,000 00	Jan. 26, 1865.	
1445	Eliza P. Richards.....	6,000 00		
1446	August Belmont.....	5,000 00	Feb. 4, 1865.	
1447	W. H. English, President.....	5,000 00		
1448	do	5,000 00		
1449	do	5,000 00		
1450	do	3,000 00		
1451	Marie J. Auguste, Pron.....	2,000 00	Feb. 6, 1865.	
1452	W. H. English, President.....	3,500 00	Feb. 6, 1865.	
1453	do	5,000 00		
1454	Edward C. Bull.....	4,000 00	Feb. 21, 1865.	
1455	Emily C. Sanford.....	4,000 00		
1456	Polly Bull.....	1,200 00		
1457	Aud. State for State Debt Sinking Fund.....	22,000 00		
1458	do	21,000 00	March 14, 1865.	
1459	George Chambers (duplicate).....	3,000 00	April 4, 1865.	
1460	T. B. McCarty.....	5,000 00	April 25, 1865.	
1461	do	5,000 00		
1462	do	5,000 00		
1463	do	2,000 00		
1464	McKeen & Denning.....	5,000 00	June 2, 1865.	
1465	do	5,000 00		
1466	Arabella Ryan.....	1,000 00	June 6, 1865.	
1467	Jane R. Seymour.....	2,000 00	June 17, 1865.	
1468	John, Hulas, Jr.....	2,500 00	July 7, 1865.	
1470	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	5,500 00	July 13, 1865.	
1471	Thomas Davis Sewall.....	1,000 00	July 17, 1865.	
1472	McKeen & Denning.....	10,000 00		
1473	do	10,000 00		
1474	do	10,000 00		
1475	W. M. Vermiley.....	1,000 00	July 31, 1865.	
1476	Warren, Ackerman.....	1,000 00	Aug. 8, 1865.	
1477	Riggs & Co.....	7,000 00		
1478	George M. Gordon.....	26,050 00	Aug. 14, 1865.	
1480	Edward Smith Gordon.....	26,050 00		
1480	Warren Ackerman.....	4,000 00	Aug. 21, 1865.	
1481	W. H. English, President.....	7,000 00	Aug. 26, 1865.	
1482	do	5,000 00	Aug. 31, 1865.	
1483	do	5,000 00		
1484	J. H. Williams, President.....	5,000 00	Sept. 4, 1865.	
1485	do	5,000 00		
1486	do	5,000 00		
1487	do	5,000 00		
1488	do	5,000 00		
1489	do	5,000 00		
1490	do	5,000 00		
1491	do	5,000 00		
1492	do	5,000 00		
1493	do	4,000 00		

*ABSTRACT of Register of Five per cent. Cercificates of State Stock
from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
1494	Wessell Wessels.....	\$7,000 00	Oct. 9, 1865.	
1495	Benjamin Hart.....	5,000 00	Oct. 10, 1865.	
1496	do	5,000 00		
1497	do	5,000 00		
1498	C. D. Hays.....	5,000 00	Nov. 6, 1865.	
1499	do	2,000 00		
1500	G. C. Northrup, in trust.....	5,000 00	Nov. 18, 1865.	
1501	do	2,000 00		
1502	Charles Meigs & Son.....	1,000 00	Nov. 29, 1865.	
1503	Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	5,000 00	Nov. 30, 1865.	
1504	do	1,000 00		
1505	do	1,000 00		
1506	do	1,000 00		
1507	do	500 00		
1508	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	5,000 00	Dec. 8, 1865.	
1509	do	2,000 00		
1510	do	1,000 00		
1511	do	1,000 00		
1512	do	500 00		
1513	William H. Nelson.....	500 00		
1514	Francis A. Brooks, Trustee.....	10,000 00	Dec. 15, 1865.	
1515	S. A. Fletcher & Co.....	62,000 00	Jan. 8, 1866.	
1516	D. C. Hays.....	1,000 00	Jan. 9, 1866.	
1517	And. State for Sinking Fund.....	245,000 00	Jan. 11, 1866.	
1518	W. H. Talbott, Pres., for Sinking Fund.....	27,500 00	Jan. 16, 1866.	
1519	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	500 00	Jan. 18, 1866.	
1520	W. H. Talbott, President.....	62,000 00	Jan. 22, 1866.	
1521	G. & A. W. Nugent.....	1,000 00		
1522	L. S. Sullivan.....	3,000 00	Jan. 27, 1866.	
1523	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	5,000 00	Feb. 6, 1866.	
1524	Cummann & Co.....	4,000 00		
1525	H. B. Dykes and others.....	9,000 00		
1526	do	9,000 00		
1527	do	9,000 00		
1528	do	9,000 00		
1529	Augustus Story, President.....	4,000 00		
1530	Augustus Story.....	1,000 00		
1532	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	550 00	Feb. 16, 1866.	
1533	W. H. English, President.....	20,000 00	Feb. 26, 1866.	
1534	William Lamb, Guardian of.....	5,000 00		
1535	Franklin Lewis.....	5,000 00		
1536	do	500 00		
1537	do	2,000 00	March 14, 1866.	
1538	do	3,000 00		
1539	J. W. Williams, President.....	1,000 00	April 27, 1866.	
1540	C. H. Lindsay and others.....	4,000 00	May 12, 1866.	
1541	do	1,000 00		
1542	do	1,000 00		
1543	W. H. English, President.....	20,183 00	May 15, 1866.	
1544	do	4,000 00		
1545	Henry Oliver Hunt.....	10,000 00	May 23, 1866.	
1546	H. T. Princess and others.....	4,000 00		
1547	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	500 00	June 11, 1866.	
1548	W. H. Talbott, President.....	112,183 00		
1549	W. H. English, President.....	5,000 00	June 15, 1866.	
1551	William Otto.....	6,000 00	July 13, 1866.	
1550	J. K. Shields.....	10,000 00		
1552	First National Bank, Circleville, Ohio..	10,000 00	July 31, 1866.	
1553	do	5,000 00		
1554	do	3,000 00		
1555	A. & J. C. Harrison.....	6,000 00	Aug. 12, 1866.	
1556	do	2,400 00		
1557	John Laurie.....	14,000 00	Sept. 10, 1866.	
1558	Lombard, Odier & Co.....	1,000 00	Sept. 11, 1866.	
1559	Peacock, Handley & Co.....	10,000 00	Sept. 21, 1866.	
1560	do	2,500 00		
1561	J. A. Whitridge.....	1,000 00		
1562	do	1,000 00		
1563	do	1,000 00		
1564	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	3,325 00	Oct. 2, 1866.	
1565	George K. Listare.....	10,000 00		
1566	Joseph Godman.....	5,000 00	Oct. 20, 1866.	

ABSTRACT of Register of two and a half per cent. Certificates of State Stock from October 31, 1864, to November 1, 1866.

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
532	Pierpont Phillips.....	\$10,000 00	Nov. 25, 1864.	
533	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	2,866 00		
534	do	3,000 00	Dec. 12, 1864.	
535	Morris, Provost & Co.....	720 00	Dec. 19, 1864.	
536	W. H. Nelson.....	360 00		
537	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	16,900 00		
538	Edward Brandon, Trustee.....	100 00	Jan. 9, 1865.	
539	Joseph Brandon.....	1,057 50		
540	Eliza A. Moss.....	534 35	Jan. 24, 1865.	
541	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	65,000 00		
542	James H. Clark.....	1,916 25	Jan. 26, 1865.	
543	Eliza P. Richards.....	1,916 25	do	
544	John B. Corwin.....	3,685 00	Feb. 24, 1865.	
545	Treasurer of State Indiana, in trust.....	5,000 00	May 1, 1865.	
546	For Exchange Bank, Attica.....	5,000 00		
547	do	5,000 00		
548	do	5,000 00		
549	do	5,000 00		
550	do	5,000 00		
551	do	5,000 00		
552	do	5,000 00		
553	do	3,810 00		
554	E. G. Whitney, President.....	5,000 00	May 6, 1865.	
555	Lawrence, Baldwin & Co.....	32,000 00	May 23, 1865.	
556	D. C. Hays, in trust.....	1,000 00		
557	John Hulas, jr.....	775 00	July 7, 1865.	
558	W. J. Kirkpatrick.....	1,842 50	July 13, 1865.	
559	Thomas D. Sewall.....	360 00	July 17, 1865.	
560	McKeen & Denning.....	10,000 00		
561	do	10,000 00		
562	do	10,000 00		
563	do	10,000 00		
564	do	10,000 00		
565	M. C. Morgan.....	1,340 00		
566	Warren Ackerman.....	1,000 00	July 26, 1865.	
567	J. H. Williams, President.....	5,000 00	Sept. 4, 1865.	
568	do	5,000 00		
569	do	5,000 00		
570	do	5,000 00		
571	do	5,000 00		
572	do	1,000 00		
573	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....	15,900 00	Sept. 14, 1865.	
574	Edward Brandon.....	500 00	do	
575	Rollins Brothers.....	532 50	Nov. 18, 1865.	
576	Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	1,000 00	Nov. 30, 1865.	
577	do	1,000 00		
578	do	1,000 00		
579	do	290 00		
580	Chas. Meigs & Son.....	15,000 00	Dec. 2, 1865.	
581	James Cheney.....	1,000 00	Dec. 8, 1865.	
582	do	1,000 00		
583	do	1,000 00		
584	do	990 00		
585	Wm. H. Milson.....	180 00		
586	F. A. Schenckhorn.....	251 25	Dec. 16, 1865.	
587	John C. Ellis.....	418 75	Dec. 19, 1865.	
588	Chas. O. Ellis.....	418 75		
589	Edward Ellis.....	418 75		
590	Wm. D. Ellis.....	418 75		
591	W. H. Talbott, President.....	45,000 00	Jan. 16, 1866.	
592	S. A. Fletcher & Co.....	50,000 00	Jan. 18, 1866.	
593	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	170 00		
594	G. & A. W. Nugent, Exrs.....	355 00	Jan. 22, 1866.	
595	W. H. Talbott, President.....	50,000 00	Jan. 31, 1866.	
596	Chas. A. Meigs & Son.....	5,000 00	Feb. 6, 1866.	
597	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	1,713 00		
598	Cammann & Co.....	1,500 00		
599	W. B. Dyks and others.....	2,137 00		
600	W. H. English, President.....	1,500 00	Feb. 23, 1866.	
601	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	1,950 00	April 17, 1866.	
602	J. H. Williams, President.....	15,000 00	April 27, 1866.	
603	do	5,000 00		
604	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	213 00		
605	J. H. Williams, President.....	35,000 00		

ABSTRACT of Register of two and a half per cent. Certificates of State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
607	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	\$1,000 00		
608	C. H. Lindsay and others.....	2,400 00		
609	do	100 00	May 12, 1866.	
610	do	12 50		
611	W. H. English, President.....	1,712 70		
612	do	1,500 00		
613	L. Von Hoffman & Co.....	8,375 00		
614	Clark Dodge & Co.....	562 50	June 8, 1866.	
615	W. H. Talbott, President.....	32,070 70	June 11, 1866.	
616	W. H. English, President.....	10,000 00		
617	do	10,000 00	June 18, 1866.	
618	do	10,000 00		
619	Merchants and Traders Savings Inst	10,000 00		
620	do	10,000 00	July 33, 1866.	
621	do	10,000 00		
622	do	10,000 00		
623	do	5,500 00		
624	George Bagnall.....	126 00		
625	James Bagnall.....	126 00		
626	Geo. & Jos. Bagnall, Exrs.....	1,289 75		
627	Mrs. Margaretta Betts.....	578 75		
628	Robt. C. S. Bevan.....	378 00		
629	Richard Wm. Cardwell.....	469 00		
630	Morgan C. Chase.....	586 25		
631	John Black Cowan, Dr.....	2,519 50		
632	J. Donaldson and R. Bennett.....	4,147 50		
633	Wm. Dorker.....	469 00		
634	Thomas Dent.....	1,055 25		
635	Jane Evans.....	1,876 00		
636	Miss A. P. Fergusson.....	469 00		
637	J. H. Ferguson, Trustee.....	1,524 25		
638	John M. Forster.....	252 00		
639	Edward Grubb.....	1,008 00		
640	John Greenwood.....	252 00		
641	Adderly Howard.....	882 00		
642	John Hulas, jr.....	542 50		
643	John Hackblock.....	1,407 00		
644	Matthew Harrison, jr.....	252 00		
645	F. C. Lukes and others.....	378 00		
646	F. C. Lukes.....	1,056 25		
647	Henry Laver.....	703 50		
648	Thomas Lihon.....	703 50		
649	M. Marshall.....	248 50		
650	Major F. M. Martym.....	787 50		
651	John Roberts Mills.....	1,015 00		
652	G. & A. S. Nugent.....	248 50		
653	Geo. W. Borman.....	938 00		
654	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	3,150 00		
655	Robert Rulsford.....	3,150 00	July 31, 1866.	
656	John A. Ravinshaw.....	2,495 50		
657	Geo. Robertson.....	378 00		
658	Geo. M. Shore.....	3,192 00		
659	Leigh C. Smith.....	378 00		
660	Thos. D. Sewall.....	252 00		
662	W. Lihon, jr., and others.....	938 00		
661	James Silver.....	1,289 75		
663	D. H. Safe.....	586 25		
664	Miss Mary Traddle.....	378 00		
665	Honorathus L. Thomas.....	1,055 25		
666	John C. Whiteman.....	10,697 75		
667	J. M. Wilson.....	1,524 25		
668	Thos. Yates.....	586 25		
669	A. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	10,000 00		
670	do	10,000 00		
671	do	10,000 00		
672	do	10,000 00		
673	do	10,000 00		
674	do	5,000 00		
675	do	3,510 00		
676	M. A. de Rothschilds & Sons.....	10,000 00		
677	do	10,000 00		
678	do	10,000 00		
679	do	10,000 00		
680	do	10,000 00		

ABSTRACT of Register of two and a half per cent. Certificates of State Stock, from Oct. 1, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
681	M. A. de Rothschilds & Sons.....	\$10,000 00	July 31, 1866.	
682	do	10,000 00		
683	do	10,000 00		
684	do	10,000 00		
685	do	5,000 00		
686	do	4,050 00		
687	C. H. Lindsay and others.....	1,758 75		
688	John C. Baldwin.....	5,000 00		
689	do	5,000 00		
690	do	2,600 00		
691	Inst for Savings, Merchants Clerks.....	10,000 00		
692	do	10,000 00		
693	do	10,000 00		
694	do	5,042 00		
695	J. Henriques, Trustee.....	735 00		
696	Joseph Brandon.....	10,000 00		
697	do	10,000 00		
698	do	5,000 00		
699	do	2,000 00		
700	do	2,400 00		
701	J. Henriques, Trustee.....	1,400 00		
702	Joseph Brandon.....	740 25		
703	Aetna Insurance Company.....	20,000 00		
704	do	20,000 00		
705	do	10,000 00		
706	do	3,200 00		
707	Moran Brothers.....	756 00		
708	do	756 00		
709	do	756 00		
710	L. Von. Hoffmau & Co.....	5,862 50		
711	W. Schull & Co.....	351 75		
712	Wm. B. Astor.....	12,000 54		
713	M. J. Henriques.....	3,602 51		
714	Christian Yubrishee.....	252 00		
715	H. Chardawayne.....	4,200 00		
716	John Lindsley.....	7,005 25		
717	R. de Ferrari.....	2,856 00		
718	John H. Engleberts.....	700 00		
719	Samuel Bruhl.....	700 00		
720	C. C. Tunis.....	630 00		
721	D. C. Hays, in trust.....	700 00		
722	M. W. Collett, in trust.....	542 50		
723	M. W. Collett.....	1,421 87		
724	Hardman Earle.....	2,712 50		
725	Brown Brothers & Co.....	134 75		
726	Ira C. Voorhies.....	126 00		
727	Nehemiah Lums.....	161 00		
728	Wm. Birdsall, jr.....	7,000 00		
729	E. G. Whitney, President.....	50,000 00		
730	do	5,354 25		
731	Amy & Heye, in trust.....	756 00		
732	Henry Church.....	7,600 00		
733	Joseph L. Williams.....	20,000 00		
734	do	20,000 00		
735	do	20,000 00		
736	do	4,233 00		
737	Edward Unkart.....	1,064 00		
738	Bank of Goshen.....	40,251 75		
739	Keokuk Branch of the State Bank of Ia.....	6,468 00		
740	James R. Shields.....	7,000 00		
741	Cambridge City Bank.....	20,000 00		
742	do	20,000 00		
743	do	10,000 00		
744	do	10,433 80		
745	Seabury Brewster.....	1,190 00		
746	E. S. Tweedy.....	1,400 00		
747	Prairie City Bank.....	7,000 00		
748	E. Delafield.....	2,003 75		
749	H. Leger.....	16,100 00		
750	Pierpont Phillips.....	7,000 00		
751	Roosevelt & Son.....	6,783 00		
752	Wm. Winslow.....	938 00		
753	Wm. McKeith and others.....	630 00		

ABSTRACT of Register of two and a half per cent. Certificates of State Stock, from Nov. 1, 1864, to Oct. 31, 1866.—Continued.

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
754	Silas Wood.....	\$5,040 40	July 31, 66.	
755	Exchange Bank, Attica.....	5,000 00		
756	do	5,000 00		
757	do	3,167 00		
758	Samuel George Smith.....	1,005 20		
759	Margaretta Jones.....	1,008 00		
760	R. P. & S. Manwaring.....	126 00		
761	H. W. Kollé.....	882 00		
762	Henry S. Terbell.....	16,800 00		
763	E. Rockwood.....	700 00		
764	B. R. Winthrop, Trustee.....	700 00		
765	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	333 75		
766	Rollins Brothers.....	428 75		
767	Wm. C. Schemerhorn.....	175 00		
768	Josiah Barnes.....	5,000 00		
769	do	2,043 75		
770	Edmund Tweedy.....	5,000 00		
771	do	3,664 25		
772	Wyman, Bird & Co.....	787 50		
773	S. P. Bolles.....	2,800 00		
774	W. Bolles.....	3,500 00		
775	Horace Webster.....	630 00		
776	Moran, Crane & Co.....	42 00		
777	Wm. V. Brady.....	1,400 00		
778	Jas. G. Kings' Son	3,276 00		
779	do	20,000 00		
780	do	20,000 00		
781	do	20,000 00		
782	do	10,000 00		
783	do	9,444 75		
784	Sarah Dillwyn.....	630 00		
785	Jas. G. Kings' Sons.....	11,200 00		
786	C. E. W. Thewing.....	126 00		
787	Baring Brothers & Co.....	838 00		
788	H. W. Pickersgill.....	1,006 25		
789	G. H. de Amazuga.....	1,176 00		
790	Jas. G. Kings' Sons.....	1,330 00		
791	Wm. Collins.....	586 25		
792	Thos. Twining, Jr.....	7,686 00		
793	Jas. G. Kings' Sons.....	8,168 65		
794	Jean C. Labonehere.....	532 00		
795	John Auldís.....	2,016 00		
796	Alfred Janson.....	630 00		
797	H. Hendricks.....	1,842 75		
798	Wm. R. Mossinger.....	10,000 00		
799	do	1,055 10		
800	do	4,900 00		
801	Wabash College.....	4,900 00		
802	Bank of Salem.....	10,500 00		
803	W. H. English, President.....	21,000 00		
804	Selina Hendricks	1,176 00		
805	John Crouse.....	2,894 50		
806	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	1,633 10		
807	John Robins.....	5,642 00		
808	J. W. Russell.....	1,750 00		
809	Exchange Bank, Greencastle.....	10,000 00		
810	do	10,000 00		
811	do	10,000 00		
812	do	10,000 00		
813	do	10,000 00		
814	do	8,000 00		
815	do	4,130 60		
816	Arthur Wells.....	630 00		
817	Edward Brandon, Trustee.....	70 00		
818	Edward Brandon.....	650 00		
819	John Guy Vassar.....	5,000 00		
820	do	5,000 00		
821	do	3,343 61		
822	J. Hendricks, in trust.....	140 00	Sept. 10, 1866.	
823	do	287 00		
825	do	70 00		
824	J. Hendricks.....	273 00		
826	Wm. Moore.....	133 00	Sept. 13, 1866.	

ABSTRACT of Register of two and a half per cent. Certificates of State Stock, from Nov. 1, 1864, to Oct. 31, 1866.—Continued.

No.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	REMARKS.
827	W. H. Talbott, President.....	\$60,433 80	Oct. 18, 1866.	
828	Joseph Goodman.....	1,842 50	Oct. 20, 1866.	
829	Wabash College.....	2,600 00	Oct. 24, 1866.	

ABSTRACT of Transfers, Wabash and Erie Deferred Canal Stock, issued on account of Canal Bonds, from October 31, 1864 to November 1, 1866.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Cancelled Certificate.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
52	152	\$475	James Tabue	170	\$475	Eliza A. Moss.....	

ABSTRACT of Transfers, Wabash and Erie Preferred Canal Stock, from October 31, 1864, to November 1, 1866.

No. of Transfer.	No. of Cancelled Certificate.	Amount.	BY WHOM TRANSFERRED.	No. of New Certificate.	Amount.	TO WHOM TRANSFERRED.	REMARKS.
739	268	\$6,000	John Kingan.....	1873	\$6,000	John Black Cowan.....	
740	269	6,000	do.....	1874	5,000	do.....	
741	275	5,500	R. G. Kirkpatrick.....	1875	5,500	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	
743	301	1,000	Edward Harrison.....	1876	1,000	Thos. D. Scwall.....	
744	107	500	Joseph Patterson.....	1879	500	W. H. Neilson.....	
1807	1807	7,000	H. T. Princess and others.....	1880	1,000	H. O. Hunt and others.....	
1808	1808	7,000	do.....	1881	4,000	do.....	
745	180	5,000	John Ellis.....	1882	1,250	John C. Ellis.....	
				1883	1,250	Chas. G. Ellis.....	
				1884	1,250	Edward Ellis.....	
				1885	1,250	Wm. Ellis.....	
746	413	1,000	Walter Nugent.....	1886	1,000	G. & A. L. Nugent.....	
747	803	1,000	M. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	1887	1,000	C. H. Lindsay and others.....	
	804	1,000	do.....	1888	1,000	do.....	
	805	1,000	do.....	1889	1,000	do.....	
	806	1,000	do.....	1890	1,000	do.....	
	807	1,000	do.....	1891	1,000	do.....	
748	808	1,000	do.....	1892	1,000	do.....	
	1100	5,000	Joseph Moss.....	1893	2,200	Truman Moss.....	
	1104	5,000		1894	2,200	Horace O. Moss.....	
				1895	900	A. H. Moss, Trustee.....	
				1896	900	M. R. Midbury.....	
				1897	800	D. C. & D. G. Amlter.....	
				1898	800	Amos O. Osborn.....	
				1900	500	Geo. Moss.....	
				1901	1,200	Lewis Moss.....	
				1899	500	H. O. Moss, Exp.....	
749	133	1,500	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	1902	1,500	Peacock, Gurney & Co.....	
750	11,000	11,000	do.....	1903	11,000	do.....	
751	1875	5,500	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	1904	5,500	Joseph Goodman.....	
		\$62,000			\$62,000		

AMOUNT of Interest Paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from October 31, 1864, to November 1, 1866.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1302	\$30	November 1, 1864.	November 1, 1864.	W. C. Foster, Cashier.....	
1303	30	do	do	do	
1304	30	do	do	do	
1305	30	do	do	do	
1306	30	do	do	do	
1714	30	do	do	do	
1815	30	do	do	do	
1716	30	do	do	do	
1717	30	do	do	do	
1718	30	do	do	do	
1719	30	do	do	do	
1720	30	do	do	do	
1721	30	do	do	do	
1722	30	do	do	do	
1723	30	do	do	do	
1724	90	do	do	do	
1725	20	do	do	do	
1726	30	do	do	do	
1727	30	do	do	do	
1728	30	do	do	do	
1729	30	do	do	do	
1730	30	do	do	do	
1731	30	do	do	do	
1732	30	do	do	do	
1733	30	do	do	do	
1351	30	do	do	National Bank.....	
1352	30	do	do	do	
1353	30	do	do	do	
1354	30	do	do	do	
1360	30	do	do	do	
1377	30	do	do	do	
1378	30	do	do	do	
1379	30	do	do	do	
1380	20	do	do	do	
1381	30	do	do	do	
1287	30	November 1, 1863.	do	Samuel Wild & Sons.....	
1288	30	do	do	do	
1287	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1288	30	do	do	do	
1229	30	November 1, 1864.	do	G. W. Stanton.....	
1318	30	do	do	J. & S. Ferguson.....	
1328	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	R. Crowley.....	
1642	30	do	do	do	
1643	30	do	do	do	
1647	30	do	do	do	
1856	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1858	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	
1328	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1642	30	do	do	do	
1643	30	do	do	do	
1647	30	do	do	do	
1856	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1858	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan), from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lauier & Co.....	
2	30	do	do	do	
3	30	do	do	do	
4	30	do	do	do	
5	30	do	do	do	
6	30	do	do	do	
7	30	do	do	do	
8	30	do	do	do	
9	30	do	do	do	
10	30	do	do	do	
11	30	do	do	do	
12	30	do	do	do	
13	30	do	do	do	
14	30	do	do	do	
15	30	do	do	do	
16	30	do	do	do	
17	30	do	do	do	
18	30	do	do	do	
19	30	do	do	do	
20	30	do	do	do	
21	30	do	do	do	
22	30	do	do	do	
23	30	do	do	do	
24	30	do	do	do	
25	30	do	do	do	
26	30	do	do	do	
27	30	do	do	do	
28	30	do	do	do	
29	30	do	do	do	
30	30	do	do	do	
31	30	do	do	do	
32	30	do	do	do	
33	30	do	do	do	
34	30	do	do	do	
35	30	do	do	do	
36	30	do	do	do	
37	30	do	do	do	
38	30	do	do	do	
39	30	do	do	do	
40	30	do	do	do	
41	30	do	do	do	
42	30	do	do	do	
43	30	do	do	do	
44	30	do	do	do	
45	30	do	do	do	
46	30	do	do	do	
47	30	do	do	do	
48	30	do	do	do	
49	30	do	do	do	
50	30	do	do	do	
51	30	do	do	do	
52	30	do	do	do	
53	30	do	do	do	
54	30	do	do	do	
55	30	do	do	do	
56	30	do	do	do	
57	30	do	do	do	
58	30	do	do	do	
59	30	do	do	do	
60	30	do	do	do	
61	30	do	do	do	
62	30	do	do	do	
63	30	do	do	do	
64	30	do	do	do	
65	30	do	do	do	
66	30	do	do	do	
67	30	do	do	do	
68	30	do	do	do	
69	30	do	do	do	
70	30	do	do	do	
71	30	do	do	do	
72	30	do	do	do	
73	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
74	30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
75	30	do	do	do	
76	30	do	do	do	
77	30	do	do	do	
78	30	do	do	do	
79	30	do	do	do	
80	30	do	do	do	
81	30	do	do	do	
82	30	do	do	do	
83	30	do	do	do	
84	30	do	do	do	
85	30	do	do	do	
86	30	do	do	do	
87	30	do	do	do	
88	30	do	do	do	
89	30	do	do	do	
90	30	do	do	do	
91	30	do	do	do	
92	30	do	do	do	
93	30	do	do	do	
94	30	do	do	do	
95	30	do	do	do	
96	30	do	do	do	
97	30	do	do	do	
98	30	do	do	do	
99	30	do	do	do	
100	30	do	do	do	
101	30	do	do	do	
102	30	do	do	do	
103	30	do	do	do	
104	30	do	do	do	
105	30	do	do	do	
106	30	do	do	do	
107	30	do	do	do	
108	30	do	do	do	
109	30	do	do	do	
110	30	do	do	do	
111	30	do	do	do	
112	30	do	do	do	
113	30	do	do	do	
114	30	do	do	do	
115	30	do	do	do	
116	30	do	do	do	
117	30	do	do	do	
118	30	do	do	do	
119	30	do	do	do	
120	30	do	do	do	
121	30	do	do	do	
122	30	do	do	do	
123	30	do	do	do	
124	30	do	do	do	
125	30	do	do	do	
548	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
548	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
549	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
549	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
550	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
550	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
551	30	do	do	do	
551	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
552	30	do	do	do	
552	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
553	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
553	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
554	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
554	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
555	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
555	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
556	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
556	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
557	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
557	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
558	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
558	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
559	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
559	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
560	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
560	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
561	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
561	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
562	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
562	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
563	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
563	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
564	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
564	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
565	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
565	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
566	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
566	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
567	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
567	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
568	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
568	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
569	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
569	30	May 1, 1862.....	do	do	
570	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
570	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
571	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
571	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
572	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
572	30	May 1, 1855.....	do	do	
573	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
573	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
574	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
574	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
575	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
575	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
576	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
576	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
577	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
577	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
578	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
579	30	do	do	do	
580	30	do	do	do	
581	30	do	do	do	
582	30	do	do	do	
583	30	do	do	do	
584	30	do	do	do	
585	30	do	do	do	
586	30	do	do	do	
587	30	do	do	do	
588	30	do	do	do	
589	30	do	do	do	
490	30	do	do	do	
591	30	do	do	do	
592	30	do	do	do	
593	30	do	do	do	
594	30	do	do	do	
595	30	do	do	do	
596	30	do	do	do	
597	30	do	do	do	
598	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
599	30	do	do	do	
599	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
600	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
500	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
632	30	do	do	do	
632	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
633	30	do	do	do	
633	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
634	30	do	do	do	
634	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
635	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	
635	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
681	30	Nov. 1, 1864.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
682	\$30	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
683	30	do	do	do	
684	30	do	do	do	
685	30	do	do	do	
686	30	do	do	do	
687	30	do	do	do	
688	30	do	do	do	
689	30	do	do	do	
690	30	do	do	do	
691	30	do	do	do	
692	30	do	do	do	
693	30	do	do	do	
694	30	do	do	do	
695	30	do	do	do	
696	30	do	do	do	
697	30	do	do	do	
698	30	do	do	do	
699	30	do	do	do	
700	30	do	do	do	
701	30	do	do	do	
702	30	do	do	do	
753	30	do	do	do	
753	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
754	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
754	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
803	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
804	30	do	do	do	
805	30	do	do	do	
806	30	do	do	do	
807	30	do	do	do	
846	30	do	do	do	
847	30	do	do	do	
848	30	do	do	do	
849	30	do	do	do	
850	30	do	do	do	
857	30	May 1, 1865.	do	do	
858	30	do	do	do	
859	30	do	do	do	
860	30	do	do	do	
861	30	do	do	do	
863	30	do	do	do	
863	30	do	do	do	
864	30	do	do	do	
865	30	do	do	do	
866	30	do	do	do	
867	30	do	do	do	
868	30	do	do	do	
869	30	do	do	do	
870	30	do	do	do	
871	30	do	do	do	
872	30	do	do	do	
873	30	do	do	do	
874	30	do	do	do	
875	30	do	do	do	
876	30	do	do	do	
877	30	do	do	do	
878	30	do	do	do	
879	30	do	do	do	
880	30	do	do	do	
881	30	do	do	do	
882	30	do	do	do	
883	30	do	do	do	
884	30	do	do	do	
885	30	do	do	do	
886	30	do	do	do	
887	30	do	do	do	
888	30	do	do	do	
889	30	do	do	do	
890	30	do	do	do	
891	30	do	do	do	
892	30	do	do	do	
893	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
894	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanies & Co.....	
895	30	do	do	do	
896	30	do	do	do	
897	30	do	do	do	
898	30	do	do	do	
899	30	do	do	do	
900	30	do	do	do	
901	30	do	do	do	
902	30	do	do	do	
903	30	do	do	do	
904	30	do	do	do	
905	30	do	do	do	
906	30	do	do	do	
907	30	do	do	do	
908	30	do	do	do	
909	30	do	do	do	
910	30	do	do	do	
911	30	do	do	do	
912	30	do	do	do	
913	30	do	do	do	
914	30	do	do	do	
915	30	do	do	do	
916	30	do	do	do	
917	30	do	do	do	
918	30	do	do	do	
919	30	do	do	do	
920	30	do	do	do	
921	30	do	do	do	
922	30	do	do	do	
923	30	do	do	do	
924	30	do	do	do	
925	30	do	do	do	
926	30	do	do	do	
927	30	do	do	do	
928	30	do	do	do	
929	30	do	do	do	
930	30	do	do	do	
931	30	do	do	do	
932	30	do	do	do	
933	30	do	do	do	
934	30	do	do	do	
935	30	do	do	do	
936	30	do	do	do	
937	30	do	do	do	
938	30	do	do	do	
939	30	do	do	do	
940	30	do	do	do	
941	30	do	do	do	
942	30	do	do	do	
943	30	do	do	do	
944	30	do	do	do	
945	30	do	do	do	
946	30	do	do	do	
947	30	do	do	do	
948	30	do	do	do	
949	30	do	do	do	
950	30	do	do	do	
951	30	do	do	do	
952	30	do	do	do	
953	30	do	do	do	
954	30	do	do	do	
955	30	do	do	do	
956	30	do	do	do	
957	30	do	do	do	
958	30	do	do	do	
959	30	do	do	do	
960	30	do	do	do	
961	30	do	do	do	
962	30	do	do	do	
963	30	do	do	do	
964	30	do	do	do	
965	30	do	do	do	
966	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1865.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
967	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
968	30	do	do	do	
969	30	do	do	do	
970	30	do	do	do	
971	30	do	do	do	
972	30	do	do	do	
973	30	do	do	do	
974	30	do	do	do	
975	30	do	do	do	
976	30	do	do	do	
977	30	do	do	do	
978	30	do	do	do	
979	30	do	do	do	
980	30	do	do	do	
981	30	do	do	do	
982	30	do	do	do	
983	30	do	do	do	
984	30	do	do	do	
985	30	do	do	do	
986	30	do	do	do	
987	30	do	do	do	
988	30	do	do	do	
989	30	do	do	do	
990	30	do	do	do	
991	30	do	do	do	
992	30	do	do	do	
993	30	do	do	do	
994	30	do	do	do	
995	30	do	do	do	
996	30	do	do	do	
997	30	do	do	do	
998	30	do	do	do	
999	30	do	do	do	
1000	30	do	do	do	
1001	30	do	do	do	
1002	30	do	do	do	
1003	30	do	do	do	
1004	30	do	do	do	
1005	30	do	do	do	
1006	30	do	do	do	
1007	30	do	do	do	
1008	30	do	do	do	
1009	30	do	do	do	
1010	30	do	do	do	
1011	30	do	do	do	
1012	30	do	do	do	
1013	30	do	do	do	
1014	30	do	do	do	
1015	30	do	do	do	
1016	30	do	do	do	
1017	30	do	do	do	
1018	30	do	do	do	
1019	30	do	do	do	
1020	30	do	do	do	
1021	30	do	do	do	
1022	30	do	do	do	
1023	30	do	do	do	
1024	30	do	do	do	
1025	30	do	do	do	
1026	30	do	do	do	
1027	30	do	do	do	
1028	30	do	do	do	
1029	30	do	do	do	
1030	30	do	do	do	
1031	30	do	do	do	
1032	30	do	do	do	
1033	30	do	do	do	
1034	30	do	do	do	
1035	30	do	do	do	
1036	30	do	do	do	
1037	30	do	do	do	
1038	30	do	do	do	
1039	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1865—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1039	30	May 1, 1868.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1040	30	do	do	do	
1041	30	do	do	do	
1042	30	do	do	do	
1043	30	do	do	do	
1044	30	do	do	do	
1045	30	do	do	do	
1046	30	do	do	do	
1047	30	do	do	do	
1048	30	do	do	do	
1049	30	do	do	do	
1050	30	do	do	do	
1051	30	do	do	do	
1052	30	do	do	do	
1053	30	do	do	do	
1054	30	do	do	do	
1055	30	do	do	do	
1056	30	do	do	do	
1057	30	do	do	do	
1058	30	do	do	do	
1059	30	do	do	do	
1060	30	do	do	do	
1061	30	do	do	do	
1062	30	do	do	do	
1063	30	do	do	do	
1064	30	do	do	do	
1065	30	do	do	do	
1066	30	do	do	do	
1067	30	do	do	do	
1068	30	do	do	do	
1069	30	do	do	do	
1070	30	do	do	do	
1071	30	do	do	do	
1072	30	do	do	do	
1073	30	do	do	do	
1074	30	do	do	do	
1075	30	do	do	do	
1076	30	do	do	do	
1077	30	do	do	do	
1078	30	do	do	do	
1079	30	do	do	do	
1080	30	do	do	do	
1081	30	do	do	do	
1082	30	do	do	do	
1083	30	do	do	do	
1084	30	do	do	do	
1085	30	do	do	do	
1086	30	do	do	do	
1087	30	do	do	do	
1088	30	do	do	do	
1089	30	do	do	do	
1090	30	do	do	do	
1091	30	do	do	do	
1092	30	do	do	do	
1093	30	do	do	do	
1094	30	do	do	do	
1095	30	do	do	do	
1096	30	do	do	do	
1097	30	do	do	do	
1098	30	do	do	do	
1099	30	do	do	do	
1100	30	do	do	do	
1101	30	do	do	do	
1102	30	do	do	do	
1103	30	do	do	do	
1104	30	do	do	do	
1105	30	do	do	do	
1106	30	do	do	do	
1107	30	do	do	do	
1108	30	do	do	do	
1109	30	do	do	do	
1110	30	do	do	do	
1111	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1112	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winstow, Lanler & Co.....	
1113	30	do	do	do	
1114	30	do	do	do	
1115	30	do	do	do	
1116	30	do	do	do	
1117	30	do	do	do	
1118	30	do	do	do	
1119	30	do	do	do	
1120	30	do	do	do	
1121	30	do	do	do	
1122	30	do	do	do	
1123	30	do	do	do	
1124	30	do	do	do	
1125	30	do	do	do	
1126	30	do	do	do	
1127	30	do	do	do	
1128	30	do	do	do	
1129	30	do	do	do	
1130	30	do	do	do	
1131	30	do	do	do	
1132	30	do	do	do	
1133	30	do	do	do	
1134	30	do	do	do	
1135	30	do	do	do	
1136	30	do	do	do	
1137	30	do	do	do	
1138	30	do	do	do	
1139	30	do	do	do	
1140	30	do	do	do	
1141	30	do	do	do	
1142	30	do	do	do	
1143	30	do	do	do	
1144	30	do	do	do	
1145	30	do	do	do	
1146	30	do	do	do	
1147	30	do	do	do	
1148	30	do	do	do	
1149	30	do	do	do	
1150	30	do	do	do	
1151	30	do	do	do	
1152	30	do	do	do	
1153	30	do	do	do	
1154	30	do	do	do	
1155	30	do	do	do	
1156	30	do	do	do	
1157	30	do	do	do	
1158	30	do	do	do	
1159	30	do	do	do	
1160	30	do	do	do	
1161	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1162	30	do	do	do	
1163	30	do	do	do	
1164	30	do	do	do	
1165	30	do	do	do	
1166	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1167	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1168	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1169	30	November 1, 1864	do	do	
1166	30	do	do	do	
1167	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1168	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1169	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1170	30	do	do	do	
1170	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1171	30	do	do	do	
1171	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1172	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1172	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1173	30	do	do	do	
1173	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1178	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1179	30	do	do	do	
1180	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1187	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1215	30	do	do	do	
1216	30	do	do	do	
1217	40	do	do	do	
1218	30	do	do	do	
1219	30	do	do	do	
1220	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1221	30	do	do	do	
1222	30	do	do	do	
1223	30	do	do	do	
1223	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1224	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1224	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1225	30	do	do	do	
1225	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1226	30	do	do	do	
1226	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1227	30	do	do	do	
1227	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1228	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1228	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1229	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1230	30	do	do	do	
1230	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1231	30	do	do	do	
1231	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1232	30	do	do	do	
1232	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1233	30	do	do	do	
1233	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1234	30	do	do	do	
1234	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1235	30	do	do	do	
1235	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1236	30	do	do	do	
1236	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1237	30	do	do	do	
1237	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1238	30	do	do	do	
1238	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1239	30	do	do	do	
1239	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1240	30	do	do	do	
1240	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1241	30	do	do	do	
1241	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1242	30	do	do	do	
1242	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1243	30	do	do	do	
1243	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1244	30	do	do	do	
1244	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1245	30	do	do	do	
1245	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1246	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1247	30	do	do	do	
1248	30	do	do	do	
1249	30	do	do	do	
1250	30	do	do	do	
1250	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1251	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1256	30	do	do	do	
1256	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1257	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1258	20	do	do	do	
1259	30	do	do	do	
1260	30	do	do	do	
1261	30	do	do	do	
1262	30	do	do	do	
1263	30	do	do	do	
1264	30	do	do	do	
1265	30	do	do	do	
1266	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1267	\$30	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1268	30	do	do	do	
1269	30	do	do	do	
1270	30	do	do	do	
1271	30	do	do	do	
1272	30	do	do	do	
1273	30	do	do	do	
1274	30	do	do	do	
1275	30	do	do	do	
1276	30	do	do	do	
1277	30	do	do	do	
1278	30	do	do	do	
1279	30	do	do	do	
1280	30	do	do	do	
1279	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1280	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1281	30	do	do	do	
1282	30	do	do	do	
1282	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1283	30	do	do	do	
1283	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1284	30	do	do	do	
1284	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1285	30	do	do	do	
1285	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1286	30	do	do	do	
1286	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1287	30	do	do	do	
1287	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1288	30	do	do	do	
1288	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1289	30	do	do	do	
1289	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1290	30	do	do	do	
1290	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1291	30	do	do	do	
1291	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1292	30	do	do	do	
1292	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1293	30	do	do	do	
1293	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1294	30	do	do	do	
1294	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1295	30	do	do	do	
1295	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1298	30	do	do	do	
1298	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1299	30	do	do	do	
1299	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1300	30	do	do	do	
1300	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1301	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1302	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1303	30	do	do	do	
1304	30	do	do	do	
1305	30	do	do	do	
1306	30	do	do	do	
1311	30	do	do	do	
1306	30	do	do	do	
1306	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1307	30	do	do	do	
1307	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1308	30	do	do	do	
1309	30	do	do	do	
1309	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1320	30	do	do	do	
1320	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1321	30	do	do	do	
1321	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1322	30	do	do	do	
1322	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1323	30	do	do	do	
1323	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1324	\$30	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1895.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1324	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1325	30	do	do	do	
1325	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1326	30	do	do	do	
1326	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1327	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1327	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1328	30	do	do	do	
1329	30	do	do	do	
1329	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1330	30	do	do	do	
1330	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1332	30	do	do	do	
1332	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1333	30	do	do	do	
1333	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1334	30	do	do	do	
1334	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1335	30	do	do	do	
1335	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1336	30	do	do	do	
1336	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1337	30	do	do	do	
1337	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1338	30	do	do	do	
1338	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1339	30	do	do	do	
1339	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1340	30	do	do	do	
1340	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1341	30	do	do	do	
1341	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1342	30	do	do	do	
1342	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1345	30	do	do	do	
1345	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1356	30	do	do	do	
1346	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1347	30	do	do	do	
1347	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1348	30	do	do	do	
1348	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1349	30	do	do	do	
1349	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1350	30	do	do	do	
1450	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1351	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1352	30	do	do	do	
1353	30	do	do	do	
1354	30	do	do	do	
1355	30	do	do	do	
1355	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1356	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1357	30	do	do	do	
1357	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1358	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1359	30	do	do	do	
1359	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1360	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1361	30	do	do	do	
1361	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1362	30	do	do	do	
1362	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1363	30	do	do	do	
1363	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1364	30	do	do	do	
1364	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1365	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1365	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1366	30	do	do	do	
1366	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1370	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1370	\$30	May 1, 1865.	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1371	30	do	do	do	
1371	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1372	30	do	do	do	
1373	30	do	do	do	
1374	30	do	do	do	
1374	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1375	30	do	do	do	
1375	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1376	30	do	do	do	
1376	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1377	30	do	do	do	
1378	30	do	do	do	
1379	30	do	do	do	
1380	30	do	do	do	
1381	30	do	do	do	
1382	30	do	do	do	
1383	30	do	do	do	
1384	30	do	do	do	
1384	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1385	30	do	do	do	
1385	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1386	30	do	do	do	
1386	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1387	30	do	do	do	
1387	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1388	30	do	do	do	
1388	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1389	30	do	do	do	
1389	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1390	30	do	do	do	
1390	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1391	30	do	do	do	
1391	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1392	30	do	do	do	
1392	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1393	30	do	do	do	
1393	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1394	30	do	do	do	
1394	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1395	30	do	do	do	
1395	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1396	30	do	do	do	
1396	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1397	30	do	do	do	
1398	30	do	do	do	
1404	30	do	do	do	
1404	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1405	30	do	do	do	
1405	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1406	30	do	do	do	
1406	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1407	30	do	do	do	
1406	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1408	30	do	do	do	
1408	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1409	30	do	do	do	
1409	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1410	30	do	do	do	
1410	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1411	30	do	do	do	
1411	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1412	30	do	do	do	
1412	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1413	30	do	do	do	
1413	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1414	30	do	do	do	
1414	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1415	30	do	do	do	
1415	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1416	30	do	do	do	
1416	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1417	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1417	\$30	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1418	30	do	do	do	
1418	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1419	30	do	do	do	
1419	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1420	30	do	do	do	
1420	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1421	30	do	do	do	
1421	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1422	30	do	do	do	
1422	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1423	30	do	do	do	
1423	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1432	30	do	do	do	
1432	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1433	30	do	do	do	
1433	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1434	30	do	do	do	
1434	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1435	30	do	do	do	
1435	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1436	30	do	do	do	
1436	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1437	30	do	do	do	
1437	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1438	30	do	do	do	
1438	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1439	30	do	do	do	
1439	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1440	30	do	do	do	
1440	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1441	30	do	do	do	
1441	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1442	30	do	do	do	
1442	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1443	30	do	do	do	
1443	30	November 4, 1864.	do	do	
1444	30	do	do	do	
1444	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1445	30	do	do	do	
1445	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1446	30	do	do	do	
1446	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1447	30	do	do	do	
1447	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1448	30	do	do	do	
1448	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1449	30	do	do	do	
1449	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1450	30	do	do	do	
1450	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1451	30	do	do	do	
1451	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1452	30	do	do	do	
1452	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1453	30	do	do	do	
1453	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1454	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1454	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1455	30	do	do	do	
1455	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1456	30	do	do	do	
1456	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1457	30	do	do	do	
1457	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1458	30	do	do	do	
1458	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1459	30	do	do	do	
1459	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1460	30	do	do	do	
1460	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1461	30	do	do	do	
1462	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1462	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1463	30	do	do	do	
1464	30	do	do	do	
1465	30	do	do	do	
1466	30	do	do	do	
1467	30	do	do	do	
1468	30	do	do	do	
1469	30	do	do	do	
1470	30	do	do	do	
1470	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1471	30	do	do	do	
1471	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1472	30	do	do	do	
1472	30	November 1, 1861.	do	do	
1473	30	do	do	do	
1473	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1474	30	do	do	do	
1474	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1475	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1476	30	do	do	do	
1477	30	do	do	do	
1477	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1478	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1479	30	do	do	do	
1480	30	do	do	do	
1481	30	do	do	do	
1482	30	do	do	do	
1583	30	do	do	do	
1484	30	do	do	do	
1484	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1485	30	do	do	do	
1485	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1486	30	do	do	do	
1486	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1487	30	do	do	do	
1487	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1488	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1488	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1489	30	do	do	do	
1489	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1490	30	do	do	do	
1490	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1491	30	do	do	do	
1491	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1492	30	do	do	do	
1492	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1493	30	do	do	do	
1493	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1494	30	do	do	do	
1494	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1495	30	do	do	do	
1495	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1496	30	do	do	do	
1496	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1497	30	do	do	do	
1508	30	do	do	do	
1508	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1509	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1509	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1510	30	do	do	do	
1510	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1511	30	do	do	do	
1511	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1512	30	do	do	do	
1512	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1513	30	do	do	do	
1513	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1514	30	do	do	do	
1514	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1515	30	do	do	do	
1515	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1516	30	do	do	do	
1516	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1517	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1517	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1518	30	do	do	do	
1518	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1519	30	do	do	do	
1519	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1520	30	do	do	do	
1520	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1521	30	do	do	do	
1521	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1522	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1523	30	do	do	do	
1524	30	do	do	do	
1527	30	do	do	do	
1527	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1528	30	do	do	do	
1528	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1529	30	do	do	do	
1529	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1530	30	do	do	do	
1530	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1532	30	do	do	do	
1532	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1533	30	do	do	do	
1533	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1534	30	do	do	do	
1534	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1551	30	do	do	do	
1551	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1553	30	do	do	do	
1554	30	do	do	do	
1554	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1555	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1555	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1556	30	do	do	do	
1556	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1558	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1558	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1559	30	do	do	do	
1559	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1560	30	do	do	do	
1560	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1611	30	do	do	do	
1611	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1612	30	do	do	do	
1616	30	do	do	do	
1617	30	do	do	do	
1618	30	do	do	do	
1619	30	do	do	do	
1620	30	do	do	do	
1621	30	do	do	do	
1622	30	do	do	do	
1623	30	do	do	do	
1624	30	do	do	do	
1625	30	do	do	do	
1626	30	do	do	do	
1627	30	do	do	do	
1628	30	do	do	do	
1629	30	do	do	do	
1630	30	do	do	do	
1631	30	do	do	do	
1632	30	do	do	do	
1633	30	do	do	do	
1634	30	do	do	do	
1635	30	do	do	do	
1636	30	do	do	do	
1637	30	do	do	do	
1638	30	do	do	do	
1639	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1641	30	do	do	do	
1642	30	do	do	do	
1643	30	do	do	do	
1644	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1645	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1646	30	do	do	do	
1647	30	do	do	do	
1648	30	do	do	do	
1648	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1649	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1650	30	do	do	do	
1651	30	do	do	do	
1652	30	do	do	do	
1652	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1653	30	do	do	do	
1653	30	May 1, 1865	do	do	
1654	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1655	30	do	do	do	
1656	30	do	do	do	
1657	30	do	do	do	
1658	30	do	do	do	
1659	30	do	do	do	
1660	30	do	do	do	
1661	30	do	do	do	
1662	30	do	do	do	
1663	30	do	do	do	
1664	30	do	do	do	
1665	30	do	do	do	
1666	30	do	do	do	
1667	30	do	do	do	
1668	30	do	do	do	
1669	30	do	do	do	
1670	30	do	do	do	
1671	30	do	do	do	
1672	30	do	do	do	
1673	30	do	do	do	
1674	30	do	do	do	
1675	30	do	do	do	
1676	30	do	do	do	
1677	30	do	do	do	
1678	30	do	do	do	
1679	30	do	do	do	
1679	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1680	30	do	do	do	
1680	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1681	30	do	do	do	
1681	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1682	30	do	do	do	
1682	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1683	30	do	do	do	
1683	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1684	30	do	do	do	
1684	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1685	30	do	do	do	
1685	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1686	30	do	do	do	
1686	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1687	30	do	do	do	
1687	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1688	30	do	do	do	
1688	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1689	30	do	do	do	
1689	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1690	30	do	do	do	
1690	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1691	30	do	do	do	
1691	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1692	30	do	do	do	
1692	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1693	30	do	do	do	
1693	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1698	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1700	30	do	do	do	
1700	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1701	30	do	do	do	
1702	30	do	do	do	
1703	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1703	\$30	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1707	30	do	do	do	
1707	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1709	30	do	do	do	
1709	30	November 1, 1864	do	do	
1710	30	do	do	do	
1710	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1711	30	do	do	do	
1711	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1712	30	do	do	do	
1712	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1713	30	do	do	do	
1713	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1714	30	do	do	do	
1715	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1716	30	do	do	do	
1717	30	do	do	do	
1718	30	do	do	do	
1719	30	do	do	do	
1720	30	do	do	do	
1721	30	do	do	do	
1722	30	do	do	do	
1723	30	do	do	do	
1724	30	do	do	do	
1725	30	do	do	do	
1726	30	do	do	do	
1727	30	do	do	do	
1728	30	do	do	do	
1729	30	do	do	do	
1730	30	do	do	do	
1731	30	do	do	do	
1732	30	do	do	do	
1733	30	do	do	do	
1745	30	do	do	do	
1745	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1746	30	do	do	do	
1746	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1747	30	do	do	do	
1747	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1748	30	do	do	do	
1748	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1749	30	do	do	do	
1749	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1759	30	do	do	do	
1759	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1760	30	do	do	do	
1760	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1777	30	do	do	do	
1777	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1778	30	do	do	do	
1778	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1779	30	do	do	do	
1779	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1780	30	do	do	do	
1780	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1781	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1781	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1782	30	do	do	do	
1782	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1783	30	do	do	do	
1783	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1784	30	do	do	do	
1784	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1785	30	do	do	do	
1785	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1786	30	do	do	do	
1786	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1787	30	do	do	do	
1787	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1790	30	do	do	do	
1790	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1791	30	do	do	do	
1791	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1781	\$30	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1782	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1800	15	do	do	do	
1800	15	do	do	do	
1801	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1801	15	do	do	do	
1802	15	do	do	do	
1802	15	do	do	do	
1803	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1803	15	do	do	do	
1804	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1804	15	do	do	do	
1805	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1805	15	do	do	do	
1806	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1806	15	do	do	do	
1807	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1807	15	do	do	do	
1808	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1808	15	do	do	do	
1809	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1809	15	do	do	do	
1810	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1810	15	do	do	do	
1811	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1811	15	do	do	do	
1812	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1812	15	do	do	do	
1813	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1813	15	do	do	do	
1814	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1814	15	do	do	do	
1815	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1815	15	do	do	do	
1816	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1816	15	do	do	do	
1817	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1817	15	do	do	do	
1818	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1818	15	do	do	do	
1819	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1819	15	do	do	do	
1820	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1820	15	do	do	do	
1821	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1821	15	do	do	do	
1822	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1822	15	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1823	15	do	do	do	
1823	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1824	15	do	do	do	
1824	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1825	15	do	do	do	
1825	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1826	15	do	do	do	
1826	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1827	15	do	do	do	
1827	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1828	15	do	do	do	
1828	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1829	15	do	do	do	
1829	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1830	15	do	do	do	
1830	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1831	15	do	do	do	
1831	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1832	15	do	do	do	
1832	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1833	15	do	do	do	
1833	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1834	15	do	do	do	
1834	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1835	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1835	\$15	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co	
1836	15	do	do	do	
1836	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1837	15	do	do	do	
1837	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1838	15	do	do	do	
1838	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1839	15	do	do	do	
1839	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1840	15	do	do	do	
1840	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1841	15	do	do	do	
1841	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1842	15	do	do	do	
1842	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1843	15	do	do	do	
1843	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1844	15	do	do	do	
1844	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1846	15	do	do	do	
1846	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1847	15	do	do	do	
1847	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1849	15	do	do	do	
1849	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1850	15	do	do	do	
1850	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1851	15	do	do	do	
1851	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1852	15	do	do	do	
1852	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1853	15	do	do	do	
1853	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1854	15	do	do	do	
1854	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1855	15	do	do	do	
1855	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1856	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1858	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	
1860	15	do	do	do	
1860	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1861	15	do	do	do	
1861	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1862	15	do	do	do	
1862	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1863	15	do	do	do	
1863	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1864	15	do	do	do	
1864	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1865	15	do	do	do	
1865	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1866	15	do	do	do	
1867	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1867	15	do	do	do	
1867	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1868	15	do	do	do	
1868	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1869	15	do	do	do	
1869	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1870	15	do	do	do	
1870	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1872	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1872	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1873	15	do	do	do	
1873	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1874	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1874	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1875	15	do	do	do	
1875	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1876	15	do	do	do	
1876	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1877	\$15	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1877	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1878	15	do	do	do	
1878	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1879	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1879	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1880	15	do	do	do	
1880	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1881	15	do	do	do	
1881	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1882	15	do	do	do	
1882	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1883	15	do	do	do	
1883	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1884	15	do	do	do	
1884	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1885	15	do	do	do	
1885	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1886	15	do	do	do	
1887	15	do	do	do	
1887	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1888	15	do	do	do	
1888	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1889	15	do	do	do	
1889	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1890	15	do	do	do	
1891	15	do	do	do	
1892	15	do	do	do	
1893	15	do	do	do	
1894	15	do	do	do	
1895	15	do	do	do	
1896	15	do	do	do	
1896	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1897	15	do	do	do	
1897	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1898	15	do	do	do	
1898	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1898	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1899	15	do	do	do	
1899	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1899	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1900	15	do	do	do	
1900	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1900	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1901	15	do	do	do	
1901	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1901	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1902	15	do	do	do	
1902	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1902	15	do	do	do	
1903	15	do	do	do	
1903	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1903	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1904	15	do	do	do	
1904	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1904	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1905	15	do	do	do	
1905	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1905	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1906	15	do	do	do	
1906	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1906	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1907	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1907	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1907	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1908	15	do	do	do	
1908	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1909	15	do	do	do	
1909	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1910	15	do	do	do	
1910	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1911	15	do	do	do	
1911	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1912	\$15	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1912	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1913	15	do	do	do	
1913	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1914	15	do	do	do	
1914	16	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1925	15	do	do	do	
1925	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1926	15	do	do	do	
1926	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1927	15	do	do	do	
1927	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1928	15	do	do	do	
1928	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1929	15	do	do	do	
1929	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1930	15	do	do	do	
1930	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1931	15	do	do	do	
1931	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1932	15	do	do	do	
1932	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1933	15	do	do	do	
1933	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1934	15	do	do	do	
1934	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1935	15	do	do	do	
1935	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1936	15	do	do	do	
1936	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1937	15	do	do	do	
1937	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1938	15	do	do	do	
1938	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1939	15	do	do	do	
1939	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1940	15	do	do	do	
1940	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1941	15	do	do	do	
1941	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1942	15	do	do	do	
1942	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1943	15	do	do	do	
1943	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1944	15	do	do	do	
1944	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1945	15	do	do	do	
1945	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1946	15	do	do	do	
1946	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1947	15	do	do	do	
1947	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1950	15	do	do	do	
1951	15	do	do	do	
1952	15	do	do	do	
1952	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1953	15	do	do	do	
1953	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1954	15	do	do	do	
1954	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1955	15	do	do	do	
1955	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1956	15	do	do	do	
1956	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1957	15	do	do	do	
1957	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1958	15	do	do	do	
1958	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1959	15	do	do	do	
1959	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1960	15	do	do	do	
1960	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1961	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (Wash Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1961	\$15	May 1, 1865.....	May 1, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1962	15	do	do	do	
1962	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1963	15	do	do	do	
1963	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1964	15	do	do	do	
1964	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1965	15	do	do	do	
1965	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1966	15	do	do	do	
1966	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1967	15	do	do	do	
1967	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1968	15	do	do	do	
1968	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1969	15	do	do	do	
1969	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1970	15	do	do	do	
1970	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1971	15	do	do	do	
1972	15	do	do	do	
1972	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1973	15	do	do	do	
1973	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1976	15	do	do	do	
1976	15	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1976	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1977	15	do	do	do	
1977	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1978	15	do	do	do	
1978	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1979	15	do	do	do	
1979	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1980	15	do	do	do	
1980	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1981	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1982	15	do	do	do	
1982	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1985	15	do	do	do	
1985	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1986	15	do	do	do	
1986	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1987	15	do	do	do	
1987	15	November 1, 1863.	do	do	
1988	15	do	do	do	
1988	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1989	15	do	do	do	
1989	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2007	15	do	do	do	
2007	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2008	15	do	do	do	
2008	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2009	15	do	do	do	
2009	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2010	15	do	do	do	
2010	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2011	15	do	do	do	
2011	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2012	15	do	do	do	
2012	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2013	15	do	do	do	
2013	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2014	15	do	do	do	
2014	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2015	15	do	do	do	
2015	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2016	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2016	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2017	15	do	do	do	
2017	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2018	15	do	do	do	
2018	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2019	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
2019	\$15	November 1, 1864.	May 1, 1865	Winstow, Lanier & Co.....	
2020	15	do	do	do	
2020	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2021	15	do	do	do	
2021	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2022	15	do	do	do	
2022	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2023	15	do	do	do	
2023	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2024	15	do	do	do	
2024	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2025	15	do	do	do	
2025	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2026	15	do	do	do	
2026	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2027	15	do	do	do	
2027	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2028	15	do	do	do	
2028	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2029	15	do	do	do	
2029	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2030	15	do	do	do	
2030	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2031	15	do	do	do	
2031	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2032	15	do	do	do	
2032	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2033	15	do	do	do	
2033	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2034	15	do	do	do	
2034	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2035	15	do	do	do	
2035	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2036	15	do	do	do	
2036	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2044	15	do	do	do	
2044	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2045	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2045	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2046	15	do	do	do	
2046	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2047	15	do	do	do	
2047	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2048	15	do	do	do	
2048	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2049	15	do	do	do	
2049	15	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
2050	15	do	do	do	
2050	15	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
2051	15	do	do	do	
2051	15	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
\$43,245				do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 13, 1865	McKeen & Deming.....	
2	30	do	do	do	
3	30	do	do	do	
4	30	do	do	do	
5	30	do	do	do	
6	30	do	do	do	
7	30	do	do	do	
8	30	do	do	do	
9	30	do	do	do	
10	30	do	do	do	
11	30	do	do	do	
12	30	do	do	do	
13	30	do	do	do	
14	30	do	do	do	
15	30	do	do	do	
16	30	do	do	do	
17	30	do	do	do	
18	30	do	do	do	
19	30	do	do	do	
20	30	do	do	do	
21	30	do	do	do	
22	30	do	do	do	
23	30	do	do	do	
24	30	do	do	do	
25	30	do	do	do	
26	30	do	do	do	
27	30	do	do	do	
28	30	do	do	do	
29	30	do	do	do	
30	30	do	do	do	
31	30	do	do	do	
32	30	do	do	do	
33	30	do	do	do	
34	30	do	do	do	
35	30	do	do	do	
36	30	do	do	do	
37	30	do	do	do	
38	30	do	do	do	
39	30	do	do	do	
40	30	do	do	do	
41	30	do	do	do	
42	30	do	do	do	
43	30	do	do	do	
44	30	do	do	do	
45	30	do	do	do	
46	30	do	do	do	
47	30	do	do	do	
48	30	do	do	do	
49	30	do	do	do	
50	30	do	do	do	
51	30	do	do	do	
52	30	do	do	do	
53	30	do	do	do	
54	30	do	do	do	
55	30	do	do	do	
56	30	do	do	do	
57	30	do	do	do	
58	30	do	do	do	
59	30	do	do	do	
60	30	do	do	do	
61	30	do	do	do	
62	30	do	do	do	
63	30	do	do	do	
64	30	do	do	do	
65	30	do	do	do	
66	30	do	do	do	
67	30	do	do	do	
68	30	do	do	do	
69	30	do	do	do	
70	30	do	do	do	
71	30	do	do	do	
72	30	do	do	do	
73	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
74	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 13, 1865	McKeen & Deming.....	
75	30	do	do	do	
76	30	do	do	do	
77	30	do	do	do	
78	30	do	do	do	
79	30	do	do	do	
80	30	do	do	do	
81	30	do	do	do	
82	30	do	do	do	
83	30	do	do	do	
84	30	do	do	do	
85	30	do	do	do	
86	30	do	do	do	
87	30	do	do	do	
88	30	do	do	do	
89	30	do	do	do	
90	30	do	do	do	
91	30	do	do	do	
92	30	do	do	do	
93	30	do	do	do	
94	30	do	do	do	
95	30	do	do	do	
96	30	do	do	do	
97	30	do	do	do	
98	30	do	do	do	
99	30	do	do	do	
100	30	do	do	do	
101	30	do	do	do	
102	30	do	do	do	
103	30	do	do	do	
104	30	do	do	do	
105	30	do	do	do	
106	30	do	do	do	
107	30	do	do	do	
108	30	do	do	do	
109	30	do	do	do	
110	30	do	do	do	
111	30	do	do	do	
112	30	do	do	do	
113	30	do	do	do	
114	30	do	do	do	
115	30	do	do	do	
116	30	do	do	do	
117	30	do	do	do	
118	30	do	do	do	
119	30	do	do	do	
120	30	do	do	do	
121	30	do	do	do	
122	30	do	do	do	
123	30	do	do	do	
124	30	do	do	do	
125	30	do	do	do	
900	30	do	do	do	
901	30	do	do	do	
902	30	do	do	do	
903	30	do	do	do	
904	30	do	do	do	
905	30	do	do	do	
906	30	do	do	do	
907	30	do	do	do	
908	30	do	do	do	
909	30	do	do	do	
910	30	do	do	do	
911	30	do	do	do	
912	30	do	do	do	
913	30	do	do	do	
914	30	do	do	do	
915	30	do	do	do	
916	30	do	do	do	
917	30	do	do	do	
918	30	do	do	do	
919	30	do	do	do	
920	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan), from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
921	30	Nov. 1, 1865.....	Nov. 1, 1865.....	McKeen & Deming.....	
922	30	do	do	do	
923	30	do	do	do	
924	30	do	do	do	
925	30	do	do	do	
926	30	do	do	do	
927	30	do	do	do	
928	30	do	do	do	
929	30	do	do	do	
930	30	do	do	do	
931	30	do	do	do	
932	30	do	do	do	
933	30	do	do	do	
934	30	do	do	do	
935	30	do	do	do	
936	30	do	do	do	
937	30	do	do	do	
938	30	do	do	do	
939	30	do	do	do	
940	30	do	do	do	
941	30	do	do	do	
942	30	do	do	do	
943	30	do	do	do	
944	30	do	do	do	
945	30	do	do	do	
946	30	do	do	do	
947	30	do	do	do	
948	30	do	do	do	
949	30	do	do	do	
950	30	do	do	do	
951	30	do	do	do	
952	30	do	do	do	
953	30	do	do	do	
954	30	do	do	do	
955	30	do	do	do	
956	30	do	do	do	
957	30	do	do	do	
958	30	do	do	do	
959	30	do	do	do	
960	30	do	do	do	
961	30	do	do	do	
962	30	do	do	do	
963	30	do	do	do	
964	30	do	do	do	
965	30	do	do	do	
966	30	do	do	do	
967	30	do	do	do	
968	30	do	do	do	
969	30	do	do	do	
970	30	do	do	do	
971	30	do	do	do	
972	30	do	do	do	
973	30	do	do	do	
974	30	do	do	do	
975	30	do	do	do	
976	30	do	do	do	
977	30	do	do	do	
978	30	do	do	do	
979	30	do	do	do	
980	30	do	do	do	
981	30	do	do	do	
982	30	do	do	do	
983	30	do	do	do	
984	30	do	do	do	
985	30	do	do	do	
986	30	do	do	do	
987	30	do	do	do	
988	30	do	do	do	
989	30	do	do	do	
990	30	do	do	do	
991	30	do	do	do	
992	30	do	do	do	
993	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
994	30	November 1, 1865.	November 13, 1865	McKeen & Deming.....	
995	30	do	do	do	
996	30	do	do	do	
997	30	do	do	do	
998	30	do	do	do	
999	30	do	do	do	
1000	30	do	do	do	
1001	30	do	do	do	
1002	30	do	do	do	
1003	30	do	do	do	
1004	30	do	do	do	
1005	30	do	do	do	
1006	30	do	do	do	
1007	30	do	do	do	
1008	30	do	do	do	
1009	30	do	do	do	
1010	30	do	do	do	
1011	30	do	do	do	
1012	30	do	do	do	
1013	30	do	do	do	
1014	30	do	do	do	
1015	30	do	do	do	
1016	30	do	do	do	
1017	30	do	do	do	
1018	30	do	do	do	
1019	30	do	do	do	
1020	30	do	do	do	
1021	30	do	do	do	
1022	30	do	do	do	
1023	30	do	do	do	
1024	30	do	do	do	
1025	30	do	do	do	
1026	30	do	do	do	
1027	30	do	do	do	
1028	30	do	do	do	
1029	30	do	do	do	
1030	30	do	do	do	
1031	30	do	do	do	
1032	30	do	do	do	
1033	30	do	do	do	
1034	30	do	do	do	
1035	30	do	do	do	
1036	30	do	do	do	
1037	30	do	do	do	
1038	30	do	do	do	
1039	30	do	do	do	
1040	30	do	do	do	
1041	30	do	do	do	
1042	30	do	do	do	
1043	30	do	do	do	
1044	30	do	do	do	
1045	30	do	do	do	
1046	30	do	do	do	
1047	30	do	do	do	
1048	30	do	do	do	
1049	30	do	do	do	
1050	30	do	do	do	
1051	30	do	do	do	
1052	30	do	do	do	
1053	30	do	do	do	
1054	30	do	do	do	
1055	30	do	do	do	
1056	30	do	do	do	
1057	30	do	do	do	
1058	30	do	do	do	
1059	30	do	do	do	
1060	30	do	do	do	
1061	30	do	do	do	
1062	30	do	do	do	
1063	30	do	do	do	
1064	30	do	do	do	
1065	30	do	do	do	
1066	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1067	\$30	November 1, 1856.	November 13, 1865	McKeen & Deming.....	
1068	30	do	do	do	
1069	30	do	do	do	
1070	30	do	do	do	
1071	30	do	do	do	
1072	30	do	do	do	
1073	30	do	do	do	
1074	30	do	do	do	
1075	30	do	do	do	
1076	30	do	do	do	
1077	30	do	do	do	
1078	30	do	do	do	
1079	30	do	do	do	
1080	30	do	do	do	
1081	30	do	do	do	
1082	30	do	do	do	
1083	30	do	do	do	
1084	30	do	do	do	
1085	30	do	do	do	
1086	30	do	do	do	
1087	30	do	do	do	
1088	30	do	do	do	
1089	30	do	do	do	
1090	30	do	do	do	
1091	30	do	do	do	
1092	30	do	do	do	
1093	30	do	do	do	
1094	30	do	do	do	
1095	30	do	do	do	
1096	30	do	do	do	
1097	30	do	do	do	
1098	30	do	do	do	
1099	30	do	do	do	
1100	30	do	do	do	
1101	30	do	do	do	
1102	30	do	do	do	
1103	30	do	do	do	
1104	30	do	do	do	
1105	30	do	do	do	
1106	30	do	do	do	
1107	30	do	do	do	
1108	30	do	do	do	
1109	30	do	do	do	
1110	30	do	do	do	
1111	30	do	do	do	
1112	30	do	do	do	
1113	30	do	do	do	
1114	30	do	do	do	
1115	30	do	do	do	
1116	30	do	do	do	
1117	30	do	do	do	
1118	30	do	do	do	
1119	30	do	do	do	
1120	30	do	do	do	
1121	30	do	do	do	
1122	30	do	do	do	
1123	30	do	do	do	
1124	30	do	do	do	
1125	30	do	do	do	
1126	30	do	do	do	
1127	30	do	do	do	
1128	30	do	do	do	
1129	30	do	do	do	
1130	30	do	do	do	
1131	30	do	do	do	
1132	30	do	do	do	
1133	30	do	do	do	
1134	30	do	do	do	
1135	30	do	do	do	
1136	30	do	do	do	
1137	30	do	do	do	
1138	30	do	do	do	
1139	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1140	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 13, 1865	McKean & Deming.....	
1141	30	do	do	do	
1142	30	do	do	do	
1143	30	do	do	do	
1144	30	do	do	do	
1145	30	do	do	do	
1146	30	do	do	do	
1147	30	do	do	do	
1148	30	do	do	do	
1149	30	do	do	do	
1150	30	do	do	do	
1151	30	do	do	do	
1152	30	do	do	do	
1170	30	do	do	do	
857	30	do	do	do	
858	30	do	do	do	
859	30	do	do	do	
1160	30	do	do	do	
1161	30	do	do	do	
1162	30	do	do	do	
1163	30	do	do	do	
1164	30	do	do	do	
1165	30	do	do	do	
1166	30	do	do	do	
866	30	do	do	do	
867	30	do	do	do	
868	30	do	do	do	
869	30	do	do	do	
870	30	do	do	do	
871	30	do	do	do	
872	30	do	do	do	
873	30	do	do	do	
874	30	do	do	do	
875	30	do	do	do	
876	30	do	do	do	
877	30	do	do	do	
878	30	do	do	do	
879	30	do	do	do	
880	30	do	do	do	
881	30	do	do	do	
882	30	do	do	do	
883	30	do	do	do	
884	30	do	do	do	
885	30	do	do	do	
886	30	do	do	do	
887	30	do	do	do	
888	30	do	do	do	
889	30	do	do	do	
890	30	do	do	do	
891	30	do	do	do	
892	30	do	do	do	
893	30	do	do	do	
894	30	do	do	do	
895	30	do	do	do	
896	30	do	do	do	
897	30	do	do	do	
898	30	do	do	do	
899	30	do	do	do	
1355	30	do	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Laniar & Co.....	
1950	15	do	do	do	
1951	15	do	do	do	
558	30	do	do	do	
559	30	do	do	do	
560	30	do	do	do	
561	30	do	do	do	
562	30	do	do	do	
563	30	do	do	do	
564	30	do	do	do	
565	30	do	do	do	
566	30	do	do	do	
567	30	do	do	do	
568	30	do	do	do	
569	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
670	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
671	30	do	do	do	
672	30	do	do	do	
673	30	do	do	do	
674	30	do	do	do	
675	30	do	do	do	
676	30	do	do	do	
677	30	do	do	do	
648	30	do	do	do	
549	30	do	do	do	
552	30	do	do	do	
553	30	do	do	do	
554	30	do	do	do	
555	30	do	do	do	
632	30	do	do	do	
633	30	do	do	do	
634	30	do	do	do	
635	30	do	do	do	
1153	30	do	do	do	
1157	30	do	do	do	
1158	30	do	do	do	
1159	30	do	do	do	
1160	30	do	do	do	
1171	30	do	do	do	
1172	30	do	do	do	
1173	30	do	do	do	
1178	30	do	do	do	
1179	30	do	do	do	
1180	30	do	do	do	
1187	30	do	do	do	
1215	30	do	do	do	
1216	30	do	do	do	
1217	30	do	do	do	
1218	30	do	do	do	
1219	30	do	do	do	
1225	30	do	do	do	
1231	30	do	do	do	
1229	30	do	do	do	
1232	30	do	do	do	
1233	30	do	do	do	
1234	30	do	do	do	
1235	30	do	do	do	
1236	30	do	do	do	
1237	30	do	do	do	
1238	30	do	do	do	
1239	30	do	do	do	
1240	30	do	do	do	
1241	30	do	do	do	
1242	30	do	do	do	
1243	30	do	do	do	
1250	30	do	do	do	
1256	30	do	do	do	
1279	30	do	do	do	
1280	30	do	do	do	
1283	30	do	do	do	
1284	30	do	do	do	
1285	30	do	do	do	
1286	30	do	do	do	
1289	30	do	do	do	
1290	30	do	do	do	
1291	30	do	do	do	
1294	30	do	do	do	
1295	30	do	do	do	
1298	30	do	do	do	
1299	30	do	do	do	
1282	30	do	do	do	
1382	30	do	do	do	
1383	30	do	do	do	
1384	30	do	do	do	
1385	30	do	do	do	
1386	30	do	do	do	
1311	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

N ^o .	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1317	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1318	30	do	do	do	
1325	30	do	do	do	
1327	30	do	do	do	
1332	30	do	do	do	
1333	30	do	do	do	
1334	30	do	do	do	
1335	30	do	do	do	
1336	30	do	do	do	
1337	30	do	do	do	
1338	30	do	do	do	
1339	30	do	do	do	
1340	30	do	do	do	
1341	30	do	do	do	
1342	30	do	do	do	
1347	30	do	do	do	
1348	30	do	do	do	
1349	30	do	do	do	
1350	30	do	do	do	
1351	30	do	do	do	
1352	30	do	do	do	
1353	30	do	do	do	
1354	30	do	do	do	
1356	30	do	do	do	
1358	30	do	do	do	
1360	30	do	do	do	
1361	30	do	do	do	
1362	30	do	do	do	
1363	30	do	do	do	
1364	30	do	do	do	
1366	30	do	do	do	
1370	30	do	do	do	
1371	30	do	do	do	
1374	30	do	do	do	
1377	30	do	do	do	
1378	30	do	do	do	
1379	30	do	do	do	
1380	30	do	do	do	
1381	30	do	do	do	
1382	30	do	do	do	
1383	30	do	do	do	
1384	30	do	do	do	
1386	30	do	do	do	
1387	30	do	do	do	
1388	30	do	do	do	
1389	30	do	do	do	
1390	30	do	do	do	
1391	30	do	do	do	
1392	30	do	do	do	
1393	30	do	do	do	
1394	30	do	do	do	
1395	30	do	do	do	
1404	30	do	do	do	
1395	30	do	do	do	
1406	30	do	do	do	
1407	30	do	do	do	
1408	30	do	do	do	
1409	30	do	do	do	
1410	30	do	do	do	
1411	30	do	do	do	
1412	30	do	do	do	
1413	30	do	do	do	
1414	30	do	do	do	
1415	30	do	do	do	
1416	30	do	do	do	
1417	30	do	do	do	
1418	30	do	do	do	
1419	30	do	do	do	
1420	30	do	do	do	
1421	30	do	do	do	
1422	30	do	do	do	
1423	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1432	30	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1433	30	do	do	do	
1434	30	do	do	do	
1435	30	do	do	do	
1436	30	do	do	do	
1437	30	do	do	do	
1438	30	do	do	do	
1439	30	do	do	do	
1440	30	do	do	do	
1441	30	do	do	do	
1442	30	do	do	do	
1443	30	do	do	do	
1444	30	do	do	do	
1445	30	do	do	do	
1446	30	do	do	do	
1447	30	do	do	do	
1448	30	do	do	do	
1449	30	do	do	do	
1450	30	do	do	do	
1451	30	do	do	do	
1452	30	do	do	do	
1453	30	do	do	do	
1454	30	do	do	do	
1455	30	do	do	do	
1456	30	do	do	do	
1457	30	do	do	do	
1458	30	do	do	do	
1459	30	do	do	do	
1460	30	do	do	do	
1461	30	do	do	do	
1462	30	do	do	do	
1463	30	do	do	do	
1464	30	do	do	do	
1465	30	do	do	do	
1466	30	do	do	do	
1467	30	do	do	do	
1468	30	do	do	do	
1469	30	do	do	do	
1470	30	do	do	do	
1471	30	do	do	do	
1472	30	do	do	do	
1473	30	do	do	do	
1474	30	do	do	do	
1475	30	do	do	do	
1476	30	do	do	do	
1477	30	do	do	do	
1478	30	do	do	do	
1479	30	do	do	do	
1480	30	do	do	do	
1481	30	do	do	do	
1482	30	do	do	do	
1483	30	do	do	do	
1484	30	do	do	do	
1485	30	do	do	do	
1486	30	do	do	do	
1487	30	do	do	do	
1488	30	do	do	do	
1489	30	do	do	do	
1490	30	do	do	do	
1491	30	do	do	do	
1492	30	do	do	do	
1493	30	do	do	do	
1494	30	do	do	do	
1495	30	do	do	do	
1496	30	do	do	do	
1497	30	do	do	do	
1498	30	do	do	do	
1499	30	do	do	do	
1500	30	do	do	do	
1501	30	do	do	do	
1502	30	do	do	do	
1503	30	do	do	do	
1504	30	do	do	do	
1505	30	do	do	do	
1506	30	do	do	do	
1507	30	do	do	do	
1508	30	do	do	do	
1509	30	do	do	do	
1510	30	do	do	do	
1511	30	do	do	do	
1512	30	do	do	do	
1513	30	do	do	do	
1514	30	do	do	do	
1515	30	do	do	do	
1516	30	do	do	do	
1517	30	do	do	do	
1518	30	do	do	do	
1519	30	do	do	do	
1520	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1651	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lanier & Co.	
1652	30	do	do	do	
1653	30	do	do	do	
1679	30	do	do	do	
1680	30	do	do	do	
1681	30	do	do	do	
1682	30	do	do	do	
1683	30	do	do	do	
1684	30	do	do	do	
1685	30	do	do	do	
1686	30	do	do	do	
1687	30	do	do	do	
1688	30	do	do	do	
1689	30	do	do	do	
1690	30	do	do	do	
1691	30	do	do	do	
1692	30	do	do	do	
1693	30	do	do	do	
1700	30	do	do	do	
1701	30	do	do	do	
1702	30	do	do	do	
1703	30	do	do	do	
1707	30	do	do	do	
1709	30	do	do	do	
1710	30	do	do	do	
1711	30	do	do	do	
1714	30	do	do	do	
1715	30	do	do	do	
1716	30	do	do	do	
1717	30	do	do	do	
1718	30	do	do	do	
1719	30	do	do	do	
1720	30	do	do	do	
1721	30	do	do	do	
1722	30	do	do	do	
1723	30	do	do	do	
1724	30	do	do	do	
1725	30	do	do	do	
1726	30	do	do	do	
1727	30	do	do	do	
1728	30	do	do	do	
1729	30	do	do	do	
1730	30	do	do	do	
1731	30	do	do	do	
1732	30	do	do	do	
1733	30	do	do	do	
1759	30	do	do	do	
1760	30	do	do	do	
1783	30	do	do	do	
1784	30	do	do	do	
1785	30	do	do	do	
1786	30	do	do	do	
1787	30	do	do	do	
1791	30	May 1, 1853.....	do	do	
1253	30	November 1, 1853.	do	do	
1253	30	May 1, 1854.....	do	do	
1253	30	November 1, 1854.	do	do	
1253	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1254	30	May 1, 1863.....	do	do	
1254	30	November 1, 1863.	do	do	
1254	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1254	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1255	30	May 1, 1863.....	do	do	
1255	30	November 1, 1863.	do	do	
1255	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1255	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1254	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1254	30	November 1, 1865.	do	do	
1343	30	May 1, 1863.....	do	do	
1343	30	November 1, 1863.	do	do	
1343	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1343	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1343	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1344	\$30	May 1, 1863.....	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1344	30	November 1, 1863.	do	do	
1344	30	May 1, 1864.....	do	do	
1344	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1344	30	May 1, 1865.....	do	do	
1256	30	November 1, 1865	do	do	
1260	30	do	do	do	
1262	30	do	do	do	
1430	30	do	do	do	
1429	30	do	do	do	
1283	30	do	do	do	
1357	30	do	do	do	
1359	30	do	do	do	
1321	30	do	do	do	
1322	30	do	do	do	
1317	30	do	do	do	
1319	30	do	do	do	
1320	30	do	do	do	
1351	30	do	do	do	
1748	30	do	do	do	
1749	30	do	do	do	
1745	30	do	do	do	
1747	30	do	do	do	
1740	30	do	do	do	
1244	30	do	do	do	
1245	30	do	do	do	
1300	30	do	do	do	
1648	30	do	do	do	
846	30	do	do	do	
847	30	do	do	do	
848	30	do	do	do	
849	30	do	do	do	
850	30	do	do	do	
1223	30	do	do	do	
1224	30	do	do	do	
1801	15	do	do	do	
1803	15	do	do	do	
1804	15	do	do	do	
1805	15	do	do	do	
1806	15	do	do	do	
1807	15	do	do	do	
1808	15	do	do	do	
1809	15	do	do	do	
1810	15	do	do	do	
1832	15	do	do	do	
1833	15	do	do	do	
1834	15	do	do	do	
1836	15	do	do	do	
1838	15	do	do	do	
1839	15	do	do	do	
1840	15	do	do	do	
1852	15	do	do	do	
1853	15	do	do	do	
1854	15	do	do	do	
1855	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	
1861	15	do	do	do	
1862	15	do	do	do	
1863	15	do	do	do	
1864	15	do	do	do	
1865	15	do	do	do	
1866	15	do	do	do	
1867	15	do	do	do	
1868	15	do	do	do	
1869	15	do	do	do	
1873	15	do	do	do	
1874	15	do	do	do	
1875	15	do	do	do	
1876	15	do	do	do	
1877	15	do	do	do	
1878	15	do	do	do	
1879	15	do	do	do	
1880	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1881	\$15	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winslow, Lumber & Co.....	
1882	15	do	do	do	
1883	15	do	do	do	
1884	15	do	do	do	
1885	15	do	do	do	
1886	15	do	do	do	
1887	15	do	do	do	
1888	15	do	do	do	
1889	15	do	do	do	
1897	15	do	do	do	
1898	15	do	do	do	
1899	15	do	do	do	
1811	15	do	do	do	
1812	15	do	do	do	
1813	15	do	do	do	
1814	15	do	do	do	
1815	15	do	do	do	
1816	15	do	do	do	
1817	15	do	do	do	
1818	15	do	do	do	
1819	15	do	do	do	
1820	15	do	do	do	
1821	15	do	do	do	
1822	15	do	do	do	
1823	15	do	do	do	
1824	15	do	do	do	
1825	15	do	do	do	
1826	15	do	do	do	
1827	15	do	do	do	
1828	15	do	do	do	
1829	15	do	do	do	
1830	15	do	do	do	
1831	15	do	do	do	
1832	15	do	do	do	
1835	15	do	do	do	
1837	15	do	do	do	
1901	15	do	do	do	
1902	15	do	do	do	
1903	15	do	do	do	
1904	15	do	do	do	
1905	15	do	do	do	
1906	15	do	do	do	
1922	15	do	do	do	
1923	15	do	do	do	
1924	15	do	do	do	
1925	15	do	do	do	
1926	15	do	do	do	
1927	15	do	do	do	
1928	15	do	do	do	
1929	15	do	do	do	
1930	15	do	do	do	
1931	15	do	do	do	
1932	15	do	do	do	
1933	15	do	do	do	
1934	15	do	do	do	
1935	15	do	do	do	
1936	15	do	do	do	
1937	15	do	do	do	
1938	15	do	do	do	
1939	15	do	do	do	
1940	15	do	do	do	
1941	15	do	do	do	
1942	15	do	do	do	
1943	15	do	do	do	
1944	15	do	do	do	
1945	15	do	do	do	
1946	15	do	do	do	
1947	15	do	do	do	
1952	15	do	do	do	
1953	15	do	do	do	
1954	15	do	do	do	
1955	15	do	do	do	
1956	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1957	\$15	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Winstow, Lanier & Co.....	
1958	15	do	do	do	
1959	15	do	do	do	
1960	15	do	do	do	
1961	15	do	do	do	
1975	15	do	do	do	
1979	15	do	do	do	
1982	15	do	do	do	
1985	15	do	do	do	
1986	15	do	do	do	
1987	15	do	do	do	
1988	15	do	do	do	
1989	15	do	do	do	
1990	15	do	do	do	
1997	15	do	do	do	
1998	15	do	do	do	
1999	15	do	do	do	
2000	15	do	do	do	
2010	15	do	do	do	
2011	15	do	do	do	
2062	15	do	do	do	
2064	15	do	do	do	
2065	15	do	do	do	
2066	15	do	do	do	
2072	15	do	do	do	
2073	15	do	do	do	
2063	15	do	do	do	
2067	15	do	do	do	
2068	15	do	do	do	
2069	15	do	do	do	
2070	15	do	do	do	
2080	15	do	do	do	
2007	15	do	do	do	
2008	15	do	do	do	
2009	15	do	do	do	
2010	15	do	do	do	
2011	15	do	do	do	
2012	15	do	do	do	
2013	15	do	do	do	
2015	15	do	do	do	
2017	15	do	do	do	
2018	15	do	do	do	
2019	15	do	do	do	
2020	15	do	do	do	
2021	15	do	do	do	
2022	15	do	do	do	
2023	15	do	do	do	
2024	15	do	do	do	
2025	15	do	do	do	
2026	15	do	do	do	
2027	15	do	do	do	
2028	15	do	do	do	
2029	15	do	do	do	
2030	15	do	do	do	
2032	15	do	do	do	
2033	15	do	do	do	
2034	15	do	do	do	
2035	15	do	do	do	
2036	15	do	do	do	
2044	15	do	do	do	
2046	15	do	do	do	
2049	15	do	do	do	
2050	15	do	do	do	
1846	15	do	do	do	
1847	15	do	do	do	
1849	15	do	do	do	
1850	15	do	do	do	
1845	15	do	do	do	
1847	15	do	do	do	
1847	15	do	do	do	
1851	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1810	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six-per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1166	\$30	November 1, 1865.	November 1, 1865.	Riggs & Co.....	
1177	30	do	do	do	
1178	30	do	do	do	
1179	30	do	do	do	
1328	30	do	do	do	
1345	30	do	do	do	
1354	30	do	do	do	
1346	30	do	do	do	
1555	30	do	do	do	
1636	30	do	do	do	
1642	30	do	do	do	
1643	30	do	do	do	
1647	30	do	do	do	
1777	30	do	do	do	
1780	30	do	do	do	
1781	30	do	do	do	
1782	30	do	do	do	
1856	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1858	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	
1976	15	do	do	do	
1977	15	do	do	do	
2016	15	do	do	do	
556	30	do	do	Third National Bank.....	
1872	15	do	do	Mary E. Kane.....	
1508	30	November 1, 1865.	December 13, 1865.	Commercial Bank.....	
1509	30	do	do	do	
1510	30	do	do	do	
1511	30	do	do	do	
1512	30	do	do	do	
1513	30	do	do	do	
1514	30	do	do	do	
1515	30	do	do	do	
1516	30	do	do	do	
1517	30	do	do	do	
1518	30	do	do	do	
1519	30	do	do	do	
1520	30	do	do	do	
1521	30	do	do	do	
1226	30	do	December 14, 1865.	Central National Bank.....	
1227	30	do	do	do	
1228	30	do	do	do	
1230	30	do	do	do	
1323	30	do	do	do	
1324	30	do	do	do	
1326	30	do	do	do	
1713	30	do	do	do	
550	30	do	do	Third National Bank.....	
551	30	do	do	do	
1375	30	do	do	William Harrison.....	
1376	30	do	do	do	
846	30	do	do	William Bennet.....	
847	30	do	do	do	
848	30	do	do	do	
849	30	do	do	do	
850	30	do	do	do	
557	30	do	do	Third National Bank.....	
1457	30	do	do	First National, Indianapolis..	
1896	15	do	do	do	
1778	30	November 1, 1865.	January —, 1866.	Geo. A. Baskirk.....	
1779	30	do	do	do	
2031	15	do	do	do	
1287	30	do	do	Geo. Wild.....	
1288	30	do	do	do	
598	30	do	do	Market National Bank.....	
599	30	do	do	do	
600	30	do	do	do	
1841	15	do	do	do	
1842	15	do	do	do	
1843	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1844	\$30	November 1, 1865.	January 1, 1866....	Market National Bank.....	
1253	30	do	do	National Bank of Republic....	
1254	30	do	do	do	
1255	30	do	do	do	
1343	30	do	do	do	
1344	30	do	do	do	
1396	30	May 1, 1865.....	April 3, 1866.....	P. Morehouse.....	
1397	30	do	do	do	
1398	30	do	do	do	
1396	30	November 1, 1864.	do	do	
1397	30	do	do	do	
1398	30	do	do	do	
	30	May 1, 1866.....	May 1, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co	
548	30	do	do	do	
549	30	do	do	do	
550	30	do	do	do	
551	30	do	do	do	
552	30	do	do	do	
553	30	do	do	do	
554	30	do	do	do	
555	30	do	do	do	
556	30	do	do	do	
557	30	do	do	do	
558	30	do	do	do	
559	30	do	do	do	
560	30	do	do	do	
561	30	do	do	do	
562	30	do	do	do	
563	30	do	do	do	
564	30	do	do	do	
565	30	do	do	do	
566	30	do	do	do	
567	30	do	do	do	
568	30	do	do	do	
569	30	do	do	do	
570	30	do	do	do	
571	30	do	do	do	
572	30	do	do	do	
573	30	do	do	do	
574	30	do	do	do	
575	30	do	do	do	
576	30	do	do	do	
577	30	do	do	do	
632	30	do	do	do	
633	30	do	do	do	
634	30	do	do	do	
635	30	do	do	do	
1166	30	do	do	do	
1167	30	do	do	do	
1168	30	do	do	do	
1169	30	do	do	do	
1170	30	do	do	do	
1171	30	do	do	do	
1172	30	do	do	do	
1173	30	do	do	do	
1216	30	do	do	do	
1217	30	do	do	do	
1224	30	do	do	do	
1225	30	do	do	do	
1231	30	do	do	do	
1232	30	do	do	do	
1233	30	do	do	do	
1234	30	do	do	do	
1235	30	do	do	do	
1236	30	do	do	do	
1237	30	do	do	do	
1238	30	do	do	do	
1239	30	do	do	do	
1240	30	do	do	do	
1241	30	do	do	do	
1242	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan,) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1243	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	May 1, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1244	30	do	do	do	
1245	30	do	do	do	
1250	30	do	do	do	
1279	30	do	do	do	
1280	30	do	do	do	
1282	30	do	do	do	
1283	30	do	do	do	
1284	30	do	do	do	
1285	30	do	do	do	
1286	30	do	do	do	
1287	30	do	do	do	
1288	30	do	do	do	
1289	30	do	do	do	
1290	30	do	do	do	
1291	30	do	do	do	
1294	30	do	do	do	
1295	30	do	do	do	
1299	30	do	do	do	
1300	30	do	do	do	
1202	30	do	do	do	
1303	30	do	do	do	
1304	30	do	do	do	
1305	30	do	do	do	
1306	30	do	do	do	
1316	30	do	do	do	
1317	30	do	do	do	
1318	30	do	do	do	
1329	30	do	do	do	
1319	30	do	do	do	
1320	30	do	do	do	
1321	30	do	do	do	
1322	30	do	do	do	
1325	30	do	do	do	
1327	30	do	do	do	
1328	30	do	do	do	
1332	30	do	do	do	
1333	30	do	do	do	
1334	30	do	do	do	
1335	30	do	do	do	
1336	30	do	do	do	
1337	30	do	do	do	
1338	30	do	do	do	
1339	30	do	do	do	
1340	30	do	do	do	
1341	30	do	do	do	
1342	30	do	do	do	
1345	30	do	do	do	
1346	30	do	do	do	
1347	30	do	do	do	
1348	30	do	do	do	
1349	30	do	do	do	
1350	30	do	do	do	
1351	30	do	do	do	
1352	30	do	do	do	
1353	30	do	do	do	
1354	30	do	do	do	
1355	30	do	do	do	
1356	30	do	do	do	
1360	30	do	do	do	
1361	30	do	do	do	
1362	30	do	do	do	
1363	30	do	do	do	
1364	30	do	do	do	
1365	30	do	do	do	
1366	30	do	do	do	
1370	30	do	do	do	
1371	30	do	do	do	
1374	30	do	do	do	
1375	30	do	do	do	
1376	30	do	do	do	
1377	30	do	do	do	
1378	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1379	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	May 1, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1380	30	do	do	do	
1381	30	do	do	do	
1382	30	do	do	do	
1383	30	do	do	do	
1385	30	do	do	do	
1386	30	do	do	do	
1383	30	do	do	do	
1391	30	do	do	do	
1404	30	do	do	do	
1405	30	do	do	do	
1406	30	do	do	do	
1407	30	do	do	do	
1408	30	do	do	do	
1409	30	do	do	do	
1410	30	do	do	do	
1411	30	do	do	do	
1412	30	do	do	do	
1413	30	do	do	do	
1414	30	do	do	do	
1415	30	do	do	do	
1416	30	do	do	do	
1417	30	do	do	do	
1418	30	do	do	do	
1419	30	do	do	do	
1420	30	do	do	do	
1421	30	do	do	do	
1422	30	do	do	do	
1423	30	do	do	do	
1422	30	do	do	do	
1423	30	do	do	do	
1424	30	do	do	do	
1425	30	do	do	do	
1426	30	do	do	do	
1427	30	do	do	do	
1428	30	do	do	do	
1429	30	do	do	do	
1430	30	do	do	do	
1431	30	do	do	do	
1432	30	do	do	do	
1433	30	do	do	do	
1434	30	do	do	do	
1435	30	do	do	do	
1436	30	do	do	do	
1437	30	do	do	do	
1438	30	do	do	do	
1439	30	do	do	do	
1440	30	do	do	do	
1441	30	do	do	do	
1442	30	do	do	do	
1443	30	do	do	do	
1444	30	do	do	do	
1445	30	do	do	do	
1446	30	do	do	do	
1447	30	do	do	do	
1448	30	do	do	do	
1449	30	do	do	do	
1450	30	do	do	do	
1451	30	do	do	do	
1452	30	do	do	do	
1453	30	do	do	do	
1454	30	do	do	do	
1455	30	do	do	do	
1456	30	do	do	do	
1457	30	do	do	do	
1458	30	do	do	do	
1459	30	do	do	do	
1460	30	do	do	do	
1461	30	do	do	do	
1462	30	do	do	do	
1463	30	do	do	do	
1464	30	do	do	do	
1465	30	do	do	do	
1466	30	do	do	do	
1467	30	do	do	do	
1468	30	do	do	do	
1469	30	do	do	do	
1470	30	do	do	do	
1471	30	do	do	do	
1472	30	do	do	do	
1473	30	do	do	do	
1474	30	do	do	do	
1475	30	do	do	do	
1476	30	do	do	do	
1477	30	do	do	do	
1478	30	do	do	do	
1479	30	do	do	do	
1480	30	do	do	do	
1481	30	do	do	do	
1482	30	do	do	do	
1483	30	do	do	do	
1523	30	do	do	do	
1524	30	do	do	do	
1529	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
0000	\$50	May 1, 1866.....	May 1, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co	
1530	50	do	do	do	
1532	50	do	do	do	
1533	50	do	do	do	
1534	50	do	do	do	
1554	50	do	do	do	
1555	50	do	do	do	
1558	50	do	do	do	
1559	50	do	do	do	
1560	50	do	do	do	
1638	50	do	do	do	
1642	50	do	do	do	
1643	50	do	do	do	
1647	50	do	do	do	
1648	50	do	do	do	
1652	50	do	do	do	
1653	50	do	do	do	
1680	50	do	do	do	
1681	50	do	do	do	
1682	50	do	do	do	
1684	50	do	do	do	
1686	50	do	do	do	
1686	50	do	do	do	
1687	50	do	do	do	
1688	50	do	do	do	
1689	50	do	do	do	
1690	50	do	do	do	
1691	50	do	do	do	
1692	50	do	do	do	
1693	50	do	do	do	
1679	50	do	do	do	
1683	50	do	do	do	
1700	50	do	do	do	
1703	50	do	do	do	
1707	50	do	do	do	
1709	50	do	do	do	
1710	50	do	do	do	
1711	50	do	do	do	
1712	50	do	do	do	
1714	50	do	do	do	
1715	50	do	do	do	
1716	50	do	do	do	
1717	50	do	do	do	
1718	50	do	do	do	
1719	50	do	do	do	
1720	50	do	do	do	
1721	50	do	do	do	
1722	50	do	do	do	
1723	50	do	do	do	
1724	50	do	do	do	
1725	50	do	do	do	
1726	50	do	do	do	
1727	50	do	do	do	
1728	50	do	do	do	
1729	50	do	do	do	
1730	50	do	do	do	
1731	50	do	do	do	
1732	50	do	do	do	
1745	50	do	do	do	
1746	50	do	do	do	
1747	50	do	do	do	
1748	50	do	do	do	
1749	50	do	do	do	
1777	50	do	do	do	
1778	50	do	do	do	
1779	50	do	do	do	
1780	50	do	do	do	
1781	50	do	do	do	
1782	50	do	do	do	
1783	50	do	do	do	
1784	50	do	do	do	
1733	50	do	do	do	
1801	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1852	\$15	May 1, 1866.....	May 1, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1853	15	do	do	do	
1854	15	do	do	do	
1855	15	do	do	do	
1856	15	do	do	do	
1857	15	do	do	do	
1858	15	do	do	do	
1859	15	do	do	do	
1860	15	do	do	do	
1861	15	do	do	do	
1862	15	do	do	do	
1863	15	do	do	do	
1864	15	do	do	do	
1865	15	do	do	do	
1866	15	do	do	do	
1867	15	do	do	do	
1868	15	do	do	do	
1869	15	do	do	do	
1870	15	do	do	do	
1871	15	do	do	do	
1872	15	do	do	do	
1873	15	do	do	do	
1874	15	do	do	do	
1875	15	do	do	do	
1876	15	do	do	do	
1877	15	do	do	do	
1878	15	do	do	do	
1879	15	do	do	do	
1880	15	do	do	do	
1881	15	do	do	do	
1882	15	do	do	do	
1883	15	do	do	do	
1884	15	do	do	do	
1885	15	do	do	do	
1886	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1887	\$15	Mar 1, 1866.....	May 5, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1888	15	do	do	do	
1888	15	do	do	do	
1889	15	do	do	do	
1899	15	do	do	do	
1900	15	do	do	do	
1901	15	do	do	do	
1902	15	do	do	do	
1903	15	do	do	do	
1904	15	do	do	do	
1905	15	do	do	do	
1906	15	do	do	do	
1907	15	do	do	do	
1908	15	do	do	do	
1909	15	do	do	do	
1910	15	do	do	do	
1911	15	do	do	do	
1922	15	do	do	do	
1923	15	do	do	do	
1924	15	do	do	do	
1925	15	do	do	do	
1926	15	do	do	do	
1927	15	do	do	do	
1928	15	do	do	do	
1929	15	do	do	do	
1930	15	do	do	do	
1931	15	do	do	do	
1932	15	do	do	do	
1933	15	do	do	do	
1934	15	do	do	do	
1935	15	do	do	do	
1936	15	do	do	do	
1937	15	do	do	do	
1938	15	do	do	do	
1939	15	do	do	do	
1940	15	do	do	do	
1941	15	do	do	do	
1942	15	do	do	do	
1943	15	do	do	do	
1944	15	do	do	do	
1945	15	do	do	do	
1946	15	do	do	do	
1947	15	do	do	do	
1952	15	do	do	do	
1953	15	do	do	do	
1954	15	do	do	do	
1955	15	do	do	do	
1956	15	do	do	do	
1957	15	do	do	do	
1958	15	do	do	do	
1959	15	do	do	do	
1960	15	do	do	do	
1961	15	do	do	do	
1962	15	do	do	do	
1963	15	do	do	do	
1964	15	do	do	do	
1965	15	do	do	do	
1866	15	do	do	do	
1967	15	do	do	do	
1968	15	do	do	do	
1969	15	do	do	do	
1970	15	do	do	do	
1972	15	do	do	do	
1973	15	do	do	do	
1976	15	do	do	do	
1977	15	do	do	do	
1978	15	do	do	do	
1979	15	do	do	do	
1980	15	do	do	do	
2007	15	do	do	do	
2008	15	do	do	do	
2009	15	do	do	do	
2010	15	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
2011	\$15	May 5, 1866.....	May 5, 1865.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
2012	15	do	do	do	
2016	15	do	do	do	
2017	15	do	do	do	
2018	15	do	do	do	
2019	15	do	do	do	
2020	15	do	do	do	
2021	15	do	do	do	
2022	15	do	do	do	
2023	15	do	do	do	
2024	15	do	do	do	
2025	15	do	do	do	
2026	15	do	do	do	
2027	15	do	do	do	
2028	15	do	do	do	
2029	15	do	do	do	
2030	15	do	do	do	
2031	15	do	do	do	
2032	15	do	do	do	
2033	15	do	do	do	
2034	15	do	do	do	
2035	15	do	do	do	
2036	15	do	do	do	
2044	15	do	do	do	
2046	15	do	do	do	
2049	15	do	do	do	
2050	15	do	do	do	
1851	15	do	May 15, 1866.....	do	
1870	15	do	do	do	
1351	30	do	do	do	
1508	30	do	do	do	
1509	30	do	do	do	
1510	30	do	do	do	
1511	30	do	do	do	
1512	30	do	do	do	
1513	30	do	do	do	
1514	30	do	do	do	
1515	30	do	do	do	
1516	30	do	do	do	
1517	30	do	do	do	
1518	30	do	do	do	
1519	30	do	do	do	
1520	30	do	do	do	
1521	30	do	do	do	
1896	15	do	May 40, 1866.....	do	
1457	30	do	do	do	
1292	30	do	May 31, 1866.....	do	
1293	30	do	do	do	
1329	30	do	do	do	
1357	30	do	do	do	
1359	30	do	do	do	
1330	30	do	do	do	
1	30	May 1, 1865.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
2	30	do	do	do	
3	30	do	do	do	
4	30	do	do	do	
5	30	do	do	do	
6	30	do	do	do	
7	30	do	do	do	
8	30	do	do	do	
9	30	do	do	do	
10	30	do	do	do	
11	30	do	do	do	
12	30	do	do	do	
13	30	do	do	do	
14	30	do	do	do	
15	30	do	do	do	
16	30	do	do	do	
17	30	do	do	do	
18	30	do	do	do	
19	30	do	do	do	
20	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
21	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
22	30	do	do	do	
23	30	do	do	do	
24	30	do	do	do	
25	30	do	do	do	
26	30	do	do	do	
27	30	do	do	do	
28	30	do	do	do	
29	30	do	do	do	
30	30	do	do	do	
31	30	do	do	do	
32	30	do	do	do	
33	30	do	do	do	
34	30	do	do	do	
35	30	do	do	do	
36	30	do	do	do	
37	30	do	do	do	
38	30	do	do	do	
39	30	do	do	do	
40	30	do	do	do	
41	30	do	do	do	
42	30	do	do	do	
43	30	do	do	do	
44	30	do	do	do	
45	30	do	do	do	
46	30	do	do	do	
47	30	do	do	do	
48	30	do	do	do	
49	30	do	do	do	
50	30	do	do	do	
51	30	do	do	do	
52	30	do	do	do	
53	30	do	do	do	
54	30	do	do	do	
55	30	do	do	do	
56	30	do	do	do	
57	30	do	do	do	
58	30	do	do	do	
59	30	do	do	do	
60	30	do	do	do	
61	30	do	do	do	
62	30	do	do	do	
63	30	do	do	do	
64	30	do	do	do	
65	30	do	do	do	
66	30	do	do	do	
67	30	do	do	do	
68	30	do	do	do	
69	30	do	do	do	
70	30	do	do	do	
71	30	do	do	do	
72	30	do	do	do	
73	30	do	do	do	
74	30	do	do	do	
75	30	do	do	do	
76	30	do	do	do	
77	30	do	do	do	
78	30	do	do	do	
79	30	do	do	do	
80	30	do	do	do	
81	30	do	do	do	
82	30	do	do	do	
83	30	do	do	do	
84	30	do	do	do	
85	30	do	do	do	
86	30	do	do	do	
87	30	do	do	do	
88	30	do	do	do	
89	30	do	do	do	
90	30	do	do	do	
91	30	do	do	do	
92	30	do	do	do	
93	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
94	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
95	30	do	do	do	
96	30	do	do	do	
97	30	do	do	do	
98	30	do	do	do	
99	30	do	do	do	
100	30	do	do	do	
101	30	do	do	do	
102	30	do	do	do	
103	30	do	do	do	
104	30	do	do	do	
105	30	do	do	do	
106	30	do	do	do	
107	30	do	do	do	
108	30	do	do	do	
109	30	do	do	do	
110	30	do	do	do	
111	30	do	do	do	
112	30	do	do	do	
113	30	do	do	do	
114	30	do	do	do	
115	30	do	do	do	
116	30	do	do	do	
117	30	do	do	do	
118	30	do	do	do	
119	30	do	do	do	
120	30	do	do	do	
121	30	do	do	do	
122	30	do	do	do	
123	30	do	do	do	
124	30	do	do	do	
125	30	do	do	do	
900	30	do	do	do	
901	30	do	do	do	
902	30	do	do	do	
903	30	do	do	do	
904	30	do	do	do	
905	30	do	do	do	
906	30	do	do	do	
907	30	do	do	do	
908	30	do	do	do	
909	30	do	do	do	
910	30	do	do	do	
911	30	do	do	do	
912	30	do	do	do	
913	30	do	do	do	
914	30	do	do	do	
915	30	do	do	do	
916	30	do	do	do	
917	30	do	do	do	
918	30	do	do	do	
919	30	do	do	do	
920	30	do	do	do	
921	30	do	do	do	
922	30	do	do	do	
923	30	do	do	do	
924	30	do	do	do	
925	30	do	do	do	
926	30	do	do	do	
927	30	do	do	do	
928	30	do	do	do	
929	30	do	do	do	
930	30	do	do	do	
931	30	do	do	do	
932	30	do	do	do	
933	30	do	do	do	
934	30	do	do	do	
935	30	do	do	do	
936	30	do	do	do	
937	30	do	do	do	
938	30	do	do	do	
939	30	do	do	do	
940	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
941	\$30	May 1, 1866	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
942	30	do	do	do	
943	30	do	do	do	
944	30	do	do	do	
945	30	do	do	do	
946	30	do	do	do	
947	30	do	do	do	
948	30	do	do	do	
949	30	do	do	do	
950	30	do	do	do	
951	30	do	do	do	
952	30	do	do	do	
953	30	do	do	do	
954	30	do	do	do	
955	30	do	do	do	
956	30	do	do	do	
957	30	do	do	do	
958	30	do	do	do	
959	30	do	do	do	
960	30	do	do	do	
961	30	do	do	do	
962	30	do	do	do	
963	30	do	do	do	
964	30	do	do	do	
965	30	do	do	do	
966	30	do	do	do	
967	30	do	do	do	
968	30	do	do	do	
969	30	do	do	do	
970	30	do	do	do	
971	30	do	do	do	
972	30	do	do	do	
973	30	do	do	do	
974	30	do	do	do	
975	30	do	do	do	
976	30	do	do	do	
977	30	do	do	do	
978	30	do	do	do	
979	30	do	do	do	
980	30	do	do	do	
981	30	do	do	do	
982	30	do	do	do	
983	30	do	do	do	
984	30	do	do	do	
985	30	do	do	do	
986	30	do	do	do	
987	30	do	do	do	
988	30	do	do	do	
989	30	do	do	do	
990	30	do	do	do	
991	30	do	do	do	
992	30	do	do	do	
993	30	do	do	do	
994	30	do	do	do	
995	30	do	do	do	
996	30	do	do	do	
997	30	do	do	do	
998	30	do	do	do	
999	30	do	do	do	
1000	30	do	do	do	
1001	30	do	do	do	
1002	30	do	do	do	
1003	30	do	do	do	
1004	30	do	do	do	
1005	30	do	do	do	
1006	30	do	do	do	
1007	30	do	do	do	
1008	30	do	do	do	
1009	30	do	do	do	
1010	30	do	do	do	
1011	30	do	do	do	
1012	30	do	do	do	
1013	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1014	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1015	30	do	do	do	
1016	30	do	do	do	
1017	30	do	do	do	
1018	30	do	do	do	
1019	30	do	do	do	
1020	30	do	do	do	
1021	30	do	do	do	
1022	30	do	do	do	
1023	30	do	do	do	
1024	30	do	do	do	
1025	30	do	do	do	
1026	30	do	do	do	
1027	30	do	do	do	
1028	30	do	do	do	
1029	30	do	do	do	
1030	30	do	do	do	
1031	30	do	do	do	
1032	30	do	do	do	
1033	30	do	do	do	
1034	30	do	do	do	
1035	30	do	do	do	
1036	30	do	do	do	
1037	30	do	do	do	
1038	30	do	do	do	
1039	30	do	do	do	
1040	30	do	do	do	
1041	30	do	do	do	
1042	30	do	do	do	
1043	30	do	do	do	
1044	30	do	do	do	
1045	30	do	do	do	
1046	30	do	do	do	
1047	30	do	do	do	
1048	30	do	do	do	
1049	30	do	do	do	
1050	30	do	do	do	
1051	30	do	do	do	
1052	30	do	do	do	
1053	30	do	do	do	
1054	30	do	do	do	
1055	30	do	do	do	
1056	30	do	do	do	
1057	30	do	do	do	
1058	30	do	do	do	
1059	30	do	do	do	
1060	30	do	do	do	
1061	30	do	do	do	
1062	30	do	do	do	
1063	30	do	do	do	
1064	30	do	do	do	
1065	30	do	do	do	
1066	30	do	do	do	
1067	30	do	do	do	
1068	30	do	do	do	
1069	30	do	do	do	
1070	30	do	do	do	
1071	30	do	do	do	
1072	30	do	do	do	
1073	30	do	do	do	
1074	30	do	do	do	
1075	30	do	do	do	
1076	30	do	do	do	
1077	30	do	do	do	
1078	30	do	do	do	
1079	30	do	do	do	
1081	30	do	do	do	
1082	30	do	do	do	
1183	30	do	do	do	
1084	30	do	do	do	
1085	30	do	do	do	
1086	30	do	do	do	
1087	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1088	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Ianier & Co.....	
1089	30	do	do	do	
1090	30	do	do	do	
1091	30	do	do	do	
1092	30	do	do	do	
1093	30	do	do	do	
1094	30	do	do	do	
1095	30	do	do	do	
1096	30	do	do	do	
1097	30	do	do	do	
1098	30	do	do	do	
1099	30	do	do	do	
1100	30	do	do	do	
1101	30	do	do	do	
1102	30	do	do	do	
1103	30	do	do	do	
1104	30	do	do	do	
1105	30	do	do	do	
1106	30	do	do	do	
1107	30	do	do	do	
1108	30	do	do	do	
1109	30	do	do	do	
1110	30	do	do	do	
1111	30	do	do	do	
1112	30	do	do	do	
1113	30	do	do	do	
1114	30	do	do	do	
1115	30	do	do	do	
1116	30	do	do	do	
1117	30	do	do	do	
1118	30	do	do	do	
1119	30	do	do	do	
1120	30	do	do	do	
1121	30	do	do	do	
1122	30	do	do	do	
1123	30	do	do	do	
1124	30	do	do	do	
1125	30	do	do	do	
1126	30	do	do	do	
1127	30	do	do	do	
1128	30	do	do	do	
1129	30	do	do	do	
1130	30	do	do	do	
1131	30	do	do	do	
1132	30	do	do	do	
1133	30	do	do	do	
1134	30	do	do	do	
1135	30	do	do	do	
1136	30	do	do	do	
1137	30	do	do	do	
1138	30	do	do	do	
1139	30	do	do	do	
1140	30	do	do	do	
1141	30	do	do	do	
1142	30	do	do	do	
1143	30	do	do	do	
1144	30	do	do	do	
1145	30	do	do	do	
1146	30	do	do	do	
1147	30	do	do	do	
1148	30	do	do	do	
1149	30	do	do	do	
1150	30	do	do	do	
1151	30	do	do	do	
1152	30	do	do	do	
1153	30	do	do	do	
1157	30	do	do	do	
1158	30	do	do	do	
1159	30	do	do	do	
1160	30	do	do	do	
1178	30	do	do	do	
1179	30	do	do	do	
1180	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds, (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

NO.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
1187	\$30	May 1, 1866.	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1215	30	do	do	do	
1218	30	do	do	do	
1219	30	do	do	do	
1256	30	do	do	do	
1298	30	do	do	do	
1311	30	do	do	do	
1356	30	do	do	do	
1358	30	do	do	do	
1384	30	do	do	do	
1387	30	do	do	do	
1388	30	do	do	do	
1389	30	do	do	do	
1390	30	do	do	do	
1391	30	do	do	do	
1392	30	do	do	do	
1395	30	do	do	do	
1469	30	do	do	do	
1497	30	do	do	do	
1522	30	do	do	do	
1533	30	do	do	do	
1641	30	do	do	do	
1644	30	do	do	do	
1645	30	do	do	do	
1646	30	do	do	do	
1649	30	do	do	do	
1650	30	do	do	do	
1651	30	do	do	do	
1701	30	do	do	do	
1702	30	do	do	do	
1785	30	do	do	do	
1786	30	do	do	do	
1787	30	do	do	do	
846	30	do	do	do	
847	30	do	do	do	
848	30	do	do	do	
849	30	do	do	do	
850	30	do	do	do	
858	30	do	do	do	
859	30	do	do	do	
859	30	do	do	do	
860	30	do	do	do	
861	30	do	do	do	
862	30	do	do	do	
863	30	do	do	do	
864	30	do	do	do	
865	30	do	do	do	
866	30	do	do	do	
867	30	do	do	do	
868	30	do	do	do	
869	30	do	do	do	
870	30	do	do	do	
871	30	do	do	do	
872	30	do	do	do	
873	30	do	do	do	
874	30	do	do	do	
875	30	do	do	do	
876	30	do	do	do	
877	30	do	do	do	
878	30	do	do	do	
879	30	do	do	do	
880	30	do	do	do	
881	30	do	do	do	
882	30	do	do	do	
883	30	do	do	do	
884	30	do	do	do	
885	30	do	do	do	
886	30	do	do	do	
887	30	do	do	do	
888	30	do	do	do	
889	30	do	do	do	
890	30	do	do	do	
891	30	do	do	do	

AMOUNT of Interest Paid on Six per cent. Coupon Bonds (War Loan) from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

No.	AMOUNT.	DATE.	WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	REMARKS.
892	\$30	May 1, 1866.....	June —, 1866.....	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
893	30	do	do	do	
894	30	do	do	do	
895	30	do	do	do	
896	30	do	do	do	
897	30	do	do	do	
898	30	do	do	do	
899	30	do	do	do	
1873	15	do	do	do	
1874	15	do	do	do	
1875	15	do	do	do	
1897	15	do	do	do	
1950	15	do	do	do	
1951	15	do	do	do	
1982	15	do	do	do	
1985	15	do	do	do	
1986	15	do	do	do	
1987	15	do	do	do	
1988	15	do	do	do	
1989	15	do	do	do	
2013	15	do	do	do	
2014	15	do	do	do	
2015	15	do	do	do	
2045	30	do	do	do	
2047	15	do	do	do	
2048	15	do	do	do	
2051	15	do	do	do	
1980	15	do	do	do	
1223	30	May 1, 1866.....	September —, 1866	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	
1323	30	do	do	do	
1324	30	do	do	do	
1228	30	do	do	do	
1230	30	do	do	do	
1713	30	do	do	do	
1325	30	do	do	do	
1226	30	do	do	do	
1227	30	do	do	do	
599	30	do	do	do	
800	30	do	do	do	
598	30	do	do	do	
2841	30	do	do	do	
1842	30	do	do	do	
1843	30	do	do	do	
1844	30	do	do	do	

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,500 00	E. Fanington.....	\$37 50	February 25, 1865	July 1, 1864.
1,500 00	do	37 50	do	January 1, 1865.
1,000 00	Miss Louisa Oakley.....	25 00	February 27, 1865	do
7,500 00	John Reed & G. Westford, Trustees...	187 50	February 28, 1865	July 1, 1862.
7,500 00	do	187 50	do	January 1, 1863.
7,500 00	do	187 50	do	January 1, 1865.
6,000 00	E. S. Sturling, jr.....	162 50	March 3, 1865.....	do
6,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	150 00	do	January 1, 1864.
6,000 00	do	150 00	do	July 1, 1864.
6,000 00	do	150 00	do	January 1, 1865.
6,000 00	do	150 00	do	July 1, 1863.
4,000 00	J. R. Shields, Agent.....	100 00	do	do
4,000 00	do	100 00	do	January 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	100 00	do	July 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	100 00	do	January 1, 1865.
11,000 00	Geo. H. Contrit.....	275 00	March 8, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	25 00	do	do
2,000 00	George Smormer.....	50 00	March 9, 1865.....	do
5,000 00	Lockwood Grummond.....	125 00	March 11, 1865...	do
5,000 00	Omar Tunsey.....	125 00	do	July 1, 1863.
5,000 00	do	125 00	do	January 1, 1864.
5,000 00	do	125 00	do	July 1, 1864.
5,000 00	do	125 00	do	January 1, 1865.
500 00	Wm. H. Hart.....	12 50	March 13, 1865...	do
500 00	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
3,000 00	C. Heydricker.....	75 00	March 15, 1865...	January 1, 1865.
1,000 00	D. H. Moins.....	25 00	March 23, 1865...	do
1,000 00	do	25 00	do	July 1, 1864.
500 00	Sarah Heartshorne.....	12 50	March 28, 1865...	January 1, 1865.
500 00	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500 00	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500 00	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1862.
950 00	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	23 75	April 3, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
1,000 00	A. H. Borom.....	25 00	April 11, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	do	25 00	do	July 1, 1864.
1,000 00	do	25 00	do	January 1, 1864.
1,000 00	do	25 00	do	July 1, 1863.
1,000 00	do	25 00	do	January 1, 1863.
2,500 00	J. T. Robertson.....	62 50	do	July 1, 1864.
87,000 00	McKeen & Deming, part of in name			
109,000 00	of Samuel Miller.....	550 00	April 27, 1865.....	July 1, 1864.
25,000 00	C. P. Blair.....	625 00	April 28, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
500 00	D. C. Mahan.....	12 50	May 8, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
500 00	Amos Willetts.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500 00	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
10,000 00	C. O. Halstead.....	250 00	May 17, 1865.....	July 1, 1864.
10,000 00	do	250 00	do	January 1, 1865.
5,000 00	Capt. W. P. Levis.....	125 00	May 23, 1865.....	do
500 00	Miss Hester Gillis.....	12 50	June 14, 1865.....	July 1, 1864.
500 00	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
4,800 00	Lyman Allen.....	120 00	June 15, 1865.....	do
3,000 00	John Chappelsmith.....	75 00	June 16, 1865.....	do
4,500 00	Arthur Auguste de la Rier.....	112 50	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
8,000 00	H. M. M. Chappede.....	200 00	do	do
2,000 00	J. D. Chatemy.....	50 00	do	do
2,500 00	De Rhum & Co., in trust.....	62 50	do	do
6,000 00	Charles Gauntler.....	150 00	do	do
1,500 00	F. Gonfrid.....	37 50	do	do
1,500 00	H. Gonfrid.....	37 50	do	do
2,333 33	H. Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
2,333 33	Amer Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
3,000 00	H. Lassan.....	75 00	do	do
3,500 00	Morris, Privort & Co.....	87 50	do	do
6,000 00	M. J. Michili.....	150 00	do	do
4,500 00	Rev. J. J. Monod.....	112 50	do	do
6,000 00	A. Perrin.....	150 00	do	do
1,500 00	A. Pelyro.....	37 50	do	do
2,000 00	A. H. Tronchin.....	50 00	do	do
26,500 00	R. de Turra.....	662 50	do	do
500 00	Brown Brothers & Co.....	12 50	do	do
2,500 00	M. A. Coditt, Trustee.....	62 50	do	do
5,000 00	H. Earle.....	125 00	do	do
20,000 00	Ross Winaus.....	500 00	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stocks, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$50,000	Thomas Winans.....	\$1,250 00	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865,
154,000	Institution for savings of Mer. Clerks..	3,850 00	do	do
22,500	James Winslow.....	562 50	do	do
8,000	John Auldjo.....	200 00	do	do
9,000	Thos. R. Auldjo.....	225 00	do	do
2,500	Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	do
3,000	G. H. DeAmayaga.....	75 00	do	do
14,000	Administrators' Office, Hope & Co.....	350 00	do	do
3,500	Barling Brothers & Co.....	87 50	do	do
13,000	Charles Bird.....	375 00	do	do
17,500	Philip R. Berard.....	437 50	do	do
1,000	Thomas C. Crawford.....	25 00	do	do
2,000	Miss Maria Duncan.....	50 00	do	do
2,500	Sarah Dillwyn.....	62 50	do	do
45,000	F. L. Dykes and others.....	1,125 00	do	do
2,500	Louisa Harrison.....	62 50	do	do
160,500	Hope & Co.....	4,012 50	do	do
2,500	Margaret Hart.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. A. Hunkey.....	62 50	do	do
30,500	Thomas Twining.....	762 50	do	do
2,000	Philip E. Vernid.....	50 00	do	do
125,000	Wm. Louis Winans.a.....	3,125 00	do	do
5,500	James Howell.....	137 50	do	do
2,500	Alfred Janson.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. Janson.....	62 50	do	do
3,500	James G. Kings Sons.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. Liddiard.....	62 50	do	do
2,000	Jean C. Labouchere.....	50 00	do	do
4,000	G. B. DeLudre.....	100 00	do	do
3,500	Wm. Marshall.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	Sarah Eliza Mendelsohn.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	H. N. Pickersgill.....	62 50	do	do
500	Col. Joseph Patterson.....	12 50	do	do
500	Jno. G. Pitcher.....	12 50	do	do
6,000	Thomas Potts.....	150 00	do	do
800	Stanley Rawlingson.....	20 00	do	do
6,500	Wm. E. Smith, Trustee.....	162 50	do	do
10,500	Robert Stone.....	262 50	do	do
1,500	W. Schall & Co.....	37 50	do	do
5,500	H. Burgy & Co.....	137 50	do	do
5,000	Justus Stocking.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	August Belmont & Co.....	125 00	do	do
11,000	Madame M. A. Delannam.....	275 00	do	do
37,500	Bank of Savings.....	937 50	do	do
51,175	Wm. B. Astor.....	1,279 39	do	do
13,325	Robert Winslow.....	333 12	do	do
1,500	Robert L. Brown.....	37 50	do	do
1,500	Mrs. Margaret Betts.....	37 50	do	do
5,500	George and James Bagnull.....	137 50	do	do
500	George Bagnull.....	12 50	do	do
500	James Bagnull.....	12 50	do	do
2,000	J. R. Brush.....	50 00	do	do
2,500	M. C. Chase.....	62 50	do	do
2,000	Rev. R. W. Cardwell.....	50 00	do	do
2,000	Wm. Hooker.....	50 00	do	do
13,500	Miss Essent.....	337 50	do	do
6,500	John Dillon.....	162 50	do	do
96,500	Thomas Dent.....	2,412 50	do	do
15,500	John R. Donaldson.....	387 50	do	do
5,000	Wm. Duckworth.....	125 00	do	do
19,000	James Evans.....	475 00	do	do
1,000	John N. Foster.....	25 00	do	do
6,500	Ferguson, Abbott & Ferguson.....	162 50	do	do
2,000	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	50 00	do	do
5,000	J. Gofman.....	125 00	do	do
1,000	J. Greenwood.....	25 00	do	do
4,000	E. Grubb.....	100 00	do	do
3,500	A. Howard.....	87 50	do	do
1,000	E. Harrison.....	25 00	do	do
1,000	M. Harrison, Jr.....	25 00	do	do
2,500	John Hutchinson.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	R. L. Jones.....	62 50	do	do
5,500	R. G. Kirkpatrick.....	137 50	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$3,000	Thomas Sibon.....	\$75 00	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.....
4,500	F. C. Lukes.....	112 50	do	do
1,500	F. C. Lukes and others.....	37 50	do	do
8,500	John C. Luxmore.....	212 50	do	do
2,500	John R. Mills.....	62 50	do	do
1,000	M. Marshall.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	Major F. M. Martyn.....	75 00	do	do
4,000	G. W. Moorman.....	100 00	do	do
1,000	Walter Nugent.....	25 00	do	do
12,500	Osmond, Guernsey & Co.....	312 50	do	do
3,000	William H. Ogden.....	75 00	do	do
12,500	R. Pulstord.....	312 50	do	do
14,000	H. T. Prinsop and others.....	350 00	do	do
11,500	J. H. Ravenshaw.....	287 50	do	do
5,000	H. C. Robinson.....	125 00	do	do
1,500	G. Robinson.....	37 50	do	do
9,500	Rev. Dr. Andrew Read.....	237 50	do	do
500	Thomas R. Robinson.....	12 50	do	do
2,500	G. H. Creton.....	62 50	do	do
1,500	Leigh Churchill Smythe.....	37 50	do	do
2,500	D. H. Safr.....	62 50	do	do
5,500	James Silow.....	137 50	do	do
4,000	Dr. Wm. Silow.....	100 00	do	do
12,000	G. W. Shore.....	300 00	do	do
4,500	H. S. Thomas.....	112 50	do	do
1,500	Miss Mary Waddle.....	37 50	do	do
50,000	J. C. Whiteman.....	1,250 00	do	do
9,000	Ward & Co.....	225 00	do	do
6,500	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	162 50	do	do
2,600	Rev. Daniel Whider.....	62 50	do	do
8,000	G. P. Wilson & R. Anderson.....	200 00	do	do
2,500	Thomas Yates.....	62 50	do	do
6,000	C. A. Willinks & E. Ludlow.....	150 00	do	do
21,000	John B. Elin.....	525 00	do	do
10,000	David Fleming.....	250 00	do	do
7,000	N. DeAlfaro.....	175 00	do	do
18,000	John Blunt.....	450 00	do	do
21,160	Hosen Webster.....	527 50	do	do
240,000	Brooklyn Savings Bank.....	6,000 00	do	do
52,000	George S. Earls, of Gainsborough.....	1,302 50	do	do
5,000	Anna Maria Hannaford.....	125 00	do	do
4,000	Miss M. Jones.....	100 00	do	do
3,500	H. W. Kolb.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. McKieth and others.....	62 50	do	do
500	Salina R. P. Manwaring.....	12 50	do	do
4,625	S. G. Smith.....	115 62	do	do
25,500	J. A. Smith and others.....	637 50	do	do
1,000	Emma Smee.....	25 00	do	do
3,500	William Smee.....	87 50	do	do
10,000	W. Williams.....	250 00	do	do
1,000	George Wallis.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	W. G. Sackett.....	75 00	do	do
1,500	Samuel Pollys.....	37 50	do	do
3,000	H. Chappelsmith.....	75 00	do	do
62,500	Wm. H. English.....	1,562 50	do	do
9,000	J. H. Ingelbursts.....	275 00	do	do
22,000	A. B. Burbank.....	550 00	do	do
14,000	George & John Lowrie.....	350 00	do	do
3,000	John Lindsley.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	J. A. Pitts.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	Dumout Pteelinghuysen.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	Mary, Vandawn.....	25 00	do	do
1,000	R. S. Todd.....	25 00	do	do
4,400	William Phillips.....	110 00	do	do
60,000	F. A. Brooks, Trustee.....	1,500 00	do	do
550	Fanny W. Ludd.....	13 75	do	do
3,500	J. S. Baker.....	87 50	do	do
10,000	Ed. Blackburn.....	250 00	do	do
16,000	Girard, Guild and others.....	400 00	do	do
18,000	Girard, Guild and others.....	450 00	do	do
14,000	James S. Swan.....	350 00	do	do
3,000	Hamilton Blydenburgh.....	75 00	do	do
4,000	C. F. Dambman & Co.....	100 00	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAME.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,000 00	Matthew Nassar, jr.....	\$100 00	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
7,000 00	do	175 00	do	do
500 00	Wm. Moore.....	12 50	do	do
1,000 00	Cardin E. Harris.....	25 00	do	do
1,000 00	J. & E. Ferguson, in trust.....	25 00	do	do
6,500 00	John Ferguson.....	162 50	do	do
8,000 00	J. & E. Ferguson with benefit, etc.....	200 00	do	do
5,000 00	Robert Synnders.....	125 00	do	do
2,500 00	Wm. W. Githiatt.....	62 00	do	do
5,000 00	John K. Githiatt.....	125 00	do	do
1,000 00	Rev. E. F. Burr.....	25 00	do	do
14,750 00	Alfred Morrison.....	368 75	do	do
27,750 00	Charles Morrison.....	693 75	do	do
10,008 34	E. G. Burtham.....	250 21	do	do
1,000 00	Abram Burtini.....	25 00	do	do
8,000 00	A. P. Burtini.....	200 00	do	do
2,000 00	Jacques Chapperaud.....	50 00	do	do
2,000 00	H. C. Gamitler.....	50 00	do	do
5,000 00	Thomas Riviere.....	125 00	do	do
5,000 00	Mad. L. L. Thiard.....	125 00	do	do
4,000 00	M. Hydsfield.....	100 00	do	do
1,000 00	D. G. Vindenbarch.....	25 00	do	do
6,000 00	Elizer G. Richards.....	150 00	July 3, 1865.....	do
6,000 00	James H. Clark.....	150 00	do	do
500 00	Byres de Bordes & Jordan.....	12 50	do	do
13,500 00	Augustus Johnus.....	337 50	do	do
10,000 00	E. M. Verwick.....	250 00	do	do
3,000 00	Miss Rebecca Henriques.....	75 00	do	do
5,000 00	Charles Andreol.....	125 00	do	do
4,500 00	Joseph H. Snyder.....	112 50	do	do
7,000 00	Bank of Weyawega.....	175 00	do	do
70,600 00	Thomas Hanna.....	1,765 00	do	do
3,000 00	Betsy A. Hart.....	75 00	do	do
7,000 00	F. Probst & Co.....	175 00	do	do
75,000 00	Regents Smithsonian Inst.....	1,875 00	do	do
3,000 00	Wm. Hunter.....	75 00	do	do
18,500 00	Salem Bank of Goshen.....	462 50	do	do
500 00	Charles Craske.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.....
500 00	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865..
500 00	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.....
3,000 00	Olivia M. Worth.....	75 00	do	do
20,000 00	G. Jose Martinetz.....	500 00	do	do
17,000 00	John Jochmus.....	425 00	do	do
16,950 00	J. H. Banker.....	423 75	do	do
45,000 00	E. E. Powers.....	1,125 00	do	do
2,000 00	B. C. W. Thorbeck.....	50 00	do	do
28,500 00	John Robins.....	662 50	July 5, 1865.....	do
2,000 00	J. H. Gourlie.....	50 00	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Winkley.....	250 00	do	do
11,000 00	Yanwinkle & Wood.....	275 00	do	do
4,000 00	Lucy M. Green.....	100 00	do	do
1,000 00	Carlitta J. Badis.....	25 00	do	do
53,000 00	Indiana Farmers Bank.....	1,325 00	do	do
6,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	150 00	do	do
5,000 00	Mary L. Todd.....	125 00	do	do
500 00	Achlin de Survalitte.....	12 50	do	do
500 00	Samuel Wells.....	12 50	do	do
12,000 00	P. C. Cathoun, Ex.....	300 00	do	do
446,672 67	H. Newcomb, Prest. S. D. F.....	11,166 82	do	do
5,000 00	S. J. Pilcher.....	125 00	do	do
50,000 00	C. P. Lunich.....	1,250 00	do	do
12,000 00	F. Vinter & Achellis, in trust.....	300 00	do	do
2,000 00	Jane K. Seymour.....	50 00	do	do
15,000 00	Francis Hart.....	375 00	do	do
4,500 00	Wm. Whitmigt.....	112 50	July 6, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	Wm. Mooney.....	25 00	do	do
19,000 00	James Carter.....	475 00	do	do
5,000 00	H. T. W. Meyer.....	125 00	do	do
3,000 00	Harvey Gardner, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
10,000 00	J. B. M. Cirtle sgat.....	250 00	do	do
1,000 00	L. A. A. Drolmoreux.....	25 00	do	do
10,000 00	E. L. Aurnold.....	255 00	do	do
1,500 00	A. L. Andiwin.....	37 50	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,000	Mrs. R. P. Neberneux.....	\$25 00	July 6, 1865.....	July 1, 1865
2,500	F. & A. Rasch.....	62 50	do	do
4,500	Keokuk Branch Bank, Iowa.....	112 50	do	do
6,000	John DeRuyter, Ex.....	150 00	do	do
6,000	Mrs. L. DeFrancia.....	150 00	do	do
200	P. Harmony's Nephews & Co.....	5 00	do	do
21,000	Denimigoth, Sterling & Co.....	600 00	do	do
46,700	L. Swartz.....	1,167 50	do	do
10,000	L. Swartz, in trust.....	250 00	do	do
5,000	L. Swartz.....	125 00	do	do
10,500	Don Santiago Gyuaznavar.....	262 50	do	do
51,100	Wm. Whitwright, Jr.....	1,277 50	do	do
3,000	D. H. Miller.....	75 00	do	do
500	D. H. Miller, Trustee.....	12 50	do	do
5,000	Ed. Delafield.....	125 00	do	do
2,000	M. M. Prou.....	50 00	do	do
4,000	Emily B. Sandford.....	100 00	do	do
4,000	Polly Bull.....	100 00	do	do
4,000	E. C. Bull.....	100 00	do	do
5,000	C. Leger.....	125 00	do	do
4,800	Lyman Allen.....	120 00	do	do
1,000	Henry Church.....	25 00	July 7, 1865.....	do
500	Warren Ackerman.....	12 50	do	do
1,000	Mrs. Maria Ackerman.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	S. W. Jones.....	75 00	do	do
10,000	Samuel Bruhl.....	250 00	do	do
1,000	Wm. A. Sandford.....	25 00	do	do
10,000	Skimur Langton.....	250 00	do	do
17,000	F. S. Holford.....	425 00	do	do
10,000	R. L. Lord.....	250 00	July 8, 1865.....	do
6,100	Edgar B. Day, Trustee.....	152 50	do	do
3,500	Albany Savings Bank.....	87 50	do	do
15,100	H. W. T. Mute.....	379 50	do	do
3,000	Escher & Co., in trust.....	75 00	do	do
2,000	George Hadden.....	50 00	do	do
37,000	Bank of Elkhart.....	925 00	do	do
3,500	Miss Selina Hendricks.....	87 50	July 10, 1865.....	do
27,700	J. H. Williams, President.....	675 00	do	do
750	J. J. Schonnerhorn.....	18 75	do	do
1,600	Wm. Kellogg.....	40 00	do	do
5,000	Maury Brothers, in trust.....	125 00	do	do
500	do	12 50	do	do
6,500	John Edwards & Jackson, in trust.....	162 50	do	do
15,000	Prairie City Bank.....	375 00	do	do
20,000	John Snuden.....	500 00	do	do
12,500	D. Lyman & E. Parsons, Ex.....	312 50	do	do
2,000	E. H. Bowers.....	50 00	do	do
3,000	J. H. Smith, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
5,000	M. C. Rumi.....	125 00	do	do
9,500	Frank Taylor.....	237 50	July 11, 1865.....	do
22,000	F. B. McCarty.....	550 00	do	do
21,000	Pickaway County Bank.....	600 00	do	do
4,000	Louis Swatzer.....	100 00	July 12, 1865.....	do
3,000	Charles E. Blunt.....	75 00	do	do
74,700	East River Saving Bank.....	1,867 50	do	do
6,000	Henry Willis.....	150 00	do	do
10,000	A. Brodie.....	250 00	do	do
13,000	R. B. Tunis.....	325 00	do	do
15,500	Nehemiah Tunis, in trust.....	387 50	do	do
5,500	do	137 50	do	do
3,000	John E. Tunis.....	75 00	do	do
3,000	John E. Tunis, Guardian.....	75 00	do	do
2,000	John E. Tunis.....	50 00	do	do
2,000	W. G. Temple.....	50 00	do	do
4,000	Ward & Co., in trust.....	100 00	do	do
5,000	Augustus Stery.....	125 00	do	do
500	John Dow.....	12 50	July 13, 1865.....	do
5,000	Summitt Bank.....	125 00	do	do
1,000	Nathaniel Wright.....	25 00	do	do
6,500	E. L. Starling, Jr.....	162 50	do	do
8,000	George Chambers.....	200 00	July 14, 1865.....	do
750	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	do	do
5,000	Capt. W. P. Levy.....	125 00	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$500	Joseph Drake.....	\$12 50	July 14, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
15,000	Columbus Delane.....	375 00	do	do
10,000	Jubal Tirball.....	250 00	July 15, 1865.....	do
4,000	H. S. Tirball.....	100 00	do	do
25,100	C. B. Blair.....	625 00	do	do
2,500	Pierpont Phillips.....	62 50	July 17, 1865.....	do
5,000	W. W. Aurilla.....	125 00	do	do
10,500	Frederick Aurilla.....	262 50	do	do
10,000	George Pomeroy.....	250 00	do	do
20,000	Victor Bursalow.....	500 00	do	do
59,000	E. Whitney, President.....	1, 75 00	do	do
4,000	J. R. Shields.....	100 00	do	do
3,000	Bank of Goshen.....	75 00	do	do
22,000	McKeen & Dunning.....	550 00	do	do
10,000	McKeen & Dunning.....	250 00	do	do
14,400	Starke County Bank.....	360 00	do	do
50,000	Parke County Bank.....	1,250 00	do	do
10,000	Mrs. Margaret Schans.....	250 00	July 18, 1865.....	do
2,242	James Trubin.....	36 00	do	do
50	D. H. Mahan.....	12 50	July 19, 1865.....	do
1,000	George Prince Osgood.....	25 00	July 20, 1865.....	do
4,500	Calvin P. Fletcher.....	112 50	do	do
50,500	Indiana Bank, Madison.....	1,262 50	July 21, 1865.....	do
500	Charles Crusks.....	12 50	do	Jan. 1, 1860.
500	do.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1860.
500	do.....	12 50	do	Jan. 1, 1861.
500	do.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1861.
500	do.....	12 50	do	Jan. 1, 1862.
500	do.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1862.
500	do.....	12 50	do	Jan. 1, 1863.
500	do.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1863.
500	do.....	12 50	do	Jan. 1, 1864.
500	James Robert.....	12 50	July 25, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
500	David Robert.....	12 50	do	do
1,000	Anna K. Nevins.....	25 00	July 26, 1865.....	do
2,000	Louisa E. Nevins.....	50 00	do	do
1,000	D. H. Nevins.....	25 00	do	do
1,000	Anna K. Nevins.....	25 00	do	Jan. 1, 1865.
2,000	Louisa E. Nevins.....	50 00	do	do
1,000	Anna K. Nevins.....	25 00	do	July 1, 1864.
2,000	Louisa E. Nevins.....	50 00	do	do
8,000	Bank Mount Vernon.....	200 00	do	July 1, 1865.
5,000	N. E. Noyes.....	125 00	July 28, 1865.....	do
5,000	Omar Tousey.....	125 00	July 29, 1865.....	do
34,000	Auditor of Ohio, in trust for.....	.....	August 2, 1865.....	do
	Merchant's Bank.....	850 00	do	do
750	W. C. Schemmerhorn.....	18 75	August 3, 1865.....	do
7,000	Bank of America.....	175 00	August 8, 1865.....	do
6,000	Jacob Otto.....	150 00	do	do
24,000	Jacob Otto, Trustee.....	600 00	do	do
7,000	Charles Franceville.....	175 00	August 10, 1865.....	do
3,000	C. Hendicker.....	75 00	do	do
49,000	Southern Bank of Indiana.....	1,225 00	August 14, 1865.....	do
6,000	Lockwood Grummond.....	125 00	August 16, 1865.....	do
750	Henry A. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	August 17, 1865.....	do
1,000	Bank of Salem.....	25 00	August 18, 1865.....	do
1,000	Wm. G. Stred.....	25 00	August 23, 1865.....	do
7,000	Francis Wessells.....	175 00	August 30, 1865.....	do
7,000	Francis Wessells.....	175 00	do	Jan. 1, 1865.
7,500	J. Reid & George Westfall.....	187 50	Sept. 4, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
1,000	Walter R. Jones.....	25 00	Sept. 7, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
1,000	do.....	25 00	do	Jan. 1, 1864.
1,000	do.....	25 00	do	July 1, 1864.
1,000	do.....	25 00	do	Jan. 1, 1865.
1,000	do.....	25 00	do	July 1, 1865.
11,000	George H. Coutsoit.....	275 00	Sept. 9, 1865.....	do
80,000	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	2,000 00	Sept. 26, 1865.....	Jan. 1, 1863.
80,000	do.....	2,000 00	do	July 1, 1863.
118,000	do.....	2,950 00	do	Jan. 1, 1864.
198,000	do.....	4,950 00	do	July 1, 1864.
418,483	do.....	10,462 08	do	Jan. 1, 1865.
519,483	do.....	12,987 08	do	July 1, 1865.
4,500	James Moon.....	112 50	Sept. 29, 1865.....	Jan. 1, 1865.

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$2,500	Robert Moon.....	\$62 50	September 29, 1865	January 1, 1865.
2,500	Richard Moon.....	62 50	do	do
4,500	James Moon.....	112 50	do	July 1, 1865.
2,500	Robert Moon.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	Richard Moon.....	62 50	do	do
1,000	Isabella Ryan.....	25 00	October 7, 1865...	do
5,000	Manning Leonard.....	125 00	October 13, 1865..	do
3,000	Albert Douglass.....	75 00	October 21, 1865..	do
500	Thomas E. Davis.....	12 50	October 24, 1865..	January 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	George Vanderhoff.....	12 50	do	do
500	Amos Willetts.....	12 50	do	do
21,000	Bank of Mount Vernon.....	525 00	October 30, 1865..	do
2,500	N. P. Willss.....	62 50	November 9, 1865	do
2,000	Canal Bank of Evansville.....	50 00	December 11, 1865	January 1, 1865.
2,000	do	50 00	do	July 1, 1865.
1,000	B. Murray, Cashier.....	25 00	December 15, 1865	January 1, 1865.
1,000	do	25 00	do	January 1, 1865.
1,000	do	25 00	do	July 1, 1865.
500	Wm. H. Hart.....	12 50	do	do
1,500	Leigh Churchill Smith.....	37 50	January 2, 1866	January 1, 1866.
2,500	D. H. Safe.....	62 50	do	do
5,500	James Silver.....	137 50	do	do
4,000	Dr. William Silver.....	100 00	do	do
12,000	R. L. Thomas.....	300 00	do	do
4,500	G. W. Show.....	112 50	do	do
1,500	Miss Mary E. Tradde.....	37 50	do	do
50,000	J. C. Whitman.....	1,250 00	do	do
9,000	Watkins & Co.....	225 00	do	do
6,500	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	162 50	do	do
8,000	S. P. Wilson & R. Anderson.....	200 00	do	do
2,500	Thomas Yates.....	62 50	do	do
5,000	William Duckworth.....	125 00	do	do
8,500	John C. Sexman.....	212 50	do	do
2,500	John K. Mills.....	62 50	do	do
1,000	M. Marshall.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	Maj. F. M. Martyn.....	75 00	do	do
4,000	G. W. Normyn.....	100 00	do	do
12,500	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	312 50	do	do
3,000	Wm. H. Ogden.....	75 00	do	do
12,500	R. Pulsford.....	312 50	do	do
11,500	J. H. Raomshaw.....	287 50	do	do
5,000	Henry C. Robinson.....	125 00	do	do
1,500	G. Robinson.....	37 50	do	do
500	Rev. T. R. Robinson.....	12 50	do	do
2,500	G. H. Skelton.....	62 50	do	do
1,000	John N. Foster.....	25 00	do	do
6,500	Ferguson, Abbott & Ferguson.....	162 50	do	do
2,000	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	50 00	do	do
5,000	J. Godman.....	125 00	do	do
1,000	J. Griswood.....	25 00	do	do
4,000	Edward Grubb.....	100 00	do	do
3,500	A. Howard	87 50	do	do
1,000	M. Harrison, Jr.....	25 00	do	do
2,500	James Hutchinson.....	61 50	do	do
14,000	H. T. Prinsip and others.....	350 00	do	do
5,500	Miriam J. Kirkpatrick.....	137 50	do	do
3,000	Thomas Sihon.....	75 00	do	do
4,500	F. C. Lukes.....	112 50	do	do
1,500	do and T. M. Saim.....	37 50	do	do
1,500	Robert Bevern.....	37 50	do	do
1,500	Miss Margaret Betts.....	37 50	do	do
5,500	George & James Bugnall, Ex.....	137 50	do	do
500	George Bugnall.....	12 50	do	do
500	James Bugnall.....	12 50	do	do
2,000	Joseph E. Brusch.....	50 00	do	do
2,500	Morgan C. Chase.....	62 50	do	do
2,000	Revs. Rich. and Wm. Cardwell.....	50 00	do	do
2,000	William Docker.....	50 00	do	do
13,500	Miss E. Dent.....	337 50	do	do
6,500	John Dillon.....	162 50	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$96,500 00	Thomas Dent.....	\$2,412 50	January 2, 1866..	January 1, 1866.
13,500 00	John R. Donaldson.....	387 50	do	do
19,000 00	James Evans.....	475 00	do	do
6,000 00	Thomas Potts.....	150 00	do	do
800 00	Stanley Rawlingson.....	20 00	do	do
6,500 00	Wm. E. Smith, Trustee.....	162 50	do	do
10,500 00	Robert Stone.....	262 50	do	do
30,500 00	T. Twining.....	7625 0	do	do
2,000 00	E. P. Vermiel.....	50 00	do	do
125,000 00	Wm. Louis Winans.....	3,125 00	do	do
2,500 00	Louisa Harrison.....	62 50	do	do
100,500 00	Hope & Co., Amsterdam.....	4,012 50	do	do
2,500 00	Margaret Hurt.....	62 50	do	do
2,500 00	Wm. A. Hankey.....	62 50	do	do
5,500 00	John Howard.....	137 50	do	do
2,500 00	Alfred Janson.....	62 50	do	do
2,500 00	William Janson.....	62 50	do	do
3,500 00	James G. King's sons.....	87 50	do	do
2,500 00	William Liddiard.....	62 50	do	do
2,000 00	J. C. Labouchere.....	50 00	do	do
3,500 00	William Marshall.....	87 50	do	do
2,500 00	Sarah E. Mendelsloh.....	62 50	do	do
2,500 00	H. W. Peckersgill.....	62 50	do	do
500 00	John Giles Pilcher.....	12 50	do	do
8,000 00	John Auldjo.....	200 00	do	do
3,000 00	Thomas R. Auldjo.....	225 00	do	do
2,500 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	do
3,000 00	G. H. Amazager.....	75 00	do	do
14,000 00	Admin. Office, Hope & Co.....	350 00	do	do
3,500 00	Baring Brothers & Co.....	87 50	do	do
15,000 00	Charles Bird.....	375 00	do	do
17,500 00	Philip R. Birard.....	437 50	do	do
1,000 00	Thomas C. Crawford.....	25 00	do	do
2,000 00	Mrs. Maria Denman.....	50 00	do	do
2,500 00	Sarah Dillwyer.....	62 50	do	do
45,000 00	F. S. B. Dykes and others.....	1,125 00	do	do
2,500 00	Mrs. Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	do
154,000 00	Inst. for Savings, Merchants' Clerks'.....	3,850 00	do	do
26,050 00	George Gordon Maxwell.....	621 25	do	do
5,000 00	Anna Maria Hannaford.....	125 00	do	do
4,000 00	Miss M. Jones.....	100 00	do	do
3,500 00	H. W. Kode.....	87 50	do	do
2,500 00	Wm. McKeith, and others.....	62 50	do	do
500 00	Salina R. P. Manwaring.....	12 50	do	do
4,625 00	S. G. Smith.....	115 63	do	do
25,500 00	J. A. Smith and others.....	637 50	do	do
1,000 00	Emma Smee.....	25 00	do	do
3,500 00	William Smee.....	87 50	do	do
10,000 00	W. Williams.....	250 00	do	do
1,000 00	George Wallis.....	25 00	do	do
5,500 00	H. Burgy & Co.....	137 50	do	do
4,500 00	Aurthur Auguste de la Rive.....	112 50	do	do
8,000 00	H. M. Chappelle.....	200 00	do	do
2,000 00	J. D. Chatony.....	50 00	do	do
2,500 00	De Rhum & Co., in trust.....	62 50	do	do
6,000 00	Charles Gautier.....	150 00	do	do
15,000 00	Ferdinand Goupier.....	37 50	do	do
15,000 00	Honorim Goupier.....	37 50	do	do
2,333 33	Margaret Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
2,333 33	Anna Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
3,000 00	Henry Lassan.....	75 00	do	do
3,500 00	Morris, Brevoort & Co.....	87 50	do	do
6,000 00	Madame J. M. Michili.....	150 00	do	do
4,500 00	Frederick J. J. Monod.....	112 50	do	do
6,000 00	A. Perrin.....	150 00	do	do
1,500 00	James M. Pringer.....	37 50	do	do
2,000 00	A. H. Troughim.....	50 00	do	do
3,000 00	Oliver M. North.....	75 00	do	do
139,827 33	N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	3,270 68	do	do
146,500 00	M. A. Rothschilds & Sons.....	3,662 50	do	do
11,600 00	Madame M. A. Delamarre.....	275 00	do	do
5,000 00	Auguste Belmont.....	125 00	do	do
6,000 00	Miss A. Willinks & E. Ludlow.....	150 00	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$21,000	John B. Eller.....	\$525 00	January 2, 1866..	January 1, 1866.
7,000	N. D. Alfaro.....	175 00	do	do
10,000	David Stemming.....	250 00	do	do
240,000	Brooklyn Savings Bank.....	6,000 00	do	do
18,000	John Blunt.....	450 00	do	do
21,100	Hosea Webster.....	527 50	do	do
550	Fanny W. Ladd.....	13 75	do	do
1,000	Abner Berlin.....	25 00	do	do
8,000	Adolph Butini.....	200 00	do	do
2,000	Jacques Clapperode.....	50 00	do	do
2,000	Henry N. Ganntier.....	50 00	do	do
5,000	Theodore Rivier.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	Madame L. L. Thiard.....	125 00	do	do
20,500	Rappad de Sterrari.....	662 50	do	do
600	B. de Bordes & Jordan.....	12 50	do	do
13,500	Augustus Jordemus.....	337 50	do	do
1,500	W. Schall & Co.....	37 50	do	do
12,000	Victor & Achidis.....	300 00	do	do
37,500	Bank for Savings.....	937 50	do	do
9,000	John H. Engelberts.....	225 00	do	do
2,000	G. H. Gourlie.....	50 00	do	do
14,000	George & John Laurie.....	350 00	do	do
16,000	Gerard, Gould and others.....	400 00	do	do
18,000	do	450 00	do	do
10,000	Edward Blackburn.....	250 00	do	do
50,000	Charles P. Lenrich.....	1,250 00	do	do
16,950	James H. Banker.....	423 75	do	do
3,000	John Lindsley.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	J. M. Dilts.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	D. Freelinghuyson.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	Mary Vandavere.....	25 00	do	do
51,175	Wm. B. Astor.....	1,279 37	do	do
13,325	Robert Milson.....	333 12	do	do
10,000	C. O. Halstead.....	250 00	do	do
1,000	John & Edward Ferguson.....	25 00	do	do
6,500	do	162 50	do	do
8,000	John Ferguson.....	200 00	do	do
22,000	A. B. Burbank.....	550 00	do	do
1,000	Caroline E. Harris.....	25 00	do	do
10,000	A. O. Brodie.....	250 00	do	do
1,000	Wm. Mooney.....	25 00	do	do
200	P. Harmony's Nephews.....	5 00	do	do
45,700	S. S. Swartz.....	1,167 50	do	do
10,000	do in trust.....	250 00	do	do
5,000	do	125 00	do	do
10,000	Don Santiago Zanzunsier.....	262 50	do	do
24,000	Dominigo & Sterling.....	600 00	do	do
6,000	De Francier.....	150 00	do	do
10,000	Stinner Lungton.....	250 00	do	do
4,500	James Moon.....	112 50	do	do
2,500	Richard Moon.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	Robert Moon.....	62 50	do	do
500	Brown Brothers & Co.....	12 50	do	do
10,000	C. O. Halstead.....	250 00	do	do
2,500	Mark W. Collett.....	62 50	do	do
20,000	Ross Winans.....	500 00	do	do
50,000	Thomas Winans.....	1,250 00	do	do
5,000	Hardman Earle.....	125 00	do	do
1,600	Wm. Kellogg.....	40 00	do	do
7,000	George C. Northrup.....	175 00	do	do
6,000	James H. Clarke.....	150 00	do	do
1,000	R. S. Todd.....	25 00	do	do
2,500	Wm. & Wm. H. Gilliatt.....	62 50	do	do
5,000	John K. Gilliatt & Co.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	Robert Saunders.....	125 00	do	do
45,000	E. E. Powers.....	1,125 00	do	do
4,000	Lewis Switzer.....	100 00	do	do
4,500	Keokuk Branch, Iowa.....	112 50	do	do
4,400	Wm. Phillips.....	110 00	do	do
10,000	Jubal Terbull.....	250 00	do	do
4,000	Henry S. Terbull.....	100 00	do	do
14,750	Alfred Morrison.....	368 75	do	do
27,750	do Trustee.....	693 75	do	do

July 1, 1865.
January 1, 1866.

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stocks, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$6,000 00	Henry Willis.....	\$150 00	January 3, 1865 ..	January 1, 1866.
5,000 00	Mary L. Todd.....	125 00	do	do
20,000 00	Victor Bursalow.....	500 00	do	do
12,000 00	P. C. Calhoun.....	300 00	do	do
12,500 00	Dr. Lyman & E. Powers, Trustees...	312 50	do	do
75,000 00	Regents Smithsonian Institute.....	1,875 00	do	do
9,500 00	Frank Taylor.....	237 50	do	do
10,008 34	E. G. Burkam.....	250 21	do	do
13,000 00	Prairie City Bank.....	375 00	do	do
1,500 00	Samuel Pollys.....	37 50	do	do
446,672 67	H. C. Newcomb, President.....	11,166 82	do	do
3,000 00	Bank of Goshen.....	75 00	do	do
18,500 00	Salem Bank, of Goshen.....	462 50	do	do
53,000 00	Indiana Farmer's Bank.....	1,325 00	do	do
2,000 00	James R. Seymour.....	50 00	do	do
6,000 00	Eliza Y. Richards.....	150 00	do	do
5,000 00	Lockwood Grummond.....	125 00	do	do
51,100 00	William Whitewright, Jr.....	1,277 50	do	do
7,000 00	Charles Franceville.....	175 00	do	do
1,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	25 00	do	do
4,500 00	William Whitewright.....	112 50	do	do
3,000 00	Escher & Co., in trust.....	75 00	do	do
20,000 00	George J. Martinitz.....	500 00	do	do
3,000 00	Silas W. Jones.....	75 00	do	do
40,000 00	F. A. Brooks, Trustee.....	1,000 00	do	do
3,500 00	Albany Savings Bank.....	87 50	do	do
5,000 00	H. & F. W. Mayer.....	125 00	do	do
4,000 00	Matthew Nassar.....	100 00	do	do
4,000 00	Lucy M. Green.....	100 00	do	do
24,000 00	Pickaway County Bank.....	600 00	do	do
6,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	150 00	do	do
3,000 00	Wm. G. Sackett.....	75 00	do	do
5,000 00	Susan J. Pitcher.....	125 00	do	do
4,000 00	J. R. Shields, Agent.....	100 00	do	do
3,000 00	Rebecca Henriques.....	75 00	do	do
4,000 00	Dahlman & Co.....	100 00	do	do
14,000 00	James S. Swan.....	350 00	do	do
17,000 00	John Jochnis.....	425 00	do	do
22,500 00	James Winslow, Ex.....	562 50	do	do
500 00	Maury Brothers, in trust.....	12 50	do	do
5,000 00	Maury Brothers.....	125 00	do	do
4,000 00	M. Hirschfeld.....	100 00	do	do
1,000 00	Dr. G. Vondenbusch.....	25 00	do	do
1,000 00	Charles A. Mings & Son.....	25 00	do	do
10,000 00	Samuel Bruhl.....	250 00	do	do
18,000 00	Bank of Elkhart.....	450 00	do	do
6,000 00	E. Whitney.....	150 00	do	do
5,000 00	Capt. U. P. Levy.....	125 00	January 4, 1865...	do
5,000 00	H. Leger.....	125 00	do	do
3,000 00	John A. Smith, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
3,000 00	Hamilton Blydenburgh.....	75 00	do	do
10,000 00	Etrimm S. Aurnold.....	250 00	do	do
1,000 00	A. A. Drolveraux.....	25 00	do	do
1,500 00	A. L. Andwin.....	37 50	do	do
10,000 00	B. M. Corthsurgt.....	250 00	do	do
1,000 00	Mrs. N. R. Trebrinnean.....	25 00	do	do
2,000 00	Madame B. C. Warbeck.....	50 00	do	do
6,500 00	Edward L. Starling.....	162 50	do	do
5,000 00	W. W. Anrilla.....	125 00	do	do
2,500 00	Pierpont Phillips.....	62 50	do	do
15,000 00	Benjamin Hart.....	375 00	do	do
6,000 00	John DeRuyter.....	150 00	do	do
10,000 00	George Pomeroy.....	250 00	do	do
3,500 00	J. S. Baker.....	87 50	do	do
5,000 00	Madame M. C. Rumini.....	125 00	do	do
2,500 00	H. A. Rusch, in trust.....	62 50	do	do
2,500 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	July 1, 1862.
2,500 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	January 1, 1862.
7,500 00	John Reid and George Westfall.....	187 50	do	January 1, 1866.
4,500 00	Joseph R. Snyder.....	112 50	do	do
3,000 00	John Chappelsmith.....	75 00	do	do
19,000 00	James Carter.....	475 00	do	do
3,000 00	Betsey A. Hart.....	75 00	January 5, 1865...	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$11,000	George H. Contoit.....	\$275 00	January 5, 1866..	January 1, 1866.
14,400	Stark County Bank.....	360 00	do	do
50,000	Perry County Bank.....	1,250 00	do	do
5,000	Charles Andreal.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	Edward Delafield.....	125 00	do	do
750	Wm. C. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	do	do
62,000	McKeen & Duning.....	1,550 00	January 6, 1866..	do
5,000	Manning & Leonard.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	Augustus Story.....	125 00	do	do
6,500	John Edwards, Ex.....	162 50	do	do
20,000	John Snaden.....	500 00	do	do
11,000	E. S. Van Winkle & E. Woods.....	275 00	do	do
1,000	Wm. A. Sandford.....	25 00	do	do
3,000	Henry Gardner, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
17,000	Frederick S. Holford.....	425 00	do	do
7,000	D. C. Hays.....	175 00	January 8, 1866..	do
15,000	Columbus Delano.....	375 00	do	do
2,000	George Hadden.....	50 00	do	do
500	Daniel Roberts.....	12 50	do	do
500	Jane Roberts.....	12 50	do	do
2,000	Mrs. Elizabeth Bowers..	50 00	do	do
34,000	Merchants Bank, Massillon.....	850 00	do	do
3,000	Charles Blunt.....	75 00	January 9, 1866..	do
10,000	Henry Winkley.....	250 00	do	do
500	Bryant Burwell.....	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
10,500	Frederick Arzille.....	262 50	do	do
74,700	East River Savings Inst.....	1,867 50	do	do
10,000	Mrs. Margaret Schaa.....	250 00	do	do
13,000	Rebecca B. Tunis.....	325 00	do	do
15,500	Nehemiah Tunis, in trust.....	387 50	do	do
5,500	Nehemiah Tunis.....	137 50	do	do
3,000	John E. Tunis.....	75 00	do	do
3,000	do Guardian.....	75 00	do	do
2,000	do	50 00	do	do
100	Eliza W. Rice.....	250 00	do	January 1, 1865.
100	do	250 00	do	July 1, 1865.
100	do	250 00	do	January 1, 1866.
70,600	Thomas Hanna.....	1,765 00	do	do
500	William Lawrence.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
500	John Dow.....	12 50	January 12, 1866.	do
15,100	H. W. Wade.....	377 50	do	do
2,000	Wm. Stemple.....	50 00	do	do
4,000	Ward & Co., in trust.....	100 00	do	do
1,000	Nathaniel Wright.....	25 00	do	do
500	William Moore.....	12 50	do	do
3,000	William Hunter.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	Mrs. Maria Ackerman.....	25 00	do	do
5,500	Warren Ackerman.....	137 50	do	do
2,000	Lewis A. Godey.....	50 00	do	January 1, 1865.
2,000	do	50 00	do	July 1, 1865.
2,000	do	50 00	do	January 1, 1865.
10,000	C. W. Verwick.....	250 00	January 15, 1866.	do
76,000	J. H. Williams, President.....	1,900 00	do	do
26,050	Edward Smith Geydon.....	651 25	do	do
8,000	Bank of Mount Vernon.....	200 00	do	do
1,000	Charles J. Bulles.....	25 00	do	do
500	Mary J. Read.....	12 50	January 16, 1866.	July 1, 1861.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1862.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1862.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
500	J. M. Booker.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1862.

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID	WHEN DUE.
\$500	J. M. Booker.....	\$12 50	January 16, 1866.	January 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
3,000	Decatur H. Miller, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
500	do	12 50	do	do
6,000	John Robertson.....	150 00	do	July 1, 1865.
6,000	do	150 00	do	January 1, 1866.
8,000	George Chambers.....	200 00	January 17, 1866.	do
26,050	John Robins.....	662 50	do	do
500	Joseph Drake.....	12 50	do	do
500	Louisa Frisbie.....	12 50	do	do
1,800	E. B. Day, Guardian.....	45 00	do	do
6,100	do	152 50	do	do
4,000	Polly Bull.....	100 00	January 18, 1866.	do
4,000	Edward C. Bull.....	100 00	do	do
4,000	Emily B. Sandford.....	100 00	do	do
1,450	B. M. Mackepeace.....	36 25	do	July 1, 1865.
3,000	Albert Douglass.....	75 00	January 19, 1866.	January 1, 1866.
750	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	do	do
6,000	Jacob A. Otto.....	150 00	do	do
24,000	do Trustee	600 00	do	do
1,000	Rev. E. F. Burr.....	25 00	January 20, 1865	do
3,000	C. Heydecker.....	75 00	January 24, 1864.	do
3,000	Joseph R. Swan & W. Andrews.....	75 00	January 25, 1865.	July 1, 1864.
3,000	do	75 00	do	January 1, 1865.
3,000	do	75 00	do	July 1, 1865.
3,000	do	75 00	do	January 1, 1866.
1,000	W. G. Street.....	25 00	January 26, 1866.	do
1,000	Arabella Ryan.....	25 00	do	do
750	Henry A. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	January 27, 1866.	do
4,500	C. P. Fuller.....	112 50	January 30, 1866.	do
5,000	Justus Stocking.....	125 00	February 1, 1866.	do
500	D. H. Mehan.....	12 50	February, 2, 1866.	do
7,000	Wessell Wessells.....	175 00	February 5, 1866.	do
1,000	D. H. Nevins.....	25 00	February 15, 1866	do
1,000	Anna K. Nevins.....	25 00	do	do
2,000	Louisa E. Nevins.....	50 00	do	do
25,000	C. B. Blair.....	625 00	February 19, 1866	do
500	J. S. Burry & Co.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
500	Miss Hester Giles.....	12 50	February 21, 1866	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
1,500	E. Farington.....	37 50	do	July 1, 1865.
1,500	do	37 50	do	January 1, 1866.
3,500	Miss Selina Hendricks.....	87 50	do	do
3,500	do	87 50	do	do
4,800	Lyman Allen.....	120 00	March 1, 1866.....	do
2,000	M. M. J. Pron.....	50 00	March 8, 1866.....	do
500	Huntington County Bank.....	12 50	March 24, 1866....	January 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1863.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1864.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	July 1, 1865.
500	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
950	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	23 75	April 17, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
950	do	23 75	do	January 1, 1866.
2,500	N. P. Wells.....	62 50	April 18 1866.....	do
2,242	James Trabue.....	56 06	May 1, 1866.....	do
500	Amos Willetts.....	12 50	May 2, 1865.....	do
5,000	N. E. Myers.....	125 00	May 4, 1865.....	do
1,000	Walter R. Jones.....	25 00	May 10, 1865.....	do
1,000	Wyman Byrd & Co.....	25 00	May 12, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
1,000	do	25 00	do	January 1, 1866.
53,000	Indiana Farmers Bank.....	1,325 00	July 2, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
11,000	John Black Cowan.....	275 00	do	July 1, 1865.
11,000	do	275 00	do	January 1, 1866.

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$11,000 00	John Black Cowan.....	\$275 00	July 2, 1866.....	January 1, 1866.
2,500 00	John Heelas.....	62 50	do	July 1, 1866.
2,500 00	do	62 50	do	do
10,000 00	Samuel Bruhl.....	250 00	do	do
10,008 34	E. G. Burkam.....	250 21	do	do
37,500 00	Bank for Savings.....	937 50	do	do
3,000 00	Rebecca Henriques.....	75 00	do	do
1,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	25 00	do	do
70,600 00	Thomas Hanna.....	1,775 00	do	do
14,400 00	Stark County Bank.....	360 00	do	do
1,000 00	S. A. Drolinveaux.....	25 00	do	do
10,000 00	J. B. Cartlesgent.....	250 00	do	do
10,000 00	E. L. Aurnold.....	250 00	do	do
1,500 00	A. L. Audivin.....	37 50	do	do
1,000 00	Mrs. R. Niberneaux.....	25 00	do	do
2,500 00	Wm. A. Gilliatt & Co.....	62 50	do	do
5,000 00	John K. Gilliatt & Co.....	125 00	do	do
5,000 00	Robert Saunders.....	125 00	do	do
14,000 00	Joseph K. Swan.....	350 00	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Church.....	125 00	do	do
10,000 00	George Pomeroy.....	250 00	do	do
10,000 00	Skinner Langton.....	250 00	do	do
4,500 00	James Moon.....	112 50	do	do
2,500 00	Richard Moon.....	62 50	do	do
12,500 00	Lyman E. Parsons.....	312 50	do	do
2,000 00	John H. Gourlie.....	50 00	do	do
12,000 00	P. C. Calhoun.....	300 00	do	do
20,000 00	S. J. Martinetz.....	500 00	do	do
5,000 00	August Belmont.....	125 00	do	do
11,000 00	Mad. M. A. Delamare.....	275 00	do	do
124,827 33	N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	3,120 08	do	do
146,500 00	M. A. Rothschilds & Sons.....	3,662 50	do	do
6,000 00	Charles Hugh Lindsey.....	150 00	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Winkley.....	250 00	do	do
22,000 00	A. B. Burbank.....	550 00	do	do
17,000 00	John Jochmus.....	425 00	do	do
18,000 00	John Blunt.....	450 00	do	do
5,000 00	Mary L. Todd.....	125 00	do	do
3,000 00	Betsey A. Hart.....	75 00	do	do
65,000 00	Merch. and Traders' Savings Inst.	812 50	do	do
3,000 00	John Lindsley.....	75 00	do	do
1,000 00	J. N. Deits.....	25 00	do	do
3,000 00	D. Freehlinghuysen.....	75 00	do	do
1,000 00	Mary Vandavore.....	25 00	do	do
46,700 00	L. S. Swartz.....	1,167 50	do	do
10,000 00	do in trust.....	250 00	do	do
5,000 00	do	125 00	do	do
10,500 00	Don Santiago Zunzuavar.....	262 50	do	do
24,000 00	Dominigo de Sterling.....	600 00	do	do
6,000 00	De Francia.....	150 00	do	do
200 00	Harmemys Inpeers & Co.....	5 00	do	do
3,000 00	Escher & Co., in trust.....	75 00	do	do
9,000 00	John H. Engelberts.....	225 00	do	do
6,000 00	James H. Clark.....	150 00	do	do
1,000 00	Wm. Mooney.....	25 00	do	do
6,000 00	Elizabeth W. Richards.....	150 00	do	do
51,175 00	Wm. B. Astor.....	1,279 37	do	do
4,463 87	Robert Nelson.....	55 80	do	do
14,000 00	George & John Lowrie.....	350 00	do	do
1,500 00	W. Schull & Co.....	37 50	do	do
75,000 00	Regents Smithsonian Institute.....	1,875 00	do	do
9,500 00	Frank Taylor.....	237 50	do	do
1,000 00	Abner Bertini.....	25 00	do	do
8,000 00	A. B. Bertini.....	200 00	do	do
2,000 00	Jacques Clapperade.....	50 00	do	do
5,000 00	Thomas Rivier.....	125 00	do	do
5,000 00	Madame L. Thiard.....	125 00	do	do
2,000 00	Horner V. Gauntier.....	50 00	do	do
6,000 00	A. Perrin.....	150 00	do	do
1,500 00	J. M. Peiye.....	37 50	do	do
2,000 00	A. H. Troughim.....	50 00	do	do
4,500 00	Aurthur Auguste.....	112 50	do	do
8,000 00	H. M. Chappelle.....	200 05	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$2,000 00	J. D. Chattonny.....	\$50 00	July 2, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
2,500 00	De Rham & Co., in trust.....	62 50	do	do
1,500 00	Ferdinand Gopiel.....	37 50	do	do
1,500 00	Honoram Gopiel.....	37 50	do	do
2,333 33	M. Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
2,333 33	Anna Hagerman.....	58 33	do	do
6,000 00	Charles Gauntier.....	150 00	do	do
3,000 00	Henry Lassin.....	75 00	do	do
3,500 00	Morris, Provost & Co.....	87 50	do	do
6,000 00	Madame J. M. Mecheli.....	150 00	do	do
4,500 00	Rev. J. J. Monod.....	112 50	do	do
7,000 00	N. D. Alfaro.....	175 00	do	do
21,000 00	John B. Elier.....	525 00	do	do
10,000 00	David Fleming.....	250 00	do	do
6,000 00	C. A. Willinks & E. Ludlow.....	150 00	do	do
3,500 00	H. Benny & Co.....	137 50	do	do
2,500 00	G. H. Skelton.....	62 50	do	do
1,500 00	Leigh Churchill Smythe.....	37 50	do	do
2,500 00	D. H. Safe.....	62 50	do	do
5,500 00	James Silver.....	137 50	do	do
4,000 00	William Silver.....	100 00	do	do
12,000 00	Geo. N. Shore.....	300 00	do	do
4,500 00	H. L. Thomas.....	112 50	do	do
1,500 00	Miss Mary Traddle.....	37 50	do	do
50,000 00	J. C. Whitman.....	1,250 00	do	do
9,000 00	Wilkins & Co.....	225 00	do	do
6,500 00	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	162 50	do	do
8,000 00	L. P. Wilson & R. Anderson.....	200 00	do	do
2,500 00	Thomas Yates.....	62 50	do	do
2,000 00	Wm. Decker.....	50 00	do	do
1,000 00	John N. Foster.....	25 00	do	do
6,500 00	Ferguson, Abbott & Ferguson.....	162 50	do	do
2,000 00	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	50 00	do	do
5,000 00	J. Godman.....	125 00	do	do
1,000 00	J. Greenwood.....	25 00	do	do
4,000 00	Edward Grubb.....	100 00	do	do
3,500 00	Adderly Howard.....	87 50	do	do
1,000 00	M. Harrison.....	25 00	do	do
2,500 00	James Hutchinson.....	62 50	do	do
5,500 00	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	137 50	do	do
3,000 00	James Lihon.....	75 00	do	do
4,500 00	F. C. Lukes.....	112 50	do	do
1,500 00	F. C. Lukes and T. M. Laine.....	37 50	do	do
8,500 00	J. C. Luxman.....	212 50	do	do
2,500 00	John R. Mills.....	62 50	do	do
1,000 00	M. Marshall.....	25 00	do	do
3,000 00	Maj. F. M. Martyn.....	75 00	do	do
4,000 00	G. W. Normyn.....	100 00	do	do
12,500 00	Overend, Gherney & Co.....	312 50	do	do
3,000 00	Wm. H. Oden.....	75 00	do	do
12,500 00	A. Pulsford.....	312 50	do	do
4,000 00	H. T. Prinsop and others.....	100 00	do	do
11,500 00	J. H. Ravenshaw.....	287 50	do	do
1,500 00	G. Robinson.....	37 50	do	do
500 00	Rev. Thomas Robinson.....	12 50	do	do
5,000 00	H. C. Robinson.....	125 00	do	do
1,500 00	Robert C. Beran.....	37 50	do	do
1,500 00	Mrs. Margaret Betts.....	37 50	do	do
5,500 00	George & James Bagnall.....	137 50	do	do
500 00	George Bagnall.....	12 50	do	do
500 00	James Bagnall.....	12 50	do	do
2,000 00	J. R. Brush.....	50 00	do	do
2,500 00	M. C. Chase.....	62 50	do	do
2,000 00	Revs. Rich. & Wm. Cardwell.....	50 00	do	do
13,500 00	Miss E. Dent.....	337 50	do	do
6,500 00	John Dillon.....	162 50	do	do
93,500 00	Thomas Dent.....	2,412 50	do	do
15,500 00	John R. Donaldson.....	387 50	do	do
5,000 00	Wm. Duckworth.....	125 00	do	do
19,000 00	Jane Evans.....	475 00	do	do
6,000 00	Thomas Botts.....	150 00	do	do
800 00	Stanly Revolvingson.....	40 00	do	do
6,500 00	Wm. E. Smith, Treas.....	162 50	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$10,500	Robert Stem.....	\$262 50	July 2, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
30,500	Thomas Twining	762 50	do	do
2,000	Philip E. Verniel.....	50 00	do	do
125,000	Wm. Sims Winans.....	3,125 00	do	do
154,000	Institution for Savings			
	Merchants' Clerks.....	3,850 00	do	do
160,500	Nope & Co., Amsterdam.....	4,012 50	do	do
2,500	Margaret Hart	62 50	do	do
2,500	W. A. Hankey.....	62 50	do	do
5,500	James Howell.....	137 50	do	do
2,500	Alfred Janson.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. Janson.....	62 50	do	do
3,500	James G. King's Sons.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	William Liddiard.....	62 50	do	do
2,000	J. C. Labouchure.....	50 00	do	do
3,500	Wm. Marshall.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	Sarah E. Mandelsloh.....	62 50	do	do
2,500	H. W. Pickersgill.....	62 50	do	do
500	John G. Pilcher.....	12 50	do	do
8,000	John Auldjo.....	200 00	do	do
9,000	Thomas R. Auldjo.....	225 00	do	do
2,500	Elizabeth Allen.....	62 50	do	do
3 000	G. H. Arnazaga.....	75 00	do	do
14,000	Admin. Office Hope & Co.....	350 00	do	do
3,500	Baring Brothers & Co.....	87 50	do	do
15,000	Charles Bird.....	375 00	do	do
17,500	Philip R. Bernard.....	437 50	do	do
1,000	Thomas C. Crawford.....	25 00	do	do
2,000	Miss Maria Duncan.....	50 00	do	do
2,500	Sarah Dillwyn	62 50	do	do
36,000	F. L. B. Dykes and others.....	900 00	do	do
26,050	Ed. Smith Gordon.....	631 25	do	do
2,500	Smiser Harrison.....	62 50	do	do
26,050	George Maxwell Gordon.....	651 25	do	do
26,500	Raphael de Ferrari.....	662 50	do	do
5,000	Anna Maria Hemmersford.....	125 00	do	do
4,000	Miss M. Jones.....	100 00	do	do
3,500	H. W. Kolle.....	87 50	do	do
2,500	Wm. McKeith & others	62 50	do	do
500	Selina R. P. Manwarring.....	12 50	do	do
4,625	S. G. Smith.....	115 63	do	do
1,000	Emma Smer.....	25 00	do	do
3,500	Wm. Smer.....	87 50	do	do
10,000	Wm. Williams.....	250 00	do	do
1,000	George Wallis.....	25 00	do	do
25,500	J. A. Smith & Co.....	637 50	do	do
240,000	Brooklyn Savings Bank.....	6000 00	do	do
21,100	Hosea Webster.....	527 50	do	do
7,000	George C. Northup, in trust.....	175 00	July 3, 1866.....	do
27,750	Charles Morrison.....	693 75	do	do
14,750	Alfred Morrison.....	368 75	do	do
10,000	C. W. Verwick.....	250 00	do	do
2,000	Mrs. E. H. Bowers.....	50 00	do	do
24,000	Pickaway County Bank.....	600 00	do	do
6,000	Henry Willis.....	150 00	do	do
4,400	Wm. Phillips.....	110 00	do	do
10,000	Edward Blackburn.....	250 00	do	do
16,000	Gerard, Gould and others	400 00	do	do
18,000	do in trust.....	450 00	do	do
6,000	Jacob A. Otto.....	150 00	do	do
24,000	do Trustee.....	600 00	do	do
10,000	A. O. Brodie	250 00	do	do
3,000	S. W. Jones.....	75 00	do	do
6,000	John Robertson.....	150 00	do	do
1,000	Wayman, Byrd & Co.....	25 00	do	do
6,100	Edgar B. Day, Trustee.....	152 50	do	do
1,800	do Guardian.....	45 00	do	do
20,000	Victor Bursalow.....	500 00	do	do
50,000	C. P. Tunich.....	1,250 00	do	do
16,950	James H. Banker.....	423 75	do	do
5,000	Justus Stocking.....	125 00	do	do
10,000	R. S. Lord.....	250 00	do	January 1, 1866.
10,000	do	250 00	do	July 1, 1866.

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$3,000	N. G. Luckett.....	\$75 00	July 5, 1866.....	July 1 1866.....
5,000	Susan J. Pitcher.....	125 00	do	do
4,000	J. R. Shields.....	100 00	do	do
6,000	Bank of Corydon.....	150 00	do	do
3,000	J. A. Smith, Treasurer.....	75 00	do	do
1,000	Rev. E. F. Burr.....	25 00	do	do
3,500	J. L. Baker.....	87 50	do	do
3,500	Selina Hendricks.....	87 50	do	do
4,000	C. F. Dumbman & Co.....	100 00	do	do
77,000	J. H. Williams, President.....	1,925 00	do	do
10,500	Frederick Arville.....	262 50	do	do
1,000	Caroline E. Harris.....	25 00	do	do
4,500	Joseph R. Syder.....	112 50	do	do
31,100	Wm. Whitwright, Jr.....	777 50	do	do
15,500	Wm. Lamb, Guardian.....	387 50	do	do
1,600	Wm. Kellogg.....	40 00	do	do
3,000	John Chappelsmith.....	75 00	July 6, 1866.....	do
4,500	Keokuk Bank, Iowa.....	112 50	do	do
5,000	H. Seger.....	125 00	do	do
45,000	E. Powers.....	1,125 00	do	do
1,000	R. T. Todd.....	25 00	do	do
6,000	John de Ruytor, Ex.....	150 00	do	do
5,400	Charles Andreall.....	125 00	do	do
3,000	Henry Gardner.....	75 00	do	do
2,000	Jane R. Seymour.....	50 00	do	do
500	Amos Willitt.....	12 50	do	do
5,000	Edward Delafield.....	125 00	do	do
5,000	Mowry Brothers.....	125 00	do	do
500	do in trust.....	12 50	do	do
6,500	E. Starling, jr.....	162 50	do	do
13,325	Robert Matson.....	333 12	July 2, 1866.....	do
2,500	Pierpont Phillips.....	62 50	July 6, 1866.....	do
5,000	Warren Averille.....	125 00	do	do
3,000	Oliver M. North.....	75 00	July 7, 1866.....	do
40,000	F. A. Brooks, Trustee.....	1,000 00	do	do
500	Brown Brothers & Co.....	12 50	do	do
2,500	R. M. Collett, Trustee.....	62 50	do	do
5,000	Hardman Earle.....	125 00	do	do
50,000	Thomas Winans.....	1,250 00	do	do
20,000	Ross Winans.....	500 00	do	do
86,334	Cambridge City Bank.....	1,079 01	do	do
4,000	Holyoke Mutual Insurance Company.....	100 00	do	do
1,000	Augustus Stone.....	25 00	do	do
17,000	Frederick S. Holford.....	425 00	do	do
1,000	Arabella Ryan.....	25 00	do	do
1,000	J. E. Ferguson.....	25 50	do	do
6,500	John Ferguson.....	162 60	do	do
8,000	J. & E. Ferguson.....	200 00	do	do
19,000	James Hartor.....	475 00	do	do
500	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	12 50	do	do
15,000	Prairie City Bank.....	375 00	do	do
74,700	East River Saving Institution.....	1,867 50	July 9, 1866.....	do
1,000	Charlotte I. Bullus.....	25 00	do	do
500	James M. Booker.....	12 50	do	do
3,000	Decatur H. Miller, Trustee.....	75 00	do	do
500	do.....	12 50	do	do
500	Mary J. Read.....	12 50	do	do
3,000	Victor & Achelis.....	75 00	do	do
5,000	H. & F. Meyer.....	125 00	do	do
3,000	Wm. Hunter.....	75 00	do	do
8,000	D. C. Hays.....	200 00	do	do
4,000	Lucy M. Green.....	100 00	do	do
500	James M. Drake.....	12 50	do	do
15,100	H. W. T. Made & Co.....	377 50	do	do
500	Adaline de Lavalette.....	12 50	do	January 1, 1866.
500	Samuel Wells.....	12 50	do	do
500	do.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1866.
500	Adaline de Lavalette.....	12 50	do	do
7,000	Wessell, Wessells.....	175 00	July 10, 1866.....	do
4,000	Matthew Vassar.....	100 00	do	do
13,000	Rebecca B. Temis.....	325 00	do	do
5,000	Nehemiah Temis.....	125 00	do	do
5,500	do in trust.....	137 50	do	do

*AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Five per cent.
State Stock from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.*

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$9,000	Lynn Starling Sullivant.....	\$75 00	July 10, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
500	John Dow.....	12 50	July 11, 1866.....	do
10,000	Mrs. Margaret Schaus.....	250 00	do	do
500	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	12 50	do	do
4,500	William Whitwright.....	112 50	do	do
4,000	Polly Bull.....	100 00	do	do
4,000	E. C. Bull.....	100 00	do	do
4,000	Emily B. Sandford.....	100 00	do	do
10,000	H. S. Terbull.....	250 00	do	do
4,000	H. S. Terbull.....	100 00	do	do
1,000	William Sandford.....	25 00	do	do
2,000	Madame B. C. Thornbeck.....	50 00	do	do
500	Thomas E. Davis.....	12 50	do	do
750	Wm. C. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	July 12, 1866.....	do
3,500	Albany Savings Bank.....	87 50	July 13, 1866.....	do
2,500	F. & A. Rusch.....	62 50	do	do
2,000	M. M. J. A. Prow.....	50 00	do	do
11,000	W. Winkler & E. S. Wood.....	275 00	July 14, 1866.....	do
2,000	Charles E. Blunt.....	75 00	do	do
7,000	Charles Francoville.....	175 00	July 16, 1866.....	do
5,000	Madame M. C. Rumini.....	125 00	do	do
500	D. H. Mahan.....	12 50	July 18, 1866.....	do
6,500	J. J. Edwards, in trust.....	162 50	do	do
500	Daniel Roberts.....	12 50	do	do
500	James Roberts.....	12 50	do	do
1,000	W. G. Street.....	25 00	July 19, 1866.....	do
25,000	C. B. Blair.....	625 00	do	do
5,000	N. E. Noyes.....	125 00	do	do
8,000	George Chambers.....	200 00	do	do
5,000	Manning Leonard.....	125 00	July 20, 1866.....	do
11,000	George H. Contoit.....	275 00	July 23, 1866.....	do
1,000	Nathaniel Wright.....	25 00	do	do
7,000	Bank of America.....	175 00	do	January 1, 1866.
7,000	Bank of America.....	175 00	do	July 1, 1866.
5,000	Lockwood Grummond.....	125 00	July 24, 1866.....	do
26,500	John Robins.....	662 50	do	do
7,500	John Reid & George Westfall.....	187 50	do	do
4,000	Lewis Switzer.....	100 00	July 26, 1866.....	do
10,000	John Halstead.....	250 00	July 27, 1866.....	do
34,000	Merchants' Bank, Massillon.....	850 00	August 2, 1866.....	do
100	Eliza W. Rice.....	2 50	August 3, 1866.....	do
3,000	E. Heydecker.....	75 00	August 4, 1866.....	do
2,000	F. Keyes.....	25 00	do	do
10,000	Henry Oliver Hunt.....	250 00	August 13, 1866...	do
15,000	Benjamin Hart.....	375 00	August 14, 1866...	do
500	Buys de Bordes & Jordan.....	12 50	August 20, 1866...	do
13,500	Augustus Jachmus.....	337 50	do	do
4,000	H. Herschfield.....	100 00	do	do
1,000	G. DeVondenbasch.....	25 00	do	do
20,000	John Sneedden.....	500 00	do	do
2,500	N. P. Wells.....	62 50	August 28, 1866...	do
201,683	W. H. Talbott, President.....	5,042 07	August 30, 1866...	do
4,800	Lyman, Allen.....	120 00	Sept. 1, 1866.....	do
500	Miss Hester Giles.....	12 50	Sept. 4, 1866.....	do
500	William Moore.....	12 50	Sept. 10, 1866.....	do
1,609	James Trabue.....	40 23	Sept. 24, 1866.....	do
750	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	18 75	October 5, 1866.....	do
4,500	C. P. Fuller.....	112 50	do	do
1,500	Samuel Pollys.....	37 50	do	do
950	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	23 75	do	do
2,000	George H. Dunn.....	50 00	do	July 1, 1853.
3,000	H. J. Johnson.....	75 00	October 23, 1866...	July 1, 1866.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	January 1, 1866.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	July 1, 1865.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	January 1, 1865.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	July 1, 1864.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	July 1, 1863.
3,000	do.....	75 00	do	January 1, 1864.

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$510 00	E. Tarrington.....	\$6 75	February 25, 1865	July 1, 1864.
540 00	do	6 75	do	January 1, 1865.
7,000 00	Wabash College.....	87 50	February 27, 1865	do
5,000 00	Hugh Barclay	62 50	March 3, 1865.....	July 1, 1863.
5,000 00	do	62 50	do	January 1, 1864.
5,000 00	do	62 50	do	July 1, 1864.
5,000 00	do	62 50	do	January 1, 1865.
10 000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	125 00	do	July 1, 1863.
10,000 00	do	125 00	do	January 1, 1864.
10,000 00	do	125 00	do	July 1, 1864.
10,000 00	do	125 00	do	January 1, 1865.
15,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	187 50	March 8, 1865.....	do
1,005 00	Stephen H. Grummond.....	12 56	March 11, 1865.....	do
86,334 00	Cambridge City Bank.....	1,079 18	March 13, 1865.....	do
180 00	Wm. H. Hart.....	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1865.
4,000 00	G. F. Bedell, in trust.....	50 00	March 22, 1865.....	July 1, 1863.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	January 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	July 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	January 1, 1865.
180 00	D. P. Lord.....	2 25	March 23, 1865.....	do
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
360 00	Christian Yubriskie.....	4 50	March 25, 1865.....	January 1, 1863.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1862.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1862.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1861.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1861.
2,000 00	F. Keyes	25 00	do	do
180 00	Sarah Hartshorn.....	2 25	March 28, 1865.....	do
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1863.
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1862.
4,000 00	S. P. Bowles.....	50 00	March 29, 1865.....	July 1, 1863.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	January 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	July 1, 1864.
4,000 00	do	50 00	do	January 1, 1865.
2,137 40	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	26 71	April 3, 1865.....	do
900 00	Miles White.....	11 25	do	do
4,135 00	John Crouse.....	51 69	do	do
190 00	N. Skinniyon.....	2 37	do	January 1, 1854.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1854.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1855.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1855.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1856.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1856.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1857.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1857.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1858.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1858.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1859.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1859.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1860.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1860.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1861.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1861.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1862.
190 00	do	2 38	do	July 1, 1862.
190 00	do	2 38	do	January 1, 1863.
360 00	G. R. Barry.....	4 50	April 29, 1865.....	July 1, 1864.
1,000 00	E. Rockwood.....	12 50	May 1, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	do	12 50	do	January 1, 1865.
2,000 00	David D. Pratt.....	25 00	May 20, 1865.....	do
1,800 00	Harvey Weed.....	22 50	May 3, 1865.....	July 1, 1863.
1,800 00	do	22 50	do	January 1, 1864.
1,800 00	do	22 50	do	July 1, 1864.
180 00	Amos Willetts.....	2 25	May 8, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
180 00	John Kean.....	2 25	May 17, 1865.....	do
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
1,950 00	H. J. Burden.....	24 37	June 7, 1865.....	do
1,950 00	do	24 37	do	January 1, 1865.
180 00	Miss Hester Giles.....	2 25	June 13, 1865.....	July 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1865.
1,620 00	August de la Rive.....	20 25	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Stock.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,260 00	Morris, Provost & Co.....	\$15 75	July 1, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.....
4,080 00	R. De Serwinn.....	51 00	do	do
192 50	Brown, Brothers & Co.....	2 41	do	do
2,031 25	W. W. Collett.....	25 41	do	do
775 00	W. W. Collett, Trustee.....	9 69	do	do
3,875 00	Hardman Earle.....	48 44	do	do
50,060 00	Inst. for Sav's of Merchants' Clerks..	625 75	do	do
3,240 00	F. D. Auldjo.....	36 00	do	do
5,040 00	Administrator Office Hope & Co.....	63 00	do	do
1,680 00	G. H. Amazagar.....	21 00	do	do
900 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	11 25	do	do
1,340 00	Baring Brothers & Co.....	16 75	do	do
837 50	Sir Wm. Codings.....	10 47	do	do
375 00	Thomas C Crawford.....	4 69	do	do
670 00	Miss Maria Dunnan.....	8 37	do	do
900 00	Sarah Dillwyn.....	11 25	do	do
16,425 00	F. L. B. Dykes and others	205 31	do	do
837 50	Louisa Harrison.....	10 47	do	do
129,492 50	Hope & Co. (Amsterdam).....	1,618 66	do	do
987 50	M. Hart.....	12 34	do	do
1,100 00	Wm. H. Hauteny.....	13 75	do	do
2,832 50	James Howell.....	35 41	do	do
1,000 00	Isinger & Co.....	23 75	do	do
900 00	Alfred Janson.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	Wm. Janson.....	11 25	do	do
1,427 50	James G. King's Sons.....	17 84	do	do
180 00	Wm. Liddiard.....	2 25	do	do
760 00	J. C. Labouchure.....	9 50	do	do
2,030 00	Wm. Marshall.....	25 37	do	do
1,037 50	S. E. Mandelsloh.....	12 96	do	do
437 50	J. G. Pilcher.....	5 47	do	do
2,260 00	Thomas Potts.....	25 25	do	do
1,437 50	H. W. Pickersgill.....	17 97	do	do
2,190 00	W. E. Smith, Trustee.....	27 38	do	do
10,980 00	Thomas Twining, Jr.....	137 25	do	do
180 00	Joseph Ratherson.....	2 25	do	do
502 50	W. Schull & Co.....	6 28	do	do
5,375 00	Justus Stocking.....	67 18	do	do
3,240 00	Mason Brothers.....	40 50	do	do
85,915 45	M. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	1,062 74	do	do
78,912 50	do	975 15	do	do
130,827 33	M. A. Rothschilds & Sons.....	3,270 68	do	do
146,500 00	do	3,662 50	do	do
66,000 00	do	825 00	do	do
13,500 00	Bank for Savings.....	168 75	do	do
4,463 87	Robert Midson.....	65 80	do	do
17,143 63	Wm. B. Astor.....	214 29	do	do
540 00	Robert C. Brown.....	6 75	do	do
502 50	Mrs. Margaret Betts.....	6 27	do	do
180 00	G. Bugnall.....	2 25	do	do
180 00	J. Bugnall.....	2 25	do	do
1,842 50	Geo. & Jas. Bugnall, Executors.....	23 03	do	do
670 00	Rias, Richard and Wm. Cardwell.....	8 38	do	do
837 50	Morgan C. Chase.....	10 47	do	do
670 00	Wm. Docker.....	8 37	do	do
4,335 00	Miss E. Dent.....	54 19	do	do
2,240 00	John Dillon.....	28 00	do	do
1,507 50	Thomas Dent.....	18 84	do	do
5,925 00	John Donaldson & R. Summitt.....	74 06	do	do
1,675 00	Wm. Duckworth.....	20 94	do	do
2,680 00	James Evans.....	33 50	do	do
360 00	John M. Foster.....	4 50	do	do
670 00	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	8 38	do	do
2,177 50	Ferguson, Abbott and Ferguson.....	27 22	do	do
1,675 00	J. Godman.....	20 94	do	do
360 00	S. Greenwood.....	4 50	do	do
1,440 00	Edward Graff.....	18 30	do	do
1,260 00	Alderly Howard.....	15 75	do	do
360 00	E. Harrison.....	4 50	do	do
360 00	M. Harrison, Jr.....	4 50	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stocks, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$825 00	James Hutchinson.....	\$10 31	July 1, 1865.	July 1, 1865.
2,010 00	John Hockblock.....	25 12	do	do
837 50	Rich L. Jones.....	10 47	do	do
1,842 50	R. G. Kirkpatrick.....	23 03	do	do
1,005 00	Thomas Sihon.....	12 56	do	do
1,005 00	Henry Luor.....	12 56	do	do
1,507 50	F. C. Lukes.....	18 84	do	do
540 00	F. C. Lukes and others.....	6 75	do	do
2,847 50	J. C. Luxmore.....	35 50	do	do
355 00	M. Marshall.....	4 44	do	do
1 125 00	Major F. M. Martyn.....	14 06	do	do
1,450 00	John K. Mills.....	18 13	do	do
1,340 00	G. W. Norman.....	16 75	do	do
355 00	Walter Nugent.....	4 44	do	do
4,500 00	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	56 25	do	do
1,140 00	W. H. Ogden.....	14 25	do	do
4,500 00	R. Pulsford.....	56 25	do	do
4,690 00	H. F. Prinship and others.....	58 63	do	do
1,675 00	Henry C. Robinson.....	20 94	do	do
3,852 50	J. H. Ravenshaw.....	48 15	do	do
540 00	G. Robinson.....	6 75	do	do
3,990 00	Rev. Andrew Read.....	49 87	do	do
215 00	Rev. T. R. Robinson.....	2 69	do	do
837 50	D. H. Safe.....	10 46	do	do
1,842 50	John Silver.....	23 03	do	do
1,340 00	Dr. Wm. Silver.....	16 75	do	do
4,500 00	G. W. Shore.....	57 00	do	do
837 50	G. H. Skelton.....	10 46	do	do
540 00	Leigh Churchill Smith.....	6 75	do	do
1,507 50	H. S. Thomas.....	18 84	do	do
540 00	Mrs. Mary Traddle.....	6 75	do	do
15,282 50	J. C. Whiteman.....	191 03	do	do
2,790 00	Wilkins & Co.....	34 87	do	do
670 00	S. P. Wilson & R. Anderson.....	8 37	do	do
2,177 50	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	27 22	do	do
775 00	Rev. Daniel Wheeler.....	9 69	do	do
837 50	Thomas Yates.....	10 47	do	do
9,147 50	Mrs. C. A. Willinks & A. Ludlow.....	114 34	do	do
900 00	Rosea Webster.....	11 25	do	do
2,100 00	Anna Maria Hannaford.....	26 25	do	do
1,440 00	Miss M. Jones.....	18 00	do	do
1,260 00	H. W. Kelli.....	15 75	do	do
180 00	R. P. S. Manwaring.....	2 25	do	do
900 00	Wm. McKeith and others.....	11 25	do	do
1,436 00	Samuel G. Smith.....	17 95	do	do
360 00	Emma Smee.....	4 50	do	do
360 00	George Wallis.....	4 50	do	do
76,000 00	Etna Insurance Company.....	950 00	do	do
57,502 50	Bank of Goshen.....	718 78	do	do
2,043 00	Samuel Pollys.....	25 53	do	do
6,000 00	Thomas C. Chardvoyin.....	75 00	do	do
10,000 00	William Birdsall, Jr.....	125 00	do	do
18,000 00	John C. Baldwin.....	225 00	do	do
1,000 00	J. H. Engelberts.....	12 50	do	do
10,007 50	J. Lindsley.....	125 09	do	do
1,172 50	J. P. Morgan & Co.....	14 65	do	do
65,000 00	Merchants' & Traders' Savings Inst.....	812 50	do	do
8,375 00	F. Herth & Co.....	101 69	do	do
1,172 50	J. S. Baker.....	14 66	do	do
5,836 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	73 34	do	do
5,000 00	William Bolles.....	62 50	do	do
19,062 30	John Guy Vassar.....	238 28	do	do
190 00	William Moore.....	2 38	do	do
2,000 00	William V. Brady.....	25 60	do	do
1,008 00	John Ferguson.....	23 85	do	do
1,900 00	Robert Saunders.....	23 75	do	do
900 00	Wm. & Wm. H. Gilliatt.....	11 25	do	do
1,800 00	John K. Gilliatt & Co.....	22 50	do	do
11,466 25	Charles Morrison.....	143 33	do	do
5,766 25	Alfred Morrison.....	72 08	do	do
1,916 25	Eliza Y. Richards.....	23 96	July 3, 1865.	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,916 25	Jas. H. Clark.....	\$23 95	July 3, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
190 00	Buyes de Bordes & Jordan.....	2 37	do	do
43,057 50	J. Brandon.....	538 22	do	do
15,500 00	Edward Brandon.....	193 75	do	do
2,632 50	H. Hendricks.....	32 91	do	do
1,080 00	Betsey A. Hart.....	13 50	do	do
5,146 45	M. J. Henriques.....	64 33	do	do
13,000 00	Salem Bank of Goshen.....	162 50	do	do
1,855 00	William Richmond, Trustee.....	23 19	do	do
1,000 00	First National Bank of Rockville.....	12 50	do	do
190 00	Charles Craaki.....	2 37	July 5, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1864.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1865.
1,125 00	Oliver M. North.....	14 06	do	do
10,062 50	Josiah Barnes.....	125 78	do	do
3,860 00	H. H. Hammond.....	48 25	do	do
347 50	Samuel Wells.....	4 34	do	do
1,068 75	James H. Banker.....	13 36	do	do
5,000 00	Joel Read.....	62 50	do	do
3,050 00	Joseph Henriques.....	38 12	do	do
100 00	Edward Brandon, in trust.....	1 25	do	do
8,060 00	John Robins.....	100 75	do	do
7,200 00	Silas Wood.....	90 00	do	do
10,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	125 00	do	do
12,377 50	Edward Tweedy.....	154 73	do	do
1,080 00	Amy & Heye, in trust.....	13 50	do	do
1,000 00	Louise Frisbie.....	18 50	do	do
1,507 50	Wm. Whitright.....	18 84	July 6, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
3,000 00	F. P. Meyer.....	37 50	do	do
1,080 00	Henry Gardner, Trustee.....	13 50	do	do
9,240 00	Keokuk Branch Bank of Iowa.....	115 50	do	do
22,887 50	L. S. Swartz, in trust.....	287 35	do	do
1,937 00	D. H. Miller, Trustee.....	24 21	do	do
322 00	do	4 02	do	do
4,000 00	S. P. Bolles.....	50 00	do	do
2,862 50	Ed. Delafield.....	35 78	do	do
10,000 00	Anna McLanadan.....	125 00	do	do
1,700 00	S. Brewster.....	21 25	do	do
540 00	George Ninney.....	6 75	do	do
23,000 00	H. Seger.....	257 50	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Church.....	125 00	July 7, 1866.....	do
180 00	Warren Ackerman.....	2 25	do	do
1,000 00	Samuel Bruhl.....	12 50	do	do
1,340 00	William Winslow.....	16 75	do	do
3,350 00	Skinner Lungton.....	41 88	do	do
8,602 50	James Holtford.....	107 53	do	do
1,800 00	E. B. Day, Guardian.....	45 00	July 8, 1866.....	do
1,520 00	E. W. Hunt.....	19 00	do	do
920 00	George Hadden.....	11 50	do	do
86,334 00	Cambridge City Bank.....	1,079 18	July 10, 1866.....	do
100 00	Joshua Hendricks, in trust.....	1 25	do	do
330 00	do	4 87	do	July 1, 1864.
200 00	do	2 50	do	do
410 00	do	5 12	do	do
100 00	do	1 25	do	January 1, 1865.
200 00	do	2 50	do	do
410 00	do	5 12	do	do
390 00	do	4 87	do	do
300 00	do	4 87	do	July 1, 1865.
100 00	do	1 25	do	do
200 00	do	2 50	do	do
410 00	do	5 12	do	do
1,680 00	Miss Selina Hendricks.....	21 00	do	do
30,747 50	J. H. Williams, President.....	384 34	do	do
251 25	J. J. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	do	do
10,000 00	Prairie City Bank.....	1 25	do	do
21,140 00	John Snadem.....	264 25	do	do
9,690 00	Rossevelt & Son.....	121 13	do	do
540 00	Frank Taylor.....	6 75	July 11, 1865.....	do
900 00	C. C. Tunis.....	11 25	July 12, 1865.....	do
230 00	Nehemiah Tunis.....	2 88	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One Half per cent. State Stocks, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$5,000 00	Hugh Barclay.....	\$62 50	July 10, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
15,793 00	N. L. Baldwin.....	197 41	July 13, 1865.....	do
7,000 00	W. R. Noffsinger.....	87 50	do	do
180 00	John Dow.....	2 25	do	do
1,000 00	Nathaniel Wright.....	12 50	do	do
540 00	John N. Bradley.....	6 75	do	do
251 25	Schermerhorn & Eunker, Trustees....	3 14	do	do
251 25	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	July 14, 1865.....	do
14,500 00	Columbus Delano.....	181 25	do	do
24,000 00	H. S. Terball.....	300 00	July 15, 1865.....	do
2,500 00	J. N. Russell.....	31 25	do	do
10,000 00	Pierpont Phillips.....	125 00	July 17, 1865.....	do
3,000 00	George Pomeroy.....	37 50	do	do
31,000 00	E. G. Whitney, President.....	387 50	do	do
32,900 00	Lawrence, Baldwin & Co.....	400 00	do	do
2,000 00	Edgar S. Tweedy.....	25 00	do	do
2,523 40	James Trabue.....	31 53	July 18, 1865.....	do
540 00	Edwin Sherwood.....	6 75	do	do
180 00	D. P. Lord.....	2 25	July 19, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	Elisha Rockwood.....	12 50	do	do
48,077 50	Indiana Bank, Madison.....	600 97	July 21, 1865.....	do
180 00	Daniel Robert.....	2 25	July 25, 1865.....	do
180 00	James Robert.....	2 25	do	do
190 00	Charler Craski.....	2 37	do	January 1, 1860.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1860.
190 00	do	2 37	do	January 1, 1861.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1861.
190 00	do	2 37	do	January 1, 1862.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1862.
190 00	do	2 37	do	January 1, 1863.
190 00	do	2 37	do	July 1, 1863.
190 00	do	2 37	do	January 1, 1864.
23,315 00	Bank of Mt. Vernon.....	291 44	July 29, 1865.....	July 1, 1865.
30,000 00	Champaigne Bank.....	375 00	do	do
4,135 00	John Crouse.....	51 69	July 28, 1865.....	do
2,000 00	David D. Pratt.....	25 00	do	do
1,340 00	Ann Eliza Henderson.....	16 75	July 31, 1865.....	July 1, 1861.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	January 1, 1862.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	July 1, 1862.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	January 1, 1863.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	July 1, 1864.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	January 1, 1865.
1,340 00	do	16 75	do	July 1, 1865.
8,000 00	State Treasurer, Wisconsin.....	100 00	do	do
7,000 00	Bank of the Northwest.....	87 50	do	do
251 25	Wm. C. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	August 3, 1865.....	do
50,000 00	Exchange Bank, Attica.....	625 00	do	do
1,800 00	F. T. Ferris.....	22 50	do	January 1, 1865.
1,800 00	F. J. Ferris.....	22 50	do	July 1, 1865.
18,810 00	Exchange Bank, Attica.....	235 12	do	do
180 00	Ira C. Voorhees.....	2 25	August 8, 1865.....	do
1,000 00	B. Winthrop.....	12 50	do	do
88,758 00	Exchange Bank, Greencastle.....	1,109 47	August 14, 1865...	do
26,000 00	Southern Bank of Indiana.....	325 00	do	do
1,005 00	Lockwood Grummond.....	12 50	August 16, 1865...	do
15,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	187 50	August 18, 1865...	do
1,000 00	D. C. Hays, in trust.....	12 50	August 22, 1865...	do
7,000 00	Wabash College, Crawfordsville.....	87 50	August 25, 1865...	do
360 00	Walter R. Jones.....	4 50	September 1, 1865	July 1, 1863.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1864.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1864.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1865.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1865.
2,000 00	F. Keyes.....	25 00	Sept. 14, 1865.....	do
31,900 00	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	398 75	Sept. 26, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
96,900 00	State Debt Sinking Fund.....	1,211 25	do	July 1, 1865.
1,620 00	James Moon.....	20 25	Sept. 29, 1865.....	January 1, 1865.
900 00	Robert Moon.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	Richard Moon.....	11 25	do	do
1,620 00	James Moon.....	20 25	do	July 1, 1865.
900 00	Robert Moon.....	11 25	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and one-half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$900 00	Richard Moon.....	\$11 25	September 29, 1865	July 1, 1865.
3,060 00	Charles Mixer.....	38 25	October 3, 1865.....	do
540 00	Narcissa Stone.....	6 76	do	January 1, 1865.
540 00	do	6 75	do	July 1, 1865.
230 00	George Vandenhoff.....	2 88	October 6, 1865.....	do
180 00	Thomas E. Davis.....	2 25	October 24, 1865...	January 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1865.
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1865.
360 00	Charles Judson.....	4 50	do	July 1, 1861.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1862.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1862.
360 90	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1863.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1863.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1864.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1864.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1865.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1865.
180 00	Amos Willitts.....	2 25	do	do
900 00	N. P. Wells.....	11 25	November 9, 1865..	do
80 00	Rollins Brothers.....	1 00	November 11, 1865	July 1, 1863.
80 00	do	1 00	do	January 1, 1864.
80 00	do	1 00	do	July 1, 1864.
80 00	do	1 00	do	January 1, 1865.
80 00	do	1 00	do	July 1, 1865.
360 00	William H. Neilson.....	4 50	do	do
1,675 00	John Ellis.....	20 94	December 15, 1865	January 1, 1864.
1,675 00	do	20 94	do	July 1, 1864.
1,675 00	do	20 94	do	January 1, 1865.
1,675 00	do	20 94	do	July 1, 1865.
180 00	William Hart.....	2 25	do	do
540 00	Robert C. Brown.....	6 75	January 2, 1865....	January 1, 1866.
502 50	Mrs. Margaret Betts.....	6 27	do	do
180 00	James Bagnall.....	2 25	do	do
180 00	George Bagnall.....	2 25	do	do
1,842 50	George & James Baynard, Exrs.....	23 03	do	do
670 00	Ross, Rich & W. Cardwell.....	8 38	do	do
837 50	Morgan C. Chase.....	10 47	do	do
4,335 00	Miss E. Dent.....	54 19	do	do
670 00	William Docker.....	8 37	do	do
2,240 00	John Dillon.....	28 00	do	do
1,507 50	Thomas Dent.....	18 84	do	do
5,925 00	John Donaldson & R. Bennett.....	74 06	do	do
1,675 00	William Duckworth.....	20 94	do	do
2,680 00	John R. Evans.....	33 50	do	do
360 00	John M. Forster.....	4 50	do	do
670 00	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	8 38	do	do
2,177 50	Ferguson, Abbott & Ferguson.....	27 22	do	do
1,675 00	J. Godman.....	20 94	do	do
360 00	J. Greenwood.....	4 50	do	do
1,440 00	Edward Grubb.....	18 00	do	do
1,260 00	Adduty Howard.....	15 75	do	do
360 00	M. Harrison, Jr.....	4 50	do	do
825 00	Thomas Hutchinson.....	10 31	do	do
2,010 00	John Hockblock.....	25 12	do	do
1,842 50	Miriam J. Kirkpatrick.....	23 03	do	do
1,005 00	Thomas Libon.....	12 56	do	do
1,005 00	Henry Swan.....	12 56	do	do
1,507 50	T. C. Lukes & T. M. Swim.....	18 84	do	do
540 00	T. C. Lukes.....	6 75	do	do
2,847 50	J. C. Luxmore.....	35 59	do	do
355 00	M. Marshall.....	4 44	do	do
1,125 00	Major F. M. Martyn.....	14 06	do	do
1,450 00	John R. Mills.....	18 13	do	do
1,340 00	G. W. Newman.....	16 75	do	do
4,500 00	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	56 25	do	do
1,140 00	William H. Ogden.....	14 25	do	do
4,500 00	R. Pulsford.....	56 25	do	do
4,690 00	H. F. Princess & others.....	58 63	do	do
1,675 00	Henry C. Robinson.....	20 94	do	do
3,852 50	J. H. Ravenshaw.....	48 15	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$540 00	L. R. Robinson.....	\$6 75	January 2, 1866..	January 1, 1866.
215 00	Rev. T. Robinson.....	2 69	do	do
837 50	D. H. Safe.....	10 46	do	do
1,842 50	John Silon.....	23 03	do	do
1,340 00	Dr. William Silon.....	16 75	do	do
4,560 00	Geore N. Shore.....	57 00	do	do
540 00	Leigh Churchill Smith.....	6 75	do	do
1,507 50	H. L. Thomas.....	18 84	do	do
540 00	Mrs. Mary Trudelle.....	6 75	do	do
15,282 50	J. C. Whiteman.....	191 03	do	do
2,790 00	Wilkins & Co.....	34 87	do	do
2,177 50	Sir J. M. Wilson.....	27 22	do	do
670 00	L. Wilson and R. Anderson.....	8 37	do	do
837 50	Thomas Yates.....	10 47	do	do
3,240 00	Thomas R. Auldjs.....	40 50	do	do
2,880 00	John Auldjo.....	36 00	do	do
5,040 00	Administrator Office Hope Co.....	63 00	do	do
1,680 00	G. H. Amazuga.....	21 00	do	do
900 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	11 25	do	do
1,340 00	Baring Bros.....	16 75	do	do
837 60	Sir William Collings.....	10 47	do	do
375 00	Thomas C. Crawford.....	4 69	do	do
670 00	Miss Maria Dunnan.....	8 37	do	do
900 00	Sarah Dillwyn.....	11 25	do	do
16,425 00	F. D. Dykes and T. M. Laine.....	205 31	do	do
837 50	Louisa Harrison.....	10 47	do	do
129,492 50	Hope & Co., (Amsterdam).....	1,618 66	do	do
987 50	Margaret Hart.....	12 34	do	do
1,100 00	William Hankey.....	13 75	do	do
2,832 50	James Howell.....	35 41	do	do
1,900 00	Jusinger & Co.....	23 75	do	do
900 00	Alfred Junson.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	Junson William.....	11 25	do	do
1,427 50	J. C. King's Sons.....	17 84	do	do
180 00	William Liddiard.....	2 25	do	do
760 00	Jean C. Subinchun.....	9 50	do	do
2,030 00	William Marshall.....	26 37	do	do
437 50	Jonn Giles Pitchen.....	5 47	do	do
2,260 00	Thomas Potts.....	28 25	do	do
1,037 50	Sarah E. Mundilsloh.....	12 96	do	do
1,437 50	H. M. Pickersgill.....	17 97	do	do
2,190 00	W. E. Smith, Trustee.....	27 38	do	do
10,980 00	Thomas Twining, Jr.....	137 25	do	do
900 00	Mrs. Elizabeth Allan.....	11 25	do	do
50,060 00	Institution for Sav. of Mer. Clerks...	625 75	do	do
2,100 00	Anna Maria Hannaford.....	26 25	do	do
1,440 00	Miss M. Jones.....	18 00	do	do
1,260 00	H. W. Koble.....	15 75	do	do
900 00	William McKirth and others.....	11 25	do	do
180 00	Sophia R. P. Manwarring.....	2 25	do	do
1,436 00	Samuel George Smith.....	17 95	do	do
360 00	Emma Smer.....	4 50	do	do
360 00	George Wallis.....	4 50	do	do
1,620 00	Arthur Auguste de la Rive.....	20 25	do	do
1,260 00	Morris Provost & Co.....	15 75	do	do
1,125 00	Olivia M. North.....	14 06	do	do
78,012 50	N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	975 15	do	do
85,018 45	do do.....	1,062 74	do	do
66,000 00	M. A. Rothschilds & Sons.....	825 00	do	do
9,147 50	Mrs. C. A. Willinks and E. Ludlow...	114 34	do	do
900 00	Hosea Webster.....	11 25	do	do
3,240 00	Moran Bros.....	40 50	do	do
4,080 00	Raphael D. Ferrain.....	51 00	do	do
190 00	Buysch, Bordes & Jordan.....	2 37	do	do
502 50	W. Schull Co.....	6 28	do	do
13,500 00	Bank for Savings.....	168 75	do	do
1,000 00	John H. Engleberts.....	12 50	do	do
1,068 00	James H. Bunker.....	13 36	do	do
9,690 00	Roosevelt & Son.....	121 13	do	do
10,607 50	John Lindsley.....	125 09	do	do
17,143 63	William B. Astor.....	214 29	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$4,463 87	Robert Milson.....	\$55 80	January 2, 1866...	January 1, 1866.
2,000 00	F. Keys.....	25 00	do	do
3,990 90	James Cluney.....	49 88	do	do
180 00	John Kean.....	2 25	do	do
180 00	John Kean.....	2 25	do	do
18,000 00	John C. Baldwin.....	225 00	do	do
1,908 00	John & Edward Ferguson.....	23 85	do	do
76,000 00	Aetna Insurance Company.....	950 00	do	do
22,987 50	L. S. Swartz, in trust.....	287 35	do	do
3,350 00	Shimer Sungton.....	41 88	do	do
1,620 00	James Moon.....	20 25	do	do
900 00	Robert Moon.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	Richard Moon.....	11 25	do	do
65,000 00	Merchants & Traders' Savings Inst.	812 50	do	do
192 50	Brown Brothers & Co.....	2 41	do	do
775 00	Mark W. Callett.....	9 69	do	do
2,031 25	Mark W. Callett, in trust.....	25 41	do	do
3,875 00	Hardman Earle.....	48 44	do	do
1,916 25	James H. Clark.....	23 95	do	do
900 00	William & W. H. Gilliatt.....	11 25	do	do
1,800 00	John K. Gilliatt.....	22 50	do	do
1,900 00	Robert Sanders.....	23 75	do	do
6,000 00	T. C. Chardwooym.....	75 00	do	do
9,240 00	Keokuk Branch State Bank of Iowa	115 50	do	do
12,377 50	Edward Twady.....	154 73	do	do
24,000 00	Henry S. Tiban.....	300 00	do	do
5,146 45	M. Henriques.....	64 33	do	do
11,466 25	Charles Morrison.....	143 33	do	do
5,766 25	Alfred Morrison.....	72 08	do	do
1,700 00	S. Brewster.....	21 25	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Church.....	125 00	do	do
540 00	Frank Taylor.....	6 75	do	do
10,000 00	Prairie City Bank.....	125 00	do	do
32,000 00	Snwemer Baldwin.....	400 00	do	do
51,272 50	E. Dumont, President.....	640 91	do	July 1, 1865.
51,272 50	E. Dumont, President.....	640 91	do	January 1, 1866.
57,502 50	Bank of Goshen.....	718 78	do	do
13,000 00	Salem Bank, Goshen.....	162 50	do	do
1,916 25	Eliza Y. Richards.....	23 96	January 3, 1866...	do
1,005 00	Lockwood & Grummond.....	12 56	do	do
1,080 00	Amy & Heys, in trust.....	13 50	do	do
5,000 00	Jos. Rind.....	62 50	do	do
15,000 00	Bank of Salem, New Albany.....	187 50	do	do
540 00	Edward Sherwood.....	6 75	do	do
5,866 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	73 34	do	do
1,507 50	William Whitewright.....	18 84	do	do
1,340 00	William Winslow.....	16 75	do	do
3,000 00	Frederick R. Meyer.....	37 50	do	do
10,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	125 00	do	do
500 00	Edward Brandon.....	6 25	do	do
100 00	Edward Brandon.....	1 25	do	do
43,057 50	Joseph Brandon.....	538 22	do	do
3,050 00	Joseph Henriques.....	38 12	do	do
190 00	V. S. Kimyon.....	2 38	do	do
190 00	V. S. Kimyon.....	2 38	do	do
2,000 00	William V. Brady.....	25 00	do	do
30,000 00	Charles A. Meigs & Son.....	375 00	do	do
1,000 00	Samuel Brahl.....	12 50	do	do
31,000 00	E. G. Whitney, President.....	387 50	do	do
48,077 50	Indiana Bank of Madison.....	600 97	do	do
2,043 00	Samuel Polleys.....	25 53	do	do
9,987 50	Frederick Huth & Co.....	124 84	do	July 1, 1853.
9,987 50	do	124 84	do	January 1, 1854.
8,375 00	do	104 68	do	July 1, 1854.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1855.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1855.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1856.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1856.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1857.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1857.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1858.

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stocks, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stocks.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$8,375 00	Frederick Huth & Co.....	\$104 69	January 3, 1866...	July 1, 1858.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1859.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1859.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1860.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1860.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1861.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1861.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1862.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1862.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	January 1, 1863.
8,375 00	do	104 69	do	July 1, 1863.
837 50	George H. Skelton.....	10 46	January 4, 1866...	January 1, 1866.
23,000 00	H. Logan.....	287 50	do	do
540 00	J. N. Bradley.....	6 75	do	do
10,000 00	Pierpont Phillips.....	125 00	do	do
1,855 00	William Redmond, Trustee.....	23 19	do	do
3,000 00	George Pomeroy.....	37 50	do	do
1,172 50	J. L. Baker.....	14 66	do	do
900 00	Elizabeth Allen.....	11 25	do	July 1, 1862.
1,520 00	Edward Linkart.....	19 00	do	January 1, 1868.
1,080 00	Betsey A. Hart.....	13 50	January 5, 1866...	do
10,000 00	W. Birdsall, Jr.....	125 00	do	do
1,000 00	Parke County Bank.....	12 50	do	do
2,862 50	Edward Delafield.....	35 78	do	do
19,062 30	John Guy Varron.....	238 25	do	do
251 25	W. C. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	do	do
10,062 50	Josiah Barnes.....	125 78	do	do
50,000 00	McKeen & Deming.....	625 00	January 6, 1866...	do
21,140 00	John Snider.....	264 25	do	do
10,000 00	Anna McLanahan.....	125 00	do	do
7,200 00	Silas Wood, Trustee.....	90 00	do	do
86,334 00	Cambridge City Bank.....	1,079 18	January 8, 1866...	do
7,300 00	W. R. Nofsinger.....	87 50	do	do
15,793 00	Manson L. Baldwin.....	197 41	do	do
5,000 00	William Bollis.....	62 50	do	do
2,000 00	E. S. Tweedy.....	25 00	do	do
2,632 50	H. Hendricks.....	32 91	do	do
8,602 50	James Holford.....	107 53	do	do
1,000 00	D. C. Hayes.....	12 50	do	do
14,000 00	Columbus Delano.....	181 25	do	do
2,500 00	John H. Russell.....	31 25	do	do
920 00	George Hadden.....	11 50	do	do
180 00	Daniel Roberts.....	2 25	do	do
180 00	Jane Roberts.....	2 25	do	do
1,000 00	Benjamin R. Winthrop.....	12 50	January 9, 1866...	do
1,000 00	Elisha Rockwood.....	12 50	do	do
4,000 00	S. P. Bollis.....	50 00	do	do
170 00	Bryant Burwell.....	2 13	January 10, 1866...	July 1, 1864.
170 00	do	2 13	do	January 1, 1865.
170 00	do	2 13	do	July 1, 1865.
170 00	do	2 13	do	January 1, 1866.
1900 00	C. C. Tunis.....	11 25	do	do
230 00	Tuhniah Tunis.....	2 88	do	do
180 00	William Lawrence.....	2 25	do	July 1, 1864.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1865.
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1865.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1866.
180 00	John Dow.....	2 25	January 12, 1866...	do
900 00	Miles White.....	11 25	do	July 1, 1865.
900 00	Miles White.....	11 25	do	January 1, 1866.
1,000 00	Nathaniel Wright.....	12 50	do	do
190 00	William Moon.....	2 38	do	do
88,758 00	Exchange Bank, Greencastle.....	1,109 47	do	do
1,180 00	Warren Ackerman.....	14 75	do	do
56,747 50	J. H. Williams, President.....	709 34	January 15, 1866...	do
23,315 00	Bank of Mt. Vernon.....	291 44	do	do
1,340 00	M. C. Morgan.....	16 75	January 16, 1866...	July 1, 1861.
322 00	Mary Reed.....	4 02	do	January 1, 1862.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1862.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1863.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1863.

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
322 00	Mary Reed.....	\$4 02	January 16, 1866...	January 1, 1864.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1864.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1865.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1865.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1866.
322 00	do	4 02	do	do
322 00	J. M. Booker.....	4 02	do	July 1, 1862.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1863.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1863.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1864.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1864.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1865.
322 00	do	4 02	do	July 1, 1865.
322 00	do	4 02	do	January 1, 1866.
1,937 00	Decatur H. Miller, Trustee.....	24 21	do	do
322 00	Decatur H. Miller.....	4 02	do	do
8,060 00	John Robins.....	100 75	do	do
1,606 20	B. M. Makepeace.....	20 07	do	July 1, 1865.
1,606 20	do	20 07	do	do
175 00	Wood, Grant & Co.....	2 19	do	July 1, 1863.
175 00	do	2 19	do	January 1, 1864.
175 00	do	2 19	do	July 1, 1864.
175 00	do	2 19	January 19, 1866..	January 1, 1865.
175 00	do	2 19	do	July 1, 1865.
175 00	do	2 19	do	January 1, 1866.
251 25	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	do	do
7,000 00	Wabash Codger.....	87 50	January 22, 1866..	do
30,000 00	Champaign Bank.....	375 00	do	do
18,810 00	Exchange Bank, Attica.....	235 12	January 23, 1866..	do
2,000 00	David D. Pratt	25 00	do	do
1,080 00	Henry Gardner, Trustee.....	13 50	do	do
5,735 00	Justus Stocking.....	67 18	February 1, 1866..	January 1, 1866.
180 00	John C. Voorhies.....	2 25	do	do
5,000 00	Hugh Barclay.....	62 50	February 2, 1866..	do
562 50	J. S. Barry & Co.....	7 03	February 21, 1866..	July 1, 1864.
562 50	do	7 03	do	January 1, 1865.
562 50	do	7 03	do	July 1, 1865.
562 50	do	7 03	do	January 1, 1866.
180 00	Mary Hester Gilles.....	2 25	do	July 1, 1865
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1866.
1,800 00	Henry Weed.....	22 50	February 23, 1866..	July 1, 1865.
1,800 00	do	22 50	do	January 1, 1866.
540 00	E. Surrington.....	6 75	February 26, 1866..	July 1, 1865.
540 00	do	6 75	do	January 1, 1866.
100 00	Joshua Hendricks, in trust.....	1 25	do	do
410 00	do	5 12	do	do
390 00	do	4 87	do	do
200 00	do	2 50	do	do
1,680 00	Miss Selina Hendricks.....	21 00	do	January 1, 1865.
1,680 00	do	21 00	do	January 1, 1866.
3,060 00	Charles Miffler.....	38 25	March 6, 1866.....	do
60 00	Moran, Crane & Co.....	75	March 19, 1866.....	January 1, 1865.
60 00	do	75	do	July 1, 1865.
60 00	do	75	do	January 1, 1866.
1,950 00	Henry J. Burden	24 37	April 11, 1866.....	July 1, 1865.
1,950 00	do	24 37	do	January 1, 1866.
2,137 40	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	26 72	April 17, 1866;.....	July 1, 1865.
2,137 40	do	26 72	do	January 1, 1866.
900 00	N. P. Wells.....	11 25	April 28, 1866.....	do
4,135 00	John Crouse.....	51 69	do	do
180 00	C. & E. W. Thewing.....	2 25	May 10, 1866.....	July 1, 1865.
180 00	do	2 25	do	January 1, 1866
180 00	Amos Willetts.....	2 25	May 2, 1866.	do
360 00	Walter R. Jones.....	4 50	May 10, 1866.....	do
2,522 40	James Traben.....	31 53	May 1, 1866.....	do
1,800 00	J. G. Ferris.....	22 50	May 12, 1866.....	do
1,125 00	Wyman, Bird & Co.....	14 06	do	July 1, 1865.
1,125 00	do	14 06	do	January 1, 1866.
1,000 00	Farmers' Bank, Troy.....	12 50	May 17, 1866.....	July 1, 1865.
1,000 00	do	12 50.	do	January 1, 1866.
48,077 50	Indiana Bank, Madison.....	600 97	July 2, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—
Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$31,000 00	E. G. Whitney, President.....	\$387 50	July 2, 1866	July 1, 1866.
3,685 00	James S. Cowan.....	46 06	do	January 1, 1865.
3,685 00	do	46 06	do	January 1, 1866.
3,685 00	do	46 06	do	July 1, 1866.
775 00	John Hulas.....	9 69	do	January 1, 1866.
775 00	do	9 69	do	July 1, 1866.
1,000 00	Samuel Bruhl.....	12 50	do	do
13,500 00	Bank for Savings.....	168 75	do	do
6,000 00	H. Chardaroyer.....	75 00	do	do
3,000 00	Joseph Henriques.....	38 12	do	do
43,057 50	Joseph Brandon.....	538 22	do	do
15,000 00	Bank of Salem.....	187 50	do	do
900 00	Wm. H. Gilliatt & Co.....	11 25	do	do
1,800 00	John K. Gilliatt & Co.....	22 50	do	do
1,900 00	Robert Saunders.....	23 75	do	do
3,100 00	George Pomeroy.....	57 50	do	do
8,375 00	L. Van Hoffman & Co.....	104 69	do	do
12,377 50	Edward Tweedy	154 73	do	do
3,350 00	Skinner Langton.....	41 88	do	do
1,620 00	James Moon.....	20 25	do	do
900 00	Richard Moon.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	Robert Moon	11 25	do	do
2,512 50	Charles Hugh Lindsay.....	31 40	do	do
78,012 50	N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.....	975 15	do	do
85,018 45	do	1,062 74	do	do
63,487 50	M. A. Rothschilds & Sons.....	793 59	do	do
1,080 00	Betson & Hart.....	13 50	do	do
18,000 00	John C. Baldwin.....	225 00	do	do
10,007 50	John Lindsay.....	125 09	do	do
5,146 25	M. J. Henriques, in trust.....	64 33	do	do
10,000 00	Henry Church.....	125 00	do	do
10,000 00	W. Birdsall.....	125 00	do	do
1,000 00	John H. Engelberts.....	12 50	do	do
360 00	Christian Fabinskie	4 50	do	do
22,987 50	L. S. Swartz, in trust.....	287 35	do	do
1,906 25	James H. Clarke.....	23 95	do	do
1,916 25	Eliza W. Richards.....	23 96	do	do
17,143 63	William B. Astor.....	214 29	do	do
13,325 00	Robert Winslow.....	333 12	do	do
502 50	W. Schnell & Co.....	6 25	do	do
540 00	Frank Taylor.....	6 75	do	do
3,240 00	Moran Brothers.....	40 50	do	do
1,620 00	Aurthur Augusto.....	20 25	do	do
1,260 00	Morris, Provost & Co.....	15 75	do	do
9,147 50	M. C. Willinks.....	114 34	do	do
1,507 50	H. L. Thomas.....	18 84	do	do
5,925 00	John Donaldson & R. Bennett.....	74 06	do	do
1,675 00	William Duckworth.....	20 94	do	do
540 00	G. Robinson.....	6 75	do	do
215 00	Rev. J. R. Robinson.....	2 69	do	do
837 50	D. C. Safe.....	10 46	do	do
1,842 50	John Silver.....	23 03	do	do
1,340 00	Dr. William Silver.....	16 75	do	do
4,560 00	George N. Shore.....	57 00	do	do
837 50	George H. Skelton.....	10 46	do	do
540 00	Leigh Churchill Smith	6 75	do	do
360 00	Thomas D. Sewall.....	4 50	do	do
540 00	Miss Mary Traddle.....	6 75	do	do
15,282 50	J. C. Whiteman.....	191 03	do	do
2,790 00	Wilkins & Co.....	34 87	do	do
2,177 50	Sir J. W. Wilson.....	27 22	do	do
670 00	L. P. Wilson & R. Anderson.....	8 37	do	do
837 50	Thomas Yates.....	10 47	do	do
540 00	T. C. Lukes & T. M. Swim.....	6 75	do	do
2,847 50	J. C. Luxmore	35 59	do	do
355 00	M. Marshall.....	4 44	do	do
1,125 00	Mrs. F. M. Martyn.....	14 06	do	do
1,450 00	John R. Mills.....	18 13	do	do
355 00	George A. Nugent.....	4 44	do	do
1,340 00	G. W. Norman.....	16 75	do	do
4,500 00	Overend, Gurney & Co.....	56 25	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—
Continued.

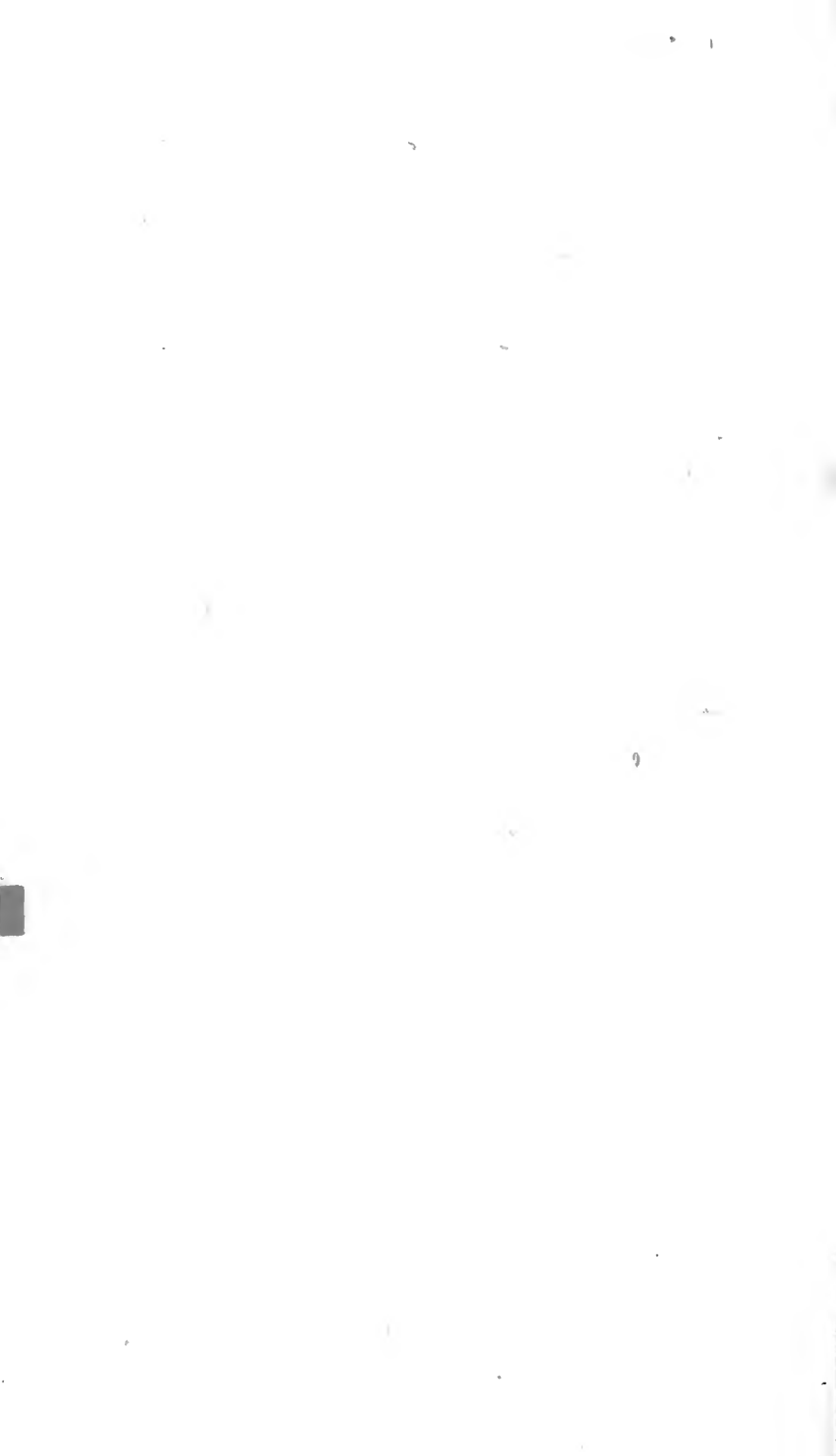
Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$1,140 00	W. H. Ogden.....	\$14 25	July 12, 1866.....	July 1, 1866,
4,500 00	R. Pulsford.....	56 25	do	do
4,690 00	H. T. Prinsip and others.....	58 63	do	do
1,675 00	H. C. Robinson.....	20 94	do	do
3,852 50	J. H. Raveshaw.....	48 15	do	do
670 00	Miss A. P. Ferguson.....	8 38	do	do
2,177 50	Ferguson, Abbott & Ferguson.....	27 22	do	do
1,675 00	J. Goodman.....	20 94	do	do
360 00	J. Grummond.....	4 50	do	do
1,440 00	Edward Grubb.....	18 00	do	do
1,260 00	Adderly Howard.....	15 75	do	do
360 00	M. Harrison, jr.....	4 50	do	do
825 00	James Hutchinson.....	10 31	do	do
2,010 00	John Hockblock.....	25 12	do	do
1,842 50	M. J. Kirkpatrick.....	23 03	do	do
1,005 00	Thomas Sihon.....	12 56	do	do
1,005 00	Thomas Swan.....	12 56	do	do
1,507 50	F. C. Lukes.....	18 84	do	do
540 00	Robert C. S. Brown.....	6 75	do	do
502 50	Mrs. Margaret Betts.....	6 27	do	do
180 00	George Bagnall.....	2 25	do	do
180 00	James Bagnall.....	2 25	do	do
1,842 50	Geo. & James Bagnall, Exrs.....	23 03	do	do
670 00	Revs. Rich. & Wm. Cardwell.....	8 38	do	do
837 50	M. C. Chase.....	10 47	do	do
670 00	William Docker.....	8 37	do	do
4,335 00	Miss E. Dent.....	54 19	do	do
2,240 00	John Dillon.....	28 00	do	do
1,507 50	Thomas Dent.....	18 84	do	do
2,680 00	Jane Evans.....	33 50	do	do
360 00	John N. Foster.....	4 50	do	do
360 00	Geo. Wallis.....	4 50	do	do
2,100 00	Anna Maria Hannaford.....	26 25	do	do
1,440 00	Miss M. Jones.....	18 00	do	do
1,260 00	H. W. Kelle.....	15 75	do	do
900 00	Wm. McKeith and others.....	11 25	do	do
180 00	R. Manwarring.....	2 25	do	do
1,436 00	Samuel & Geo. Smith.....	17 95	do	do
360 00	Emma Sme.....	4 50	do	do
4,080 00	Raphael de Ferrari.....	51 00	do	do
3,240 00	T. D. Auldjo.....	40 50	do	do
2,880 00	Jno. Auldjo.....	36 00	do	do
5,040 00	Admin. Office Hope & Co.....	63 00	do	do
1,680 00	G. Hamazaga.....	21 00	do	do
900 00	Elizabeth Allen & others.....	11 25	do	do
1,340 00	Baring Brothers.....	16 75	do	do
837 50	Sir William Collings.....	10 47	do	do
375 00	Thomas C. Crawford.....	4 69	do	do
670 00	Mrs. Maria Demmen.....	8 37	do	do
900 00	Sarah Dillwyn.....	11 25	do	do
8,212 00	F. L. B. Dykes & F. M. Lain.....	102 65	do	do
837 50	Louisa Harrison.....	10 47	do	do
129,492 50	Hope & Co.....	1,618 66	do	do
987 50	Margaret Hart.....	12 34	do	do
1,100 00	Wm. Hankey.....	13 75	do	do
2,832 50	James Howell.....	35 41	do	do
1,900 00	Insinger & Co.....	23 75	do	do
50,060 00	Inst. for Savings Merchants' Clerks	625 75	do	do
900 00	Alfred Jameson.....	11 25	do	do
900 00	William Jameson.....	11 25	do	do
1,427 50	James G. Kings' Sons.....	17 84	do	do
180 00	Wm. Liddiard.....	2 25	do	do
760 00	Jean C. Labouchere.....	9 50	do	do
2,030 00	Wm. Marshall.....	25 37	do	do
1,037 50	Sarah E. Mendelsloh.....	12 96	do	do
437 50	Jno. G. Picher.....	5 47	do	do
2,260 00	Thomas Potts.....	28 25	do	do
1,437 50	H. W. Pickersgill.....	17 97	do	do
2,190 00	Wm. E. Smith, Tr.....	27 38	do	do
10,980 00	Thomas Twining, jr.....	137 85	do	do
900 00	Moses Webster.....	11 25	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866—
Continued.

Amount of Stocks.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$76,000 00	Ætna Insurance Company.....	\$950 00	July 2, 1866.....	July 1, 1866,
7,000 00	Wabash College.....	87 50	July 3, 1866.....	do
15,793 00	Alanson L. Baldwin.....	197 41	do	do
7,000 00	W. R. Noffsinger.....	87 50	do	do
5,756 25	Alfred Morrison.....	72 08	do	do
11,466 25	Charles Morrison.....	143 33	do	do
35,000 00	Wm. H. English, President.....	375 00	do	do
2,632 50	H. Hendricks.....	32 91	do	do
5,000 00	Joel Reed.....	62 50	do	do
2,000 00	Wm. Brady.....	25 00	do	do
160 00	Moran, Crum & Co.....	75	do	do
1,855 00	Wm. Redmond.....	23 19	do	do
5,000 00	Wm. Bollis.....	62 50	do	do
502 50	G. R. Chitwood.....	6 28	do	do
502 50	G. R. Chitwood.....	6 28	do	January 1, 1866,
1,125 00	Wyman, Byrd & Co.....	14 06	do	July 1, 1866.
1,340 00	Wm. Winslow.....	16 75	do	do
1,068 70	James H. Runker.....	13 36	do	do
5,375 00	Justus Stocking.....	67 18	do	do
4,000 00	S. P. Bollis.....	50 00	do	do
10,000 00	Bank of Corydon.....	125 00	July 5, 1866.....	do
1,172 50	J. S. Baker.....	14 66	do	do
1,680 00	Selina Hendricks.....	21 00	do	do
57,502 50	Bank of Goshen.....	718 78	do	do
91,747 50	J. H. Williams, President.....	1,146 84	do	do
540 00	Edward Sherwood.....	6 75	do	do
1,520 00	Edward Unkhart.....	19 00	do	do
1,080 00	Amy & Heye, in trust.....	13 50	do	do
9,240 00	Keokuk Branch, Iowa.....	115 50	July 6, 1866.....	do
23,000 00	H. Leger.....	287 50	do	do
1,080 00	Henry Gardner, Trustee.....	13 50	do	do
180 00	Amos Willetts.....	2 25	do	do
2,862 50	Edward Delafield.....	35 78	do	do
9,690 00	Roonard & Son.....	121 13	do	do
10,000 00	Pierpont Phillips.....	125 00	do	do
1,125 00	Oliver M. North.....	14 06	July 7, 1865.....	do
192 50	Brown, Brothers & Co.....	2 41	do	do
2,031 25	Mark W. Codett.....	25 41	do	do
775 00	Mark W. Codett, in trust.....	9 69	do	do
3,875 00	Hardman Earle.....	48 44	do	do
1,700 00	Seabury Bruaster.....	21 25	do	do
8,602 50	James Holford.....	109 53	do	do
1,908 00	John Ferguson.....	23 85	do	do
8,199 00	Winslow, Lanier & Co.....	102 48	do	do
2,000 00	Edgar S. Tweedy.....	25 00	do	do
10,000 00	Prairie City Bank.....	125 00	do	do
322 00	J. M. Booker.....	4 02	July 9, 1865.....	do
322 00	D. H. Miller.....	4 02	do	do
1,937 00	Decatur H. Miller, Trustee.....	24 21	do	do
322 00	Mary J. Read.....	4 03	do	do
3,000 00	Frederick R. Meyer.....	37 50	do	do
612 50	Rollins Brothers.....	7 65	do	do
1,000 00	D. C. Hays.....	12 50	do	do
180 00	Ira C. Voorhees.....	2 25	do	do
3,860 60	H. H. Hammond.....	48 25	July 10, 1866.....	do
3,860 00	H. H. Hammond.....	48 25	do	January 1, 1866,
1,000 00	B. R. Winthrop, in trust.....	12 50	do	July 1, 1866.
88,758 00	Exchange Bank, Greencastle.....	109 47	do	do
19,062 30	John Guy Vassar.....	238 28	do	do
900 00	C. C. Tunis.....	11 25	do	do
230 00	Nehemiah Tunis.....	2 88	do	do
10,062 50	Josiah Barnes.....	125 98	do	do
180 00	John Dow.....	2 15	July 11, 1865.....	do
502 50	Clark, Dodge & Co.....	7 03	do	do
540 00	Narcissa Stone.....	6 75	do	January 1, 1866.
540 00	Narcissa Stone.....	6 75	do	July 1, 1866.
1,507 50	William Whitewright.....	18 84	do	do
18,810 00	Exchange Bank, Attica.....	235 12	do	do
1,000 00	Elisha Rockwood.....	12 50	do	do
24,000 00	H. S. Tuball.....	300 00	do	do
180 00	Thomas E. Davis.....	2 25	do	do

AMOUNT of Interest paid to holders of Indiana Two and One-Half per cent. State Stock, from Oct. 31, 1864, to Nov. 1, 1866.—Continued.

Amount of Stock.	STOCKHOLDERS' NAMES.	Amount of Interest.	WHEN PAID.	WHEN DUE.
\$251 25	Wm. C. Schermerhorn.....	\$3 14	July 12, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
10,000 00	Anna McLanahan.....	125 00	do	do
540 00	J. N. Bradley.....	6 75	do	do
7,200 00	Silas Wood.....	90 00	July 13, 1866.....	do
180 00	Daniel Roberts.....	2 25	July 18, 1866.....	do
180 00	Jane Roberts.....	2 25	do	do
3,990 00	James Cherry.....	49 88	do	do
4,135 00	John Crouse.....	51 69	July 19, 1866.....	do
2,000 00	David D. Pratt.....	23 00	do	do
1,005 00	Lockwood Grummond.....	12 56	do	do
8,060 00	John Robins.....	100 75	do	do
2,500 00	J. W. Russell.....	31 25	do	do
180 00	John Kean.....	2 25	July 27, 1866.....	do
1,340 00	M. C. Morgan.....	16 75	do	do
5,000 00	Hugh Barclay.....	62 50	August 2, 1866.....	do
360 00	G. R. Barry.....	4 50	August 14, 1866.....	July 1, 1865.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1866.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1866.
360 00	do	4 50	do	July 1, 1863.
360 00	do	4 50	do	January 1, 1864.
190 00	Buys DeBordes & Jordan.....	2 37	August 20, 1866.....	July 1, 1866.
534 35	E. A. Moss.....	6 67	do	January 1, 1866.
534 35	do	6 67	do	July 1, 1865.
534 35	do	6 67	do	July 1, 1866.
21,140 00	John Snider.....	264 25	do	do
900 00	N. P. Wells.....	11 25	August 28, 1866.....	do
500 00	Edward Brandon.....	6 25	do	do
100 00	Edward Brandon, in trust.....	1 25	do	do
127,070 70	Wm. H. Talbott, President.....	1,588 38	do	do
100 00	Joshua Hendricks.....	1 25	September 1, 1866.	do
390 00	Joshua Hendricks, in trust.....	4 87	September 3, 1866.	do
200 00	do	2 50	do	do
410 00	do	5 12	do	do
180 00	Miss Hester Giles.....	2 25	September 4, 1866.	do
1,000 00	Louisa Frisbie.....	12 50	September 6, 1866.	do
190 00	William Moore.....	2 38	September 10, 1866	do
1,809 70	James Trabue.....	22 62	September 24, 1866	do
190 00	N. S. Kinnyon.....	2 38	October 19, 1866...	do
2,137 40	J. Taliaferro, Agent.....	26 72	do	do
3,060 00	Charles Mixter.....	38 25	do	do
120 00	George H. Dunn.....	1 50	do	July 1, 1853.
120 00	do	1 50	do	January 1, 1854.
120 00	do	1 50	do	July 1, 1854.
120 00	do	1 50	do	July 1, 1855.
180 00	Wm. H. Wilson.....	2 25	do	January 1, 1866.
180 00	do	2 25	do	July 1, 1866.
251 25	E. H. Schermerhorn.....	3 14	October 31, 1866...	do



TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

TRUSTEES AND SUPERINTENDENT

OF THE

INDIANA INSTITUTE

FOR THE

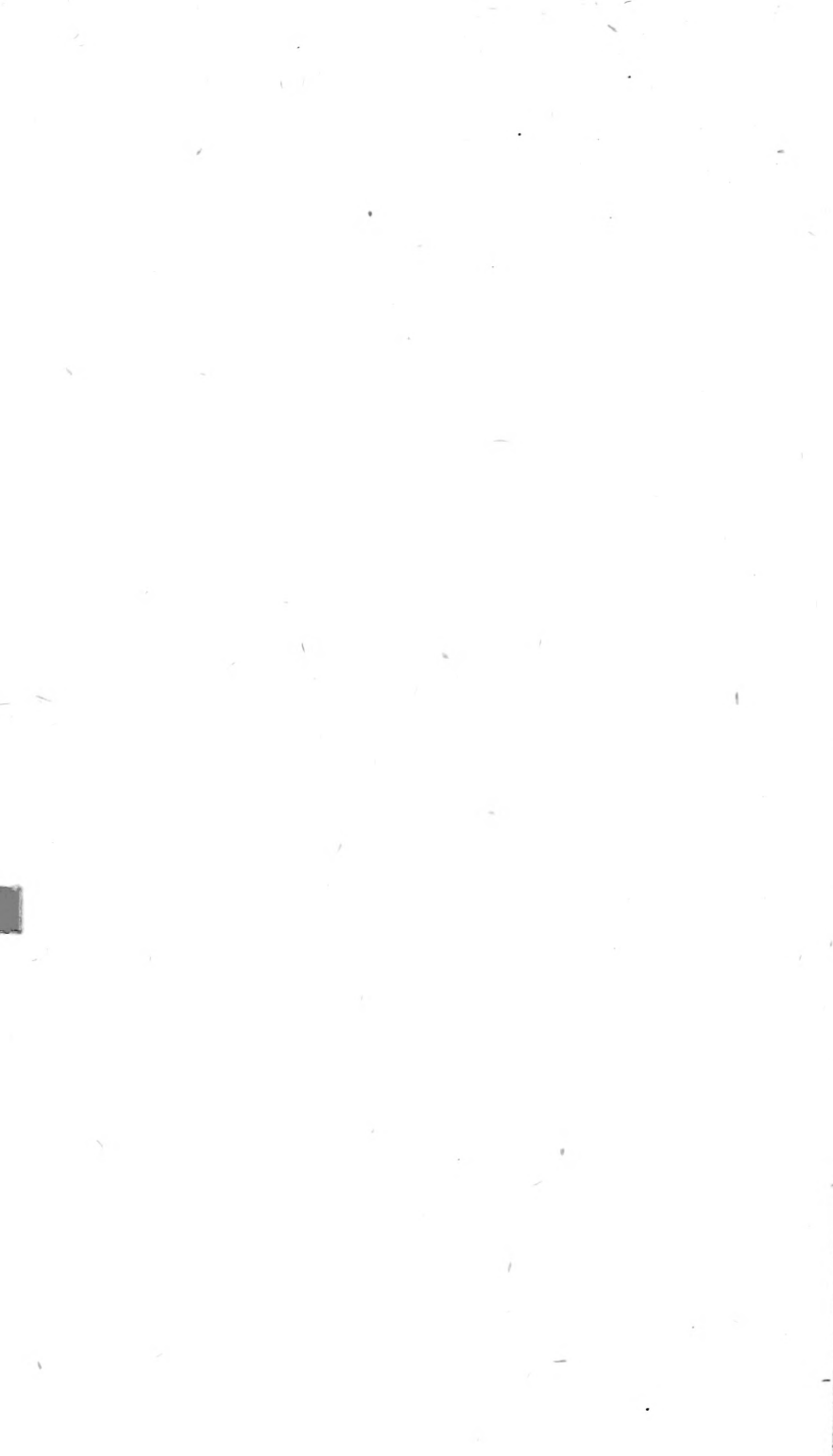
EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

TO THE LEGISLATURE.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER.

1866.



BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

ANDREW WALLACE, Esq., PRESIDENT.

JOHN M. KITCHEN, M. D.

JAMES C. BURT, M. D.



INTELLECTUAL DEPARTMENT.

SUPERINTENDENT.

THOMAS MAC INTIRE, A. M.

INSTRUCTORS.

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W. H. LATHAM, A. M. M. D.,
W. S. MARSHALL, A. M.,
WALTER W. ANGUS,
WILLIAM M. FRENCH,
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DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

PHYSICIAN.

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ASSISTANT MATRON.

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STEWARD.

CHAPIN C. FOSTER.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

GEORGE EBERHART, *Master of Cabinet Shop.*
G. L. STRANG, *Master of Shoe Shop.*
AUGUST KRUTZNER, *Gardner.*



TRUSTEES' REPORT.

To the General Assembly of the State of Indiana :

The following report of the Trustees of the Indiana Institution for the education of the Deaf and Dumb, for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1866, is respectfully presented:

It gives us pleasure to state that the Institution has been conducted with its usual measure of prosperity, and that its appropriate work, in all its departments, has been thoroughly and successfully prosecuted.

We would respectfully petition your honorable body for the enactment of a law authorizing the sale of the land belonging to the Institution, with the exception of a part of it hereafter described; and that the proceeds of such sale be invested in Government bonds, and deposited with the Treasurer of State as a permanent fund for the repair and improvement of the buildings and grounds of the Institution. The part to be excepted from such sale lies between the National Road and the Central Railway, and contains twenty-five acres. This forms the grounds proper of the Asylum, including the orchard and garden, and is really all that can be advantageously or profitably used.

The reasons upon which this petition is based, are fully and clearly set forth in the accompanying report of the Superintendent; to the consideration of which you are respectfully invited. They may be briefly stated as follows:

1. The land is inconveniently situated for farming purposes. The whole tract lies in a narrow belt a mile long, and is intersected by five public highways, dividing it into as many separate parts.

2. Experience has shown that farm labor does not afford useful or profitable employment to the pupils. "It is subject to so many

contingencies of season and weather that it does not afford that regularity which is necessary to improvement."

3. The pupils, when employed on the farm, are under the necessity of crossing and re-crossing the railways running through the land, thereby exposing themselves to danger from the running of the cars; three fatal accidents having already occurred.

4. The land is too valuable to be retained for farming purposes, and if sold, and the proceeds properly invested, would yield a much larger sum than they can otherwise be made to.

5. The work shops are large and commodious, and are under the management of experienced and skillful foremen. They afford a more suitable employment—one that is greatly preferred by the the pupils, and is better calculated than any other to qualify them for future usefulness and independence.

The report of the Superintendent also presents a detailed statement of the financial accounts for the year. Every bill of expenditure having received our closest inspection, we hesitate not to say that the purchases have been economically made, and all the pecuniary affairs prudently and faithfully managed.

The following brief summary will exhibit the resources and disbursements for the year, and the balance to defray the expenses for the remainder of the current quarter:

RESOURCES.

From November 1, 1865, to December 31, 1866.

On account of Current Expenses.....	\$45,388 14
On account of Shops.....	4,766 27
On account of Pupils' Clothing.....	1,398 55
	<hr/>
Amounting to.....	\$51,552 96

DISBURSEMENTS.

From November 1, 1865, to November 1, 1866.

On account of Current Expenses.....	\$40,410 12
On account of Shops.....	4,289 50
On account of Pupils' Clothing.....	1,398 55
	<hr/>
Amounting to.....	\$46,098 17
	<hr/>
Balance unexpended Nov. 1, 1866.....	\$5,454 79

The estimate of the Superintendent for defraying the current expenses of the Institution for the ensuing two years, is forty thousand dollars for each year. On a careful examination, we are led to the conclusion that this is the lowest possible sum for which the Institution can be successfully carried on. Hence an appropriation for that amount is respectfully asked.

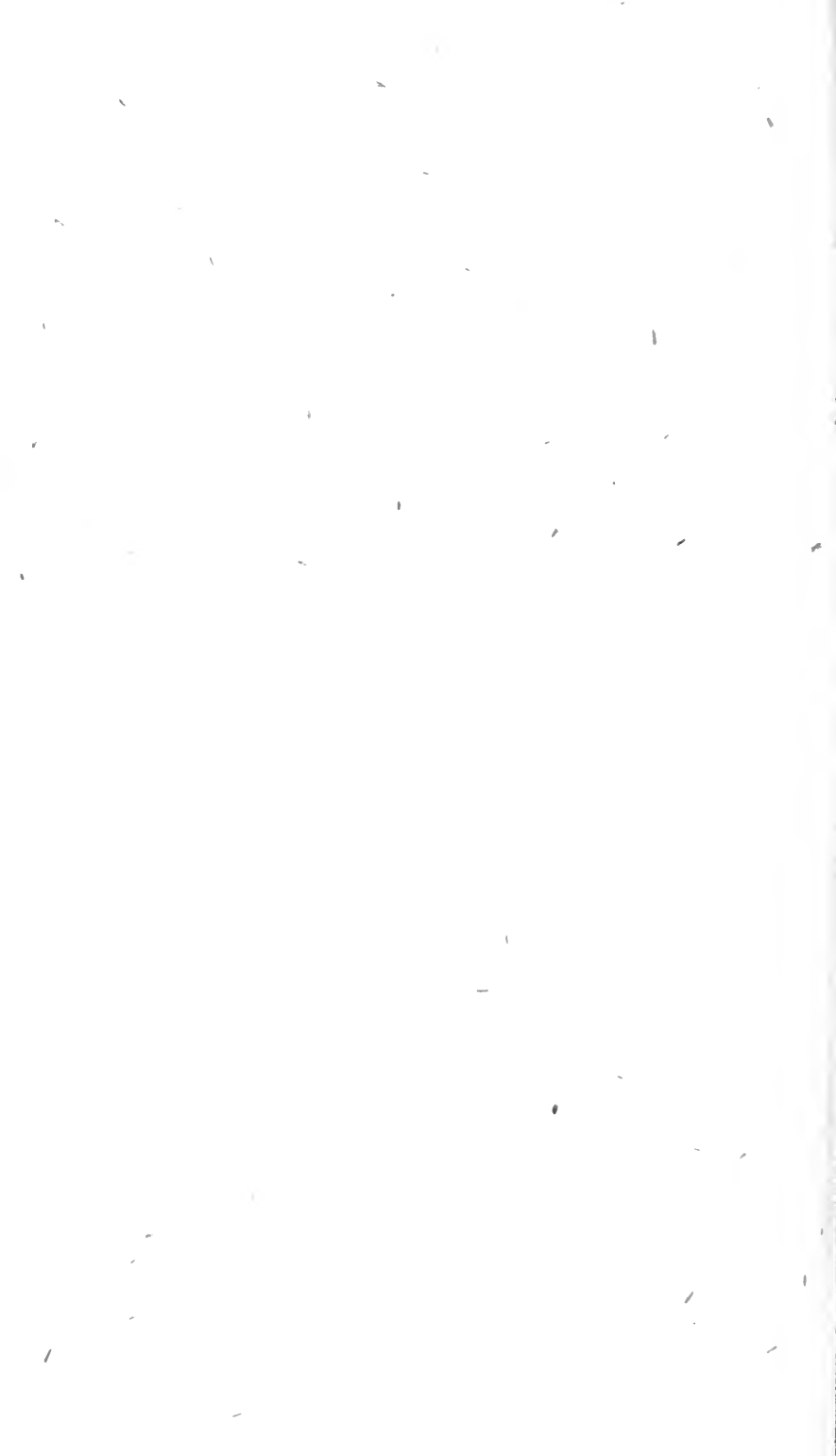
In common with the people of the State, we look upon this Institution as a most noble charity. We are convinced that the most approved methods of deaf mute instruction, devised in modern times, are thoroughly understood, and faithfully applied by Superintendent and teachers. And the more we witness of the wonderful transformation wrought in the mental and moral faculties of the pupils, and all the ingenious appliances used for this purpose, the more profoundly are we impressed with a sense of the high character of the profession in which they are engaged. In order to *begin* the study of the profession as a specialty with any prospect of success, as high a degree of natural endowment, acquired knowledge, and mental discipline is required as there is in the study of any other profession. And while the good deeds of others never fail to attract public attention, the teacher in this profession finds his reward only in the unspoken thanks of those humble ones whose mental darkness has been dispelled by his faithful and patient labors.

In conclusion, we would bear testimony to the zeal and fidelity of Mr. T. MacIntire, the Superintendent, to whose excellent management the success which has attended the Institution is mainly due, and also to the assiduous and faithful efforts of the other officers and teachers.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

ANDREW WALLACE, *President.*

JOHN M. KITCHEN, } *Trustees.*
JAMES C. BURT, }



SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit to you the following report of the affairs of the Institution for the year that has just closed:

Twenty-two years have now passed since the institution was first opened for the education of the Deaf and Dumb of the State. The contrast between the early infancy of the enterprise, its uncertainty of success, its weakness and poverty, and its present condition and prospects, is very marked indeed. The school was opened in October, 1844, in small rented buildings; was dependent for support upon private benevolence; and had only twelve pupils the first year. These small beginnings have grown into a large, well-organized, and influential Institution; so that when we compare its situation in those days with its present prosperous condition, we can not but feel thankful to God and the friends of the cause for the aid received, and the blessings so richly bestowed upon all the attempts to advance its welfare.

The efforts put forth the last year to carry forward the enterprise have, it is believed, been crowned with as good a degree of success as in any former year. The officers and teachers associated with us have continued with unabated vigor to labor in their respective departments for the advancement of the best interests of the pupils; and, for their ability, faithfulness, and zeal in their several callings, they are eminently worthy of commendation. Among them all entire harmony has existed, and a disposition to co-operate in carrying out any plans for the promotion of the best interests of the institution.

The pupils, with very few exceptions, have been punctual and diligent in the prosecution of their studies, and have made com-

commendable progress in the acquisition of useful knowledge, and in improvement in manners. They have been generally obedient and teachable, orderly and industrious, and, by their good deportment, have shown their high appreciation of the privilege they enjoy.

Among the officers and teachers in the employ of the Institution there has been but one change since the publication of the last report. Miss H. N. MacIntire, who had taught for two years acceptably, resigned at the close of the last term, and Mr. William S. Marshall was appointed to fill the vacancy. It will be remembered by the friends of the Institution that Mr. M., for several years before the rebellion, had been one of our most successful teachers; but at the call of his country, early in the contest, he resigned his position, and entered the army as a volunteer. He served as Adjutant of the Fifty-First Indiana Regiment, in which he continued with honor to the close of the war, when he was mustered out of the service and returned to civil life. We deem the Institution fortunate in again securing his valuable services, and we most heartily welcome him back again among us as an associate in our labors for the deaf and dumb.

During the past year no epidemic has visited the Institution; on the contrary good health in general has prevailed among both pupils and teachers. Considering the large number of persons composing the household, but few cases of severe sickness have occurred. During the spring and summer some of the pupils were attacked with fever and ague, which, however, caused but little inconvenience, and were easily cured. Of a different nature were two cases of illness that happened in the month of October. They were both cases of typhoid fever, and after protracted suffering, and in defiance of medical skill, proved fatal. These pupils, in both instances, had been home spending the vacation, and had just returned to school when they were attacked by the disease. It soon developed itself in its most alarming symptoms, and in the sequel proved too strong to be arrested by any remedy we could devise.

The first one stricken was Miss Mary Jane Rider, a pupil from Allen county. She died on the 18th of October. The other one was Mr. Charles E. Hutcherson, a member of the high class, from New Albany, Floyd county. He died on the 25th day of the same month. The former was fifteen years of age, had been under instruction three years, and was a pupil of more than ordinary promise. The latter was nineteen years of age, had

nearly completed the course of study, and was looking forward to the time when he should become a teacher of those who were afflicted like himself. For scholarship, for excellency of character, and for correct deportment, he had not a superior among the pupils.

But they are gone, and their friends mourn, but not as those who have no hope. Both of them gave good evidence of a saving knowledge of the way of eternal life through Christ. While, therefore, with their beloved relatives, we mourn their death, we would also join them in rejoicing in the hope that they have passed to that better life above, where the ear of the deaf hears and the tongue of the dumb sings.

The whole number of persons immediately connected with the Institution the last year, including pupils, teachers, officers, laborers and domestics, was 216, of whom 187 were deaf and dumb, and 182 were pupils in regular attendance, for a longer or shorter period, upon the school. Two have died, and eighteen were discharged at the close of the last session. Since the opening of the present term thirty new pupils have been admitted. The number, therefore, at this date, belonging to the classes, is one hundred and sixty-two.

A catalogue of the names and residences of the pupils in attendance during the year will be appended to this report.

It is a source of sincere gratification to us, as we have no doubt it will be to the members of the Legislature about to assemble, to be able to report that the appropriations made by the last General Assembly, with the balance then on hand, drawn under the general law, have proved sufficient to defray all the necessary current expenses of the Institution, for the whole period of time for which they were intended. The amount drawn in 1864, in virtue of the Statute, on the requisition of the State officers, was \$14,942 66, and the amount appropriated for ordinary expenses and the erection of shops, for 1865 and 1866, was \$69,000 00; a sum in the aggregate, for the two years and two months, from November 1st, 1864, to January 1st, 1867, of \$83,942 66. The balance unexpended at this date, and available for the current expenses of the remainder of the present quarter, is \$4,948 02, which, it is believed, with the supplies we have on hand, will be amply sufficient for the purpose.

The estimates submitted to the Legislature two years ago were based upon an anticipated reduction in the cost of living. This

anticipation has not been realized; the principal articles of consumption during all the period have cost as much, and some of them more, than they did when the calculation was made. Flour, for instance, is now, and has been for a year past, more costly than was ever known in this market before; so of several other articles. In the cost of groceries and green vegetables there has recently been some reduction; but meats, flour, furnishing goods, repairs of buildings, and wages, have been more expensive the last two years than in any two preceding years in the history of the Institution. Therefore it is the more gratifying that, through the exercise of a strict economy, we have been able to carry on the Institution in its full efficiency, without contracting any debts, or anticipating future appropriations.

The receipts of the Institution, from all sources, including the shops, during the period embraced in this report, have amounted to fifty-one thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars and ninety-six cents; and the disbursements for all purposes, including the shops and all outstanding accounts at the close of the preceding year, have been forty-six thousand and ninety-eight dollars and seventeen cents, leaving on the first day of November, 1866, a balance unexpended of five thousand four hundred and fifty-four dollars and seventy-nine cents.

In obedience to the statute requiring a detailed statement of the amount of all expenditures made since the last report, we submit, in the appendix, a full list of all the bills allowed by the Board, and the names of the persons to whom they were severally paid, with the amount paid to each, and for what purposes.

* Prior to the year 1853 the Institution was supported by a specific tax, and there was no distinction made in the expenditures between the building and ordinary accounts. Since then they have been kept separately. It doubtless would be interesting to the members of the Legislature to know the number of new pupils admitted each year, the aggregate and average attendance, the cost for current expenses per annum, inclusive of repairs and furnishing, and exclusive of buildings and shops; together with the amount expended each period of two years, from one biennial session of the Legislature to another. The following carefully prepared table will exhibit these facts:

Year.	New Pupils Admitted.	Aggregate Number.	Average Num- ber.	Annual Current Expenses.	Biennial Current Expenses,
1853	37	168	131	\$23,308 68	
1854	28	167	139	24,365 52	\$47,674 20
1855	23	166	143	24,415 09	
1856	24	179	155	26,855 79	51,270 88
1857	8	165	157	26,342 19	
1858	31	170	139	26,620 39	52,962 58
1859	25	172	147	27,414 30	
1860	49	194	145	26,060 38	54,474 68
1861	16	173	157	27,978 91	
1862	29	165	136	27,312 18	55,290 09
1863	25	169	144	25,149 59	
1864	24	176	152	29,563 57	54,713 16
1865	27	177	150	37,467 54	
1866	30	185	155	40,410 12	77,877 66

The 7th Section of the act for the government of the Institution makes it our duty to submit to the Legislature an estimate of the "*probable sum necessary to defray the current expenses of the Institution until the ensuing session of the General Assembly.*" With much hesitation we perform this duty. We have economised to the utmost, that was consistent with the best interests of the Institution. In our anxiety to keep down expenses, we have perhaps, in some respects, gone beyond what was just and proper. The salaries of officers and teachers have been kept at nearly the same figures they were when living cost but little over half what it now does. In the same spirit we have made no extra effort lately to increase the number of pupils; only receiving those who applied. If the finances had justified it, with proper exertion, we could have had, under instruction, over two hundred pupils, a number about in proportion to what the population of the State ought to furnish. We refer to these things, not in the way of apology; for we have been actuated by a sense of duty to the State, much less in the spirit of complaint, but to show the difficulty under which we labor. Formerly the cost per pupil was only \$174 per annum. The average for the last three years has been \$236. Nor is this

sum high; it is less than is now paid for boarding, tuition and incidental expenses in any respectable seminary in the country. In most of them this sum would scarcely cover the cost of boarding; to say nothing about instruction, medical attendance, books and apparatus, which, from the necessities of the case, are with us heavy items of expense.

Therefore if provision should be made for two hundred pupils, an appropriation of \$50,000 will be necessary. This we do not ask; nor do we think it advisable under present circumstances. But we do recommend most earnestly, that provision be made for one hundred and sixty-five pupils, a small advance upon our present number. This, at the lowest we can figure it, will require \$40,000 per annum, for the period for which we estimate. We would not presume to dictate to the Legislature, nor to doubt their wisdom or liberality; but we would express our conviction, that should this estimate from any cause be reduced, the usefulness of the Institution will have to be contracted in the same proportion.

It is believed that the members of that body, in common with the citizens of the State, would deprecate any backward movement in this benevolent enterprise, and would hesitate to lay upon the officers of the Institution the necessity, from the want of adequate provision for carrying it forward, of shortening the course of study, and of reducing the number of pupils.

Therefore, with these remarks, we submit as the result of our most careful calculation, the following estimate of the sums necessary for defraying the current expenses of the Institution for the ensuing two years:

There will be needed to defray the current expenses of the Institution for the year 1867, the sum of forty thousand dollars; and for the year 1868, the further sum of forty thousand dollars.

We respectfully recommend that these sums be appropriated, and made payable to the order of the Board, provided that only so much of them shall be drawn from the Treasury as shall be found necessary for the economical support of the Institution. Then should the cost of living recede before the end of the period for which we estimate, in the same proportion the appropriations would be unexpended.

In this connection the attention of the members of the Legislature is invited to the subject of the sale of a portion of the land belonging to the Institution. There is more land than we can use profitably; and it seems to us that the time has arrived when it

uld be disposed of to great advantage. There can be no doubt at the proceeds from the sale of the surplus, properly invested, would be fourfold more productive of good to the deaf and dumb in promoting their education, than is possible to obtain from the land by cultivation. It is too valuable to hold for this purpose.

The design of the founders of the Institution was to make manual labor an essential part of the plan for the education of the deaf and dumb. They did so, not so much for the pecuniary profit, as for the benefit of the pupils. Hence a farm was purchased, and the cultivation of the soil was introduced among them. For five years the male pupils devoted their time out of school to this employment. But work in the field, it was found, exposed them to the inclemency of the weather, and was detrimental to their health; the time allotted, morning and evening, to this object, was mainly consumed in going to and returning from the field; but little real work could be accomplished, and so much supervision was necessary, that it cost more than the work was worth; so that the result of each year's trial has proved the employments to be unsuitable, and of little profit to the Institution, or benefit to the pupils.

In the year 1852 the Legislature appropriated funds for the erection of Shops, and the following season mechanical branches were introduced. Nine out of ten of the boys prefer learning a trade to working on the farm. As an exercise connected with study, and as a preparation for future life, in the cultivating of habits of order, punctuality, diligence, and the ability of self-support, it is, as an occupation, in every way preferable.

The Institution owns one hundred and twenty acres. The original cost was six thousand dollars. It was purchased in three parcels and was deeded to the State for the Institution for Educating the Deaf and Dumb. It lies in a narrow belt, just one mile long, from north to south. There runs through it five public highways, occupying seventeen acres of ground. To inclose it there is more than three miles of fence required to be kept up. The roads that run through it, from west to east, divide it into five parts. There are thirty-six acres lying north of the National Road, twenty-five acres between that road and the Central Railway, which constitutes the proper site for the Asylum, and includes the orchard and vegetable garden. Between the Central Railway and the Michigan Road there are twenty-one acres. South of the Michigan Road and north of the Cincinnati Railroad there are thirty-six acres, and two south of that road.

The twenty-five acres on which the Institution stands is all that is really necessary or valuable for any proper purposes connected with it. The thirty-six acres north of this, and all that south of it, and lying between the railroads, ought to be disposed of. That on the south, especially, lies open, and as long as we attempt to cultivate it, the pupils will be exposed to great danger from the running of the cars. Three fatal accidents have already occurred from this cause. Were it sold we would shut the pupils off from all communication with it by a close fence. The land is really not valuable for cultivation, and will bring a high price. Were it sold, and the proceeds properly invested, the interest annually would amount to much more than it can be made to yield in any other way.

Therefore it is respectfully recommended that the Legislature be petitioned to pass an act authorizing the sale of all this land, or so much of it as the Board shall think advisable, as lies north of the Central Plank Road and south of the Central Railway, the proceeds of the sale to be invested in Government Bonds, and deposited with the Treasurer of State, as a permanent fund, for the repair and improvement of the buildings and grounds of the Institution, the interest alone to be used for this purpose.

The shops have been carried on as usual, and have been productive of much good, in imparting to those engaged in them such knowledge as shall be useful for them. An hour and a half in the morning and two hours in the evening, regularly devoted to manual labor, is found not only a powerful means in the formation of character, and in giving to them the ability for self-support after they leave the Institution, but in counteracting that propensity inherent in youth to idleness and mischief when congregated together without being provided with any suitable occupation when out of school. With the older pupils, especially, brief intervals of useful labor take the place, in a great measure, of mere amusement, and in its effects upon their health, their cheerfulness, and the development of their physical powers, it is far better than any system of gymnastics ever devised. Without allowing it to encroach upon the more important fields of moral and intellectual culture, we endeavor to make it a preparation for these, and by frequent alternations of employment, to prevent study from becoming a wearisome task.

For carrying on cabinet-making and shoe-making we have

excellent facilities, in the way of buildings, machinery and tools. From twenty to twenty-five boys are engaged regularly three hours and a half a day in each of these shops. The profits of their work fully pays the expenses of their support. For the last year the aggregate receipts from the sale of articles manufactured by them was \$4,766 27, and the disbursements for their support \$4,289 50, leaving a profit of \$476 77.

The female pupils devote the hours of labor each day to such domestic duties as are suited to them, under the judicious management and instruction of the Matron. Besides household work and plain sewing, they embroider and manufacture many fancy and ornamental articles of needle-work for sale, the proceeds of which are devoted to the increase of the library. The amount realized from this source during the year is \$126 45.

In the appendix will be found a schedule of the order of exercises, and the division of time—the portion devoted to study, labor, recreation and rest—which will interest the friends of the pupils. Our aim is to secure as great a degree of regularity in the exercises as is consistent with variety. Children, and especially deaf and dumb children, require frequent changes of employment, but in order to accomplish much there must be a time for everything, and everything in its time. To form habits of attention, order, punctuality and diligence is a very important part of their training, and cannot be attained without some such systematic apportionment of time and duties.

We embrace the occasion to say that the Institution, at all suitable hours, is open to the inspection and examination of our citizens, and especially of the members of the Legislature, whom we earnestly invite to avail themselves of the opportunity of their stay at the Capital this winter, to visit it as often as they can, and make themselves acquainted with the means and appliances which the liberality of the State has put in operation for removing the moral and intellectual darkness of this most needy class of her children. Could all our citizens and their honored representatives visit the class rooms, and witness the recitations, and the modes of instruction—the intelligent, happy countenances of the pupils—they would be ready, as those who have gone before them always have been, to grant a munificent share of their abundance to sustain and carry forward this most benevolent enterprise. They will be welcomed by both teachers and pupils.

The reading of newspapers is a valuable source of knowledge and instruction to the pupils. We are gratuitously furnished with the following papers and magazines, and, in behalf of the pupils, we tender to the editors and publishers our sincere thanks for them, and solicit a continuance of the favor. Could they witness how eagerly they are received and read, they would be richly paid for their contributions :

Indianapolis Daily Journal, Indianapolis Daily Herald, Christian Times and Witness, Northwestern Christian Advocate, Religious Telescope, Western Christian Advocate, Presbyterian Witness, Christian Monitor, Ladies' Repository, Indiana School Journal, Madison Courier, Lafayette Courier, Connersville Times, Vincennes Western Sun, Democratic Pharos, Republican Banner, and Journal of Health.

We also tender our thanks to Adolphus Koffman, Esq., of Lafayette, for his continued liberality in donating annually for several years past \$25 for the benefit of the library of the Institution. We can assure him that his donations are gratefully received, and are applied in accordance with his wish.

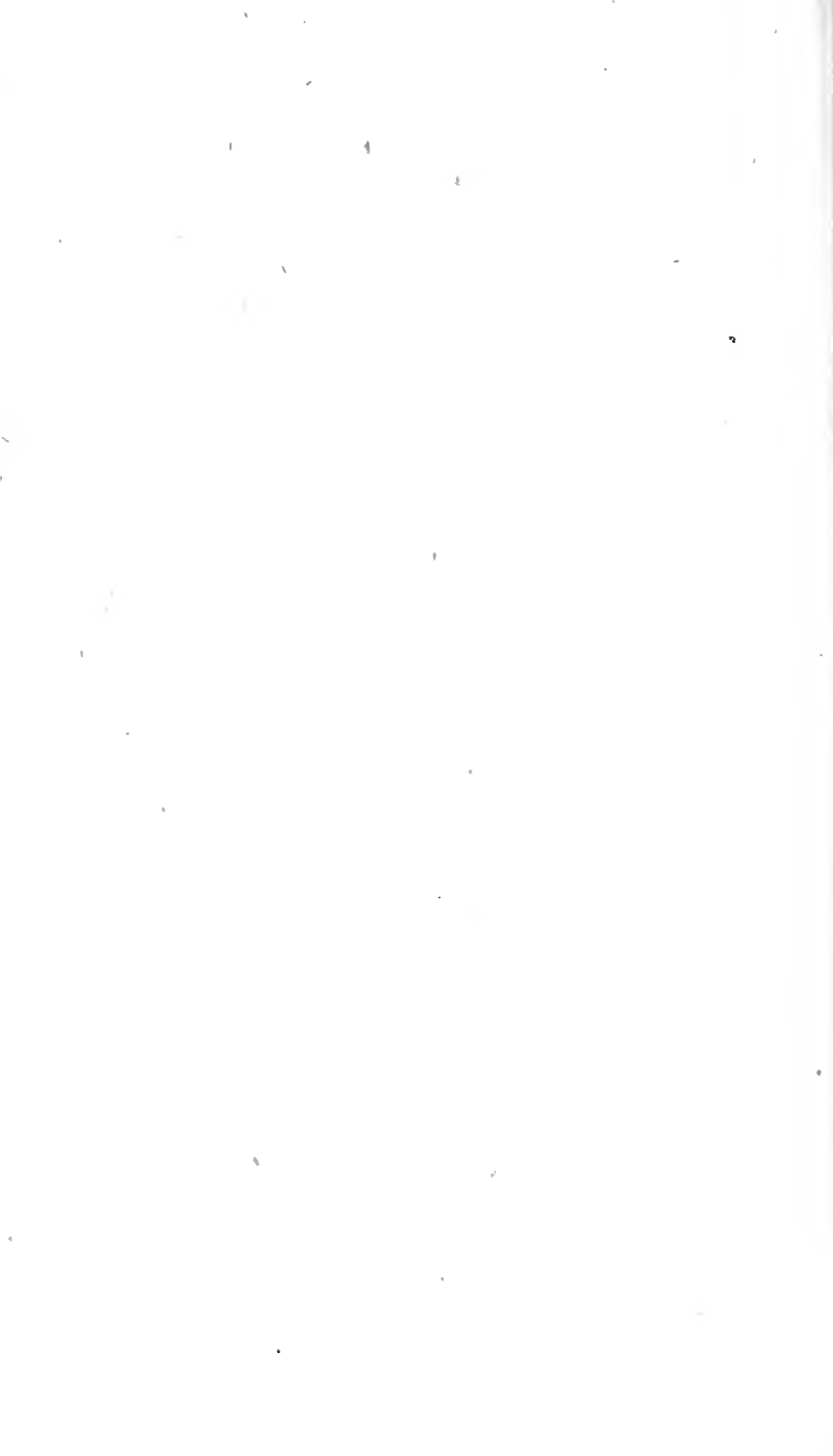
Commending the Institution to the fostering care and continued patronage of the General Assembly of the State, we, with hope and confidence, commit it to that Divine protection and blessing which it has heretofore so richly enjoyed.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOMAS MACINTIRE, *Superintendent.*

November 1, 1866.

APPENDIX.



CATALOGUE.

Catalogue of Pupils in the Institution from November 1, 1865, to November 1, 1866.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Abisher, Ladoska A.....	Rockport.....	Spencer.
Abisher, Aurilla.....	Rockport.....	Spencer.
Adams, Harriet A.....	Galveston.....	Cass.
Alcorn, Sarah J.....	Princeton.....	Gibson.
Aldrich, James B.....	Mount Ætna.....	Huntington.
Anhaer, Jacob.....	Logansport.....	Cass.
Arnot, Jesse R.....	Delphi.....	Carroll.
Arnot, Sarah C.....	Delphi.....	Carroll.
Arnot, Jacob F.....	Delphi.....	Carroll.
Arnett, Samuel N. S.....	Parkersburg.....	Montgomery.
Baldwin, Patsy.....	Coffin's Station.....	Henry.
Barnefiher, John F.....	Van Wedding.....	Dearborn.
Bartley, Mary Jane.....	Castleton.....	Marion.
Bagerman, Frederic.....	Freelandsville.....	Knox.
Beeman, Andrew J.....	Hall.....	Ripley.
Berryman, John W.....	Lakeville.....	St. Joseph.
Berryman, W. R.....	Lakeville.....	St. Joseph.
Berryman, Henry.....	Lakeville.....	St. Joseph.
Bischof, Caroline.....	Terre Haute.....	Vigo.
Bolin, Charles E.....	New Albany.....	Floyd.
Bower, Marietta.....	Colburn.....	Tippecanoe.
Branson, Anna.....	Annapolis.....	Parke.
Brantley, Charles C.....	Mount Vernon.....	Posey.
Brantley, Henry H.....	Mount Vernon.....	Posey.
Brown, Charles W.....	Terre Haute.....	Vigo.
Brown, Carrie V.....	Poston.....	Ripley.
Brown, Andrew.....	Augusta.....	Marion.
Broker, David.....	Clark's Hill.....	Tippecanoe.
Blood, Irvine.....	South Bend.....	St. Joseph.
Bullock, Daniel D.....	Coffee Creek.....	Porter.

Catalogue of Pupils.—Continued.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Buchanan, James.....	Memphis.....	Clarke.
Bunce, Alice.....	Lafayette.....	Tippecanoe.
Butcher, George W.....	Bear Creek.....	Jay.
Butler, Marcus B.....	Lagrange.....	Lagrange.
Cain, John.....	Osgood.....	Ripley.
Callison, Polina S.....	Union Mills.....	Laporte.
Calloway, Mary E.....	Rossville.....	Clinton.
Calloway, Nancy E.....	Rossville.....	Clinton.
Carey, Anna.....	Lagro.....	Wabash.
Carigg, Mary Jane.....	Calumet.....	Porter.
Chapman, Sarah E.....	Zionsville.....	Boone.
Chapman, Nancy J.....	Zionsville.....	Boone.
Chilson, Sarah E.....	Kendallville.....	Noble.
Coen, Sarah P.....	Petersburg.....	Pike.
Compton, Amanda.....	Elkhart.....	Elkhart.
Compton, Christiana M..	Bridgeport.....	Marion.
Corwin, William R.....	Bainbridge.....	Putnam.
Cross, Jasper J.....	Michigan City.....	Laporte.
Cross, Barnum C.....	Michigan City.....	Laporte.
Curry, Allen W.....	New Albany.....	Floyd.
Dillon, Mary Ann.....	North Vernon.....	Jennings.
Eldred, James E.....	North Liberty.....	St. Joseph.
Ecord, Alvin.....	Worthington.....	Greene.
Fawkner, Ida.....	Danville.....	Hendricks.
Featherhoff, Warren F..	Featherhoff Mills....	Carroll.
Fella, Margaret.....	Sharp's Mills.....	Harrison.
Fredenberg, Amanda M..	New Carlisle.....	St. Joseph.
Fredenberg, Alexander...	New Carlisle.....	St. Joseph.
French, Amos.....	Vera Cruz.....	Wells.
Frounfelter, James A....	Frankfort.....	Clinton.
Gaylord, Mary E.....	Lake Station.....	Lake.
Gross, Andrew L.....	Morgantown.....	Morgan.
Haag, Catharine E.....	Terre Haute.....	Vigo.
Harrison, Elizabeth.....	Muncie.....	Delaware.
Harrison, John T.....	Muncie.....	Delaware.
Harrison, George.....	Evansville.....	Vanderburg.
Harris, John T.....	Swansville.....	Jefferson.
Hawk, William E.....	Yorktown.....	Delaware.
Hays, Zachary T.....	Mauckport.....	Harrison.
Hays, Francis M.....	Kendallville.....	Noble.
Hiatt, Naomi S.....	Westfield.....	Hamilton.
Hiatt, Calvin M.....	Westfield.....	Hamilton.
Hedge, S. Q.....	North Salem.....	Hendricks.

Catalogue of Pupils.—Continued.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Hondyshell, John L.....	Bluffton.....	Wells.
Holmes, Robert.....	Connerville.....	Fayette.
Hume, Jane E.....	Curveton.....	Cass.
*Hutcherson, Charles E..	Jeffersonville.....	Clarke.
Jenks, William W.....	New Manchester....	Wabash.
Jenks, Susan E.....	New Manchester....	Wabash.
Johns, Louisa J.....	Westfield.....	Hamilton.
Johns, Norvetta.....	Bluffton.....	Wells.
Johnson, Candice F.....	Kendallville.....	Noble.
Johnson, Murray L.....	Kendallville.....	Noble.
Johnson, Elizabeth.....	Delectable Hill.....	Pike.
Johnson, Angeline.....	Delectable Hill.....	Pike.
Johnson, Riley.....	Washington.....	Daviess.
Johnson, Adelaide.....	Laporte.....	Laporte.
Keaser, Joanna M.....	Evansville.....	Vanderburg.
Keedy, Julia Ann.....	Elkhart.....	Elkhart.
Kelly, William J.....	Lynnville.....	Warrick.
Kepner, Mary Jane.....	Rensselaer.....	Jasper.
Kline, Joseph.....	Lafayette.....	Tippecanoe.
Kline, Jane.....	Lafayette.....	Tippecanoe.
Kling, John W.....	Palestine.....	Kosciusko.
Koffman, Abey.....	Lafayette.....	Tippecanoe.
Krutch, Clara.....	Reynolds.....	White.
Kyle, William M.....	Albany.....	Delaware.
Laudig, John M.....	Huntington.....	Huntington.
Leach, Sarah Jane.....	Grant.....	Grant.
Lee, Sarah C.....	New Albany.....	Floyd.
Leppert, Edward J.....	Indianapolis.....	Marion.
Lewis, Elmer.....	Rockville.....	Parke.
Lewis, John.....	Columbia.....	Fayette.
Lindsay, Lavina.....	Mexico.....	Miami.
Littell, Henry C.....	Memphis.....	Clarke.
Lowman, Georgiana A..	New Town.....	Fountain.
Marsh, Alfred S.....	New Albany.....	Floyd.
Marshall, Susan A.....	Washington.....	Daviess.
Marshall, Permelia J....	Washington.....	Daviess.
Marshall, Elizabeth.....	Washington.....	Daviess.
Marshall, Mary Jane....	Elliottsville.....	Monroe.
Martindale, Moses A....	Peru.....	Miami.
Mead, Laura E.....	Owensville.....	Gibson.
Messersmith, Mike.....	Connerville.....	Fayette.
Miller, Oliver T.....	Harrison.....	Delaware.
Moore, Eliza Jane...	Rockville.....	Parke.

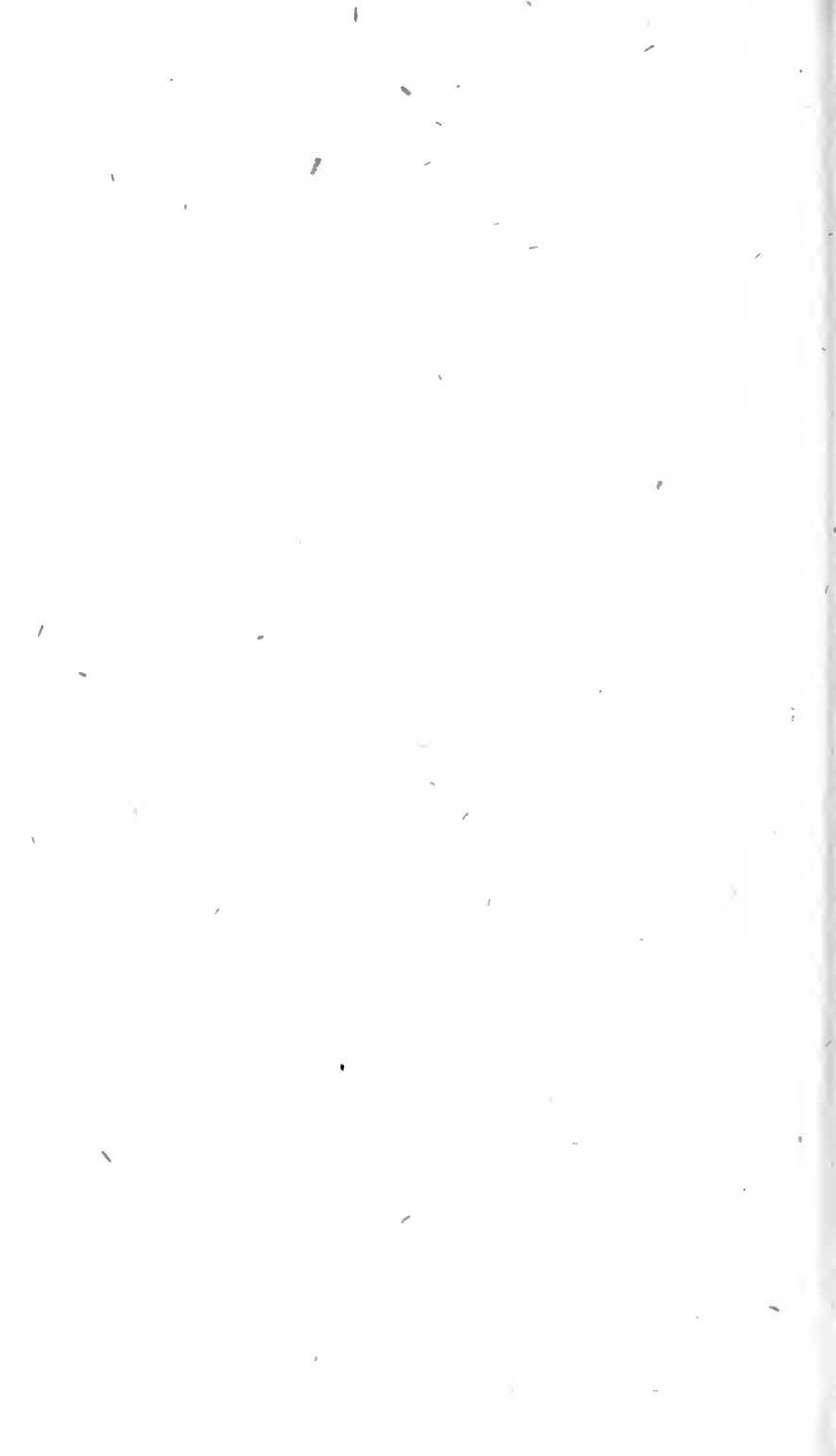
Catalogue of Pupils.—Continued.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Moritz, Amelia C.	Montpelier.	Blackford.
McDonald, Mary Ann.	Fort Wayne.	Allen.
McKim, John R.	Madison.	Jefferson.
McKim, Isabella.	Madison.	Jefferson.
McMullen, Otho H.	Argus.	Marshall.
Musgrave, Clara.	Terre Haute.	Vigo.
Myers, Jane.	Wabash.	Wabash.
Myers, Amos H.	Indianapolis.	Marion.
Neibling, Maria.	Lafayette.	Tippecanoe.
Osborn, Jordan.	Centreville.	Wayne.
Parnin, Celestine.	Fort Wayne.	Allen.
Parvis, Polina Agnes.	Frankfort.	Clinton.
Phillips, Deborah Ann.	Whitelick.	Hendricks.
Pike, Mary M.	Carmel.	Hamilton.
Place, Jemima E.	Northern Depot.	Boone.
Porter, John H.	Greensburg.	Decatur.
Pruitt, Paulina Jane.	Hall.	Morgan.
Purdy, David.	Bourbon.	Marshall.
Powers, John.	Hamilton.	Steuben.
Richards, Byron A.	Roanoke.	Huntington.
Ricker, John.	Mount Jackson.	Marion.
Ricker, Andrew J.	Mount Jackson.	Marion.
*Rider, Mary Jane.	Leo.	Allen.
Roberts, Lydia A.	Bloomington.	Monroe.
Ross, Anna M.	Whitestown.	Boone.
Russell, Charity M.	Laconia.	Harrison.
Sanford, Frances A.	Elkhart.	Elkhart.
Scott, Kinsey C.	Wawaka.	Noble.
Seybolt, Caroline.	Indianapolis.	Marion.
Shepherd, John W.	New Corydon.	Jay.
Sherrell, James.	Covington.	Fountain.
Slaght, Thomas D.	Evansville.	Vanderburg.
Sneider, Elizabeth.	Evansville.	Vanderburg.
Spinden, Frederick.	Evansville.	Vanderburg.
Sterling, Mary Ann.	Delphi.	Carroll.
Stombaugh, Mary C.	Battle Ground.	Tippecanoe.
Stretch, Edward.	Lafayette.	Tippecanoe.
Street, George G.	Mier.	Grant.
Street, William R.	Mier.	Grant.
Street, John A.	Mier.	Grant.
Sullivan, Charles T.	Evansville.	Vanderburg.
Sullivan, Enos.	Seymour.	Jackson.
Sullivan, Elizabeth.	Daleville.	Delaware.

Catalogue of Pupils.—Continued.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Swaim, Sarah Jane.....	Clermont.....	Marion.
Taylor, Simon.....	Newburg.....	Warrick.
Thatcher, Lavina.....	Terre Haute.....	Vigo.
Throckmorton, Cicero M.	Oldenburg.....	Franklin.
Teague, John.....	Attica.....	Fountain.
Tilson, Emmezetta.....	Huntsville.....	Madison.
Vaughan, Mary A.....	Filmore.....	Putnam.
Van Tress John R....	Orleans.....	Orange.
Walker, Addison A.....	Frankfort.....	Clinton.
Walker, Martha.....	Harrodsburg.....	Monroe.
Wagoner, Margaret J....	Anderson.....	Madison.
Warford, Aurilla.....	Spearsville.....	Brown.
Whittinger, Mary L....	Lakeville.....	St. Joseph.
Whittaker, M. A. F.....	Indianapolis.....	Marion.
Weikel, Flavilla.....	Bristol.....	Elkhart.
Wilson, Mary.....	Richmond.....	Wayne.
Willet, James M.	Anderson	Madison.
Witsman, Mary C.....	Chambersburg.....	Orange.
Witsman, Martha E.....	Chambersburg.....	Orange.
Williams, Sarah C.....	Kirk's Roads.....	Clinton.
Wolf, Genis W.....	Warsaw.....	Kosciusko.
Wood, Martha J.....	Rising Sun.....	Ohio.
Wright, Mary A....	Tipton.....	Tipton.
Wrights, Amos.....	Bunker Hill.....	Miami.

*Deceased.



FINANCIAL.

Payments on account of Current Expenses from November 1, 1865, to October 31, 1866.

NOVEMBER, 1865.

To John Yorger & Bro., for meat.....	\$296 49
P. R. Perine, for coal.....	488 50
Munson & Johnson, for tinware.....	118 05
Pee, Conduitt & Cox, for furnishing goods.....	367 21
C. Zimmerman, for repairing roof.....	67 10
Andrew Denk, for vinegar.....	46 75
Merrill & Co., for school books.....	134 85
W. H. Churchman, for iron bedsteads, blankets and sheets.....	1,355 95
John Martin, for masonry.....	11 50
Dearinger & Co., for plastering.....	12 00
Gas and Coke Co., for gas.....	36 90
James A. Wilson, for painting.....	61 50
Geo. Lowe, for repairs.....	31 50
Sohl Gibson & Co., for flour and feed.....	529 00
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	338 61
R. L. & A. W. McOuatt, for cooking stove.....	80 41
Martin Birk, for soft soap.....	18 00
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	490 00
Coburn & Jones, for lumber.....	40 17
J. H. Vajen & Co., for belting.....	56 38
C. Vonnegut, for hardware.....	127 35
D. Bethasta, for carpentry.....	39 00
Cabinet Makers' Union, for machinery.....	300 00
Indianapolis Agricultural Works, for repairs.....	5 70
James Wilson, for carpentry.....	76 12
George Eberhart, for carpentry.....	67 00
H. W. Keehn, for groceries.....	187 37
	<u>\$5,293 29</u>

DECEMBER, 1865.

To John Barr, for repalring blinds.....	\$102 00
Gas and Coke Co., for gas.....	62 10
James Wilson, for carpentry.....	49 00
John Yorger & Bro., for beef.....	252 79
Sohl Gibson & Co., for flour and feed.....	260 00
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	345 92
Shoe shop, for shoes.....	129 70
P. R. Perine, for coal.....	516 28
H. W. Keehn & Co., for provisions.....	205 42
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	400 00
	<u>\$2,323 21</u>

JANUARY, 1866.

To Merrill & Co., for books and stationery.....	\$43 05
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	332 59
John Yorger & Bro., for meat and lard.....	320 89
Geo. Lowe, for spring wagon, &c.....	186 55
Holland & Ostermeyer, for groceries.....	89 66
C. Heckman, for flour and feed.....	232 50
Bowen, Stewart & Co., for books.....	23 35
W. R. Hogshire & Co., for groceries.....	241 00
Gas and Coke Co., for gas.....	61 65
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	400 00
Ramsay & Hanning, for plumbing.....	217 70
Shoe shop, for wood and shoes.....	322 08
S. H. Vandeman, for wood.....	107 25
P. R. Perine, for coal.....	91 44
Thomas MacIntire, for services as Superintendent.....	350 00
H. S. Gillet, for services as Teacher.....	390 00
W. H. Latham, for services as Teacher.....	390 00
S. J. Vail, for services as Teacher.....	240 00
W. W. Angus, for services as Teacher.....	192 50
Wm. M. French, for services as Teacher.....	137 50
E. W. Brown, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
M. J. Willard, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
H. N. MacIntire, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
J. A. Taylor, for services as Matron.....	100 00
L. B. Paige, for services as Assistant Matron.....	75 00
P. H. Jameson, for services as Physician.....	75 00
C. C. Foster, for services as Steward.....	200 00
	<hr/> \$3,159 71

FEBRUARY, 1866.

To Shoe shop for wood and shoes.....	\$76 20
S. H. Vandeman, for wood.....	282 81
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	400 00
Pec, Conduitt & Cox, for tickling.....	134 78
H. & C. Brandt, for Pork.....	54 00
Hume, Adams & Co., for merchandise.....	64 37
Crossland, Maguire & Co., for groceries.....	594 96
Holland & Ostermeyer, for groceries.....	266 04
W. H. Keehn & Co., for provisions.....	57 54
C. Heckman, for flour.....	200 00
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	337 40
John Yorger & Bro., for beef and lard.....	540 95
	<hr/> \$3,109 05

MARCH, 1866.

To shoe shop, for wood and shoes.....	\$325 38
M. Birk, for soft soap.....	46 50
John Yorger & Bro., for meat and lard.....	480 00
P. R. Perine & Son, for coal.....	328 71
Speigel, Thoms & Co., for chairs.....	88 00
C. Heckman, for flour and feed.....	310 75
Bowen, Stewart & Co., for stationery.....	36 63
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	316 50
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	400 00
	<hr/> \$2,312 47

APRIL, 1866.

To Thomas MacIntire, for services as Superintendent.....	\$350 00
H. S. Gillet, for services as Teacher.....	390 00
W. H. Latham, for services as Teacher.....	390 00

APRIL, 1896—Continued.

To W. W. Angus, for services as Teacher.....	\$192 50
S. J. Vail, for services as Teacher.....	240 00
Wm. M. French, for services as Teacher.....	137 50
M. J. Willard, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
H. N. MacIntire, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
E. W. Brown, for services as Teacher.....	110 00
C. C. Foster, for services as Steward.....	200 00
P. H. Jameson, for services as Physician.....	75 00
J. A. Taylor, for services as Matron.....	100 00
L. B. Paige, for services as Assistant Matron.....	75 60
Bowen, Stewart & Co., for books and stationery.....	104 24
Shoe shop, for shoes.....	139 55
Browning & Sloan, for medicines.....	69 95
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	359 00
John Yorger & Bro., for meat.....	290 15
C. C. Foster, incidental expenses.....	400 00
C. Heckman, for flour and feed.....	302 40
W. H. Kechn & Co., for provisions.....	221 51
	<hr/> \$4,375 89

MAY, 1896.

To John Yorker & Bro., for meat.....	\$305 33
W. Bradshaw, for brooms.....	50 00
C. Heckman, for flour and feed.....	237 00
J. H. Vajen & Co., for hardware.....	23 76
Crossland, Maguire & Co., for groceries.....	202 41
Bowen, Stewart & Co., for school books.....	52 75
Hume, Adams & Co., for carpets.....	208 75
Sponsler & McCreery, for furniture.....	201 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., for groceries.....	34 12
Dessar, Bro. & Co., for clothing.....	162 10
Dearinger & Co., for plastering.....	267 80
Shoe shop, for shoes.....	267 11
Reyer & Thoms, for harness.....	23 35
H. W. Kechn & Co., for provisions.....	49 84
Gas and Coke Co., for gas.....	22 70
C. C. Foster, incidental expenses.....	400 00
Laborers and domestics, for services.....	310 67
	<hr/> \$2,878 75

JUNE, 1896.

To shoe shop, for shoes.....	\$128 99
G. G. Holman, for potatoes.....	31 70
W. H. Kheen, for provisions.....	43 60
George & Co., for plants.....	40 40
Holland & Ostermeyer, for groceries.....	380 34
Dessar & Bro., for clothing.....	193 95
Hume, Adams & Co., for carpet.....	26 93
W. J. Hasket & Co., for drugs, &c.....	35 75
C. Heckman, for flour and feed.....	245 00
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	300 00
John Yorger & Co., for meat.....	302 22
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	362 90
	<hr/> \$2,190 78

JULY, 1896.

To H. S. Gillet, for services as Teacher.....	\$360 00
W. H. Latham, for services as Teacher.....	360 00
W. W. Angus, for services as Teacher.....	175 00
S. J. Vail, for services as Teacher.....	224 00

JULY, 1866—Continued.

To Wm. M. French, for services as Teacher.....	\$125 00
E. W. Brown, for services as Teacher.....	100 00
H. N. MacIntire, for services as Teacher.....	100 00
M. J. Willard, for services as Teacher.....	100 00
Thomas MacIntire, for services as Superintendent.....	350 00
J. A. Taylor, for services as Matron.....	100 00
L. B. Paige, for services as Assistant Matron.....	75 00
C. C. Foster, for services as Steward.....	200 00
P. H. Jameson, for services as Physician.....	75 00
Holland & Ostermeyer, for groceries.....	211 97
Martin Burk, for soft soap.....	91 00
J. H. Vajen & Co., for hardware.....	12 67
Brett, Braden & Co., for provender.....	52 59
B. L. & W. H. Thomas, for provisions.....	56 88
John Yerger & Co., for meat.....	258 89
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	342 00
Shoe shop, for shoes.....	135 90
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	500 00
Foster, Holloway & Co., for groceries.....	39 35
C. Heckman, for flour.....	165 00
	<hr/> \$4,333 25

AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER, 1866.

To Mrs. Thomas Moore, for butter and eggs.....	65 22
R. L. & W. H. Thomas, for provisions.....	22 80
W. & J. Braden, for blank books.....	48 55
Shoe shop, for wood.....	62 50
John Yerger & Bro., for meat.....	235 22
Foster, Holloway & Co., for groceries.....	1,177 05
Samuel Seibert, for smithing.....	95 95
Reyer & Thoms, for repairing harness.....	23 45
W. I. Hasket & Co., for drugs and paints.....	69 70
C. Heckman, for flour.....	51 50
Brett, Braden & Co., for meal, &c.....	70 97
Browning & Sloan, for glass, &c.....	16 30
Crossland, McGuire & Co., for groceries.....	267 21
Sohl, Gibson & Co., for feed.....	19 00
O. B. Stout & Bro., for provisions.....	56 32
Munson & Johnson, for tinware.....	51 50
Sponsler & McCreery, for queensware.....	201 95
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	290 00
Ramsey & Hanning, for plumbing.....	339 18
James Wilson, for carpentry.....	63 00
J. W. Bailey, for painting.....	10 00
Pee, Conduitt & Cox, for merchandise.....	167 31
John W. Bradshaw, for wagon.....	45 00
J. & W. Burk, for coal.....	325 88
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	400 00
Jacob Hanch, for wheat.....	690 00
	<hr/> \$4,995 56

OCTOBER, 1866.

To Thomas Mac Intire, for services as Superintendent.....	350 00
H. S. Gillett, for services as Teacher.....	360 00
W. H. Latham, for services as Teacher.....	360 00
W. S. Marshall, for services as Teacher.....	45 83
W. W. Angus, for services as Teacher.....	175 00
S. J. Vail, for services as Teacher.....	240 00
William M. French, for services as Teacher.....	125 00

OCTOBER, 1866—Continued.

E. W. Brown, for services as Teacher.....	100 00
M. J. Willard, for services as Teacher.....	100 00
J. A. Taylor, for services as Matron.....	100 00
L. B. Paige, for services as Assistant Matron.....	75 00
C. C. Foster, for services as Steward.....	200 00
P. H. Jameson, for services as Physician.....	75 00
J. & W. Burk, for coal.....	457 67
Hume, Adams & Co., for sheeting.....	216 68
John Yorger & Bro., for meat.....	187 81
Shoe shop, for wood.....	140 50
Dearinger & Co., for whitewashing.....	59 50
O. B. Stout & Bro., for provisions.....	37 75
Sinker & Co., for repairs.....	146 26
Ramsey & Hanuing, for plumbing.....	33 61
Merrill & Co., for school books.....	37 90
Thomas H. Clark, for re-setting boilers.....	146 21
Martin Burton, for trunks.....	40 15
C. Heckman, for flour.....	213 00
Parrott & Smithers, for crackers.....	21 87
Martin Burk, for soft soap.....	23 75
Domestics and laborers, for services.....	310 98
G. W. Bailey, for painting.....	35 00
C. C. Foster, for incidental expenses.....	300 00
Mrs. Thomas Moore, for butter and eggs.....	48 58
Central Gravel Road Company, for stone.....	50 00
Helwig, Roberts & Co., for shutters.....	63 75
	<hr/> \$4,876 80
Total payments on account of current expenses.....	<hr/> \$41,808 67

*Payments on Account of the Shops, from November 1, 1865, to
October 31, 1866.*

NOVEMBER, 1865.

To John Fishback, for leather and findings.....	\$479 50
Cabinet-Maker's Union, for turning.....	7 00
B. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00
	<hr/> \$561 50

DECEMBER, 1865.

To John Fishback for findings.....	\$14 17
B. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00
George Eberhart, for services.....	75 00
Helwig, Roberts & Co., for lumber.....	8 50
	<hr/> \$172 67

JANUARY, 1866.

To Helwig, Roberts & Co., for sawing.....	18 35
C. Vonnegut, for hardware.....	42 15
George Eberhart, for services.....	75 00
B. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00
W. R. Clinton, for horse.....	160 00
	<hr/> \$370

FEBRUARY, 1866.

To Cottrell & Knight, for tin.....	32 00	
Spiegel, Thoms & Co., for tin.....	32 00	
John Fishback & Co., for leather.....	24 39	
R. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00	
George Eberhart.....	75 00	
		<u>\$238 39</u>

MARCH, 1866.

To E. R. Fisher, for lumber.....	13 25	
Pee, Conduitt & Cox, for muslin.....	8 69	
R. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	57 00	
		<u>\$153 94</u>

APRIL, 1866.

To E. R. Fisher, for lumber.....	\$ 15 41	
John Fishback, for leather.....	532 03	
R. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	67 00	
William Braden, for lumber.....	625 00	
To Spiegel, Thoms & Co., for tin.....	41 00	
		<u>\$1,355 44</u>

MAY, 1866.

To R. M. Wright, for services.....	\$ 75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	67 00	
Cottrell & Knight, for tin.....	30 00	
C. Vonnegut, for hardware.....	53 56	
		<u>\$225 56</u>

JUNE, 1866.

To Ross & Braden, for lumber.....	\$131 07	
Mooney & Co., for leather.....	16 50	
Helwig, Roberts & Co. for sawing	9 30	
R. M. Wright, for services.....	75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	67 00	
		<u>\$298 87</u>

JULY, 1866.

To R. M. Wright, for services.....	\$ 75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	67 00	
		<u>\$142 00</u>

AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER, 1866.

To George Eberhart, for services.....	\$134 00	
Cottrell & Knight, for tin.....	15 50	
R. M. Wright, for services.....	15 00	
E. C. Atkins, for saw.....	5 50	
		<u>\$170 00</u>

OCTOBER, 1866.

To G. L. Strang, for services.....	\$ 75 00	
George Eberhart, for services.....	67 00	
John Fishback, for leather.....	320 83	
C. Vonnegut, for hardware.....	137 80	
		<u>600 63</u>

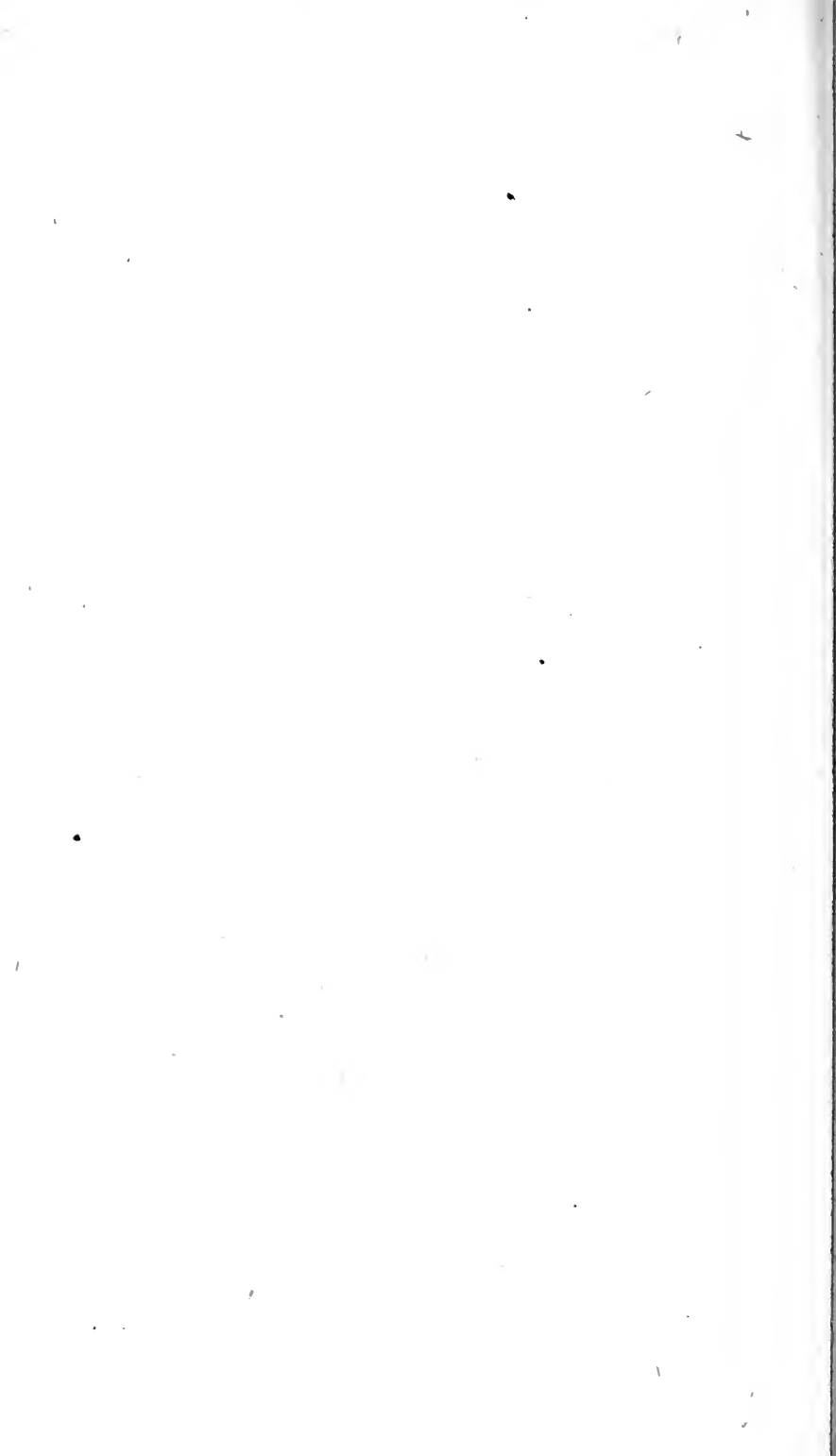
Total payments on account of shops \$4,289 50

SHOE SHOP.

Total receipts.....	\$2,182 84	
Total payments.....	2,152 42	
		<u>\$ 30 42</u>

CABINET SHOP.

Total receipts.....	\$2,583 46	
Total payments.....	2,137 08	
		<u>\$446 37</u>
Profits of the year.....		<u>\$476 79</u>



RULES AND REGULATIONS

FOR THE

ADMISSION OF PUPILS.

I. The Institution is open to all the Deaf and Dumb of the State between the ages of ten and twenty-one years, for admission as pupils, *free of charge* for boarding and tuition, upon compliance with the rules. Applicants from other States will be received as pupils on the payment, in advance of one hundred and fifty dollars a year for boarding and tuition.

II. Pupils will be admitted on the following conditions: 1st. The pupil, well provided with clothes, is to be brought to the Asylum punctually at the commencement of each session, unless detained at home by his or her sickness. 2d. The pupil is to remain in the school until the last Wednesday in June, of each year. 3d. No parent or guardian shall be allowed to take a pupil out of the school in session time, without the consent of the Board of Trustees.

III. The annual sessions of the school commence on the first Wednesday after the 15th day of September, and close on the last Wednesday of June. *Every pupil is to come promptly on or before the first day of the session, and is to remain until the last day of the same. The only exceptions allowed are cases of sickness.*

IV. The Institution will provide for each State pupil regularly admitted, boarding, lodging, washing, superintendence of conduct, manners and morals, medical attendance, instruction, school books, slates, and all other incidental expenses of the school room, with-

out charge; but will not pay the traveling expenses of pupils in coming to or returning from the Institution, nor supply them with clothing, except in extreme cases of destitution.

V. Those who are unable to pay for the necessary clothing, or whose parents neglect to supply them, it is made the duty of the Superintendent to furnish, in accordance with the following legislative enactment:

“That when the pupils of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb are not otherwise supplied with clothing, they shall be furnished by the Superintendent, who shall make out an account therefor, in each case, against the respective counties from which said pupils were sent, in an amount not exceeding forty dollars per annum for every such pupil, which account will be signed by the Superintendent, and attested by the seal of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, and the Treasurer of State shall charge the account thus certified, to the county from which the pupil was sent, and credit the amount to the current expense fund of the Indiana Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.

“SEC. 3. When such account shall be received by the Treasurer of the proper county, to whom it shall be immediately sent upon its reception by the Treasurer of State from the Superintendent, such County Treasurer shall cause the same to be paid out of the County Treasury to the Treasurer of State. And such County Treasurer shall collect the amount of such account from the estate of such pupil, if he have any, by suit, if necessary, in the name of the county.”

VI. Each applicant for admission should come well supplied with clothing; and on all articles on which it is possible to mark the name of the pupil, it should be written with indelible ink. In all cases, except those clothed by the County, besides the ordinary supply of clothing, the applicant should deposit with the Superintendent a sum not less than five dollars, to defray incidental expenses, repairs of shoes, etc., any part of which remaining expended at the close of the session will be returned. Each pupil should be supplied with a trunk.

VII. The Institution is not an Asylum; but a school of learning; and hence no one can be admitted or retained as a pupil, who, from sickness or from any other cause is unable to pursue their studies successfully.

VIII. The course of study in the primary department embraces Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, and Grammar, and ordinarily requires seven years to complete it. All the pupils who wish it, and will avail themselves of it, are allowed the full benefit of this course of study.

IX. For the benefit of those who wish to qualify themselves

for teaching or for other intellectual pursuits, the Trustees have established a high class, and adopted a course of three years study in the sciences. From among those who complete the primary course of study the Superintendent may select each year the most promising pupils and admit them as members of this class; provided that not more than seven shall be admitted to the class in any one year, and not more than twenty-one in all.

X. It is the intention of the Trustees to render the pupils self-supporting, so far as practicable, and that every pupil, on leaving the Institution, shall be so proficient in some useful occupation or trade as to be able to procure a livelihood without reliance on the charities of others. In accordance with this design, all the scholars will be required to labor a portion of each day, the girls performing the lighter kinds of housework, and various kinds of needlework as plain sewing, ornamental work, dress making and millinery; and the boys at various trades, the necessary work about the Asylum, and in the cultivation of the farm and garden.

XI. All business letters, or letters of inquiry in regard to pupils in the Asylum, or those whom it may be designed to place there, should be addressed to THOMAS MACINTIRE, *Superintendent, Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Indianapolis.*



























XII. Those persons bringing pupils to, or taking them away, can not be furnished with board, lodging, or horsekeeping at the Asylum.

XIII. Applicants for admission should be between ten and twenty-one years of age. Twelve, in ordinary cases, is considered the best age for entering the Institution.

XIV. No pupil, unless under extraordinary circumstances, can be received at any other time than the commencement of the session.

XV. It is desired and expected that all the pupils spend the vacation at home.

ALPHABET.

	<i>a</i> <i>A</i>		<i>g</i> <i>G</i>		<i>n</i> <i>N</i>		<i>u</i> <i>U</i>
	<i>b</i> <i>B</i>		<i>h</i> <i>H</i>		<i>o</i> <i>O</i>		<i>v</i> <i>V</i>
	<i>c</i> <i>C</i>		<i>i</i> <i>I</i>		<i>p</i> <i>P</i>		<i>w</i> <i>W</i>
	<i>d</i> <i>D</i>		<i>j</i> <i>J</i>		<i>q</i> <i>Q</i>		<i>x</i> <i>X</i>
	<i>e</i> <i>E</i>		<i>k</i> <i>K</i>		<i>r</i> <i>R</i>		<i>y</i> <i>Y</i>
	<i>f</i> <i>F</i>		<i>l</i> <i>L</i>		<i>s</i> <i>S</i>		<i>z</i> <i>Z</i>
			<i>m</i> <i>M</i>		<i>t</i> <i>T</i>		

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

	SPRING.	SUMMER.	FALL.	WINTER.
A. M.	HOURS.	HOURS.	HOURS.	HOURS.
Rise.....	at 5	at 4 $\frac{3}{4}$	at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	at 6.
Recreation	from 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	from 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 6...	from 6 to 6 $\frac{1}{2}$...	from 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 7.
Breakfast	at 6	at 6	at 6	at 6 $\frac{1}{4}$.
Labor	from 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	from 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	from 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	from 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$.
Recreation	from 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9...	from 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9...	from 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9...	from 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9.
Prayers.....	at 9	at 9	at 9	at 9.
Recitation.....	from 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 12..	from 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 12..	from 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 12..	from 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 12.
P. M.				
Dinner.....	at 12 $\frac{1}{4}$	at 12 $\frac{1}{4}$	at 12 $\frac{1}{4}$	at 12 $\frac{1}{4}$.
Recitation	from 1 to 3.....	from 1 to 3.....	from 1 to 3.....	from 1 to 3.
Labor	from 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 6...	from 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	from 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	from 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 5.
Supper	at 6 $\frac{1}{2}$.	at 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	at 6	at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$.
Recreation	from 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	from 7 to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$...	from 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 7...	from 5 $\frac{3}{4}$ to 6 $\frac{3}{4}$.
Study.....	from 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{4}$	from 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{3}{4}$	from 7 to 8 $\frac{3}{4}$...	from 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ to 8 $\frac{3}{4}$.
Retire.....	at 9	at 9	at 9	at 9.

Divine worship in the Chapel on Sabbath at 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ o'clock, A. M., and at 2 P. M. No exercises on Saturday afternoon. Supper half an hour early on Saturdays and Sundays.

RULES FOR VISITORS.

1. The Institution will be open for the reception of visitors from 10 to 12 o'clock in the forenoon, and from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon, of each day of the week, except Saturdays and Sundays.
2. During the hours specified, an attendant will be in readiness to wait upon visitors, and to conduct them through all parts of the establishment open to the public.
3. Persons who wish to visit the Institution on other days, or at other hours than those specified, can only do so by procuring permits from the President of the Board or from one of the Trustees.
4. The vacation extends from the last Wednesday in June to the first Wednesday after the 15th of September.

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

TRUSTEES AND SUPERINTENDENT

OF THE

INDIANA INSTITUTE

FOR THE

EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

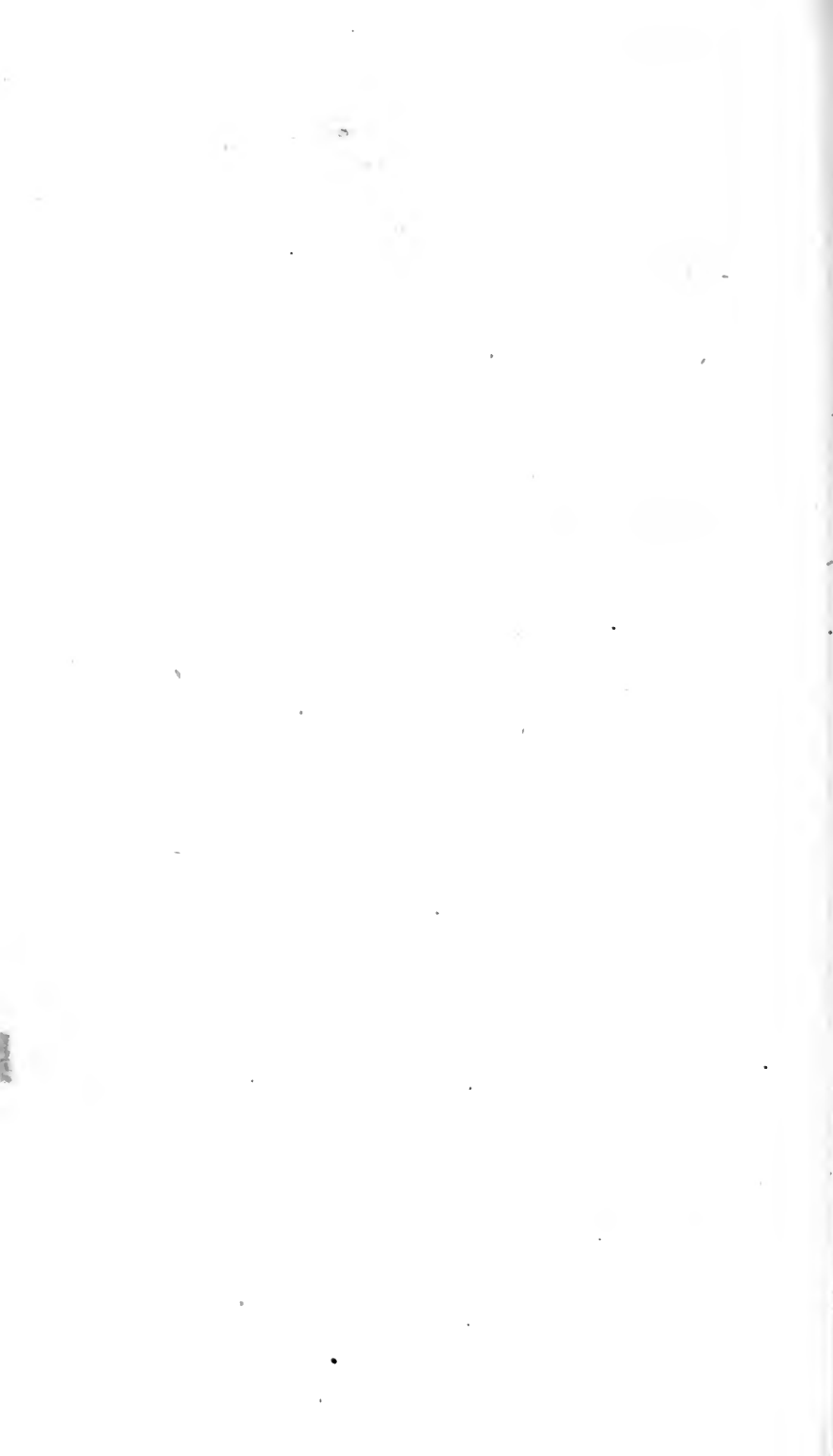
TO THE GOVERNOR.

INDIANAPOLIS:

SAMUEL M. DOUGLASS, STATE PRINTER

1866.

Doc. 7.—D. J.—1



OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTE.

Trustees:

A. WALLACE, PRESIDENT.
JOHN BEARD,
JOHN S. SPANN.

Secretary:

W. M. STILWELL.

Superintendent:

W. H. CHURCHMAN, A. M.

Teachers in Literary Department:

G. M. BALLARD, A. M.
MISS M. E. HANNA,

MISS S. A. SCOFIELD,
MISS J. COOK.

Teachers in Music Department:

M. B. CLARK,

MISS A. A. HOWARD.

Teachers in Handicraft Department:

J. W. BRADSHAW,

MISS P. W. HAWLEY.

Household Officers.

J. M. KITCHEN, M. D., At. Phy'n. MISS L. D. HAWLEY, Matron.
W. M. STILWELL, Steward. MISS P. W. HAWLEY, Ass't. Mat.



TRUSTEES' REPORT.

To His Excellency, O. P. MORTON,
Governor of the State of Indiana :

The Trustees of the State Institution for the Education of the Blind, in this the Twentieth Annual Report of their Board, have the honor and pleasure of presenting their interesting charge to your Excellency, as in a highly prosperous condition. During the past year, the number of pupils received into the school was greater than that of any previous year since its first establishment; and their progress in various branches of study and occupation pursued, is highly commendable to both themselves and the officers entrusted with the immediate charge of the Institution.

At the regular meeting of our Board for December of last year, Mr. T. A. Lewis tendered his resignation as Secretary, to take effect on the 31st of that month; and at the following meeting, held on January 3rd, of the current year, Mr. William M. Stilwell was unanimously chosen to fill out the residue of his term, which expired on March 31st. At the meeting in April, Mr. Stilwell was re-elected for the regular term of one year.

The accompanying report of our Superintendent will exhibit to yourself and the Legislature the details of the operations of the several departments, while the Secretary's report, also submitted herewith, sets forth the various items of expenditure, as allowed by the Board from time to time, at their monthly meetings. Pro-

per vouchers for these are on file in the Superintendent's office, where they are at all times subject to inspection by the appropriate committees of the Legislature, and other State authorities.

From the latter we have compiled the following table, which exhibits the several classes of expenditure under appropriate heads:

On account of salaries and mileage of Trustees and their Secretary.....	\$500 80
On account of salaries of Superintendent and subordinate officers.....	4,477 20
On account of wages of employees.....	3,186 76
On account of groceries and provisions.....	8,896 26
On account of stable expenses, including the purchase of spring wagon, repairs on vehicles, horse shoeing, provender, etc.....	610 69
On account of fuel and lights.....	3,537 66
On account of drugs, medicines, and medical attendance.....	383 78
On account of clothing and traveling expenses of pupils.....	2,121 22
On account of postage, telegraphage, and revenue stamps.....	70 77
On account of school apparatus, including musical instruments.....	944 27
On account of books, stationery, and printing.....	311 14
On account of tools and fixtures for workshop.....	97 33
On account of house furnishing supplies.....	1,582 65
On account of laundry, cooking, warming, bathing and lighting fixtures.....	748 02
On account of improvements and repairs.....	4,241 12
On account of hot air furnaces for warming the Institute building.....	1,630 41
	<hr/>
	\$33,340 08

Deducting from the above footing the sum of two thousand and eighty-six dollars and fifty-nine cents, (\$2,086.59), refunded by counties on account of advances for clothing and traveling expenses of pupils, we have thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty-three dollars and forty-nine cents (\$31,253.49), as the actual amount of our expenses for the year.

The resources of the Institution for the year have been as follows, viz:

Balance of appropriation for 1865 in hands of treasurer, as per last report.....	\$3,276 64
Amount in hands of Superintendent, as per last report.	1,200 00
Amount of appropriation by regular session for 1866..	20,000 00
Amount of appropriation by extra session for 1866...	15,000 00
Amount refunded by counties on account of pupils' clothing, etc.	2,086 59
	<hr/>
	\$41,563 23.
Amount of expenditures brought down.....	\$33,340 08
	<hr/>
Balance on hand at this date.....	\$8,223 15

The balance above shown is deemed sufficient for the current support of the Institution up to February 1st 1867, the termination of the time for which the appropriations were made. It will be observed, therefore, that we have kept our expenses strictly within the limits of the means entrusted to our Board. But we beg leave to remark, that, in order to accomplish this desirable end, we have been obliged to postpone some of the needed repairs mentioned in our last report. Had the sum asked for in that communication, been granted by the Legislature such would not have been the case.

With the appropriations granted, we have, in addition to defraying the ordinary expenses of the Institution, been able to put the cupolas, roofs and gutters of the buildings in thorough repair, and to renew the painting upon the same. So that they are now in a good state of preservation, and will need no further expenditure upon them for some time to come.

The cornices, however, together with most of the interior of the building, are greatly in need of repainting, and must necessarily suffer in proportion to the time we are obliged to neglect them for want of means. We trust, therefore, that your Excellency will urge upon the next Legislature the propriety of making adequate provision for this object.

In former reports, we have called attention to the long felt need of steam works for the proper warming of our buildings, such as are employed in the other State Institutions, and also to the neces-

sity of a more commodious laundry than our Institution now possesses. These wants are still imperative, to make the appointments of our establishment such as they should be, and we would still urge them upon the attention of the Legislature. The hot air furnaces which we introduced last year, answer a tolerable purpose for the time being, but they do not constitute, by any means, so efficient and healthful a means of warming our buildings as is in every way desirable. Should the Legislature be found willing to consider the propriety of making the necessary appropriations for the objects here named, we will, at any time during the coming session, furnish its appropriate committees with the proper estimates for the same.

For the current support of the Institution during each of the years 1867 and 1868, the sum of twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$27,500.00), will be needed, besides an additional sum of not less than three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00), for the repairs heretofore mentioned. In view of the continued high prices of all kinds of supplies, and the increasing number of our pupils from year to year, it will be impossible, with the strictest economy, to properly conduct the affairs of our charge with a less sum; and it is earnestly hoped that the Legislature will see the propriety of making the full appropriation indicated. We ask for nothing more than what we believe to be absolutely necessary for the highest interests of the Institution under existing circumstances, and should the sum granted prove more than sufficient, in case of any reduction in the market prices of the necessary supplies, the excess will be carried over to diminish the amount of future appropriations.

In the Superintendent's Report, under the head of "Music Department," will be found some remarks, urging the necessity of an organ for the proper instruction of our pupils in the profession of music, to which we would call the attention of the Legislature. "This subject has been frequently referred to before, and we fully concur with the recommendation of the Superintendent for the early purchase of an instrument of that kind. Should the Legislature see fit to grant an appropriation for this object, we believe that the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500.00), will be sufficient.

We would also call the attention of your Excellency and the Legislature to the Superintendent's gratifying exhibit of the present condition of the Work Department of our Institution; likewise

to the many other valuable suggestions contained in his Report under appropriate heads.

The Board take especial satisfaction in bearing testimony to the continued faithful services of our able Superintendent, W. H. Churchman, Esq., in the administration of the affairs of the Institution under our charge. To his zeal and ability, and devotion to this work, we are indebted for its superior condition and efficiency, ranking as it does as one of the first, if not the best, school for the education of the blind in the United States. It is a matter of no small gratification, that his plans and ideas, as embodied in the conduct of this Institution, should have been studied, copied, and made the model for other and older States. His present report, hereto appended, has been prepared with great care, and will be found a very able and interesting exposition of the general principles of our system of instruction.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Superintendent, made in consequence of the increasing size of our school, we have added a Steward to his corps of subordinate officers, and confirmed his nomination of Mr. W. M. Stilwell for the position. Mr. Stilwell's services as Steward will commence on the first of December. From his familiarity with the affairs of the Institution, he having been connected with it in the capacity of clerk for several years past, we have confidence that he will do us good service in his new position.

Before closing this report, we would respectfully invite the strictest scrutiny of the Legislature into our official acts and expenditures, feeling full confidence that such scrutiny cannot fail to convince that body that the most rigid economy is observed in the management of all the departments of the Institution, and that our sole aim is to render it in the highest degree useful to the unfortunate children entrusted to our charge.

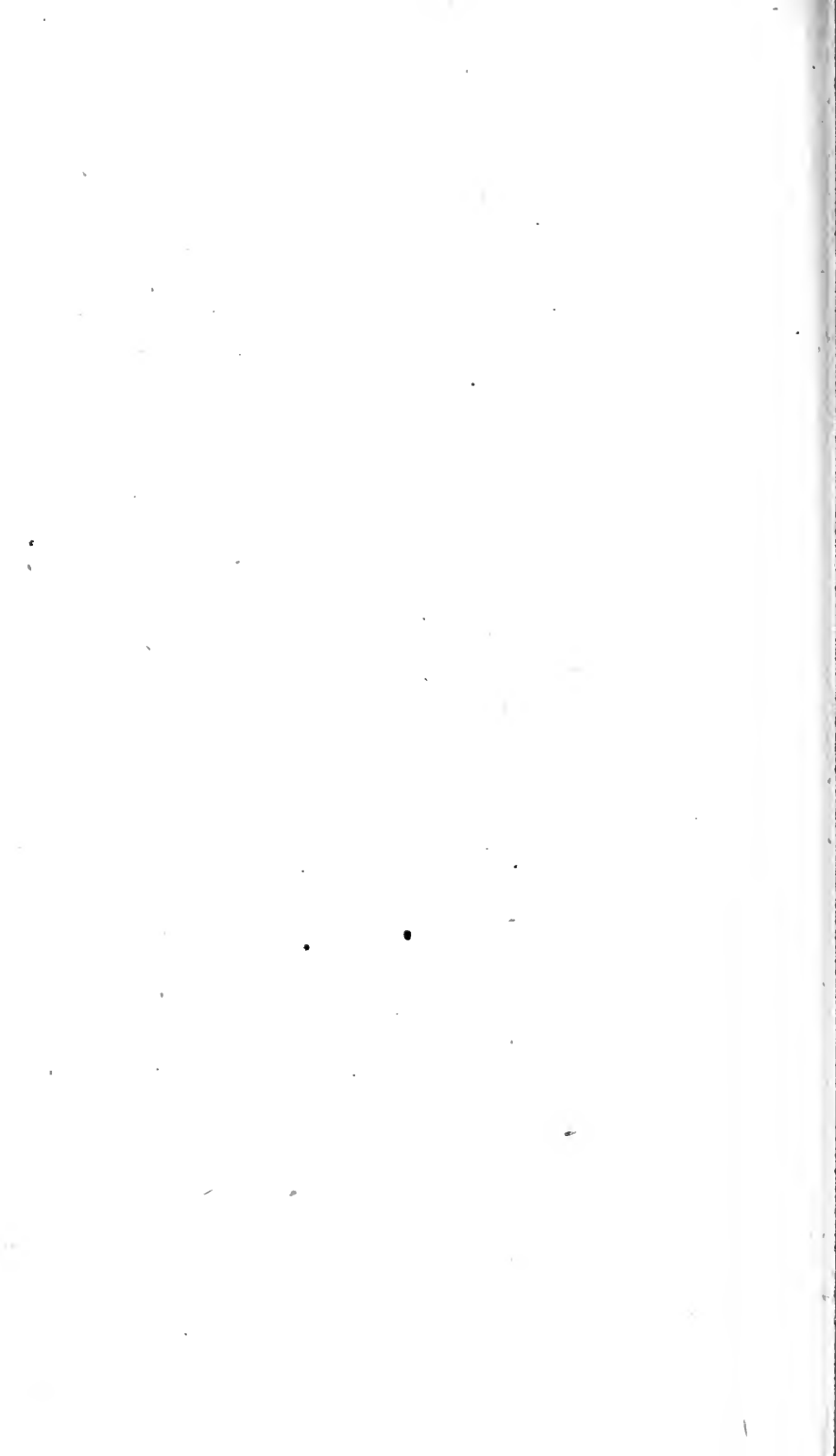
Respectfully submitted,

ANDREW WALLACE, *President.*

JOHN BEARD, }
JOHN S. SPANN, } *Trustees.*

Attest: W. M. STILWELL, *Secretary.*

INDIANAPOLIS, November 1, 1866.



APPENDIX A.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Warrants Issued by Order of the Trustees.

DATE.	No.	TO WHOM ISSUED AND ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1865.			
November 1.	1	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	\$81 36
"	2	W. H. Churchman, wages of employees.....	310 00
"	3	S. P. Ruggles, school apparatus.....	58 63
"	4	Hutton, Mather & Co., window shades.....	24 57
"	5	Jesse Bishop, repairs.....	12 00
"	6	W. M. Bacon, painting.....	14 00
"	7	Henry Grandstaff, repairs.....	72 00
"	8	Richard Hodges, repairs.....	35 00
"	9	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	33 90
"	10	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	273 08
"	11	Spiegel, Thoms & Co., house furnishing goods.....	355 15
"	12	J. A. Comingore & Co., pupils' clothing.....	26 50
"	13	Mauldin, Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	36 60
"	14	F. Gepper, & Co., pupils' clothing.....	44 75
"	15	Sponsler & McCreery, house furnishing goods.....	8 90
"	16	W. R. Hogshire & Co., provisions.....	70 26
"	17	Stewart & Morgan, drugs and medicines.....	6 05
"	18	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	65 07
"	19	W. & H. Glenn, pupils' clothing.....	43 50
"	20	H. D. Davis, meat.....	167 60
"	21	A. W. & J. Jenkins, groceries and provisions.....	8 82
"	22	Gerrard Blue, potatoes.....	205 50
"	23	Jones, Hess & Davis, pupils' clothing.....	196 97
"	24	S. Behymer, flour and feed.....	131 32
"	25	Sawyer & Hasselmann, groceries.....	54 58
"	26	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	25 20
"	27	A. E. Vinton & Co., drugs and medicines.....	17 60
"	28	John R. Budd, provisions.....	92 34
December 6.	29	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	81 95
"	30	W. H. Churchman, wages of employees.....	316 00
"	31	W. H. Churchman, house furnishing goods.....	178 85
"	32	Jesse Bishop, repairs.....	28 20
"	33	Mrs. E. Fuller, pupils' clothing.....	31 50
"	34	Thomas Dorsey, sawing wood.....	31 78
"	35	Vancamp, Williams & Jackson, provisions.....	15 84
"	36	Sohl, Gibson & Co., provender.....	14 75
"	37	N. B. Kneass, raised books.....	44 75
"	38	Henry Grandstaff, repairs.....	90 00
"	39	Richard Hodges, repairs.....	59 00
"	40	A. Metzner & Co., repairs.....	13 00
"	41	M. B. Clark, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	42	Miss A. A. Dyer, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	43	H. W. Ballard, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	44	Miss S. J. Larned, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	45	Miss M. E. Hanna, salary as teacher.....	75 00
"	46	Miss M. L. Vance, salary as teacher.....	75 00

Warrants Issued by Order of the Trustees.—Continued.

DATE.	No.	TO WHOM ISSUED AND ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1865.			
December 6.	47	Ramsay & Hanning, plumbing, etc.....	\$293 45
"	48	Eli Ratliff, provisions.....	104 70
"	49	Charles Glazier, flour and feed.....	161 50
"	50	Ludington, Cady & Co., pupils' clothing.....	17 05
"	51	Wallace Bros., groceries.....	16 70
"	52	A. E. Vinton, drugs and medicines.....	15 35
"	53	Sellers & Wood, harness and repairs.....	37 20
"	54	Dorsey & Layman, hardware.....	20 72
"	55	Jones, Hess & Davis, dry goods.....	87 34
"	56	F. Goepper & Co., pupils' clothing.....	70 50
"	57	Mauldin & Adams, pupils' clothing.....	48 65
"	58	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., dry goods.....	46 73
"	59	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	273 91
"	60	George Lowe, spring wagon.....	225 00
"	61	Budd & Huff, groceries and provisions.....	73 85
"	62	H. W. Keesh & Co., provisions.....	31 50
"	63	H. D. Davis, meat.....	173 30
"	64	Sinker & Co., repairs on shop tools.....	24 83
"	65	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	21 40
"	66	Browning & Sloan, drugs and medicines.....	18 05
"	67	Mrs. A. Baker, pupils' clothing.....	31 50
"	68	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	49 05
"	69	E. A. Hall, pupils' clothing.....	76 40
"	70	McCord & Wheatley, lumber.....	142 76
"	71	T. A. Lewis, salary as Secretary of the Board.....	25 00
"	72	John Adams, wood.....	300 00
1866.			
January 3.	73	W. H. Churchman, salary as Superintendent.....	350 00
"	74	Andrew Wallace, salary as President of the Board.....	25 00
"	75	Miss A. A. Dyer, salary as teacher.....	43 75
"	76	John S. Spann, salary as Trustee.....	25 00
"	77	John Beard, salary and mileage, as Trustee.....	50 20
"	78	J. M. Kitchen, salary as Physician.....	50 00
"	79	Miss L. D. Hawley, salary as Matron.....	87 50
"	80	Miss P. W. Hawley, salary as Assistant Matron.....	69 50
"	81	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	12 75
"	82	H. D. Davis, meat.....	134 00
"	83	Eli Ratliff, provisions.....	59 28
"	84	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	272 40
"	85	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	159 10
"	86	W. Bacon, painting.....	10 50
"	87	Thomas Dorsey, sawing wood.....	45 28
"	88	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	54 00
"	89	Maulding & Adams, pupils' clothing.....	38 87
"	90	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	34 60
"	91	Jones, Hess & Davis, pupils' clothing.....	15 35
"	92	Theodore & Springsteen, mason work.....	422 93
"	93	B. F. Haugh & Co., iron work.....	63 10
"	94	Stewart & Morgan, paints.....	11 75
"	95	Tousey, Byram & Co., dry goods.....	29 63
"	96	Todd, Carmichael & Williams, books and stationery.....	10 85
"	97	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	392 29
"	98	J. F. Wingate, provisions.....	11 90
"	99	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	56 25
"	100	Bowen, Stewart & Co., books and stationery.....	42 20
"	101	A. E. Vinton, drugs and medicines.....	28 62
"	102	Merrill & Co., books and stationery.....	12 00
"	103	F. Goepper & Co., pupils' clothing.....	53 55
"	104	Ramsay & Hanning, plumbing.....	42 75
"	105	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	225 61
"	106	Munson & Johnston, furnace work, etc.....	599 47
"	107	George W. Debevoise, provisions.....	23 66
"	108	J. W. Copeland, pupils' clothing.....	33 14
February 7.	109	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	103 37
"	110	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	280 00
"	111	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	54 00
"	112	Samuel McGiffin, broom machines.....	32 00
"	113	Eli Ratliff, provisions.....	48 50
"	114	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	10 15
"	115	Samuel H. Colwell, sawing wood.....	24 75
"	116	M. B. Clark, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	117	H. W. Ballard, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	118	Miss S. J. Larned, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	119	Miss M. E. Hanna, salary as teacher.....	75 00

Warrants issued by Order of the Trustees—Continued.

DATE.	No.	TO WHOM ISSUED, AND ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1868.			
February 7....	120	Miss M. L. Vance, salary as teacher.....	\$75 00
"	121	I. L. Frankem, house furnishing goods.....	30 40
"	122	C. A. Ferguson, clock repairs.....	10 50
"	123	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	48 69
"	124	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	58 95
"	125	B. C. Shaw, vehicle repairs.....	27 35
"	126	Merchants' Dispatch, freight on piano.....	17 00
"	127	McCord & Wheatley, lumber.....	46 13
"	128	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	31 10
"	129	Wilson & Gorgas, hardware, etc.....	23 20
"	130	Horn & Anderson, groceries.....	9 25
"	131	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	522 87
"	132	Ramsay & Hanning, plumbing, etc.....	59 85
"	133	Lewis Bishop, repairs.....	130 00
"	134	Charles Glazier, provender.....	21 00
"	135	Munson & Johnston, hot air furnaces.....	1,041 64
"	136	H. D. Davis, meat and lard.....	208 44
"	137	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	62 12
"	138	John Adams, wood.....	700 00
March 7.....	139	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	280 00
"	140	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	89 40
"	141	Hartman & Northway, building repairs.....	18 09
"	142	W. J. Brittain, sawing wood.....	24 39
"	143	Sohl, Gibson & Co., feed.....	15 50
"	144	Chandler, Cousens & Co., school apparatus.....	22 48
"	145	Henry Grandslaff, carpenter work.....	42 00
"	146	Eli Ratliff, provisions.....	37 41
"	147	Merchants' Dispatch, freight on piano.....	17 60
"	148	R. L. & A. W. McQuat, repairing roof, etc.....	15 15
"	149	Browning & Sloan, drugs, etc.....	10 82
"	150	Sinker & Co., laundry fixtures.....	11 00
"	151	A. E. Vinton, drugs and medicines.....	21 45
"	152	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries and flour.....	424 35
"	153	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	17 11
"	154	H. D. Davis, meat.....	146 90
"	155	Jones, Hess, & Davis, dry goods.....	18 50
"	156	Todd, Carmichael & Williams, books and stationery.....	15 04
"	157	Merrill & Co., books, etc.....	8 75
"	158	F. Geppner & Co., pupils' clothing.....	25 25
"	159	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	47 60
"	160	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	60 75
"	161	Heamon & Co., piano fortes.....	650 00
"	162	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	67 15
"	163	Krauss & Gall, house furnishing goods.....	6 00
"	164	John Adams, wood.....	386 19
April 4.....	165	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	78 26
"	166	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	272 00
"	167	W. H. Churchman, salary as Superintendent.....	350 00
"	168	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	13 55
"	169	Eli Ratliff, provisions.....	32 80
"	170	W. Bacon, painting.....	8 75
"	171	Miss L. D. Hawley, salary as Matron.....	87 50
"	172	Miss P. W. Hawley, salary as Assistant Matron.....	62 50
"	173	Andrew Wallace, salary as President of the Board.....	25 00
"	174	John Beard, salary and mileage as Trustee.....	50 20
"	175	John S. Spann, salary as Trustee.....	25 00
"	176	William M. Stillwell, salary as Secretary of the Board.....	20 75
"	177	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	13 35
"	178	J. A. Comingore & Co., pupils' clothing.....	16 50
"	179	J. F. Wingate, provisions.....	5 30
"	180	W. E. Hogshire & Co., groceries.....	44 75
"	181	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	10 00
"	182	J. H. Baldwin, house furnishing goods etc.....	163 50
"	183	H. D. Davis, meat.....	54 90
"	184	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	72 18
"	185	Van Camp, Jackson & Co., provisions.....	500 03
"	186	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	75 00
"	187	M. B. Clark, salary as teacher.....	50 00
"	188	J. M. Kitchen, salary as Physician.....	99 47
May 2.....	189	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	273 03
"	190	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	22 50
"	191	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	45 62
"	192	Chandler, Railsback & Co., window shades.....	10 50
"	193	Sohl, Gibson & Co., feed.....	

Warrants issued by Order of the Trustees—Continued.

DATE.	No.	TO WHOM ISSUED, AND ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.			
May 2.....	194	W. Bacon, painting.....	\$56 00
"	195	Richard Hodges, repairs.....	29 00
"	196	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	63 00
"	197	Pa. Inst. for the Blind, school apparatus.....	68 00
"	198	H. W. Ballard, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	199	M. B. Clark, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	200	Miss S. J. Larned, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	201	Miss M. E. Hanna, salary as teacher.....	75 00
"	202	Miss M. L. Vance, salary as teacher.....	75 00
"	203	Miss A. A. Howard, salary as teacher.....	26 25
"	204	Ramsay & Hanning, force pumps and plumbing.....	187 41
"	205	H. D. Davis, meat.....	127 86
"	206	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	22 25
"	207	McCord & Wheatley, lumber.....	53 22
"	208	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	56 40
"	209	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries and flour.....	403 03
"	210	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	135 15
"	211	F. Goepper & Co., pupils' clothing.....	68 75
"	212	G. G. Holman, provisions.....	35 85
"	213	Douglas & Connor, printing and book binding.....	67 75
"	214	Wiles & Reynolds, painting materials.....	175 50
"	215	Wilson & Gorgas, hardware.....	41 19
"	216	Jones, Hess & Davis, dry goods.....	58 44
"	217	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., dry goods.....	124 54
"	218	T. A. Lewis, wood.....	550 00
"	219	Mrs. A. Baker, pupils' clothing.....	12 88
June 6.....	220	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	30 16
"	221	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	261 04
"	222	W. M. Bacon, painting.....	120 75
"	223	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	60 00
"	224	C. Fletcher, jr., shrubbery.....	24 00
"	225	Henry Harris, white washing.....	19 75
"	226	Isaac Stubbs, provisions.....	15 00
"	227	Adrian Dommanget, oats.....	15 31
"	228	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	27 00
"	229	Tuttle, Hiatt & Bro., provisions.....	24 79
"	230	Jones, Hess & Davis, pupils' clothing.....	29 40
"	231	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	43 96
"	232	F. Goepper & Co., pupils' clothing.....	34 95
"	233	Wiles & Reynolds, paints and drugs.....	84 00
"	234	Bowen, Stewart & Co., books and stationery.....	46 00
"	235	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	68 88
"	236	I. L. Frankem, house furnishing goods.....	14 45
"	237	Krauss & Gall, wall paper and carpeting.....	151 37
"	238	Spiegel, Thoms & Co., furniture, etc.....	33 50
"	239	Moore, Hunt & Co., provender.....	13 05
"	240	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	172 97
"	241	H. D. Davis, meat.....	125 20
"	242	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	15 90
"	243	Myer & Strauss, pupils' clothing.....	114 50
"	244	McCord & Wheatley, lumber.....	43 64
"	245	George Haas, bread.....	170 20
"	246	W. & H. Glenn, pupils' clothing.....	6 87
"	247	Sponsler & McCreery, house furnishing goods.....	37 75
"	248	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	97 07
"	249	R. L. & A. W. McQuat, house furnishing goods.....	42 80
July 3.....	250	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	75 49
"	251	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	256 00
"	252	W. H. Churchman, salary as Superintendent.....	350 00
"	253	A. Wallace, salary as President of the Board.....	25 00
"	254	John Beard, salary and mileage as Trustee.....	50 20
"	255	John S. Spann, salary as Trustee.....	25 00
"	256	W. M. Stillwell, salary as Secretary of the Board.....	25 00
"	257	Miss L. D. Hawley, salary as Matron.....	87 50
"	258	Miss P. W. Hawley, salary as Assistant Matron.....	62 50
"	259	J. M. Kitchen, salary as Physician.....	50 00
"	260	Tuttle, Hiatt & Bro., provisions.....	15 66
"	261	W. M. Bacon, painting.....	141 75
"	262	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	66 00
"	263	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	45 15
"	264	David Munson, repairs on lightning rods.....	14 00
"	265	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	13 30
"	266	H. D. Davis, meat.....	118 60
"	267	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	36 35

Warrants Issued by Order of the Trustees—Continued.

DATE.	No.	TO WHOM ISSUED, AND ON WHAT ACCOUNT.	AMOUNT.
1866.			
July 3.	258	McCord & Wheatley, lumber.....	\$18 96
"	259	G. G. Holman, provisions.....	16 80
"	270	F. Goepfer & Co., pupils' clothing.....	35 25
"	271	Merrill & Co., books.....	7 25
"	272	Wiles & Reynolds, paints, oils, etc.....	175 39
"	273	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	286 11
"	274	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	59 16
"	275	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	101 93
"	276	A. M. Benham & Co., sheet music, piano tuning, etc.....	60 00
"	277	R. L. & A. W. McOnat, repairs on roof and gutters.....	336 45
"	278	H. W. Ballard, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	279	M. B. Clark, salary as teacher.....	150 00
"	280	Miss S. J. Larned, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	281	Miss M. E. Hanna, salary as teacher.....	75 00
"	282	Miss M. L. Vance, salary as teacher.....	75 00
"	283	Miss A. A. Howard, salary as teacher.....	87 50
"	284	George Haas, bread.....	139 76
September 5.	285	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	59 50
"	286	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes for July.....	229 65
"	287	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes for August.....	217 71
"	288	Henry Grandstaff, carpenter work.....	102 00
"	289	W. M. Bacon, painting.....	215 25
"	290	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	43 60
"	291	Hand & Ellsworth, printing paper.....	16 70
"	292	Stewart & Morgan, glass, etc.....	12 15
"	293	W. & H. Glenn, house furnishing goods.....	25 50
"	294	T. A. Lewis, bricks.....	15 00
"	295	R. L. & A. W. McOnat, repairs on roof and gutters.....	495 71
"	296	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	361 57
"	297	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas for July and August.....	15 36
"	298	S. W. Drew & Co., repairs on vehicles.....	42 50
"	299	Charles Cox, house furnishing goods.....	30 00
"	300	Wiles & Reynolds, paints, oils, etc.....	203 52
"	301	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	121 39
"	302	Ramsay & Hanning, plumbing.....	147 56
"	303	H. D. Davis, meat for July and August.....	109 00
"	304	George Lowe, repairs on vehicles.....	31 75
"	305	Nelson Gilberts, wood.....	1,045 09
October 3.	306	W. H. Churchman, current expenses.....	159 42
"	307	W. H. Churchman, wages of employes.....	218 93
"	308	W. M. Bacon, painting.....	85 00
"	309	A. Wallace, salary as President of the Board.....	25 00
"	310	John Beard, salary and mileage as Trustee.....	50 20
"	311	John S. Spann, salary as Trustee.....	25 00
"	312	William M. Stillwell, salary as Secretary of the Board.....	25 00
"	313	J. M. Kitchen, salary as Physician.....	50 00
"	314	W. H. Churchman, salary as Superintendent.....	350 00
"	315	Miss L. D. Hawley, salary as Matron.....	87 50
"	316	Miss P. W. Hawley, salary as Assistant Matron.....	62 50
"	317	Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, book case.....	125 00
"	318	Tutewiler & Sutton, repairs.....	10 00
"	319	Indianapolis Gas Co., gas.....	12 90
"	320	Foster, Holloway & Co., groceries.....	333 31
"	321	J. F. Wingate, provisions.....	77 31
"	322	H. D. Davis, meat.....	76 40
"	323	Charles Cox, house furnishing goods.....	11 50
"	324	Budd & Huff, provisions.....	6 85
"	325	J. W. Hess & Co., pupils' clothing, etc.....	40 25
"	326	John McCreery, house furnishing goods.....	37 64
"	327	F. Goepfer & Co., pupils' clothing.....	25 60
"	328	Mick & Co., provisions.....	31 18
"	329	Browning & Sloan, drugs, etc.....	65 75
"	330	Myer & Straus, pupils' clothing.....	14 23
"	331	J. W. Adams & Co., pupils' clothing.....	22 60
"	332	Stewart & Morgan, repairs.....	23 10
"	333	J. D. Myres, provender.....	23 75
"	334	Roll & Smith, house furnishing goods.....	284 75
"	335	Henry Hilker, provisions.....	27 55
"	336	C. E. Geisendorff & Co., pupils' clothing.....	14 44
			\$33,340 08

W. M. STILLWELL, *Secretary.*

APPENDIX B.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

The undersigned, in accordance with the by-laws of the Institution, would respectfully submit the following summary as the Twentieth Annual Report of the Superintendent.

It is cause for thankfulness to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, that our interesting charge has been permitted to enjoy another year of its wonted prosperity in dispensing the benefits of education and the comforts of a home to a large number of the afflicted children of the State. In point of health, our numerous family has been particularly fortunate, no case of severe indisposition having occurred in the Institution during the year, and the number of cases of any kind, requiring the attention of our physician, being unusually small, while the progress of the pupils in every department of instruction and training, has never been surpassed in that of any previous year in the history of the Institution. In the matter of deportment, too, as well as of cheerful contentment and happiness, we think it would be hard to find, in this or any other State, a school of any class of persons that can show a more encouraging record. It is also worthy of remark, that the average intellectual standard of our present school, as to natural ability, is higher than that of any class heretofore under instruction in this Institution. In short, we feel that the people of the State have abundant cause to congratulate themselves upon the ample returns they are receiving for their liberal investment of both money and sympathy in the humane work of ameliorating the condition of the unfortunate "children of night" entrusted to your care.

ASSISTANT OFFICERS.

Since the date of my last report, several changes have taken place in our corps of instructors, as follows:

The assistant teacher in the Music Department, Miss A. A. Dyer, who had been connected with the Institution since the first day of October, 1861, vacated her position on January 2d of the current year, and was succeeded by Miss A. A. Howard, on the 28th of March following, by appointment of your Board, Miss Howard was afterward reappointed to the same position for the present season, and still remains connected with the Institution.

At the close of the last session of the school, Mr. H. W. Ballard, Miss M. L. Vance and Miss S. J. Larned, teachers in the Literary Department, terminated their connection with the Institution, after serving out the full period for which they were appointed. Mr. Ballard had been with us three years; Miss Vance one year, and Miss Larned over four years. The latter had, prior to her engagement with us, been connected for some time with another similar institution, and she therefore possessed an amount of experience in our work, which, aside from her natural fitness for it, caused her discontinuance with us to be felt as a serious loss to the Institution. Of the labors of all three, while connected with our school, I have nothing but commendation to express.

The vacancies created by the withdrawal of the three teachers last mentioned, were filled by the appointment of Mr. G. M. Ballard, Miss S. A. Scofield and Miss J. Cook, all of whom entered upon duty at the commencement of the present session. Mr. Ballard is favorably known to you, as having been previously connected with the Institution for several years, in his present capacity as principal teacher. Miss Scofield already possessed several years experience as a teacher in the Wisconsin Institution for the Blind, and came to us highly recommended by the Superintendent thereof. Miss Cook was without experience in this particular work, but had been for some years a successful teacher in schools for the seeing. All of these new appointees are giving entire satisfaction in the discharge of their duties, and I would bespeak for them the full confidence of your Board.

In the management of the male branch of the Work Department, a change has also been made, Mr. S. McGiffin having been succeeded, on the 1st of April last, by Mr. J. W. Bradshaw, in charge

of the shops and the instruction of the pupils therein. Of the success of the latter, in this, to him, new field of labor, I am likewise permitted to bear favorable testimony.

In addition to the above mentioned changes among the incumbents of offices heretofore existing, the office of Steward has been created, and Mr. W. M. Stilwell selected to discharge the duties thereof. Mr. Stilwell is favorably known to your Board as its present Secretary, and as having been connected with the Institution in the capacity of clerk for several years past. You will therefore, without doubt, give him your confidence in his new position.

The remaining members of our corps of assistant officers continue, as heretofore, to labor with fidelity and success in their respective departments, and I would again ask for them the encouragement of your confidence and support.

The whole corps for the current session stands as follows:

Teachers in the Literary Department.—Mr. G. M. Ballard, Miss M. E. Hanna, Miss S. A. Scofield and Miss J. Cook.

Teachers in the Music Department.—Mr. M. B. Clark and Miss A. A. Howard.

Instructors in Handicraft.—Mr. J. W. Bradshaw and Miss P. W. Hawley.

Physician—Dr. J. M. Kitchen.

Steward.—Mr. W. M. Stilwell.

Matron.—Miss L. D. Hawley.

Assistant Matron.—Miss P. W. Hawley.

PUPILS.

The number of pupils connected with the Institution at the date of my last report was ninety-five. Since that date twenty-five new ones have been received, making one hundred and twenty for the year—males, fifty-four; females, sixty-six. For their names and places of residence, see appended catalogue.

All of the above mentioned were residents of Indiana, except one, who was a pay pupil from the State of Michigan.

The following table exhibits the number received from each of the counties represented in the Institution :

COUNTIES.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Adams	1	...	1
Allen	1	....	1
Boone	2	4	6
Calhoun, Mich. ....	...	1	1
Carroll .....	...	1	1
Cass .....	...	2	2
Clark .....	...	1	1
Clinton	1	....	1
Crawford .....	...	2	2
Dearborn	1	....	1
DeKalb	1	1	2
Delaware .....	...	2	2
Elkhart	1	....	1
Fountain .....	...	4	4
Franklin	1	....	1
Fulton	1	...	1
Grant	1	....	1
Greene .....	...	2	2
Hamilton .....	...	3	3
Hancock	1	3	4
Harrison	1	....	1
Hendricks	1	....	1
Henry .....	...	2	2
Howard	1	....	1
Huntington .....	...	1	1
Jasper	1	....	1
Jay	3	....	3
Jefferson	2	....	2
Jennings	1	....	1
Johnson	2	1	3
Kosciusko .....	...	1	1
Knox .....	...	1	1
Lake .....	...	1	1
Laporte	2	2	4
Lawrence	3	....	3
Madison	1	2	3
Marion	7	2	9
Marshall .....	...	2	2
Miami	1	....	1

COUNTIES.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Monroe	1	1	1
Montgomery	1	1	1
Morgan	1	4	5
Noble	1	1	1
Parke	1	1	1
Perry	2	1	2
Posey	2	3	5
Putnam	1	1	2
Ripley	1	1	1
Scott	2	1	3
Shelby	1	2	3
Steuben	1	1	1
Stark	1	1	1
St. Joseph	1	1	2
Sullivan	1	1	1
Switzerland	1	1	2
Tippecanoe	1	1	1
Union	1	1	1
Vanderburg	1	1	1
Vigo	1	1	1
Wayne	1	1	2
Wabash	1	1	1
Whitley	1	1	2
	54	66	120

Of the one hundred and twenty pupils referred to above, one Barbary Kellar, who entered the school at the beginning of the last session, in a very delicate state of health, died at her home in this city, on Dec. 5; five were honorably discharged; one was expelled for misconduct; three left informally without completing their studies; and five remained away during the year without signifying their intention not to return. Deducting these from the whole number, we have one hundred and five as the present number connected with the school. But of this last number, twelve have not yet returned since the vacation, which leaves the actual number in attendance at this date, ninety-three.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

In this department, we have returned to the graded system formerly introduced, but abandoned for the past two or three years. It is found to possess many advantages with us, as in schools for the seeing. We make as many divisions as there are teachers, and give each teacher the special charge of one division, both in and out of the class rooms. In a few instances, however, it is found advantageous for teachers to exchange classes with each other, in order to give them an opportunity to teach in the branches for which they are, severally, the best qualified.

In the routine of studies, no change worthy of mention has been made, excepting the introduction of a method of tangible writing, known as the Braille system, and the memorizing, as a daily class exercise in each division, of appropriate selections from approved writers.

The aim of the last mentioned exercise is not to improve the pupils in declamation, so much as to extend their knowledge of language, and promote a critical taste and judgment in its use. So much of any language, especially the figurative part of it, owes its origin to the visual sense, that its true significance must, in many instances, be hidden from the born blind, or those who lose their sight during infancy, without the intervention of special means for their improvement in this direction; and it is to supply this desideratum, that the exercise alluded to has been introduced. So far, the result of the experiment is thought to be highly satisfactory. The subject indicated by these general remarks, is one of great importance in its bearing upon the education of the blind; but as it will be treated more fully in another part of this communication, we leave it here without further remark.

The course of study adopted for the several divisions during the current session, is as follows:

Division A—Orthography, Reading, Arithmetic, Object Lessons and Memorizing selected Compositions.

Division B—Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography and Memorizing.

Division C—Orthography with definitions, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, History and Memorizing.

Division D—Definitions, Writing with grooved card and pencil, improved board and Braille slate, Algebra, Mental Philosophy, Rhetoric, Composition and English Literature, embracing criticism and memorizing.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

The department of music, under the management of its accomplished principal, Mr. M. B. Clark, continues to perform in a satisfactory manner, its important part in the work of training our pupils for useful independence and happiness.

Most of our present school being quite young, especially on the male side of the house, the orchestral instruction is, for the most part, temporarily suspended, and the choir is not so constituted as to be able to perform the same high order of compositions as during some of the previous years; but increased attention is being given to individual instruction upon the piano forte, and in vocalization; which, after all, is quite as useful to the pupils, though it may not make so imposing a show to the casual visitor. Eight of the male, and twenty-nine of the female pupils, are receiving regular instruction on the piano forte; while the whole school, with few exceptions, are studying the rudiments of music, and being trained in vocal practice. There is also a small class, taking lessons upon the violin and guitar, and another, in theory and composition.

Notwithstanding the recent addition of two piano fortes to our stock of instructional appliances for this department, we still need several more instruments of that class, in order to do full justice to our increasing school. The want of a church organ too, still continues to be felt as a serious hinderance to the proper training of our pupils for the musical profession. Were this supplied, many of our graduates would enjoy enhanced facilities in the direction of gaining a livelihood through their musical attainments. Our's is the only institution of any size in the country, which is destitute of an organ; and until this want is supplied, we cannot hope to do complete justice to those of our pupils, who depend upon their musical education for support after leaving the Institution. It cannot be unknown to your Board that in all parts of our country, as well as in Europe, blind musicians receive liberal patronage as organists in the numerous churches, using the instrument in question. Every

year witnesses an enlargement, in our Western country, of this important field of usefulness to the blind, and it behooves us as one of the leading institutions of the West, to avail ourselves of its advantages, in the promotion of the welfare of our pupils.

It is a mistaken notion with some that the main design, if not the only one, of the musical instruction of the blind, is simply to provide for them a source of enjoyment and recreation; and hence the means necessary to its accomplishment, are often grudgingly bestowed by those who furnish them. Were even this limited view of the case correct, there would be abundant reason for liberality on the part of those who are not smitten with misfortune; but in view of the fact that the profession of music offers to the properly trained blind musician one of the most productive fields for honorable independence, and the additional fact that the professed object of our institutions is to provide their pupils with every available facility for self maintenance, the obligation becomes imperative.

WORK DEPARTMENT.

Upon the present condition of this department, we are able to make a highly satisfactory report. Both the male and female branches of it are most successfully carrying out the important work assigned them. But it is of the former that we would speak more particularly.

Under the efficient management of the present contractor, Mr. J. W. Bradshaw, who has been in charge of the shops since the first of April last, they have been carried on with more system, and with better results to the pupils, in the matter of their instruction, than ever before since the foundation of the Institution. He conducts them as an individual enterprise, upon the plan introduced some five years since, and we are more than ever convinced of the correctness of the system in its application to shops of this kind. The Institution is free from the trouble and expense of providing the raw materials and the necessary instructors, as well as from the care, sale, and delivery of the manufactured articles, together with the risk of accumulation and depreciation in prices when the market is dull; while the pupils are more thoroughly trained in skill, industry, and the economical use of materials than they are likely to be under the old system of salaried instructors.

Whatever is to the advantage of the contractor, is likewise to the advantage of the pupil under instruction. If the self-interest of the former impels him to require of the latter that he shall be promptly in his place at the proper time; that he shall work industriously, rapidly, and skillfully while there; and that he shall, in all cases, use his materials to the best advantage, without unnecessary waste, surely the learner is thereby made so much the better mechanic, and hence, put into the best possible condition for obtaining employment after the completion of his trade.

Ours is, we believe, the only institution of the kind where this system prevails, and we should abandon it with extreme reluctance, after our more than five years experience.

It is objected by some with whom we have conversed upon the subject, that, under our plan, the instructor must be liable to neglect the dull of learning, and give his special attention to the more expert. But we have never found any difficulty upon this head so far, and certainly believe there is no more to be apprehended than under the ordinary system. Moreover, this is strictly provided against in our contract with the conductor of the shops. The Superintendent relinquishes nothing of his former control in such matters.

It is also objected, that the contractor cannot sustain himself under such an arrangement, inasmuch as no institution has been able to do so, without more or less pecuniary loss. But our contractor has done it for years, and thus the objection is effectually set aside. Were he to confine himself to the labor of the pupils alone, much of whose work is necessarily inferior, as that of young apprentices, the plan might be less successful. But such is not the case. We permit him to employ, in connection with the pupils, as many skillful journeymen, either blind or seeing, as his business will warrant, and find that the learners, as well as himself, are the gainers thereby in several respects. They are stimulated by the example of the finished workmen to work better and faster, and their general character is favorably influenced by intimate association with experienced seeing persons from the outer world, a circumstance which should have considerable weight with the intelligent educator of the blind.

For the contractor, the employment of additional workmen possesses several advantages. It enables him to extend his business, and give it the character of other establishments where the same

kind of work is manufactured; also, to work off the inferior products of his inexperienced apprentices, in connection with the better ware manufactured by the finished workmen; and, when the number of pupils in the shops is too limited to enable him to supply the demand created by a judicious management of his business, as is the case at present with us, it enables him to retain his customers, by obviating the necessity of their going elsewhere for the time being, at the risk of losing them altogether. For example, we have, at this time, no pupils who are desirous of learning the carpet weaving business; yet there is a brisk demand in the market for this article, which must be supplied, or the trade is lost to the Institution. Hence the looms are kept at work by seeing employes for the time being, until some pupils are received who wish to learn the business. It need hardly be remarked, that the contractor is in no case permitted to occupy the shops with seeing workmen, to the exclusion or detriment of our pupils.

Broom making is now the principal trade carried on in our shops, as is the case with most other institutions for the blind in this country; but we also do something at carpet and mat weaving, brush making and chair seating. There are several additional branches which might be successfully pursued by our pupils, were it not that the present number with us, who are old enough to work advantageously in the shops, is too limited to warrant their introduction.

The first mentioned trade is, however, the one above all others which possesses the most advantages for the greatest number of blind mechanics in any part of the country, but more particularly in the West. These advantages have been so frequently adverted to heretofore, and indeed they are so obvious, that they need not be particularized on this occasion. We may be permitted to say, however, before leaving the subject, that to Indiana belongs the credit of first introducing it as a leading branch of manufacture for the blind. In some of the earlier reports of our Institution may be found the history of our first experiments in the business, which led to its general introduction.

In the female branch of our industrial department, the same kinds of work have been executed during the past year as reported on former occasions, and with the usual success.

The subjoined table exhibits the number, variety, and value of the articles made, as to the labor involved in their production. The

sewing and knitting were done for the use of the household, and therefore produced no direct pecuniary return to the Institution, but must be estimated as so much saved to our current expense fund. The bead work, however, has proved, as usual, a source of profit, as will be seen by the statement of the business of that branch inserted below.

ARTICLES.	NO.	VALUE.
Articles of bead work.....	1,768	
Aprons.....	20	\$7 50
Bed spreads.....	3	75
Chemises.....	30	15 00
Collars, crocheted.....	1	1 00
Drawers, pairs.....	36	13 50
Dresses.....	9	18 00
Garibaldis	4	4 00
Handkerchiefs, hemmed.....	64	6 40
Hose, pairs.....	3	1 50
Jackets.....	2	2 00
Mittens, pairs.....	3	1 12
Napkins.....	80	8 00
Night dresses	8	6 00
Pillow cases.....	25	4 50
Sheets.....	10	3 75
Skirts.....	30	15 00
Socks, pairs.....	1	38
Table spreads.....	4	1 00
Towels.....	32	3 20
Total.....		\$112 60

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES ON ACCOUNT OF BEAD WORK.

CREDIT.

By receipts for manufactured articles during the year	\$598 61
By value of manufactured articles on hand at close of year.....	202 65
By value of materials on hand at close of year..	131 22
	<hr/> \$932 48

Total credits brought forward..... \$932 48

DEBIT.

To value of manufactured articles on hand at beginning of year.....	\$117 60	
To value of materials on hand at beginning of year	188 32	
To paid for materials during the year.....	221 93	
To paid pupils for over-work during the year...	222 30	
Total.....		\$750 15
Balance in favor of the Institute	\$182 33	

GENERAL TOPICS.

As reports of this kind constitute a proper and convenient medium for the exchange of views between the different institutions for the blind, as well as for the general dissemination of knowledge upon the subject of blindness, and the means employed to overcome the disabilities imposed by it, we beg leave on this occasion to introduce some thoughts which it is believed will possess interest for those who are in any way connected with our humane work. If in doing so we find ourselves constrained to differ in some respects from the expressed views of any of our co-laborers, we trust that honesty of purpose will at least be accredited to us, however much we may err in judgment.

The following pages have recently been prepared for another occasion; but, as the views expressed are as applicable here as elsewhere, no apology need be offered, it is hoped, for transcribing them without revision.

CAUSES AND DEGREES OF BLINDNESS.

The numerous causes of blindness, immediate and remote, would form a profitable and interesting field of inquiry; but it is one so environed with difficulties that its full discussion here would necessarily occupy more space than could be appropriately devoted to it. It may not be amiss, however, to allude, in a general way, to a few of the more prominent sources of the calamity in question.

In order to a better understanding of the subject before us, it will be found convenient to divide the sufferers into two general classes; the born blind and those who lose their sight at different periods after birth, and to treat of each class separately.

From statistics compiled from the registers of pupils in several of our institutions, embracing fourteen hundred and forty persons, it is shown that about one-fifth of the whole number belong to the first class, or those born blind, and the remaining four-fifths to the second. Strictly speaking, this classification is far from perfect; for it is undoubtedly true that many of the second class are, from birth, so predisposed to blindness, by disease or lack of functional vigor, that only a slight injury, or other exciting cause, is requisite to produce loss of vision; on which account, could the true number be ascertained, they might without impropriety be considered as congenital cases. It will, however, be found sufficiently accurate for present purposes.

Proceeding then to a brief consideration of some of the sources of congenital blindness, or a connate tendency thereto, it would seem that among these the reprehensible practice of intermarriage of blood relations has its full share of responsibility; for in an examination of one hundred and twenty cases of congenital blindness received into the Indiana Institute, statistics upon this point being incomplete in other institutions consulted, we find that one-third are the avowed offspring of such unions; and it is believed that if correct information could always be obtained, the proportion would prove to be much greater. It is a matter of common experience among those who have attempted an investigation into this subject, that the parents and friends of blind children are often induced, by a not unnatural delicacy, to give evasive, and sometimes even untruthful answers to their inquiries. The fact here alluded to, is one of great significance, and invites the serious attention of those who are laboring for the dissemination of such knowledge as lends its influence to the elevation of the human race.

Another fruitful source of congenital blindness, would seem to be the hereditary transmission of general constitutional infirmity, which, though not always recognized as necessarily tending towards the production of blindness, is as liable, under appropriate conditions, to take that direction as any other. It would not be unnatural to expect that blindness is, in itself, often directly transmitted; but statistics do not, to any considerable extent, justify such an assumption. It cannot be denied, however, that where the parents are tainted with constitutional disease resulting in blindness, or tending strongly in that direction, there is, to say the least, an extreme liability to such an unfortunate result. But where the blind-

ness proceeds from causes which are strictly local, that is, confined to the organs of vision themselves, the case is undoubtedly quite different. Nevertheless, as was before remarked, the subject is fraught with difficulty, and the most that can be said upon this branch of it must partake, in a greater or less degree, of the nature of speculation.

Scrofula, in one or other of its manifold phases, as well as drunkenness and all other forms of intemperance which tend to undermine the constitution and vitiate the functions of the bodily organs, are believed to constitute some of the more palpable and productive sources of the general infirmity alluded to in the preceding paragraph. Perhaps the first named is the most prevalent of these. General observation would seem to indicate that such at least is the case in the western and southern sections of our country, where swine flesh forms the staple meat diet of the masses. But whether or not said diet is really productive of a scrofulous condition, as is believed by many, must be determined by those who are better prepared than the writer to examine the subject from a scientific standpoint.

As to the agency of the intemperate use of the corporeal organism, in the propagation of a long catalogue of physical evils in which impairment of vision finds its appropriate place, there can be no question. The truth that nature's laws cannot be violated with impunity, is so plain as to become almost axiomatic.

Of the second general class, those who become blind from causes originating after birth, it is estimated, from appropriate statistics, that about one-seventh lose their sight in consequence of mechanical injury to the organs, resulting from accident or otherwise. The remainder derived their affliction from various forms of disease, some of these attacking the eyes directly, and others indirectly.

As the most prominent of such causes, we may enumerate Purulent Ophthalmia, Conjunctivitis, Staphyloma, Iritis, Amaurosis, Cataract, Cerebro-spinal Meningitis, Catarrh, Whooping-cough, Measles, Small-pox, Scarlet-fever, etc.

Conjunctivitis, of the catarrhal form, and perhaps some others, is quite contagious, and seems to prevail as an epidemic in some sections of our country. Whole families are often attacked with it simultaneously, it being propagated by the common use of the same wash basin and towel, as well as in other ways.

Iritis is, by some authorities, put down as peculiarly a city dis-

ease, being very often induced by syphilitic poison in the eyes of the sufferers. Amaurosis, when not congenital, most generally results from persistent exposure of the eyes to intense light, or the undue use of them in the pursuance of study or some occupation requiring close visual application. There are many other ways, however, in which the disease may be superinduced.

Cataract and Staphyloma are very common forms of ocular disease, and may be contracted in a great variety of ways.

The several diseases of a more general character, enumerated as frequent causes of blindness, though not ocular diseases, superinduce loss of vision in various ways, which it would be irrelevant to particularize here.

Again, as to degrees of blindness, we have also two general classes, known as the totally blind and the partially blind, the latter possessing almost as many grades of vision as there are individuals composing it. And it may be here remarked in passing, that, in an educational point of view, all are considered blind, and therefore legitimate objects of institution care, who are unable to pursue their studies by the aid of sight, in ordinary schools.

Of the fourteen hundred and forty persons received into several of our institutions for the blind from which statistics have recently been procured, the number of those totally blind is found to be eight hundred and seventy, or about sixty-one per cent. of the whole number; while in the Institution of Indiana only thirty-four out of one hundred and twenty congenital, and one hundred and thirteen out of one hundred and ninety-nine post natal cases, are found to be total, or about forty-six per cent. of the whole number received. The reason for this difference between the results obtained in the one institution by itself and those obtained in several combined, is not easy of explanation; nor is it of any importance in the present connection, to attempt to account for it. But the fact of so large a proportion of the post natal cases being total, as compared with the congenital, may have an important bearing in another branch of the subject, to be treated of hereafter.

Abstractly considered the above classifications of causes and degrees would seem to be of little moment, but in the examination of the various accompaniments and effects of blindness it will be found convenient and useful; and it is to be regretted that it could not have been more extended. A recent effort was made to collect from all the institutions for the blind in the United States, full sta-

tistics upon this subject; but the effort failed, mainly, it is thought on account of the omissions on the part of persons conducting them to record the desired particulars concerning the pupils received.

It is not easy, in all cases, to obtain correct particulars upon these points; nevertheless it would seem to be desirable, for many reasons, that all of our institutions should come as near doing so as possible. In this way much light might be shed upon a subject which is not only of importance to the institutions themselves, but likewise of peculiar interest in a general philanthropic and scientific aspect. On the entrance of every pupil, a thorough examination, surgical and otherwise, should be instituted, and the results recorded in such a manner that the following named particulars may be clearly set forth:

1. The correct age of the person.
2. Whether or not the blindness is congenital.
3. If not congenital, at what age it originated.
4. The degree of blindness, specifying as nearly as possible, when not total, the amount of vision possessed.
5. When not congenital, the assigned cause, naming if possible, when originating in sickness, not only the disease to which the blindness is attributable, but likewise the immediate local disease of the visual organs.
6. The general physical condition, as to chronic disease and constitutional soundness.
7. The degree of mental ability.
8. The physical condition of the parents, as to chronic disease and constitutional soundness, prior to the birth of the child.
9. The habits of such persons as to temperance, etc.
10. Whether such parents were related before marriage, and if so, in what degree.
11. Whether more than one case of blindness exists among the children, and if so, how many, naming also the number not thus afflicted.
12. Whether either of the parents or other relative suffered the affliction of blindness, and if so naming the degree of consanguinity.

It would also be well to renew such examination periodically, so far as the pupil is concerned, and note down any change which may have taken place in the physical or mental condition.

ACCOMPANIMENTS AND EFFECTS OF BLINDNESS.

In treating of the physical and mental condition of persons who are afflicted with blindness, it is almost invariably the case that they are considered as forming a distinct class, separated from the rest of the human family, and possessing in common certain characteristics, corporeal and mental, which distinguish them as members thereof, whereas there is little, if any more reason, for thus abstracting and grouping them than exists in the case of any other set of persons, who happen to be afflicted with a common malady. This undoubtedly arises from the necessity of gathering them into separate institutions of learning, where they may have the benefit of peculiar apparatus and methods of instruction, devised to meet their wants, by adapting them to the tactual sense. But it is very desirable, on many accounts, that care should be taken to avoid this unphilosophical method of treating the subject. Its influence is an unhappy one upon the sufferers themselves, making them, in many instances, feel their misfortune much more keenly, than they otherwise would, and in others, providing a plausible excuse for continuance in peculiar and unbecoming habits which they may happen to contract from improper associations, and which are as reprehensible in them as in any one else. Besides, it tends to mislead the public mind as to the capabilities of the human powers in overcoming the obstacles presented by blindness, and teaches it to look apologetically upon any shortcomings practiced by the smitten ones, as well as distrustfully upon their efforts to battle manfully against the difficulties they must needs encounter in their journey through life. Far better would it be, in every point of view, to pursue a contrary course, and endeavor to counteract every influence whose tendency is to foster the notion of isolation alluded to.

Another prevalent error, akin to the one just referred to, is to class with the untoward influences of blindness upon the bodily and mental powers certain abnormal conditions, which frequently accompany it as concomitant effects proceeding from a common cause, and treat them as necessary to, and inseparable from the accident of blindness; such, for instance, as are often found to co-exist with the lack of vision in the two classes of congenital cases referred to in the preceding section; whereas those same conditions might just as well have been present, and probably would have been, if the organs of sight had been perfect.

Again, this proneness to generalization is manifested in a disposition to attribute to the blind as a class, and as a necessary consequence to their infirmity, divers physical, mental, and moral qualities which happen to be possessed by some of them, in common with all other persons, whether blind or seeing, who have been subject to the same unfavorable influences. The facetious remark of a popular lecturer to his auditors, that, travel where'er they might, they would "find that *human nature pretty generally prevails*," contained a truth as significant in this connection as the remark was humorous. Such a mode of reasoning reminds one of the far famed physician who, finding that one patient had satisfied his craving for sour kroust with impunity, and even supposed benefit, administered the same article, with fatal effect, to another patient who happened to be ailing with the same disease; and, as the result of his experience, noted down in his memorandum book, that "*sour kroust cures blacksmiths but kills lawyers.*"

Superadded to these unphilosophical practices is still another; as in the case of the French philosopher, Diderot, (who, by the way, does not lack for imitators on either side of the Atlantic,) in his celebrated "Letter upon the Blind for the use of those who See," which is an undue indulgence in speculative, *a priori* reasoning upon the subject of blindness, instead of following the more correct method of basing their theories upon the results of observation and experience. The influence of this course upon the happiness and well being of the unfortunates to whom it relates would prove a more salutary one, did their reasonings lead them to more encouraging conclusions.

On the other hand there is a class who run to the opposite extreme, and put forth sentiments which encourage false hopes in the objects of their care, as well as in the community at large. The result of this injudicious, though humanely inspired course, is to make those who are subject to its influence over confident of their ability to surmount the obstacles interposed by their infirmity, and, in many instances, almost to persuade them that blindness is a blessing, rather than otherwise. This may be kindness; but if so, it is of the cruel sort. Better would it be for all who are engaged in the management of institutions for the blind to deal frankly with their pupils, withholding nothing from them through fear of discouraging their hopes, but striving in every way to inspire them with fortitude to endure, and strength to overcome the real difficul-

ties of life, which, sooner or later, they must needs encounter. The effect of a course opposite to this will prove, in the end, as discouraging as the one alluded to in the preceding paragraphs.

ACCOMPANIMENTS.

But to proceed to a brief consideration of some of the real disabilities associated with blindness, for that such exist it were vain to deny, it may be remarked, in the first place, that in the two divisions of the general class of congenital cases heretofore adverted to, we often find a feeble, abnormal condition of some or all of the physical powers, and the same is true of some of such of the post-natal cases as possess a connate predisposition to the loss of sight. In the language of a distinguished educator of the blind, "the general texture seems loose, the fibre is minus, while the lymph is plus; there is but little vital force, and consequently little energy in the performance of the functions generally, those of the brain of course included," and as a natural sequence, the psychological manifestations are correspondingly feeble, sometimes, indeed, to the extent of idiocy and lunacy. But it must be borne in mind, that this state of things does not *proceed* from a lack of vision. It might just as well, and often does, exist with the clear sighted, that is, such of them as have the misfortune to be born into the world with corporeal organisms equally far below the normal standard.

From the lower grades of the class under discussion, but little in the way of positive results can, of course, be expected, even with the most thorough course of training; but the majority are susceptible, to a greater or less extent, of both physical and mental improvement; which will be in the inverse ratio of their distance below par. It is cause for thankfulness, however, to a merciful Providence that the proportion of these manifoldly afflicted, yet innocent sufferers of the penalty of violated natural and moral law, is relatively so small, compared with the whole number of pupils in any one of our institutions for the blind. It hardly need be added that even among the born blind, with such odds against them as a class, there are found some of the brightest examples of success in battling against the difficulties of blindness.

Again, secondly, there will sometimes be found, among those who lose their sight from mechanical injury, or from disease contracted after birth, instances in which a greater or less degree of

physical infirmity is associated with their blindness, as coetaneous with it, both being effects proceeding from the same cause; but such infirmity need not, excepting in rare cases, materially influence the mental condition; while there is generally more hope of its eradication, by a proper course of hygienic treatment.

PHYSICAL EFFECTS.

Thus far, we have spoken only of original disabilities, which sometimes accompany blindness, as associate evils, especially where it is congenital, distinguishing them from those which spring naturally from it, and therein admit of being properly denominated its effects. It now remains to point out some of the latter, and consider the proper means for preventing or counteracting them. As the first in order, therefore, brief reference will be made to the effects upon the physical economy.

In view of the well known fundamental law of our being, that vigorous and unrestrained exercise of the muscular system is absolutely essential to a proper development of the physical powers, and healthy condition of all of the bodily organs, but little particularization will be needed under this head. Suffice it, then, to say, in general terms, that in proportion to the degree in which the visual power is lacking in any given case, all other things being equal, will be the interposing obstacles to such a freedom in the use of the bodily organs, as is necessary to secure the requisite amount of exercise, and that, in the absence of the proper use of means for overcoming these obstacles, the amount of damage sustained by the physical powers will, in each individual case, depend upon the length of time during which they may have remained unexercised. It follows, then, as a natural deduction from these premises, that those who are totally blind from birth or early infancy, are the most liable, as a class, to fall below the proper standard of bodily vigor and development; while those are least so who suffer but a partial loss of vision, and that at a period of life which has afforded time and opportunity for a full measure of physical culture.

Now, when this subsequent deterioration is superadded to the original disabilities referred to as occasional accompaniments of blindness, which is not unfrequently the case, we have a class who are clearly the greatest sufferers of all. And it behooves the friends

of humanity to exhaust every available means, in an effort to ameliorate their extremely unfortunate condition. It is in their unsuccessful labors with this class, that the educators of the blind find the burthen of their discouragements; and some of the least persevering of them are almost ready, at times, to yield to a feeling of despondency, and adopt the conclusion, that they have undertaken a hopeless task, in endeavoring to bring any considerable portion of their pupils up to the ordinary standard of physical and mental attainments. But this will not do. Such must bear in mind, that, even among those who are possessed of all their senses, there may always be found a large class, who are nearly or quite as far below the nominal standard as the small class of which we are speaking; and yet no one, who is himself in a proper mental condition to insure a rational judgment, thinks of giving up the whole human race, or any considerable portion of it, as hopelessly incompetent.

MEANS OF COUNTERACTION.

That the physical disabilities alluded to, whether connate or resulting from a condition of blindness, should be removed, so far as human agencies can accomplish such a result, is a matter that does not admit of a question. Every consideration demands it; not only the desirability of vigorous bodily health for its own sake, but that such is necessary in order that the brain shall perform its wonted functions in a proper manner, thus insuring "a sound mind in a sound body." To prove that very much can be done in the direction of preventing the evil effects adverted to, or removing them where they already exist, needs no elaborate argument here or elsewhere. If an enlightened course of hygienic treatment and systematic physical training, through the agency of some well digested course of gymnastic exercises, are found beneficial in the promotion of sound bodily health in seeing youth, in addition to the invigorating sports and occupations which are always accessible to them, how much more essential must those things be to the blind, who are debarred from the health imparting influences of these sports and occupations. While such means of physical culture are almost wholly neglected in many of our institutions, it is believed by the writer that they are not only practicable to the fullest extent, but that they form one of the most essential features of an enlightened course of instruction and training for the blind.

You will therefore pardon him, if, in this connection, occasion is taken to urge their imperative necessity upon the earnest attention of your Board.

MENTAL EFFECTS.

We come now to the most interesting, and perhaps the most difficult phase of our present subject, viz: the influence of blindness upon the development and operations of the mental faculties. And if, in order to a better understanding of the topic in hand, it is found necessary to take for examination, the most extreme cases, those who, being totally blind from birth, have had no opportunity for the natural unfolding of the faculties which depend for their operations upon the stimulus received through the medium of the visual sense, we must not fail to bear in mind, that such cases form but a small class, as compared with the whole number. The measure of the influence in question must, of course, be governed, in each individual case, by the age at which the blindness originates, and the degree of obscuration.

As was intimated, this subject is a difficult one at best, and the difficulty is greatly augmented by our inability to obtain accurate statistics. Therefore, in the present instance, we must resort, to some extent, to *a priori* reasoning, in order to a proper elucidation of the principles involved. It is confidently believed, however, from such observations as we have been able to make, that the facts in the case, will justify the conclusions arrived at.

It is laid down, as a fundamental proposition in the prevailing systems of mental philosophy, that the unfolding of the intellectual faculties, at least, is dependent upon the stimulus derived from the external world through the medium of the senses. In view of some of the phenomenal manifestations of the peculiar, spiritual organization which we denominate genius; the strict truth of this doctrine is sometimes deemed, in a slight degree, questionable; but, in the present state of knowledge, we cannot do better than receive it. At all events, to assume that the mind can grow into a condition of complete, harmonious action, with any one of its more important avenues to sensorial impressions closed, is to charge, that an All-wise Creator has endowed his creatures with a useless faculty.

There are those who, either through ignorance of the elementary

principles of mental science, or from want of reflection, manifest great astonishment on discovering that a blind child is possessed of correct notions with regard to the form, dimensions and other tactual qualities of material objects, and straightway proceed to account for the phenomenon by declaring that the power which would have been exercised by the missing sense, had it been present, is mercifully distributed among the remaining ones. But this mode of reasoning, it is scarcely necessary to say, will not answer. Each sense has its especial function, and this function cannot be performed by another. True, after the particular notions which originally reach the mind through a given sense have been derived, through the functional operations of the appropriate organ of that sense, they may afterwards be cognizable by another sense, as acquired perceptions, but without the intervention of the special sense which forms the appropriate channel for the original conveyance of these notions to the mind, they never could reach it. Thus it is with regard to the notions of form, etc., just alluded to. In the absence of the tactual sense from birth, though the visual one be ever so perfect, they never could reach the mind; and so with the original cognitions of light and shade, which form the basis of acquired perceptions of the sense of sight. The mind must remain forever destitute of them, at least in its earthly state of existence, when that sense is missing. Hence it may be remarked, in passing, that the marvelous, unphilosophical stories which we sometimes hear, of certain blind persons being able to distinguish colors by touch, are utterly without foundation in truth. If, then, these premises are correct, while there is no just reason for astonishment at the blind child's possession of the kinds of knowledge before cited, there are, nevertheless, some notions of the qualities of material objects, of which he must remain essentially ignorant, and therefore his mental development must, in just so much, be unfavorably influenced. Now, it is a knowledge of the character and amount of this influence which we are, through our present inquiry, seeking to obtain, in the hope of being able to suggest some available means of counteracting it, so far as such a thing is possible.

The human soul, considered in its relationship to external nature, is sometimes beautifully likened to a musical instrument. "Regarded in itself, it is an invisible existence, having the capacity and elements of harmony." The senses, the brain and the nervous

system generally, constitute the beautiful framework which the Creator has woven around its mysterious, invisible strings. This living instrument is, at first, voiceless and silent, but when it is properly wrought upon "by those outward influences which exist in the various forms and adaptations of the material world," it gives forth ravishing strains of exquisite harmony.

Now, when some of the finer chords of this wonderful instrument, those which carry the beautiful windings of the melody, and contribute their rich blendings of color, light and shade to the deep, swelling harmonies of its ceaseless hymn of praise, remain untouched, save but lightly, by the finger of nature, though no discords may result to mar the effect, yet there will be an absence of some of the parts necessary to that full, rich flood of harmony which alone can satisfy the perfect ear of Deity. And herein we find the sought for *character* of the influence referred to. Its *amount* will depend, first, upon the nicety with which the dormant strings are attuned to the rest, and their consequent susceptibility to sympathetic vibration, as in the manifestations of genius; and, secondly, upon the adaptedness of the means which may be employed by kind friends to counteract it.

But in order to present the matter in a clearer light, let us glance briefly at the operations of the sensorial faculties, or rather those of them which are sometimes denominated the intellectual senses, and trace the influence of these operations upon the more interior portions of the mental economy. To this end, and in order not to stray beyond the established limits of mental science, the following summary is made up, in great part, from the writings of acknowledged authorities upon the subject.

The sense of touch is the medium through which we derive our first notions of externality, or the existence of a world outside of ourselves. Without it, we could have no such notion. The cognitions of this sense are exceedingly definite and perfect. "By it we not only know that a quality exists, but also what it is. We have the knowledge, and we know what it is that produces it. In this manner the perceptions by touch lie at the foundation of all our knowledge of an external world. We rely upon them with more certainty than any other." Many of the qualities originally revealed to us by touch, are subsequently cognizable by sight as acquired perceptions. If, however, in any case, we have reason to doubt

the evidence of sight, we instinctively apply to the sense of touch, in order to verify our visual judgment.

"The principal qualities cognized by touch, besides externality, are extension, hardness, softness, form, size, motion, situation and roughness or smoothness." Besides these, however, there are various bodily sensations of pain and pleasure, given by this sense, which it were useless to mention here.

"Conforming ourselves, therefore, to the *perceptions* of touch, we find that they are almost exclusively given us by the hand. In this manner we obtain a distinct knowledge of extension, of size, of hardness, softness and form. When the body is small, or the discrimination delicate, we rely almost wholly upon the perceptive power of the fingers. In this manner we obtain, experimentally, nearly all our knowledge of the primary qualities of bodies."

"We learn by a proper examination of the subject, that not only does this sense enable us to make large additions to our knowledge, but that it is really the original source of a *great part* of our knowledge of the world around us. Of its intrinsic importance, we may form an opinion from the fact that there is no case on record in which a human being has been born without it. By it alone, as in the case of Laura Bridgman, we may learn our relations to the world around us; may be taught the use of language, and may even acquire the power of writing it with considerable accuracy. This sense is lost only in paralysis, and in those cases in which the individual, drawing near to dissolution, has no further need of any of the organs of sense."

The conceptions of tangible qualities, like the *perceptions* of touch, are exceedingly definite. It is sometimes said that the blind, who rely exclusively upon this sense for their knowledge of external objects, can not form abstract conceptions of these, but must in all cases imagine themselves in immediate contact with the objects conceived. This, however, is a great mistake. Besides being inconsistent with the acknowledged principles of mental science, it is contradicted by observation and experience. Were such a view correct, it would be impossible for a person born blind to have any correct knowledge of distance, or of objects of great magnitude. Nor would he be able to derive information from descriptions of such objects as have never been brought within the reach of his tactual sense.

The sense of sight is, primarily, simple in its function. Nothing is original with it, but perceptions of light, and its various modifications denominated color. These perceptions, however, are exceedingly numerous. "In this respect, the intimations of the sense of sight stand on the same footing with those of taste and hearing. A part of that knowledge which we attribute to the sight, and which has the appearance of being immediate and original in that sense, is not so. Some of its alleged perceptions are properly the results of sensations, combined not only with the usual reference to an external cause, but also with various other acts of the judgment. In some cases, the combination of the acts of the judgment with the visual sensation is carried so far, that there is a sort of transfer to the sight, of the knowledge which has been obtained from some other source. And not unfrequently, in consequence of a long and tenacious association, we are apt to look upon the knowledge thus acquired as truly original in the seeing power." Thus it is with the cognitions of extension, figure or form, magnitude, solidity, distance, relative position and some others. These are all conveyed to the mind through certain dispositions of light and shade.

We are aware that there are not wanting respectable authorities who do not subscribe to the above restricted view of the *original* perceptions of sight, and who think that some of those which have been given as *acquired* perceptions, are possible to the mind, without the intervention of touch; but it would avail nothing to our present purpose to discuss the matter here, or give our reasons for adopting the views set forth. The conclusions sought to be arrived at, may be as legitimately drawn from the one theory as from the other. So long as it is admitted that the several cognitions referred to are attainable by the touch, and no one pretends to dispute the fact, it matters not, if any or all of them are equally attainable by sight, as original perceptions of that sense. In any view of the subject, it is clear, that the sense of sight adds very greatly, nay, almost indefinitely to the scope and powers of the mind, in gathering into its storehouse, those materials from the external world which are necessary to its growth and harmonious development. The possession of this sense, besides the inexhaustable fund of enjoyment it affords, through the endless combinations of color, light and shade, may be regarded as an almost immeasurable extension of the tactual sense, taking in a wide spread field of knowledge at once, or so nearly so that it amounts to the same

thing, reaching out to great distances, grasping objects of immense magnitude, and discerning bodies of exceeding minuteness.

The sense of hearing is also simple in its function, giving rise only to perceptions of sound, but these in an endless variety, equal in extent to those of light and color originating in the visual sense. All of the numberless sounds of nature, animate and inanimate; all of the infinite number of tones which enter into the composition of music; all of the countless sounds of the human voice, in their endless variety of pitch, force, duration and combination, employed as the elements of spoken language, are cognized by the mind as original perceptions of this sense. But hearing also has its acquired perceptions. Through it we learn of magnitude, distance, position, motion, and other qualities pertaining to sonorous bodies; and in this respect, so far as it goes, it bears a close resemblance to the sense of sight.

There are also other points of resemblance in the senses of sight and hearing, which are not often, if at all, alluded to in works on mental science, but which possess sufficient interest to be worthy of mention here. The first of these to which attention will be directed, is, that in all minds, albeit, some may lack a definite consciousness of the truth of the assertion, perceptions and conceptions of sound, particularly the latter, are endowed with the attributes of extension, form, color, position, motion, and, we had almost said, magnitude. As evidence of this, we will cite the circumstance, that in every language may be found numerous qualifying words, relating to visible objects, which apply with equal significance to sounds, thus indicating an intuitive recognition of the fact alluded to. For example, in our own language, we say of sounds, as indicating extension, form and magnitude, that they are broad, full, deep, slender, thin, shallow, acute, obtuse, great, small, long, short, increasing, diminishing, &c.; as indicating position, that they are here, there, high, low, near, distant, elevated, depressed, &c.; as indicating motion, that they are slow, rapid, approaching, receding, retarded, accelerated, rising, falling, trembling, shaking, waving, meandering, winding, undulating, &c.; and as indicating color, light and shade, in general terms, that they are bright, dull, brilliant, faint, clear, obscure, lively, sombre, grave, distinct, shadowy, &c.

This proposition is, we assert, undoubtedly true of all minds, so far as it has just been elucidated. But there are those who go

still farther, and attribute to sounds, or at least associate with them, every known variety of shade and color, and we doubt not that such would be found universally true, if all could accurately analyze their mental operations. We talk about harmony of colors, as well as harmony of sounds; and all understand instinctively what is meant. And inharmony of colors is as offensive to the eye, as inharmony of sounds to the ear. The entire musical world recognize the truth of the principle in question, and talk as freely of color, light and shade, in reference to sound, as does the painter in reference to his visible pictures, and many of our finest musical compositions are intended to represent visible objects and scenes. The seven tones of the *diatonic* scale are said by all to correspond with the seven colors of the prismatic scale, and the harmonic triad of the former with the three primary colors of the latter. The chromatic scale derives its name from the suggestion of color.

In exemplification of the foregoing remarks, we beg leave to insert here the following extract from Gardner's *Music of Nature*, an English work of some celebrity:

"Every one who has attentively listened to sounds, must have noticed, that besides their acuteness and gravity, loudness or softness, shape and figure, there is another quality belonging to them, which musicians have agreed to denominate *color*. The answer of the blind man, who, on being asked what idea he had of scarlet, replied that it was like the sound of a trumpet, is less absurd than may at first be apprehended. If, as Sir Isaac Newton supposed, the impulse upon the nerves of the eye, produced by color, is similar in kind or degree to that produced upon the ear by sounds, the impression upon the sensorium, or seat of sensation in the brain, will probably be the same, or so nearly so, that the ideas of the respective external objects will be associated in the mind. According to this theory, the different musical instruments may be characterized by correspondent colors, so as to be fancifully classed in the following manner:

WIND INSTRUMENTS.

Trombone—deep red.	Flute—sky blue.
Trumpet—scarlet.	Diapason—deeper blue.
Clarionette—Orange.	Double Diapason—purple.
Oboe—Yellow.	Horn—Violet.
Bassoon (Alto)—deep yellow.	

STRINGED INSTRUMENTS.

Violin—Pink.

Violincello—Red.

Viola—Rose.

Double Bass—deep crim. red.

In addition to what the preceding scale expresses, let it be understood, that the lowest notes of each instrument partake of the darkest shades of its color, and as they ascend they become of a lighter hue."

In the above extract, the author *speaks* of the matter as fanciful, though he does not appear to *think* so in reality; and, we doubt not, there are many others who will be ready to characterize it as a fanciful notion. But, for our own part, we are strongly inclined to the opinion that its source will be found, on proper investigation, to lie deep down among the fundamental principles of nature, far below the regions of fancy. It is, at least, a note-worthy coincidence, that Mr. Gardner's "*fanciful scale*" should tally so completely as it does with the experience of many others who have been consulted upon the subject.

Again, secondly, the sensations of light and sound, unlike those of taste and touch, have their origin in bodies not in contact with the sentient organs of the percipient, and are each transmitted through space, by vibrations of an elastic medium; which circumstance gives rise to several interesting analogies. For example, a reflected image is to the visual sense what an echo is to the hearing; and pictorial representations have their counterpart in ventriloquism. The one represents distance by diminution of size and faintness of outline and color, while the other produces the same effect by diminution of sound and indistinctness of utterance.

Thirdly, the laws which govern the phenomena of light and sound, the immediate objective perceptions of the senses of sight and hearing, are almost identical, and serve to illustrate each other. So that the teacher of the blind may, through the principles of acoustics, which are entirely within the comprehension of his pupils, convey to the minds of the latter a tolerably correct notion of the principles of optics. True, he cannot give to the born blind a proper idea of the intrinsic nature of light itself, but he may give them such a knowledge of the scientific principles governing its phenomena as will enable them to instruct those who see. It is well known, that the celebrated Saunderson was a successful teacher in optics as well as in mathematics. Let the fundamental notion

of light, in the mind of the blind teacher, be ever so wide of the truth, he cannot lead the seeing pupil astray, even though the positive experience of the latter should not come to his aid. For, whatever that notion be, he has derived it from the language of positive experience, and must use the same correct language in giving expression to his own thoughts.

It may be, that we have dwelt longer upon the topic of these interesting analogies between the senses of sight and hearing, than its importance demands; but we have thought that, if properly wrought out, it might have a useful bearing upon the general subject in hand; and have therefore ventured to throw out a few hints for the reflection of those interested in the discussion of such subjects. We do not, of course, expect to be able to substitute hearing for sight. All we aim at is to ascertain whether or not there is anything to be found in the direction indicated, which will enable us to reach, by indirect means, some of the mental powers which are stunted in their growth through lack of the stimulus ordinarily derived from the external world, through the channel afforded by the visual sense.

Having thus sketched the operations of the three principal sensorial faculties, as proposed, it now remains to advert to the combined influence of these operations upon the more interior departments of the mental economy, and then, if possible, point out what must be the true condition of the mind, when the important factor of sight is left out of the calculation. To do justice to this part of our task, however, would require more space than we have allotted to it; but we will endeavor, in a few general remarks, to indicate the drift of our argument.

We started out with the proposition, that the unfolding of the mind is dependent upon the stimulus of impressions from the material world, received through the channel of the senses; and essayed to point out the character of the respective impressions conveyed by each of the several senses examined. As the constituent elements of food are assimilated by the body, and contribute to the growth of its different organs, so it is with those sensorial impressions and the cognitions to which they give rise, in their influence upon the mind. They form its appropriate aliment, some being assimilated by one of its powers, and some by another. Thus are called into action the faculties of perception, conception, consciousness, attention, reflection, original suggestion, abstraction,

association, memory, judgment, reasoning, imagination, taste, etc., in the department of the intellect; and the various emotions, desires, and affections, natural and moral, in that of the sensibilities.

Without attempting to measure the precise amount of the influence contributed by each particular sense, in the promotion of mental growth, it may be said, in general terms, that the degree of development will depend upon the *quantity*, as well as the nature and variety of the aliment supplied. Now, we have seen that as to nature and variety, the *simple* cognitions furnished by the sense of touch, are, with the exception of light, shade, and color, precisely the same as those furnished by sight, so that there is really but a small class of such cognitions shut out from the mind in the closing of the avenue afforded by the sense of vision; and it is also evident that such class is not essential to at least a partial growth of all of the faculties enumerated above. Without the organ of vision, the mind may have an infinite variety of perceptions and conceptions, simple and complex; it may group its conceptions in numberless combinations, thus enjoying the benefits and pleasures of imagination; it may have a consciousness of its own energies and operations, and give its attention to whatever is passing within or without itself; it may have its original suggestions of a great first cause, of right and wrong, of self existence, personal identity, succession, duration, time, eternity, space, power, and the like; it may abstract, associate, and classify such cognitions as it possesses, store them up in its memory, judge of their relations, reflect and reason upon them, etc.; it may exercise its power of taste, and enjoy the pleasures of aesthetic qualities in surrounding objects, so far as they are perceptible to the remaining senses; it may feel emotions of pleasure and pain, possess desire, and experience the various passions and affections which are the natural endowments of all human souls. In what, then, it may be asked, consists the loss sustained by the absence of vision? Mainly, in the *quantity* of knowledge derived from the faculty of perception, especially that kind of knowledge which ministers to the development of the aesthetic sense, and the ready appreciation and use of figurative language.

We say, mainly in *quantity* of knowledge, because the notions which are derived *exclusively* from the operations of the visual sense, are extremely limited in number. It is through the *acquired* perceptions of sight that very much of the knowledge which is

attainable through the other senses, by a slow and difficult process, is gathered into the mental store-house with superior facility, and hence, in greater profusion. It was said, in another place, that the sense of sight might well be regarded as an almost indefinite extension of the tactual sense in the results of its operations. But, in addition to the greatly enhanced number and variety of *simple* cognitions received in a given time through sight, there are many *complex* ones which can never be received through touch as *immediate* perceptions, but must be conveyed to the mind *mediately* through tangible representations, or the slow process of verbal description, and apprehended through the agency of the conceptive power.

The superiority of the former sense, as a channel for the conveyance of objective knowledge to the mind, after the latter sense has developed its capacity for the reception of such knowledge, may be estimated by a comparison of the extended horizon bounding the wide-spread field of vision, with the limited one of the tactual sense, whose radius is but an arm's length.

Now, if we consider the character of most of the knowledge received through the intimations of sight, we will readily appreciate the influence of the absence of that sense upon the development of the faculty of taste, and hence, upon the æsthetic department of the mind. Most of the refinement of the æsthetic sense ordinarily derived from a critical study of the beautiful productions of the fine arts, and all of that received from a direct contemplation of the objects and varied scenes of the visible creation with their endless combinations of form, motion, color, light and shade is lost to the soul; and hence, the comparative silence of the finer strings of the wonderful instrument to which it was likened in a previous paragraph. Even in the departments of music and poetry, the only fine arts accessible to the sightless, we find indications of the lack of a full, complete development of the faculty of taste, in all of their born-blind votaries. This remark applies, however, with the most force, to the *descriptive* parts of music and poetry. In the *passional* delineations of these arts, the blind are usually more happy in their renderings. When a more complete system of education for them shall be instituted and carried out, one having especial reference to the department of the mind which most feels the loss of the visual sense, it is believed that a great improvement may be effected in this direction.

In the matter of language, too, as intimated above, blindness interposes a serious disability, which calls for the intervention of direct, special means for its removal, so far as such a result is attainable. We do not allude to the language of every day life, to that of the ordinary arts and sciences, or, indeed, to the more literal part of language, in whatever direction it may be employed; but to the *figurative* portion, which belongs more particularly to æsthetics. The correctness of this statement will be apparent, when it is borne in mind that a very large proportion of our choicest words and figures of speech derive their existence, and hence their beauty and significance, from visible objects. True, there have been many blind persons, in all ages and countries, who have acquired more or less distinction as poetical writers; but it will be found on examination, we think, that all such have either enjoyed the privileges of sight at some time during their lives, or their finest productions are such as do not call for the use of figurative language derived from visual perceptions. Milton, the prince of modern poets, as is well known, did not lose his sight until over forty years of age; while Blacklock, whose poetry will not bear the test of severe criticism in the direction indicated, became blind in very early infancy.

In the affectional department of the mind, we likewise find that the absence of vision has, in some respects, an untoward influence. The powers of the soul, cut off to so large an extent from direct communication with the outer world, and the equipoising influence of objective attractions, naturally concentrate upon its more interior experiences, and find their chief solace in subjective contemplation. Hence is promoted an abnormal development of some of the sensibilities. Perhaps the most notable example of this may be seen in a strongly marked tendency to unhealthy sentimentality. Other examples might be cited, but they will readily suggest themselves to the student of human nature. We may be permitted to say upon this head, however, that care must be observed not to draw too general conclusions from a few extreme cases that may be met with, in which some of the less exalted attributes of the passional nature are found unduly prominent. Our own experience will not warrant the assumption that a school of blind youths differs from any other, in this latter regard. Nevertheless, it is not improbable that with adults who have been allowed to grow up without the refining influences of education and advantageous association, the case is somewhat different.

MORAL EFFECTS.

Under this head but little need be written. The general remarks embodied in the latter portion of the preceding paragraph will be found to apply with equal force here. We know of no reason why, all other things being equal, the moral status of the blind should differ from that of the seeing; for we are firm in the opinion that the moral sentiments spring from a source too deep to be materially affected by the accident of physical blindness.

We can not pass from our present topic, the unfavorable effects of blindness, without again reminding the reader that we have been discussing an extreme class; those whose blindness is both congenital and total. We would also repeat, in substance, the remark heretofore made, that the measure of the influence treated of will, in all cases, depend upon the degree of blindness and the period of life at which it originates. Nor would we have it forgotten that, even in this extreme class, may be found many remarkable exceptions to the general rules laid down. Did our space permit, it would be a pleasant task to refer to some of the most notable of these. But we must pass on.

COMPENSATION.

We come now to a more encouraging phase of our subject. As a partial compensation for the loss of the visual sense we find that the usefulness of the others is enhanced by the unusual amount of exercise given them. Not so much that their original perceptions are improved in refinement and accuracy, though this is true in a marked degree, as that the sphere of their *acquired* perception is greatly enlarged. We also find that the conceptive power, in its application to the perceptions of the remaining senses, is considerably augmented by the increased dependence upon it in the mind's efforts to gain objective knowledge. And if this is true of the conceptive power, it must also be true of the imagination to an equal extent.

In elucidation of the remark just made in reference to the increased power of conception and imagination, we may allude to the readiness manifested by the blind in apprehending intelligent descriptions of objects beyond the reach of their tactual sense, and the tenacity with which those descriptions are retained in memory;

also to the facility they acquire in understanding the whole of a complex object when only a part is accessible to them, or the whole of a description when only a portion of it is given; as does the naturalist who constructs an entire specimen of animated nature from a single part. And here we may derive a useful hint in the preparation of a proper course of instruction and training for the pupils of our institutions.

As instances of the acquired perceptions of touch and hearing, of which the blind learn to avail themselves to a greater degree than others in the acquisition of knowledge, we will cite the following:

1. Through tactual impressions, made by reverberations of the intervening atmosphere, upon the face and other exposed parts of the person, as well as through auditory impressions, made by reverberations of sound, the proximity of objects is readily perceived; and by close attention to these intimations of the senses of touch and hearing, the blind are enabled to walk without a guide through the most crowded thoroughfares; also to estimate the size of an apartment with some degree of accuracy, together with the number and character of the objects it contains.

2. Through the form and pressure of the hand, when grasped or laid upon the person, and through the sound of the voice, the footsteps or even the breathing of an acquaintance, he is easily recognized by a blind person of delicate perceptions.

3. The age, disposition, size and nationality of a person, may be estimated with nearly or quite as much accuracy through the sound of the voice, as they are by the eye, through physiognomical and other indications.

4. Also, through the suggestions of sound, may be ascertained the substance, magnitude, form, location, motion, and other circumstances pertaining to objects. By the tone of a bell, we learn its size, as well as what it is, and so of other sonorous bodies; we can tell whether they are metallic or otherwise, whether they are hollow, solid, thick, thin, etc.; by striking upon a cask or other hollow body, we can tell whether it is full or empty; by striking or walking upon the floor of a room, we may learn whether it is furnished or unfurnished; by the sound of moving bodies, we ascertain their distance from us, and whether they are approaching or receding, and so on, almost *ad infinitum*. By attention to the innumerable sounds which salute the ear on every hand, the blind receive intimations which escape the seeing.

It is believed that if all, or any considerable number of our acquired perceptions of the character of the foregoing, could be properly collected, arranged and classified, they might form a valuable aid to the teacher of the blind, in his efforts to provide appropriate substitutes for visual perceptions.

MEANS OF COUNTERACTION AND INSTRUCTION.

Having in the foregoing division of our subject endeavored to set forth in a plain way, the most palpable influences of blindness upon the physical and mental economy, it is proper that we should next consider some of the means which are best calculated to counteract those influences, as well as the most appropriate system of instruction to be pursued in the education of those who are bereft of the visual sense. But the prescribed limits of a paper like this, do not admit of an extended discussion of the topic in question. We must, therefore, content ourselves with a few general remarks upon each of the more important points involved.

As a general, fundamental proposition, it may be laid down, that the education of the blind should, in every possible respect, conform to that of the seeing; and, as a corollary therefrom, that the same means should be employed in the one case as in the other, so far as they may be found applicable. In reference to the qualification contained in the propositions just enunciated, it may be remarked, that an intelligent consideration of the subject, will show less difference between the two cases than is generally supposed. The necessary modifications in some of the mechanical appliances, and the employment of special means in a few directions, to meet the requirements of the blind scholar, do not effect the general principles involved in the matter of education. If these truths are kept steadily in view, little more need be said here, than is necessary to call attention to some of the special means hinted at.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Upon this head, we have already ventured a few remarks in reference to appropriate provisions for counteracting the effects of blindness upon the bodily powers. To these, we will only add, that no institution is complete in its appointments, without a commodious gymnasium and other necessary appliances for thorough

physical culture. Nothing more in this regard is demanded for the blind, than is deemed necessary for the seeing. But that the former need such helps incomparably more than the latter, is too palpable a truth too need enlarging upon.

OBJECT TEACHING.

In schools for the seeing, appliances for object teaching are coming to be considered as a prime necessity. Now, if we but consider for a moment the vastly inferior advantages of the blind child as compared with those of the seeing one, in the acquisition of objective knowledge, we cannot fail to see that the needs of the former in this direction also, infinitely transcend those of the latter. Very many of the objects most familiar to the seeing, in their daily pursuits, escape the notice of the blind, without their attention is called by some lucky circumstance especially to them. Moreover, many of these objects are, in consequence of their position or great magnitude, inaccessible to the fingers of the latter. Still further, the innumerable pictorial representations which daily meet the eye of the seeing child, are hidden from the sightless one. These, and many other similar considerations, plainly suggest the necessity, in every school for the blind, of an extensive cabinet of specimens from the domains of nature and art. By this means we may greatly increase the quantity and variety of perceptive cognitions, and thereby do very much toward counteracting the evil effects of blindness by promoting the development of the more interior faculties of the mind, as was before shown to be needed. Such a cabinet should contain a variety of mineral and metallic substances; specimens and models of the products of the vegetable kingdom as well as that of animated nature; a human skeleton, and representations of the different organs of the body, as well as skeletons of the types of different orders of animals; representative busts of the different races of men, and of distinguished individuals; models of noted buildings, showing their constituent elements of architecture, with their several combinations into the different orders; models of marine architecture, showing the different classes of vessels; models of the various implements, machines and devices in general use, such as pumps, water wheels, steam engines, etc.; tangible representations of interesting natural features, such as the Falls of Niagara, and of others where the beauties of nature and

art are combined, as in the Central Park of New York City; models of noted statues, monuments, etc.; and a variety of other similar objects. Such a collection would admit of indefinite extension, and each article added to it would increase its usefulness just so much. Every college of note, for the seeing, has its cabinet of natural specimens, at least, and why should not an institution for the blind have one also? True, it would involve some additional expense; but if expense is a secondary consideration in the education of the seeing, with all their natural advantages, why should it not be so in the education of the blind?

What cannot be said in favor of the prime necessity of the employment of such special means in the instruction of a class of persons who, being deprived of the important sense of vision, must depend upon the circumscribed powers of the remaining ones for the acquisition of their objective knowledge. Think you, but for a moment, upon the far reaching scope of the mind, through the medium of the visual sense, gathering into its never filled storehouse, almost at a single impulse, a specific knowledge of the countless objects embraced within the horizon of the beholder, and contrast this *extended* view with the blind child's *contracted* horizon, whose radius terminates at his finger ends, and whose area is but slowly traversed by his tactual sense. You will then begin to realize the necessity of bringing within his reach the many objects which would otherwise be inaccessible to him, and wonder, not at our asking for so much to aid him in his search after objective knowledge, but rather at the marvelous results of his slow, patient toiling after the mental aliment which is acquired by you with so little effort. Perchance, too, you will find here fresh cause to admire the beneficence of that compensating law by which Divine mercy "tempers the wind to the shorn lamb."

INTELLECTUAL TRAINING.

It is hardly necessary to say, that the course of study and drill for the promotion of this object should be most carefully prepared, and thoroughly carried out. Every exercise should have a specific aim, in the production of a full, well-balanced development of all of the intellectual powers. Judicious training, in this regard, is even more necessary with the blind, than with the seeing.

Passing over most of the elementary branches, as claiming no

special comment, other than the trite one, that they should be thoroughly mastered as a foundation for future progress, a few suggestions will be offered in reference to the peculiar adaptedness of certain studies to meet the requirements of the case before us:

1. As the first of these, we will mention geography; not the political department of that science, but the physical, in its most extended scope. Treating so largely, as it does, of objective knowledge, it is peculiarly fitted to do an important work in training the perceptive and conceptive faculties, as well as in filling the void created in the mind by the absence of the sense mostly employed in the gathering of such knowledge. The cabinet above referred to would contain many objects well calculated to facilitate the pursuit of this study. In the preparation of globes and maps it should be deemed imperative that they represent, in relief, as nearly as possible, the physical features of the earth's surface. Few of those now in use are thus constructed, and the consequence is, that, despite the efforts of the best teachers, their pupils acquire very incorrect notions upon the subject in question.

2. To natural philosophy and the physical sciences generally the foregoing remarks will apply with equal propriety. All serve to store the mind with objective knowledge, and thereby aid in counteracting its tendency to undue abstraction and subjective contemplation. Most of the philosophical and other scientific apparatus in general use, can, with slight modifications, be successfully employed in the instruction of the blind.

But for the science of botany, in addition to what has just been said of the natural sciences in general, something more may be claimed. With an intelligent application of its principles, on the part of the teacher, it may be made eminently subservient in the development of the æsthetic sense. The beautiful forms and adaptations of the vegetable kingdom, independently of color, are so numerous and varied, and at the same time so palpable to the touch, that they constitute a wide and interesting field for the exercise of the perceptive faculties of the blind student. This branch is not usually taught in institutions for the blind, but our own experiments with several classes have demonstrated to us, at least, its importance as one of the regular branches of the course.

3. Thus far we have spoken only of those branches whose principal aim is the training of the faculties of perception and conception, and the enlargement of the mind's store of objective cognitions.

We now pass to such as aid in the cultivation of the more interior class of faculties, whose office it is to analyze, compare, arrange, classify, combine, and reason upon the relations of these cognitions, together with those of original suggestion. And, among the branches in question, we may be permitted to mention those of mathematics and mental philosophy as claiming an important position in a proper course of instruction. Much attention is usually given to the first of these branches in our best institutions, and the results obtained are highly satisfactory, in themselves considered. But in the comparative neglect of most of the departments of study previously referred to, it is found that the minds of their pupils are unevenly developed; and, if there is any truth in the statement sometimes made, that educated blind persons are unusually prone to skepticism, it may be traced to this cause.

Of the usefulness of mathematics in general, as an agent for disciplining the mental powers, nothing need be said with especial reference to the education of the blind; but for the particular science of geometry we would claim a peculiar adaptedness to our work. Properly taught, especially without the use of diagrams after the elements have been mastered, it proves a valuable aid in the cultivation of the conceptive power, and hence the facility of acquiring knowledge through the medium of verbal descriptions. This will be obvious when it is borne in mind that, in the absence of diagrams in relief, the pupil must construct imaginary ones for himself, and with the mind's eye, as it were, trace out the position and relations of their various parts in studying and reciting his demonstrations. The most complicated figures may be successfully drawn, in this way, upon the mental blackboard of the student, and tenaciously retained there. This process is often carried to such an extent, by the blind mathematician, as to excite the wonder of those who habituate themselves to the use of visible diagrams. From this general statement of the case it is trusted that the value of the science of geometry, in the education of the blind, will be duly appreciated.

4. From what has already been said, in the foregoing pages the importance of thorough, systematic instruction in the science of language will be manifest without an extended discussion of the subject in this connection. It is not sufficient to teach the elementary principles of English grammar, but the philosophy of language in its broadest sense must be inculcated if we would truly educate

the pupils of our institutions. The departments of rhetoric and composition must receive especial attention if we would, to any considerable extent, supply the void consequent upon the absence of sight, as heretofore explained. It is believed that, with judicious preparation in the way of instruction and training, blind persons may become successful teachers in language. As to the descriptive parts of it, however, the same remarks will apply, to some extent, as were made in connection with the subject of teaching optics.

5. Music, properly taught, constitutes, perhaps, the most effective agent hitherto employed for the cultivation of the æsthetic faculty in persons bereft of sight; but in order to make it in any large degree successful, as such agent, it must be thoroughly taught as to principles, as well as practice. No mere smattering of either the art or science of music will answer. But, beside the usefulness of this one of the fine arts, in an educational point of view, the profession of music offers to the educated blind, who are possessed of the requisite natural endowments as well as acquired attainments for its successful prosecution, one of the most available means for self maintenance; and this circumstance offers an additional reason of great weight for its being taught in our institutions in the most thorough manner possible. Numerous examples throughout the civilized world of marked success in the prosecution of music as a profession, notwithstanding the æsthetic conditions hinted at in a previous section, might be cited, but we lack space for reference to any of them.

In addition to music, there are undoubtedly other means of equal efficiency, or nearly so, for the promotion of the end in question, were they properly applied. We have already mentioned the study of botany in this connection, and would add to it the proper study of rhetoric, as well as a critical examination and study of appropriate objects which might be furnished by a well stocked cabinet of the kind mentioned above. The relation of botany to rhetoric, as a source of the most beautiful similes and metaphors, will readily appear upon reflection.

Again, in connection with the study of rhetoric, a thorough and systematic drill in the application of the principles of criticism to poetical compositions of a high order, especially those involving figures derived from visible objects, would be found exceedingly beneficial in the development of the faculty of taste. From our own experiments in this direction, we are satisfied with the correct-

ness of the view just expressed. In order to reap all the advantages possible from this feature of the course of æsthetic training, however, the pupils should be required to memorize the compositions criticised. Moreover, the exercise should not be confined to the advanced pupils, but practiced with the youngest also, care being taken in all cases to select compositions which are adapted to the capacity of the learner. In addition to the advantage just claimed for this exercise, there are others which are worthy of consideration. One of these we may be permitted to state, and that is that it will add largely to the vocabulary of those who engage in it, and greatly improve the character of their language, as well as their readiness in its use.

In view of the effect of blindness upon the æsthetic department of the mind, as set forth in another portion of this communication, it is believed that too much value can not be attached to any means which may be found productive of good results in the direction of its eradication. Even in the department of music, the special fine art of the blind, marked improvement would be experienced by a more general cultivation of the æsthetic sense.

MORAL TRAINING.

As there seems to be nothing in the nature of blindness, *per se*, which necessarily affects the moral status of persons who are afflicted with it, we need not tarry to discuss this subject here. The moral training which is best adapted to seeing youth is equally well adapted to the blind.

MECHANICAL TRAINING.

The aim of the present section of this paper being the discussion of the mental bearings of the subject in hand, we may be allowed to pass over this head without comment here.

CLASSIFICATION.

One more topic we would advert to in this connection, and that will be dismissed with a few general remarks. We started out with the proposition that the education of the blind should conform, in every possible respect, to that of the seeing. Now, while ordi-

nary schools are systematically graded, most, if not all, of our institutions for the blind are without this important feature. On the contrary, young and old, beginners and advanced pupils, are taught in the same school, and mainly subjected to the same regime. It is clear that, until we imitate the example of good schools for the seeing in this regard, we can not be said to comply with the requirements of the proposition referred to.

The foregoing reflections have been recorded in the hope that they may call attention to the general subject of blindness and the best means for removing the disabilities it imposes, in some different aspects from those which usually present themselves to the teacher. If, on account of the limited space afforded by a communication of the kind, some of the views involved may have been stated in too general terms for ready apprehension, it is believed that a little reflection will make manifest their correctness, and enable the intelligent reader to follow out the trains of thought suggested.

INCIDENTAL EFFECTS.

Thus far we have treated mainly of the *intrinsic* effects of blindness upon the human faculties, separately considered; but there are certain general influences exerted upon the powers of the individual, in their collective capacity, which may properly be termed *incidental* effects. Two or three of these we will advert to:

1. There are divers personal habits which the congenitally blind are liable to contract, and which are often the subject of comment. Without specifying any of these we will simply remark that they are such as naturally arise from the circumstance that such persons are placed, in some degree, beyond the influence of example. Human beings are imitative creatures, and when one happens to be isolated from the rest, which is, in effect, the case of a blind person with regard to the matter before us, it is not strange that he should be found to acquire some eccentricities of demeanor. With proper pains, however, these may be readily corrected.

2. Upon the general character blindness is liable to exert a depressing influence, the prevention of which calls for special care on the part of the sufferers themselves, as well as those who are entrusted with their education. With the born blind, and those who are afflicted in early life before the character has had time to form, there is apt to exist a lack of that full, harmonious devel-

opment all of the powers which constitutes a true manly or womanly character, in the broad sense of the term; while with those who lose their sight in after years there is also a marked tendency toward depreciation in this regard.

This may not be a very palatable truth to the subjects of it, but we are nevertheless constrained to give it utterance, in the hope of stimulating them and their friends to energetic effort for the prevention of the disability referred to. The task is not a hopeless one, excepting under very unfavorable conditions, but it calls for perseverance and energy in order to its accomplishment. Moreover, the prize, when obtained, will prove invaluable as an aid to success in whatever sphere of life may be adopted. It is not sufficient to be well skilled in any art or profession in order to insure success; but there must be a certain force of character, a high toned self-reliance which commands respect and confidence, in order to make available any amount of knowledge or skill.

Blind persons often complain bitterly of distrust on the part of those whose patronage they seek, and seem to be impressed with a feeling that there is a universal disposition to withhold any encouragement of their efforts, in fact, to actually throw obstacles in their way because of their affliction. They may be well educated in certain directions, able to perform properly what they propose to undertake, and yet fail to elicit full confidence. But it never occurs to such that the cause of this failure may be with themselves. They attribute it to a want of appreciation on the part of others. Now, it is believed that in all such cases will be found an absence of the important qualification to which allusion has been made, i. e., the manifestation of a properly developed character, such as naturally results from the hardy training, direct and incidental, experienced by seeing persons.

The cause of the deficiency in question with those who have never experienced the benefit of sight, may be traced to the peculiar training, or rather want of training, to which they are subject during the period of life when their character should be forming. In order to make ourselves the better understood, allow us to trace briefly the history of a blind child as he is ordinarily circumstanced.

Born with his infirmity, or losing his sight in childhood, he is early taught the lesson of dependence by his anxious and too indulgent parents, who, while his more fortunate companions are allowed to roam the fields and woods in gleesome frolic, or join in

the wonted invigorating sports of youth, confine him to the chimney corner, or at most the limited range of the door yard, lest some harm may befall him. He is seldom allowed to act, or even think, for himself, for his every want is anticipated. He is constantly reminded of his misfortune by being told in pitying accents of the beauty and sublimity of the earth beneath, with its endless variety and combinations of form and color, upon which all may gaze but himself; or of the heavens above, whose myriads of shining worlds shed in vain for him their brilliant rays, and traverse the limitless regions of space in matchless harmony. He is rendered morbidly sensitive by the ill-judged remarks made in his presence by those who forget that he has ears to hear for a heart to feel. He is indulged in every whim or caprice and allowed to commit with impunity a thousand acts for which another child would be reproved. While his seeing companions are sent to school, or are engaged in some useful occupation, he is taught to regard himself as incapacitated for either, and is left to brood over his deprivation with serious distrust of the justice and mercy of a God who permits him to be thus afflicted without apparent cause.

The result of all this is, if steps are not early taken to place him in a position where he may be surrounded by more salutary influences, that he arrives at the age of manhood in a very different condition from that of his seeing brother. His bodily and mental powers are comparatively dormant, if not positively injured, from want of exercise, he is a prey to despondency, with sensibilities painfully acute and disposition often soured by excessive indulgence; and, in fine, he lacks that sturdy, self-reliant character which belongs to other persons of the same age. The truth is he has learned to regard himself as a poor unfortunate who must not put forth a single effort of body or mind to help himself, and therefore feels that it is the business of the rest of the world to minister to his comfort and pleasure. And allow us to say in this connection, that in the reformation of his character in this respect, when sent to school, consists the most difficult and laborious part of his instructor's labors. It is, moreover, the most important; for, until this is effected, but little progress can be made in the acquisition of knowledge.

The remedy for this unfortunate condition will readily suggest itself, in view of the principle we are striving to inculcate in this communication. Subject your blind children, as far as possible,

to the same influences which develop in your seeing ones, those traits of character which constitute the true man or woman. In this way and no other, will the desired end be attained.

The depreciation spoken of, to which those are liable who lose their sight after the character is formed to a greater or less extent, arises mainly from their withdrawing themselves from their wonted contact with the world around them. Smitten with misfortune at a time when their plans of life have already taken shape, the whole current of their thoughts and feelings is checked for the time being, and must, they imagine, seek an entirely new direction. Unaccustomed to their altered condition; they find themselves embarrassed by the impediments which it offers to a ready pursuit of their former occupations and pastimes, and begin to draw unfavorable comparisons between themselves and others who are not thus afflicted, not unfrequently imagining that the latter look down upon them with contemptuous pity on account of their self assumed inferiority. The result is, they become timid, sensitive, shy of their fellow beings, and disposed to retire within themselves to brood over their misfortune. Like Milton, in his "Sampson Agonistes," they exclaim in the bitterness of despair:—

"Oh! loss of sight, of thee I most complain!
 Blind among enemies, O, worse than chains,
 Dungeon, or beggary, or decrepit age!
 Light, the prime work of God, to me's extinct,
 And all her various objects of delight
 Annull'd which might in part my grief have eas'd,
 Inferior to the vilest now become
 Of man or worm, the vilest here excel me;
 They creep, yet see, I dark in light exposed
 To daily fraud, contempt, abuse, and wrong,
 Within doors, or without. Still as a fool
 In power of others, never in my own;
 Scarce half I seem to live, dead more than half.
 O dark, dark, dark amid the blaze of noon,
 Irrecoverably dark, total eclipse
 Without all hope of day!
 O first created beam and thou great Word,
 'Let there be light, and light was over all;'
 Why am I thus bereav'd thy prime decree?
 The sun to me is dark
 And silent as the moon,
 When she deserts the night,
 Hid in her vacant interlunar cave."

The longer this self-imposed isolation, and this giving way to despondency are indulged in, the more damaging will be the effect upon the characters of the sufferers; and it behooves those whose duty or pleasure it is to ameliorate their condition, to use all possible means for bringing them back into the ordinary walks of life, where they may feel the strengthening influences derived from immediate contact with society in its various relations of business and recreation.

3. Blindness interposes a serious obstacle to the convenient pursuit of most of the employments and occupations of mankind. This point needs no elucidation at our hands; for it is not only self-evident, but there is a natural and almost universal disposition to exaggerate the magnitude of the obstacle interposed. It should rather be our business, then, to reduce its *apparent* size to those who are without experience with the blind.

There are, as is well known, numerous manual arts of a simple character, which are readily acquired by nearly all blind persons of either sex, and successfully pursued as a means of livelihood. The profession of music too, and a variety of literary occupations, likewise afford an appropriate field for such as possess proper talents for engaging in those pursuits. But in addition to what are usually considered as employments, especially adapted to persons who are bereft of sight, there are numerous others which have been found accessible to individuals of peculiar endowments natural and acquired. Indeed, there can scarcely be named, any profession, literary, mechanical or otherwise, in which some one or more blind persons have not distinguished themselves; and we venture the opinion, that when our educational facilities for the blind shall become such as they ought to be, there will be found for them, a much more extended field of employment than has hitherto been supposed to exist. What has already been accomplished by some, must certainly be possible to others under like favorable conditions.

We learn of blind preachers, doctors, and lawyers; blind sculptors, poets and musicians, the latter including composers, as well as performers upon every variety of instruments; blind teachers, professors and lecturers in every department of Science and Literature; blind writers upon Mathematics, Natural History, Philosophy, Law, Medicine, Divinity, History, Travels, Biography, Philology, Rhetoric, Logic, Education and many other subjects; blind farmers, merchants, traders, architects, cabinet-makers, carpenters,

coopers, carvers, basket-makers, upholsterers, broom-makers, brush-makers, rope-spinners, carpet weavers, mat-makers, etc; and even a blind road-surveyor. But we do not wish to imply by citing these various professions, that we consider each one named, to be appropriate for any considerable number of blind persons. Some, in fact, can scarcely be deemed so for any; but genius takes strange freaks sometimes. The thought we wish to present is, that there is no good reason why blind persons should be expected, as a class, to confine themselves to the limited sphere of action, presented by the few simple mechanic arts taught in our institutions, or even the profession of music in connection therewith; and therefore, that our scheme of education should have a wider range than is merely necessary to prepare them for the limited sphere just mentioned. Give them a liberal education, and, as far as practicable within the scope of an institution for their instruction, a thorough training in the practical affairs of life, and the peculiar bent of each one's character will guide him in the choice of an appropriate profession. If there are those who feel themselves called to labor in the Christian Ministry, let them be prepared to enter upon a theological course in some appropriate institution; if some are naturally qualified to enter upon a literary career, let them have the necessary preparation therefor; and so in the case of any other pursuit.

There are many persons who, having been afflicted with blindness after entering upon some particular profession, are found to possess sufficient energy and tact to continue in that profession, despite the impediment offered by their deprivation; and it should be the aim of all our institutions to encourage such a proceeding as far as possible, rather than to advise persons thus circumstanced to give up their former business and enter upon some one of the trades taught in them. In this way, they can best serve the interests of the persons in question, and, at the same time, those of the blind in general, inasmuch as it would tend to enlarge the field of action for all.

In regard to the business training of the pupils of our institutions, whatever be the employment taught, we beg leave to say that it should be of the most thorough character, conforming to that of apprentices in similar establishments for the seeing. Nothing short of this will insure their success in the gaining of a livelihood.

RESULTS IN THE PAST.

It is confidently believed that, with the early adoption of the course and means of instruction indicated in the foregoing pages, the past results in our institutions would have been much more satisfactory than they have been. More of their graduates might have been enjoying the benefits of a liberal education, and more of them might have found success in their efforts to gain an honorable independence in the walks of Literature and Science, instead of depending, so largely as they do, upon industrial pursuits, in which they are less able to compete with seeing persons.

As a leading principle for the guidance of himself and others who might follow him in the work of educating the blind, the illustrious founder of the first school devoted to that object, Valentine Haüy, laid down the maxim, heretofore enunciated. And though his followers, in all countries, have professedly adopted this maxim, they have, in most instances, failed to employ the necessary means for carrying out the principle involved. Consequently, most of the institutions of the old world have degenerated into mere asylums, or at best, work shops for the carrying on of a few simple trades, extremely little attention being paid to mental culture. In our own country, too, a tendency in the same direction is observable.

While all of our institutions have been commenced with an avowed intention to offer to the blind youth of our country, the same facilities for education as are enjoyed by their seeing brothers and sisters, few, if any of them, have been found to realize, in a complete sense, the high hopes of their well meaning founders. True, individual cases, here and there, are not wanting, where blind persons of peculiar talents have succeeded in elevating themselves to positions of useful independence; but this has been accomplished, in most instances, by dint of irrepressible energy of character, rather than through the direct agency of institution training. The masses have left school, after passing through a nominal course of instruction, greatly improved in many respects, it were useless to deny, but, nevertheless, without that thorough, practical development of character which is necessary to put them in a condition for successful competition with others in "the battle of life."

This may be an inevitable result, but after thirty years of practical experience with the obstacles, real and imaginary, which are

strewn along the pathway of the sightless, all of which years, with slight exceptions, have been spent in connection with institutions for the blind, we cannot so regard it. Nor can we withhold an expression of our honest convictions upon the subject. Give to your blind children, in reality, as well as in profession, an equal opportunity with your seeing ones, for thoroughness of physical and mental training, and we are sure you will receive a more satisfactory return for your investment of time and money in establishments for their education.

But in what direction must we look, you will naturally ask, for the causes of the disappointment adverted to? In answer to this inquiry, it may be affirmed, and that with due deference to the *motives* of our co-laborers in the interesting field which engages our mutual attention, that the true bearings of the subject have not been thoroughly apprehended, and as a consequence, the real difficulties of the case have been but imperfectly provided for.

Judging from the prevailing practice of institutions, it has been virtually assumed by their founders and managers, that to take a blind child from his home among cruelly indulgent friends, with unawakened mental faculties and undeveloped physical powers, and place him, with these unfavorable antecedents, in an institution for a period of five, six or seven years, is to put him upon an equal footing with his seeing brother. In this brief time, the former is expected to acquire a thorough English education, commencing with his a, b, c's, and become a skillful performer and teacher of music; or perfect himself in one or more mechanic arts. While the latter, with the advantages of a very different sort of home training, excellent schools of every grade, and well appointed work shops or other places of business, is allowed all the years of his minority to prepare himself for the duties and trials of life.

This assumption is palpably absurd. It might be less so, however, were our institutions provided with facilities, in the way of apparatus, etc., equal to those of the best educational establishments for the seeing, which, unfortunately, is not the case. Most of these things have to be constructed especially for the blind student; and the demand for them is so small that, in the absence of the usual stimulus of competition in their production, they are quite expensive. Therefore, as their importance is not duly appreciated by those who furnish the pecuniary means, we are, as a

general thing, but scantily provided with them. Moreover, such appliances as we have, are mostly of rude construction, and but poorly adapted to the end in view.

Again, as a consequence, perhaps, of the limited term for which pupils are usually received into our institutions, or, it may be, from lack of correct views as to the most effective methods of teaching, the minds of the pupils are distracted by imposing upon them a multiplicity of studies and occupations at the same time. Their ordinary school branches; their vocal and instrumental music; their mechanical employments, sometimes two or three of these, must, it is thought, be carried on simultaneously. Otherwise, their term of instruction will have expired ere they can make a passable show of having accomplished their object in coming to school. And, as to systematic physical culture, this generally receives little or no attention. Indeed, there is no time for it, consistently with the crowding system pursued; nor is its necessity appreciated.

It seems never to have occurred to the managers of our institutions for the blind, that, in requiring their pupils to master a trade, or other profession, to be used as a means of gaining a livelihood, simultaneously with the acquirement of their school education, they are asking more of them than is expected of seeing youths, with their superior advantages. True, manual labor schools for the seeing have been tried in a few instances, but they have, in each case, been abandoned as unsuccessful experiments. It has been found that their graduates make neither good scholars nor good mechanics, much less both. Why, then, pursue this exploded system with the blind?

Furthermore, the absence of a proper system of classification, such as may be found in our modern graded schools for the seeing, together with the existing want of suitable text books in raised characters, for the use of the pupils in their study hours, while preparing for their recitations in the class room, renders the business of instruction difficult and laborious for the teacher, and comparatively unproductive of good results to the pupils. As a rule, the instruction is imparted by familiar lectures, in which everything is so simplified that little else than the memory of the pupils is cultivated. Hence, instead of their mental faculties being thoroughly trained and *educated*, they are simply *instructed*, by filling their intellectual stomachs, as it were, with food already

digested by others. We say, this is the rule. But that there are no exceptions to it, we do not wish to affirm. Nor do we conceive it necessary that such should be the rule, even in the absence of text books. On the contrary, it is possible to teach as efficiently without those aids as with them; but to do so, involves additional labor, as well as peculiar qualifications, on the part of the teacher.

Moreover, in the departments of Music and Handicraft, the only ones depended upon for preparing the pupils for self-maintenance, there is not usually that efficiency of drill which may be found in establishments for the seeing. Nor can it be otherwise, while the crowding system, above alluded to, continues to be pursued. Besides, the plan upon which the business of the work shops is generally conducted, does not comport with the principle which we are striving to advocate in this communication. Were the parties in charge of them personally interested in the results, as is the case with ordinary manufacturing establishments, the apprentices would be better trained in all respects, and hence, better prepared to make their way in the world after finishing their course of instruction. But as this subject is elsewhere treated upon at some length, we forbear further comments here.

Still further, the general policy of our institutions, with regard to the employment of teachers, has not been such as to insure the best possible results to their pupils. It has been a "penny wise and pound foolish" policy. Unlike schools for the deaf and dumb, we have not, as a rule, offered sufficient inducements in the way of salary, for persons of the right kind of qualifications to prepare themselves for our peculiar work, and continue in it as a life-long business. The burthen of our teaching, having thus far been of an elementary character, it has apparently been thought that any one of moderate qualifications for teaching in seeing schools, should be competent to teach the blind. Whereas, a proper examination into the subject will show that the rudimentary instruction and training of minds which suffer from the closing up of one of the principal avenues of knowledge, require even higher qualifications in the teacher, than the branches which are subsequently taught, after the faculties have been brought into a condition of full activity. It is gratifying to know, however, that there are of late years, some indications of improvement in this direction.

Finally, the result of all these things is, that our graduates launch their frail barks upon the ocean of life in a condition but illy cal-

culated to weather the storms they must needs encounter. And when they founder, as founder they must, a cry of necessary incompetency salutes their ears. But whose fault is it? Surely not theirs. Did they possess, instead of mere smatterings of knowledge upon a few subjects, accompanied with fourth rate skill in performing upon some musical instrument, or in plying some half-learned manual art, a thorough, harmonious development of the mental and physical powers, such as results from the training received by seeing persons, the case would be far different.

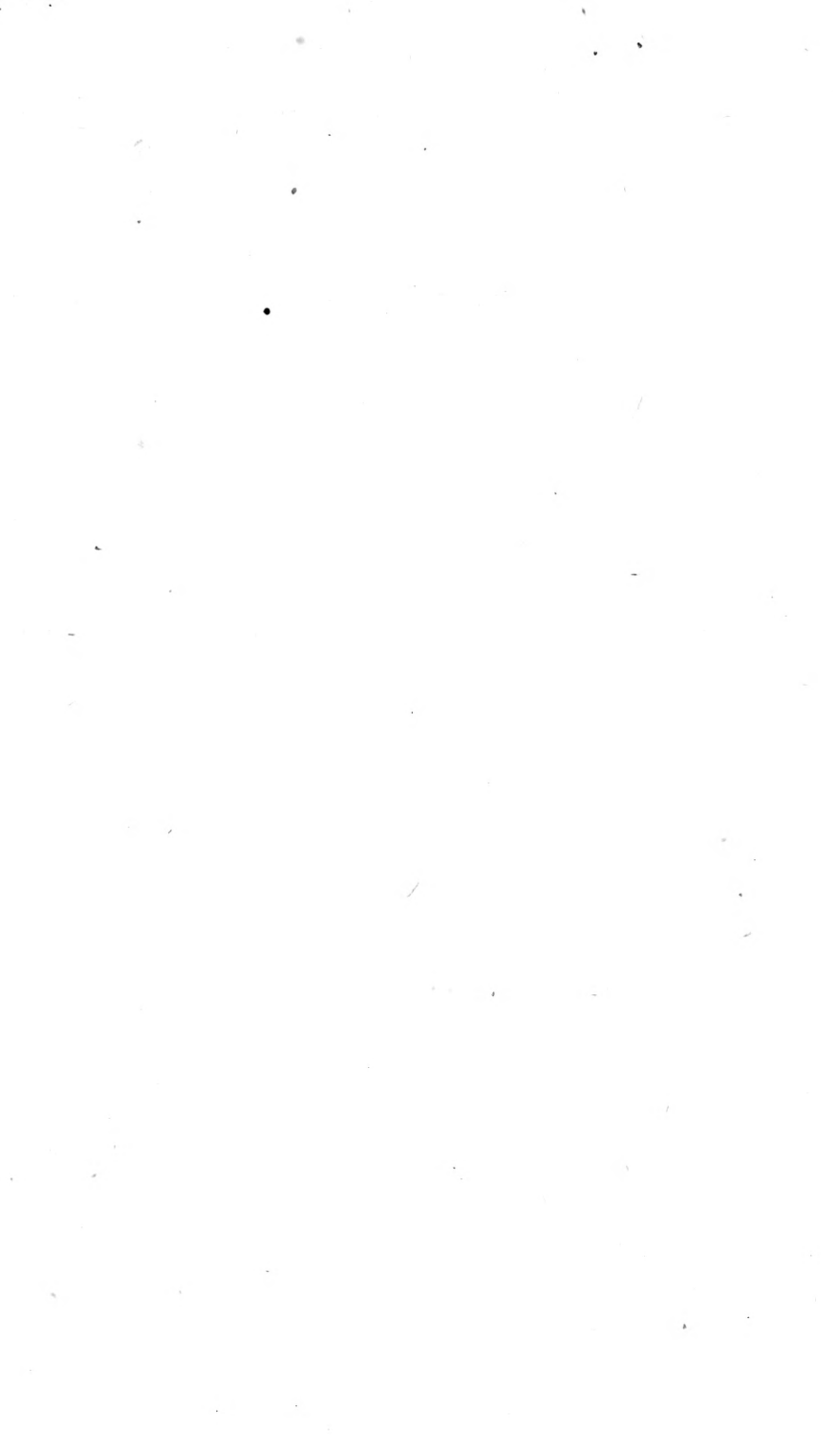
Now, if the foregoing remarks are grounded in truth, and we beg leave to assure your Board that we have not been writing fiction, can it be justly affirmed that the blind youth of our country have hitherto enjoyed equal educational advantages with the seeing? Most assuredly, not. We have not meant to insist that blindness is not an infirmity, and therefore brings no disadvantage to the smitten one. What we contend for is, first, that inherent mental weakness is not a necessary accompaniment to the impairment or total loss of vision; secondly, that by a thorough and well directed course of bodily and mental training, the resultant disadvantage may be almost wholly overcome, and, thirdly, that the prevailing management of institutions for the blind is not the best that can be devised for surmounting the difficulties of the case. *Imperfect* attempts at complete mental development having necessarily failed, the tendency is, as heretofore hinted, to bring our institutions down to the condition of mere schools for manual labor. This, too, with the plain fact staring us in the face, that it is to the proper exercise of the physical powers, pre-eminently more than the mental, that blindness presents the greatest obstacle.

By some of our co-laborers, we may be charged with censoriousness, in giving expression thus frankly to our honest convictions. If any such there are, we would assure them that we are actuated by no other motive than an earnest desire to promote the well being of a class, for the amelioration of whose unfortunate condition we have thus far spent the best years of our life.

Respectfully submitted,

W. H. CHURCHMAN.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 1, 1866.



APPENDIX C.

CATALOGUE OF PUPILS.

List of Pupils in attendance during the year ending Oct. 31, 1866.

No.	NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	CAUSE OF BLINDNESS.
<i>Males.</i>			
1	Bechtdolt, Louis.....	Whitley county.....	Accident.
2	Beck, Absalom A.....	Sullivan county.....	Scrofula.
3	Brandenburgh, Moses.....	Jay county.....	Congenital.
4	Burk, Charles.....	Boone county.....	Congenital.
5	Bryant, Robert C.....	Lawrence county.....	Scrofula.
6	Byers, James M.....	Johnson county.....	Malformation.
7	Coon, James.....	Posey county.....	Camp Fever.
8	Cranor, Philander.....	Wayne county.....	Congenital.
9	Curry, James W.....	Jasper county.....	Ophthalmia.
10	Davis, John.....	Franklin county.....	Ophthalmia.
11	Dennistoun, Henry S.....	Lawrence county.....	Congenital.
12	Denniston, William J.....	Lawrence county.....	Congenital.
13	Dunbar, Jesse.....	Clinton county.....	Ophthalmia.
14	Didierjohn, John.....	Perry county.....	Scarlet Fever.
15	Didierjohn, Joseph.....	Perry county.....	Scarlet Fever.
16	Eickoff, Herman.....	Marion county.....	Congenital.
17	Flannegan, John.....	Jay county.....	Inflammation.
18	Fuller, Harlow H.....	Wabash county.....	Scrofula.
19	Fuller, James C.....	Marion county.....	Inflammation.
20	Gaddy, Albert H.....	Jefferson county.....	Cataract.
21	Garrison, George T.....	Morgan county.....	Congenital.
22	Garretson, William G.....	Madison county.....	Congenital.
23	Groves, Charles M.....	Dearborn county.....	Scrofula.
24	Guilford, Samuel.....	Marion county.....	Congenital.
25	Haller, John W.....	Dekalb county.....	Congenital.
26	Harrison, John W.....	Graut county.....	Amaurosis.
27	Hatfield, Barnet B.....	Laporte county.....	Congenital.
28	Hickman, George W.....	Tippecanoe county.....	Ophthalmia.
29	Holdstock, James O.....	Laporte county.....	Cataract.
30	Hunter, John L. H.....	Allen county.....	Whoop'g Cough.
31	Kesner, Ananias.....	Harrison county.....	Ophthalmia.
32	Lawson, George.....	Howard county.....	Inflammation.
33	Livergood, Daniel.....	Stark county.....	Cataract.
34	Longnecker, Alexander.....	Jennings county.....	Accident.
35	McAlister, John G.....	Parke county.....	Inflammation.
36	McFadden, James M.....	Scott county.....	Accident.
37	McKinsey, Thomas.....	Boone county.....	Congenital.
38	Nell, William H.....	Miami county.....	Congenital.
39	Newland, G. M. Dallas.....	Marion county.....	Ophthalmia.
40	Newland, Robert A.....	Marion county.....	Ophthalmia.
41	Record, J. William.....	Marion county.....	Epilepsy.
42	Ryker, Francis N.....	Jefferson county.....	Congenital.

LIST OF PUPILS IN ATTENDANCE.—Continued.

No.	NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	CAUSE OF BLINDNESS.
43	Scott, Walter.....	Hancock county.....	Scrofula.
44	Smith, William.....	Hendricks county.....	Accident.
45	Sullivan, Thomas.....	Adams county.....	Ophthalmia.
46	Teeters, Lewis.....	Jay county.....	Ophthalmia.
47	Thomas, James P.....	Posey county.....	Ophthalmia.
48	Toombs, Franklin H.....	Scott county.....	Congenital.
49	Town, Lyman M.....	Fulton county.....	Accident.
50	Tresner, Elias H.....	Putnam county.....	Accident.
51	Wilcox, Jerome A.....	Elkhart county.....	Accident.
52	Wilkison, Martin.....	Johnson county.....	Congenital.
53	Winterlowd, Hudson Cr.....	Shelby county.....	Accident.
54	Yeaman, Edward D.....	Marion county.....	Accident.
<i>Females.</i>			
55	Aldrich, Helen J.....	Steuben county.....	Amaurosis.
56	Anderson, Louisa.....	Wayne county.....	Congenital.
57	Baugh, Cynthia E.....	Monroe county.....	Accident.
58	Beaman, Martha J.....	Boone county.....	Ophthalmia.
59	Bechtoldt, Nancy J.....	Whitley county.....	Congenital.
60	Black, J. Ellen.....	Huntington county.....	Congenital.
61	Bross, M. Amelia.....	Carroll county.....	Scrofula.
62	Bruner, Martha J.....	Cass county.....	Ophthalmia.
63	Brush, Mary J.....	Marshall county.....	Amaurosis.
64	Coker, Martha A. E.....	Clarke county.....	Scrofula.
65	Conlan, Mary.....	Laporte county.....	Congenital.
66	Cook, Almada.....	Calhoun county, Mich.....	Measles.
67	Cornwell, Martha M.....	Greene county.....	Congenital.
68	Cottrel, Susan J.....	Madison county.....	Ophthalmia.
69	Crittenden, Hester A.....	Johnson county.....	Scrofula.
70	Cundiff, Frances H.....	Putnam county.....	Ophthalmia.
71	Fitzpatrick, Louisa M.....	Delaware county.....	Cataract.
72	Fuhrer, F. Cornelia.....	Posey county.....	Ophthalmia.
73	Garrison, Martha.....	Morgan county.....	Congenital.
74	Garrison, Melissa.....	Morgan county.....	Congenital.
75	Garrison, Phebe.....	Morgan county.....	Congenital.
76	Garrison, Susan E.....	Morgan county.....	Congenital.
77	Goodman, Mary A.....	Laporte county.....	Smallpox.
78	Green, C. Anna.....	Fountain county.....	Cataract.
79	Green, Eliza H.....	Fountain county.....	Cataract.
80	Green, Elizabeth.....	Fountain county.....	Cataract.
81	Griffith, Anna Maria.....	Switzerland county.....	Scarlet Fever.
82	Hillyard, Mary.....	Vanderburgh county.....	Accident.
83	Hine, Sarah E.....	Kosciusko county.....	Scarlet Fever.
84	Huffman, Mary J.....	Greene county.....	Cataract.
85	Huffman, Almira.....	Dekalb county.....	Ophthalmia.
86	Jettres, Ellen E.....	Shelby county.....	Congenital.
87	Jones, Eleanor J.....	Posey county.....	Ophthalmia.
88	Kellar, Barbary.....	Marion county.....	Congenital.
89	Kelly, Julia A.....	Hamilton county.....	Scrofula.
90	Langford, Martha M.....	Knox county.....	Measles.
91	Maloney, Mary.....	Madison county.....	Ophthalmia.
92	Martin, Sarah J.....	Delaware county.....	Ophthalmia.
93	Moore, Amanda.....	Marion county.....	Scrofula.
94	Morman, Ernestine.....	Lake county.....	Cataract.
95	McCain, Sarah J.....	Crawford county.....	Congenital.
96	McCumsky, Catharine.....	Noble county.....	Inflammation.
97	McKinsey, Sarah E.....	Boone county.....	Congenital.
98	McMechin, Ellen C.....	Crawford county.....	Ophthalmia.
99	Morrison, Alma P.....	Boone county.....	Erysipelas.
100	Neil, Martha A.....	Fountain county.....	Spotted Fever.
101	Oakes, Henrietta.....	Hancock county.....	Scrofula.
102	Parks, Julia A.....	Sullivan county.....	Ophthalmia.
103	Phenis, Eliza.....	Union county.....	Cataract.
104	Quick, Mary E.....	Posey county.....	Ophthalmia.
105	Rentfrow, Frances F.....	St. Joseph county.....	Congenital.
106	Ritchie, Melissa J.....	Hamilton county.....	Ophthalmia.
107	Roberts, Rachel C.....	Vigo county.....	Scrofula.
108	Scott, Harriet F.....	Hamilton county.....	Measles.
109	Smith, M. Jane.....	Montgomery county.....	Typhoid Fever.
110	Stumbaugh, Mary.....	Cass county.....	Congenital.
111	Suits, Julia E.....	Tippecanoe county.....	Measles.
112	Taulbee, Lavina C.....	Boone county.....	Amaurosis.
113	Taylor, Amanda.....	Henry county.....	Spotted Fever.

LIST OF PUPILS IN ATTENDANCE.—Continued.

No.	NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	CAUSE OF BLINDNESS.
114	Thomas, Margaret A.....	Hancock county.....	Ophthalmia.
115	Thomas, P. Josephine.....	Hancock county.....	Ophthalmia.
116	Toombs, Margaret E. C.....	Scott county.....	Congenital.
117	Unthank, Naomi C.....	Henry county.....	Cataract.
118	Victor, Jessie F.....	Shelby county.....	Congenital.
119	Webb, Clara M.....	Marshall county.....	Typhoid Fever.
120	Winter, M. Minnie.....	Ripley county.....	Scrofula.



APPENDIX D.

BY-LAWS

OF THE

INDIANA INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

ARTICLE I.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION.

SECTION 1. The design of the Institution shall be strictly educational, having reference only to the physical, mental and moral training of the young blind, of both sexes, residing in the State, and not to the providing of an asylum for the aged and infirm, or a hospital for the treatment of disease.

SEC. 2. It shall be regarded as a department of public instruction, and therefore its privileges shall be tendered, free of expense, to all suitable applicants from within the State.

SEC. 3. Pupils from without the State may, at the discretion of the Trustees, participate in the benefits of the Institution by paying a reasonable sum for their support and education.

ARTICLE II.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

SECTION 1. The Board of Trustees shall hold its regular meetings at the Institute, and the day of meeting shall be the first Wednesday in each month, unless otherwise ordered in special cases.

SEC. 2. The majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 3. Special meetings may be called by the President, or by one of the Trustees and the Superintendent.

ARTICLE III.

THE SECRETARY.

SECTION 1. The Secretary of the Board shall be elected annually by the Trustees, at their regular meeting in April, and be subject to removal at any time for just cause.

SEC. 2. He shall issue all notices of the meetings of the Board and keep full minutes of the proceedings at each meeting, furnishing attested copies of the minutes to those whom they concern, when appropriate to do so.

SEC. 3. He shall keep all accounts between the Institution and the State Treasury Department, and shall draw all warrants upon the Auditor of State for allowances by the Board, which warrants shall be signed by the President and himself, and certified to by the Superintendent of the Institution.

SEC. 4. He shall furnish annually to the Board, on the 1st day of November, a detailed statement of all the allowances made during the preceding year, to accompany their annual report, setting forth the names of the parties to whom the allowances were made and on what account. He shall also furnish to the Board for insertion in their annual report a general statement of the expenses of the year, classified under appropriate heads.

SEC. 5. He shall carry on the official correspondence of the Board, keeping copies of the letters written, and carefully filing those received.

ARTICLE IV.

THE SUPERINTENDENT.

SECTION 1. The Superintendent shall be chosen quadrennially by the Board, at their regular meeting in July, and his term of service shall commence on the first day of October succeeding his election. He shall be subject to removal at any time, for just cause, after a fair hearing before the Board.

SEC. 2. He shall be the executive head of the Institute, and the medium of communication between it and the Board of Trustees.

SEC. 3. He shall have the nomination, subject to confirmation by the Board, of all the teachers and other assistant officers in the Institution, together with the attending Physician, and shall be responsible for the faithful performance of their several duties, as well as for the advancement and good behaviour of the pupils under their charge.

SEC. 4. He shall keep a register of all the pupils received into the Institute, embracing their names and ages, the causes and degrees of their blindness, the dates of their admission and discharge, the post office address of their parents or guardians, and such other information concerning them as may be deemed important.

SEC. 5. In the School Department, he shall prescribe the course and methods of instruction, the time to be devoted by teachers and pupils to the several branches of study, the apparatus and text-books to be employed, the system of discipline, and other matters pertaining to the mental and moral improvement of the pupils. And it shall be his duty to make frequent visits to the several class-rooms during the hours of instruction, for the purpose of keeping himself informed as to the progress and deportment of the pupils, and of making such suggestions to the teachers as he may deem useful.

SEC. 6. In the Work Department, he shall prescribe the kinds of work to be learned by the pupils, and the number of hours per day to be devoted to labor; and shall be required to pass frequently through the several shops and work-rooms, for the purpose of keeping himself informed of the progress and deportment of the pupils, and of making such suggestions to the master mechanic and others employed as he may deem useful. He shall direct the manner in which the business of the female branch of the Work Department shall be conducted, and shall see that full justice is done the pupils in the male branch by the Master of Handicraft.

SEC. 7. He shall direct the purchase of the necessary apparatus for the work-shops, and see that it is kept in proper condition for use.

SEC. 8. In the female branch of the Work Department, he shall purchase, or cause to be purchased, all needful apparatus and materials, and cause all moneys received from sales of manufactured articles to be paid over to him at least once a week, keeping a strict account of his disbursements and receipts on account of the department, and reporting the same monthly to the Board.

SEC. 9. In the Household Department he shall prescribe the number of domestics and other assistants of a like character to be employed, fix their rates of compensation, and pay their wages, presenting a monthly account to the Board for money thus paid out, which account or pay-roll shall exhibit the number, occupation and wages of the persons employed.

SEC. 10. He shall see that all the pupils are comfortably and respectably clad, and when their friends, through inability or neglect, fail to provide them with the necessary clothing, he shall supply the same and present the accounts therefor to the Board for allowance. He shall also defray the traveling expenses of such pupils as are not provided by their friends with means to return to their homes when required to leave on account of vacation or otherwise, and present his account for the same as in the case of expenditures for clothing; and in case of the death of pupils at the Institute, whose remains are not removed by their friends, he shall defray all necessary funeral expenses, presenting accounts for the same in like manner as aforesaid. On the first of April and October in each year he shall make out against the respective counties in which the pupils reside, who shall have been provided for as specified in this section, itemized accounts of expenditures in behalf of such pupils and present the same to the Treasurer of State for collection, taking his receipt therefor and presenting it to the Auditor of State that he may place to the credit of the Institution the amount of such accounts.

SEC. 11. All other ordinary expenses, whether of the Household or School Department, shall be defrayed by the Superintendent, and accounts for the same laid before the Board for examination and allowance.

SEC. 12. Whenever furniture, apparatus, work material or the like, to any considerable amount, shall in his judgment be needed, the Superintendent shall so inform the Trustees, and if they shall consent to the expenditure, he shall purchase, or cause to be purchased, the requisite articles upon the best practicable terms, and present the necessary accounts to the Board for allowance.

SEC. 13. He shall have care of all the buildings and grounds of the Institute, and shall see that they be kept constantly in order, both as to cleanliness and minor repairs.

SEC. 14. He shall exercise due care in the promotion of the health of the pupils, by requiring of them frequent and thorough ablutions, exercise in the open air, and entire abstinence from all in-

jurious practices, and providing them with plain, substantial diet, together with comfortable dormitory accommodations, and in all cases of sickness, shall see that they have prompt medical treatment, as well as every other necessary attention.

SEC. 15. He shall certify to all accounts, for whatever purpose, before the same shall be presented to the Board for examination and allowance.

SEC. 16. He shall use his utmost endeavors to imbue the minds of the pupils with the strictest principles of morality, and to induce them to avoid all unbecoming personal habits, requiring them to attend regularly upon public worship, at such places as may be severally chosen by themselves or their friends.

SEC. 17. While he is enjoined to pay particular attention to the religious instruction of the pupils, he shall studiously avoid and prevent the inculcation of sectarian views, and the same care shall also be observed in regard to partizan politics.

SEC. 18. He shall see that due respect always be had to the appropriate observance of the Sabbath by all persons connected with the establishment, neither permitting visiting on that day at the Institute, nor allowing the pupils to make visits out of the house, or engage in improper occupations or amusements.

SEC. 19. It shall be considered by him an essential feature in the management of the Institute to prevent all unnecessary intercourse between the male and female pupils, and he shall therefore see that they are never together, excepting in the class-rooms during the hours of instruction, or in the presence of some officer.

SEC. 20. He shall make an annual report to the Trustees, embracing an account of the condition and progress of the several departments of the Institute, of the course of instruction pursued, and of the health and general improvement of the pupils, with suggestions for the advancement of the objects of the Institute.

SEC. 21. He shall have power, as provided by law, to suspend any subordinate officer for incompetency or dereliction of duty until the next succeeding meeting of the Board, when he shall report the case for final adjustment by that body.

SEC. 22. He may delegate to his several assistant officers any of the duties specified in the foregoing sections, which may be appropriately entrusted to them; and in order that all the officers and other persons engaged in the Institute may have a clear understanding of their relative duties and obligations, he shall be required to draft a

set of regulations, defining their respective duties, a copy of which, after approval by the Trustees, shall be furnished to each; and for every essential change in the said regulations, the further approval of the Trustees shall be necessary.

ARTICLE V.

THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS AND ATTENDING PHYSICIAN.

SECTION 1. The Steward, (if such officer be found necessary,) Matron and Attending Physician, shall be appointed annually by the Board at their July meeting, and their term of service shall commence on the first of October following the time of such appointment. They shall be subject to removal at any time after a fair hearing before the Board.

SEC. 2. The teachers employed in the several departments, including the Mistress of Handicraft, shall also be appointed annually by the Trustees at their July meeting; and their term of service shall be coincident with the duration of the school session next succeeding the time of such appointment.

SEC. 3. In case the Superintendent or Trustees shall not be prepared at the time specified for the nomination or appointment of any one or more of the officers named in the first and second sections of this Article, or in case of casual vacancies occurring at any time, appointments may be made at any other regular meeting of the Board.

SEC. 4. The subordinate officers shall co-operate cheerfully with the Superintendent in the general management of the Institution, and shall labor assiduously in their respective departments for the promotion of its objects.

SEC. 5. The Attending Physician shall visit the Institute upon the call of the Superintendent, and at such other times as he may think necessary or proper, rendering such medical and surgical services, except in capital operations, to the pupils as may be deemed necessary. His compensation shall be fixed and paid by the Board of Trustees, and no charge shall be made to any pupil for medicine or medical attendance by the regular Physician.

SEC. 6. The Physician shall, when such is deemed necessary by the Superintendent, employ the aid of a consulting Physician at his own cost; but such consulting Physician shall in no case supersede the regular one.

ARTICLE VI.

THE SCHOOL SESSION.

SECTION 1. There shall be one annual session of the school, commencing on the first Wednesday after the fifteenth of September, and closing on the last Wednesday in June following, leaving a vacation of twelve weeks.

SEC. 2. It shall be considered obligatory upon all of the pupils to spend the period of vacation at their respective homes.

SEC. 3. When in any case the friends of a pupil shall fail to remove him or her from the school at the commencement of vacation, the Superintendent shall cause such pupil to be sent home, and charge the expense of removal to the county in which he or she may have residence, as provided for by legislative enactment.

ARTICLE VII.

THE ADMISSION AND DISCHARGE OF PUPILS.

SECTION 1. All blind persons residing in the State of Indiana, who are between the ages of nine and twenty-one years, and who are not incapacitated by physical, mental or moral infirmity for useful instruction, shall be considered eligible for admission as pupils of the Institute; but no one whose age does not come within the limits just prescribed shall be received, excepting in peculiar cases, and by special action of the Board of Trustees.

SEC. 2. The Board shall cause to be prepared an appropriate circular setting forth the objects of the Institution, the regulations pertaining to pupils, and such other information as may be of interest to applicants, together with definite instructions as to the manner of procedure in making application; a copy of which circular shall be forwarded to the friends of any person wishing to become a pupil, and no one shall be sent to the Institute until said instructions shall have been complied with.

SEC. 3. The Superintendent shall have authority to admit all applicants who come within the prescribed rules as to age, etc., but shall refer all other cases to the Board.

SEC. 4. All the regular pupils shall be required to be in attendance at the Institute at the commencement of each session, and to remain until its close, unless prevented by sickness or other exigency; and in case of the failure of any pupil to comply with this re-

quirement, without a sufficient reason, the right of such delinquent pupil to the privileges of the Institute shall be forfeited, at the discretion of the Trustees.

SEC. 5. There being no limit fixed by law for the time during which a pupil may remain in the Institute, it shall be left to the Superintendent and Trustees to determine in each individual case as to the proper time for dismissal.

SEC. 6. Pupils may be expelled by the Superintendent for misconduct, when they shall be adjudged by him to be incorrigible, or when, in his judgment, the good of the Institute demands it, but his action in all such cases must be reported to the Board for final adjustment.

SEC. 7. Pupils who complete their course of instruction with credit to themselves, may be furnished with a diploma by the Superintendent, signed by himself and countersigned by the President and Secretary of the Board.

Adopted by the Board of Trustees October 24, 1866.

ANDREW WALLACE, President.

Attest:

WILLIAM M. STILWELL, Secretary.

APPENDIX E.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REGULATIONS,

PRESCRIBING THE SPECIFIC DUTIES OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS,
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BY-LAWS.—ARTICLE 4, SECTION 22.

ARTICLE I.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the several teachers in the Literary Department, to thoroughly instruct the different classes assigned them, in the *principles* of the branches of knowledge pursued, studiously avoiding the inculcation of merely mechanical or superficial forms.

SEC. 2. It shall be a ruling principle in their teaching, to develop and train all the mental faculties of their pupils, considering the mere inculcation of knowledge as of secondary importance, compared with the proper training of the mind.

SEC. 3. They shall employ, so far as applicable, the most improved methods used in schools for the seeing, giving their instruction, as far as possible, by means of oral lessons, with appropriate illustrations, rather than reading from text books, so that ideas and not mere words, may be taught; and they shall require the pupils to recite by topics, carefully avoiding the use of leading questions in conducting the recitations.

SEC. 4. The principal teacher will be expected to have the immediate oversight of all the male pupils when out of school and not under the particular charge of any one else, seeing that they arise promptly at

the ringing of the morning bell, retire as promptly at the required time in the evening, conduct themselves in an orderly manner in their dormitories, attend punctually at their meals, deport themselves properly in their various resorts about the buildings and grounds, and in all other respects conform to the regulations of the Institute.

SEC. 5. Whenever text books, apparatus, stationery, or the like, shall be needed for the use of this department, the principal teacher shall report the same to the Superintendent, and no purchase must be made by him without authority from that officer.

N. B. See General Regulations.

ARTICLE II.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The teachers in the Music Department shall give instruction in both vocal and instrumental music to all the pupils of the Institute who may be found competent to receive such instruction, and to those who possess decided musical talent, in the theory and composition of music also, as well as in the tuning of pianos and other instruments.

SEC. 2. In their selections for practice they shall resort to the compositions of the most approved authors, carefully rejecting every piece possessing an immoral tendency, and such as would serve in any degree to depreciate the tastes of their pupils.

SEC. 3. In teaching vocal music they shall consider it of primary importance to inculcate clearness and distinctness of enunciation, applying, so far as practicable, the rules of elocution to the vocal exercises of their pupils.

SEC. 4. In the instrumental department they shall teach the pupils to perform upon the pianoforte, the organ, and all the varieties of wind and stringed instruments in common use, so far as required by the Superintendent.

SEC. 5. In imparting their instructions in the principles of music, they shall observe all of the rules laid down for the guidance of the teachers in the Literary Department.

SEC. 6. They shall seek for the pupils frequent opportunities of hearing the performance of skillful artists, in order to the improvement of their tastes.

SEC. 7. The principal music teacher shall have the immediate direction of all the assistants employed in this department, and shall be responsible to the Superintendent for the faithful performance of

their duties. He shall also see that all the instruments are kept in good repair, and in every other respect properly cared for, preventing their being meddled with by pupils who are not receiving instruction upon them.

SEC. 8. Whenever new instruments, music, or other articles pertaining to this department shall be needed, the principal teacher shall report the same to the Superintendent, and no purchase must be made by him without authority from that officer.

N. B. See General Regulations.

ARTICLE III.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The Master and Mistress of Handicraft shall have immediate charge of the male and female Work Departments, respectively, and shall carefully instruct the pupils in such manual arts, and at such times, as may be designated by the Superintendent.

SEC. 2. They shall keep accounts of all articles manufactured by the pupils in their respective departments, in such manner as to show the value thereof, and report the same monthly to the Superintendent.

SEC. 3. They shall require their pupils to deport themselves, during the hours devoted to work, in the same quiet, orderly manner as is usual in the school rooms during class recitations.

SEC. 4. They shall have the immediate charge, respectively, of all the buildings or apartments, as well as the tools and fixtures, devoted to the use of the Work Department, and shall see that they are kept constantly in order.

SEC. 5. They shall have the immediate direction of all assistant instructors or other persons employed in their respective departments, and shall be responsible for the faithful performance of the duties assigned said persons so employed.

SEC. 6. The Master of Handicraft shall conduct the shops under contract, supplying all the work materials needed in his branch of the department, at his own expense, and receiving all the wares manufactured by the pupils under his direction, as a compensation for the instruction given them; but he shall be furnished by the Institution with all tools and other appurtenances needed by the pupils in plying the several mechanic arts in which they are being instructed.

SEC. 7. The Mistress of Handicraft shall have the charge of all stock pertaining to her branch of the department, and of the sales.

thereof. She shall keep a strict account of all money received from sales, and pay over the same weekly to the Superintendent.

SEC. 8. She may, at her discretion, furnish materials to pupils for overwork, and pay them for their labor, out of the receipts from sales, at such rates as may be, from time to time, authorized by the Superintendent; and the amount thus paid must be reported to the Superintendent at each weekly settlement.

SEC. 9. Each of the officers named in this article shall keep the Superintendent duly notified of the wants of his or her branch of the Industrial Department; and they shall in no case pay out money to meet these wants without authority from the Superintendent.

N. B. See General Regulations.

ARTICLE IV.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

The Steward.

SECTION 1. The Steward, (if any be employed,) shall have the oversight of the buildings and grounds of the Institute, together with the various appliances for warming, bathing, cooking, washing, etc.; the household furniture, the vehicles and harness, and all other property of the kind, excepting such parts of the buildings and their appurtenances as may be assigned to the particular care of other officers; and it shall be his duty to see that all these are kept in constant order. When repairs of any kind are needed, he shall report the same to the Superintendent, and receive his instructions as to the manner in which, and the parties by whom, they shall be executed. He shall also have the oversight of the horses and other stock belonging to the Institute, seeing that they are properly fed and otherwise cared for by the persons having the immediate charge of them.

SEC. 2. He shall have the immediate direction of the male employes in the discharge of their respective duties, reporting to the Superintendent all persistent delinquencies on their part.

SEC. 3. He shall, in connection with the Matron, have charge of the various supplies for the Household Department, seeing that they are properly cared for and economically used; and when these need replenishing, shall make the necessary purchases under the direction of the Superintendent.

SEC. 4. He shall purchase, under the direction of the Superintendent,

all necessary clothing supplies for such of the male pupils as are provided for in that respect by the Institute.

SEC. 5. He shall pay the wages of all employes out of money furnished him by the Superintendent for that purpose, and take receipts on the pay-roll for such payment, but shall have no authority to change their rates of compensation as fixed by that officer.

SEC. 6. He shall examine all bills for the expenses of the Household Department, and certify to their correctness before passing them to the Superintendent for presentation to the Board; and he shall keep all the accounts of the several departments of the Institution with the Board of Trustees, Superintendent, subordinate officers, pupils, or other parties.

SEC. 7. In addition to the several duties specified in the preceding sections, he shall lend his aid to the Matron when necessary in the care of the sick among the male pupils, and shall at all times be subject to the call of the Superintendent for the performance of any other reasonable service pertaining to the business of the Institution.

N. B. See General Regulations.

The Matron.

The Matron, being the female head of the establishment, shall participate in its general management, and co-operate with the Superintendent in the government of the pupils. Her special duties shall be as follows:*

SECTION 8. She shall have the particular charge of the female pupils and younger boys when out of school, spending as much of her time with them as practicable, and laboring assiduously to promote their moral and religious improvement, and also to teach them to deport themselves in a courteous, amiable, and affectionate manner, as well in their intercourse with each other as with the officers of the Institute.

SEC. 9. She shall have charge of all parts of the building, as to their cleanliness, and shall see that they are kept constantly in order, permitting the female pupils to perform as much of the labor as is practicable.

SEC. 10. She shall have the care of all the bedding belonging to the Institute, together with the clothing of all the pupils, and shall see that they be duly changed, washed, ironed, and kept in order; the repairing, as well as the making of new articles, to be done under her immediate direction. She shall also have the charge of the cloth-

ing of the officers who board in the Institute, so far as regards washing and ironing.

SEC. 11. When new clothing supplies are needed for such female pupils as are provided for in that respect by the Institute, she shall purchase the same under the direction of the Superintendent.

SEC. 12. She shall have the immediate supervision of the female domestics, assigning to them their particular duties, and directing them in the performance thereof, and shall also see that they deport themselves in a respectful and orderly manner, obeying strictly the rules of the house concerning them.

SEC. 13. She shall have charge of the culinary affairs of the establishment, directing the purchase of marketing and the preparation of the food for the tables, and shall, in connection with the Steward, see that all the groceries, provisions, etc., are well taken care of and economically used.

SEC. 14. She shall be present during the meals of the pupils, to see that they are properly attended to by the domestics, and that they deport themselves in an orderly and becoming manner.

SEC. 15. She shall have the care of the patients, in case of sickness occurring among the pupils, administering to them as directed by the Physician or Superintendent; or in case of the employment of a nurse, she may delegate to such employe so much of the care of the sick as may be authorized by the Superintendent.

SEC. 16. She shall keep the Steward duly notified of the current wants of her department in the way of groceries, provisions and other like supplies; and when articles in the way of house-furnishing goods or clothing supplies are needed, she shall report the same to the Superintendent; but she shall in no case pay out money or incur obligations to meet these wants without the previous consent of the Superintendent.

SEC. 17. In case of the employment of an assistant Matron, or housekeeper, she shall direct the performance of the duties of such officer, as prescribed by the Superintendent.

N. B. See General Regulations.

ARTICLE V.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

SECTION 1. In discharge of the foregoing obligations, the officers will, in all cases, be subject to the advice of the Superintendent, and it shall be their duty to consult him in a frank, courteous and unreserved manner, in whatever pertains to their respective departments.

SEC. 2. All of the officers will be expected to render themselves generally useful to the pupils, by spending as many of their leisure hours with them as is practicable, encouraging and assisting them in the prosecution of their studies, reading to them from useful works, striving, by judicious advice, to correct their habits and manners, and in every other way laboring for the promotion of their improvement and happiness. Especially shall they use their best endeavors to prevent them from acquiring, or continuing in, eccentric personal habits or mental peculiarities, and to teach them to deport themselves in a courteous, amiable and affectionate manner, as well in their intercourse with each other, as with the officers of the Institute.

SEC. 3. Every teacher or other officer shall be responsible for the good behavior of the pupils while under his or her particular charge, whether for instruction or any other purpose; and it shall be the duty of all to lend their aid at every other time to the Superintendent in the preservation of order among the pupils, by judicious advice and restraint, and by reporting to him any disorderly conduct which may come to their knowledge.

SEC. 4. No teacher, or other person employed in the Institute, shall inflict corporeal punishment upon any pupil, but when extreme cases of disobedience occur, such as merit more than a reprimand, they shall be reported to the Superintendent.

SEC. 5. Promptness will be expected of all, in attendance upon their classes, or in the discharge of any other obligation, and none will be at liberty to absent themselves from duty, even where substitutes may be provided, without consultation with the Superintendent, excepting in cases of emergency. Nor will any teacher be at liberty, during the hearing of any regular class, to engage in reading, writing or other occupation not belonging strictly to the duties of the class-room.

SEC. 6. No person shall be at liberty to grant leave of absence to any pupil, from the premises, unless authority so to do is especially delegated by the Superintendent.

SEC. 7. No person will be allowed to read in the presence of the pupils any book, pamphlet or paper which may be disapproved of by the Superintendent; nor shall any one attempt to influence the minds of the pupils either against or in favor of the views of any particular religious society or political party.

SEC. 8. All persons boarding in the Institute will be expected to be in their rooms at a reasonable hour at night, so that the house

may be duly closed, and unnecessary disturbance avoided to those who may retire early.

SEC. 9. It shall be obligatory upon all the officers having control of pupils, to require of them a prompt and rigid performance of duty, allowing no neglect of study or work, or infringement of known regulations to go unproved.

W. H. CHURCHMAN, Sup't.

Approved by the Board of Trustees October 24, 1866.

Attest:

WILLIAM M. STILWELL, Secretary.

APPENDIX F.

TO THE PUBLIC.

INDIANA INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

This Institution is located at Indianapolis, the Capital of the State, occupying a healthful and beautiful site in the northern part of the city.

It is strictly an Educational Establishment, having for its object the moral, intellectual and physical training of the young blind of both sexes residing in the State, and is, therefore, neither an asylum for the *aged* and *helpless* nor a hospital for the treatment of disease.

We are almost daily in receipt of applications from persons who wish to be treated for the cure of blindness, and we here take occasion to explain for the benefit of such, that we have no surgical or medical department connected with our institution. The Chicago Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, however, we learn from its reports, has treated many Indiana patients without charge, where there is inability to pay; and it may be worth while, therefore, for parties asking medical treatment to address their inquiries to that establishment.

For the information of applicants and other interested parties, the following compilation is made from the regulations of the Institute, viz:

I. The school year commences on the first Wednesday after the 15th day of September, and closes on the last Wednesday in June following, making a continuous session of forty weeks and leaving a vacation of twelve weeks during the warm season.

2. As a rule, applicants who are under nine or over twenty-one years of age, are not admitted, but exceptions are sometimes made in peculiar cases, at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

3. No person of imbecile or unsound mind, or of confirmed immoral character, will be knowingly received into the Institute; and in case any pupil shall, after a fair trial, prove incompetent for useful instruction or disobedient to the regulations of the Institute, such pupil will be thereupon discharged.

4. No charge is made for the boarding and instruction of pupils from the State of Indiana, but those from without the State are charged at the rate of \$150 per session of forty weeks, payable in advance, i. e.: one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

5. All are required to come provided with an adequate supply of good comfortable clothing, embracing suitable articles for both summer and winter wear, in such quantity as to admit of the necessary changes for washing and repairing.

6. Each article of clothing should be distinctly marked with the owner's name, in order to prevent confusion or loss, and must be sent in good order and condition, not only upon the first entrance of the pupil, but also at each subsequent return from home after the vacations.

7. In cases where the parents or guardians of pupils from the State of Indiana, are unable through indigence to supply them with the necessary clothing, the same is, by law, provided by the Institution, and the amount of its cost collected from the respective counties in which such pupils reside; like provision is also made for defraying the traveling expenses of indigent pupils to and from the Institute.

8. It is positively required that every pupil shall be removed from the Institution during the annual vacation of the school, as well as at any other time when such removal may be deemed necessary by the proper officers thereof; and in case of the failure of the friends of any pupil to comply with the requisition, provision is made by law for the sending of such pupil to the Trustee of the Township in which he or she resides to be by him provided for at the expense of the county.

9. Persons bringing pupils to the Institution or visiting them while there, cannot be accommodated with boarding and lodging during their stay in the city.

10. All letters to the pupils should be addressed to the care of the Institute in order to insure their prompt delivery.

11. Persons wishing to procure the admission of pupils, should apply to the Superintendent, by letter or otherwise, for printed instructions as to the manner of procedure, and no pupil should be sent to the Institute until such instructions shall have been complied with.

W. H. CHURCHMAN,

Superintendent.











